# Course Capstone Project

Bayesian Statistics: Techniques and models, Coursera

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#### Abstract

This is the abstract.

#### Introduction

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#### Data

The dataset contains information on default payments, demographic factors, credit data, history of payment, and bill statements of credit card clients in Taiwan from April 2005 to September 2005. Data was downloaded from Kaggle <sup>1</sup>. This project is supposed to take about 10 hours, therefore some modifications was done to the original data before any analysis was done. This might be a bad choice if one were to build the best predictive model.

- 1) Payment history variables replaced with max MAX\_PAY\_HIST (max of PAY\_0 PAY\_6 > 0)
- 2) Variable EDUCATION replace by dummy D\_EDU (1 if Graduate school or university, 0 otherwisae)
- 3) Variable MARRIAGE replace by dummy D MAR (1 if merried, 0 otherwisae)
- 4) Bill statement variables (PAY AMT1 PAY AMT6) were dropped
- 5) Variable\*default.payment.next.month renamed to DEFAULT
- 6) Variable LIMIT BAL renamed to DEFAULT

Table 1: Modified dataset

ID	LIMIT	AGE	SEX	$D_MAR$	$D\_EDU$	MAX_PAY_HIST	DEFAULT
1	20000	24	2	1	1	2	1
2	120000	26	2	0	1	2	1
3	90000	34	2	0	1	0	0
4	50000	37	2	1	1	0	0
5	50000	57	1	1	1	0	0
6	50000	37	1	0	1	0	0

Summary statistics are shown below. We can see that there are 30k observations of which 22% have defaulted during the next month. The default rate is surprisingly high.

Table 2: Summary statistics

ID	DEFAULT
Min.: 1	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.: 7501	1st Qu.:0.0000
Median:15000	Median :0.0000

 $<sup>^{1}</sup> https://www.kaggle.com/uciml/default-of-credit-card-clients-dataset$ 

ID	DEFAULT
Mean :15000	Mean :0.2212
3rd Qu.:22500	3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :30000	Max. :1.0000

Correlation matrix is shown below. We can see that the strongest correlation with DEFAULT is MAX\_PAY\_HIST which is expected because defaulted customers often have a history of late payments. LIMIT\_BAL have a negative correlation meaning that the probability of DEFAULT decreases with higher limit balance. This could also make sense beacuse higher limits generally would require more in terms of the customers payment history, salary etc. SEX also have a negative correlation meaning that the probability of DEFAULT decreases if the customer is a women. The same is true for MARRIAGE meaning that

Table 3: Spearman correlation matrix

	LIMIT	AGE	SEX	D_MAR	D_EDU	MAX_PAY_HIST	DEFAULT
LIMIT	1.000	0.186	0.057	0.109	0.142	-0.319	-0.170
AGE	0.186	1.000	-0.092	0.480	-0.205	-0.074	0.005
SEX	0.057	-0.092	1.000	0.031	0.004	-0.051	-0.040
$D_MAR$	0.109	0.480	0.031	1.000	-0.119	-0.030	0.029
$D_{EDU}$	0.142	-0.205	0.004	-0.119	1.000	-0.043	-0.017
MAX_PAY_HIST	-0.319	-0.074	-0.051	-0.030	-0.043	1.000	0.321
DEFAULT	-0.170	0.005	-0.040	0.029	-0.017	0.321	1.000

### Model

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## Results

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## Conclusions

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# Original dataset

Column	Description			
ID	ID of each client			
LIMIT_BAL	Amount of given credit in NT dollars (includes individual and family/supplementary credit			
SEX	Gender (1=male, 2=female)			
EDUCATION	(1=graduate school, 2=university, 3=high school, 4=others, 5=unknown, 6=unknown)			
MARRIAGE	Marital status (1=married, 2=single, 3=others)			
AGE	Age in years			
PAY_0	Repayment status in September, 2005 (-1=pay duly, 1=payment delay for one month,			
	, 8=eight months, 9=nine months and above)			
$PAY_2$	Repayment status in August, 2005 (scale same as above)			
PAY_3	Repayment status in July, 2005 (scale same as above)			
PAY_4	Repayment status in June, 2005 (scale same as above)			
PAY_5	Repayment status in May, 2005 (scale same as above)			
PAY_6	Repayment status in April, 2005 (scale same as above)			
$BILL\_AMT1$	Amount of bill statement in September, 2005 (NT dollar)			
$BILL\_AMT2$	Amount of bill statement in August, 2005 (NT dollar)			
$BILL\_AMT3$	Amount of bill statement in July, 2005 (NT dollar)			
$BILL\_AMT4$	Amount of bill statement in June, 2005 (NT dollar)			
$\operatorname{BILL}_{-}\operatorname{AMT5}$	Amount of bill statement in May, 2005 (NT dollar)			
$BILL\_AMT6$	Amount of bill statement in April, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT1	Amount of previous payment in September, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT2	Amount of previous payment in August, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT3	Amount of previous payment in July, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT4	Amount of previous payment in June, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT5	Amount of previous payment in May, 2005 (NT dollar)			
PAY_AMT6	Amount of previous payment in April, 2005 (NT dollar)			
default.payment.	nextefault payment next month (1=yes, 0=no)			