

Week 1 Exercises

Auriana Anderson

May 9, 2022

Please complete all exercises below WITHOUT using any libraries/packages.

Exercise 1

Assign 10 to the variable x. Assign 5 to the variable y. Assign 20 to the variable z.

```
x <- 10  
y <- 5  
z <- 20
```

Exercise 2

Show that x is less than z but greater than y.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
ex2 <- (x < z) & (x > y)
```

Exercise 3

Show that x and y do not equal z.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
ex3 <- (x != z) & (y != z)
```

Exercise 4

Show that the formula $x + 2y = z$.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean

```
ex4 <- (x + 2*y) == z
```

Exercise 5

I have created a vector (test_vector) of integers for you. Determine if any of x, y, or z are in the vector.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
test_vector <- c(1,5,11:22)
```

```
ex5 <- (x %in% test_vector) | (y %in% test_vector) | (z %in% test_vector)
```

Exercise 6

Show which value is contained in the test vector. To do this you will need to create an element-wise logical vector using operators. `x == vector`. Once you have done that you will need to use slicing to return all indices that have matches. **Note: your output should be two integers**

```
match_value <- (x == test_vector) | (y == test_vector) | (z == test_vector)
```

```
ex6 <- which(match_value)
```