Point Pattern Exam Question 1

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```
library(spatstat)

## Warning: package 'spatstat' was built under R version 3.0.3

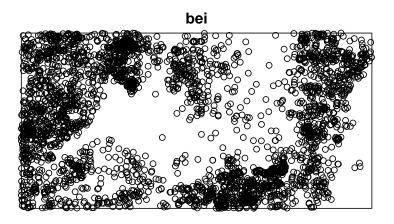
##

## spatstat 1.38-1 (nickname: 'Le Hardi')

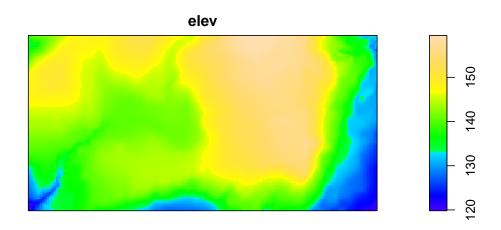
## For an introduction to spatstat, type 'beginner'

data(bei)

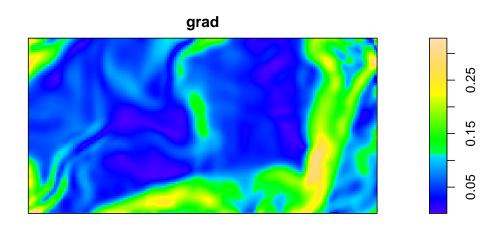
plot(bei)
```



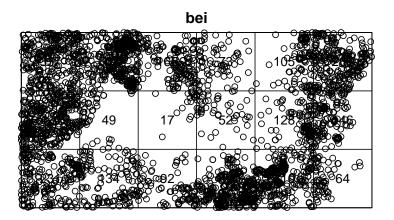
```
elev <- bei.extra$elev
grad <- bei.extra$grad
plot(elev)</pre>
```



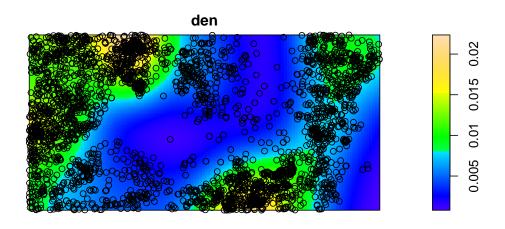
plot(grad)



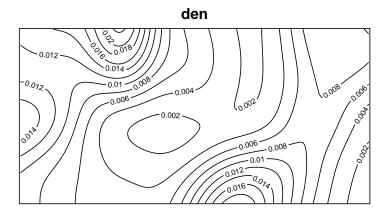
```
q <- quadratcount(bei, nx=6,ny=3)
plot(bei)
plot(q, add=T)</pre>
```



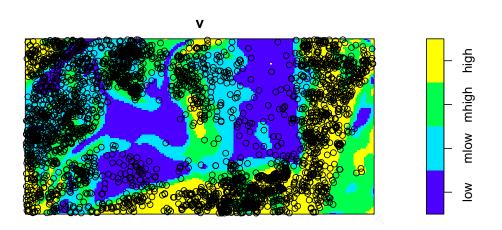
```
den <- density.ppp(bei, sigma=70, kernel="gaussian")
plot(den)
plot(bei,add=T)</pre>
```



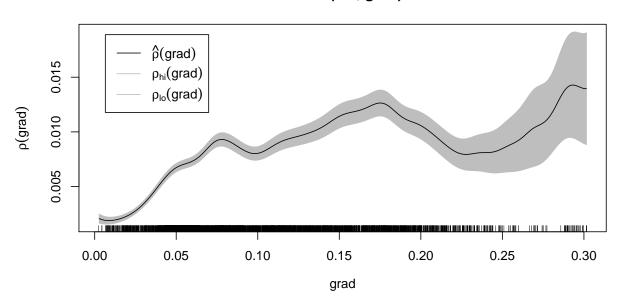
contour(den)



```
b <- quantile(grad, probs=(0:4)/4)
gradcut <- cut(grad, breaks=b, labels=c('low','mlow','mhigh','high'))
v <- tess(image=gradcut)
plot(v)
plot(bei, add=T)</pre>
```

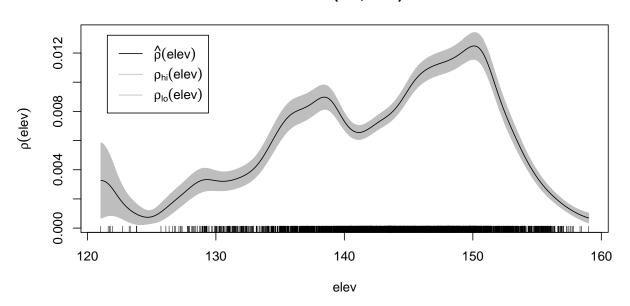


rhohat(bei, grad)

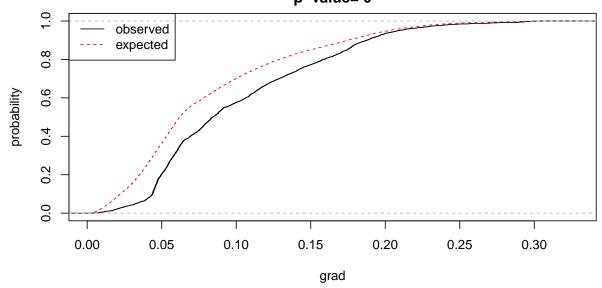


plot(rhohat(bei,elev))

rhohat(bei, elev)

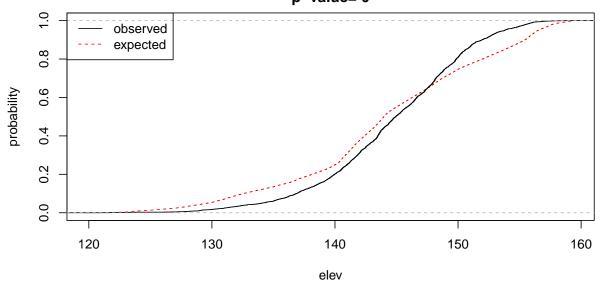


Spatial Kolmogorov-Smirnov test of CSR in two dimensions based on distribution of covariate "grad" p-value= 0



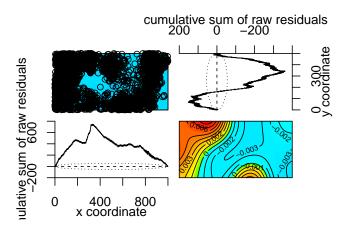
plot(cdf.test(bei,elev,test="ks"))

Spatial Kolmogorov–Smirnov test of CSR in two dimensions based on distribution of covariate "elev" p-value= 0



```
null <- ppm(bei)
grd <- ppm(bei ~ grad)</pre>
```

```
elv <- ppm(bei ~ elev)
grd.elv <- ppm(bei ~ elev * grad)</pre>
grd_elv <- ppm(bei ~ elev + grad)</pre>
aic <- matrix(ncol=2, nrow=5)</pre>
aic[,1] <- c("null", "grd", "elv", "grd.elv", "grd_elv")</pre>
aic[,2] <- c(AIC(null),AIC(grd),AIC(elv),AIC(grd.elv),AIC(grd_elv))</pre>
aic
        [,1]
                    [,2]
##
## [1,] "null"
                    "42763.9195725373"
## [2,] "grd"
                   "42383.6647762241"
## [3,] "elv"
                   "42760.5117434741"
## [4,] "grd.elv" "42230.0652927119"
## [5,] "grd_elv" "42296.2095896515"
aic[aic[,2] == min(aic[,2]),]
## [1] "grd.elv"
                            "42230.0652927119"
diagnose.ppm(grd.elv)
```



```
## Model diagnostics (raw residuals)
## Diagnostics available:
## four-panel plot
## mark plot
## smoothed residual field
## x cumulative residuals
```

```
## y cumulative residuals
## sum of all residuals
## sum of raw residuals in entire window = -6.467e-09
## area of entire window = 5e+05
## quadrature area = 5e+05
## range of smoothed field = [ -0.004274,0.008633 ]

pred <- predict(grd.elv, se=T)</pre>
```

Warning: In predict.ppm: unrecognised argument 'se' was ignored