## PaperKey Backup of GPG Key 0x3EA6EA6016656732

This is a backup of the subkey 0x3EA6EA6016656732, useful for authorization. These are made using the paperkey utility, both in human-readable text, as well as a QR code. This subkey is a part of key 0x505046B10F254146, which was exported separately.

These formats do not contain the public key information, which will have to be obtained from a public key server when recombining using paperkey.

## **Fingerprint**

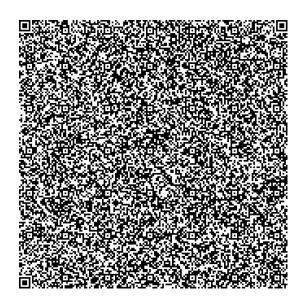
This key can be looked up using the 40-digit fingerprint of 0xE15DA5E3414D83D6CDDAA578505046B10F254146, or with this QR code:



## **QR Codes**

Below is the QR code backup. It contains the same hex as a human-readable paperkey, but without hex or formatting. They can be read back in using:

```
$ cat read-from-qr.txt | xxd -r -p |
paperkey --pubring ~/.gnupg/pubring.gpg -o recover.gpg
```



## **Paperkey**

```
Secret portions of key E15DA5E3414D83D6CDDAA578505046B10F254146
Basel6 data extracted Wed Feb 7 00:42:49 2018
       Created with paperkey 1.3 by David Shaw
      a) 1 octet: Version of the paperkey format (currently 0).
b) 1 octet: OpenPGP key or subkey version (currently 4)
c) n octets: Key fingerprint (20 octets for a version 4 key or subkey)
d) 2 octets: 16-bit big endian length of the following secret data
e) n octets: Secret data: a partial OpenPGP secret key or subkey packet as specified in RFC 4880, starting with the string-to-key usage octet and continuing until the end of the packet.

Repeat fields b through e as needed to cover all subkeys
 # Repeat fields b through e as needed to cover all subkeys
#
To recover a secret key without using the paperkey program, use the
# key fingerprint to match an existing public key packet with the
# corresponding secret data from the paper key. Next, append this secret
# data to the public key packet. Finally, switch the public key packet tag
# from 6 to 5 (14 to 7 for subkeys). This will recreate the original secret
# key or secret subkey packet. Repeat as needed for all public key or subkey
# packets in the public key. All other packets (user IDs, signatures, etc.)
# my simply be copied from the public key.
          #
# Each base16 line ends with a CRC-24 of that line.
# The entire block of data ends with a CRC-24 of the entire block of data.
              78 83 EB F2 80 4C 4E 73 3E 16 8E 20 6C C0 CB A8 D9 70 4E B1 B8 27 185145
C1 73 84 0C D8 2E AB 36 C2 69 C2 D7 A7 BF B4 D1 D9 ED C3 46 E5 81 108A66
50 72 5B 3F A4 BE AC C5 BF C3 1C 18 21 59 0B FC 02 B3 91 38 F2 A3 FC8CB0
BC FF 29 7A B3 DD 96 64 E3 DD 14 CE C8 A8 F5 20 1B 84 3E 64 3E 60 BCF4AD
```