

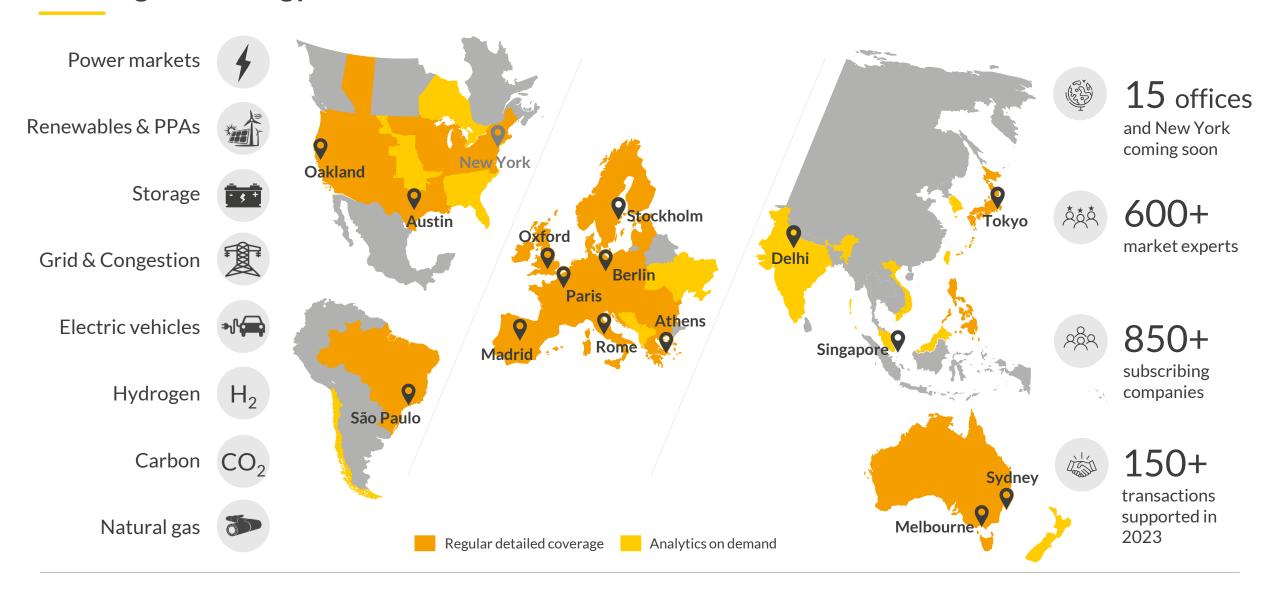
GB Market Summary June 2024

Published July 2024



Aurora provides market leading forecasts & data-driven intelligence for the global energy transition





Source: Aurora Energy Research



Executive Summary

- The average power price in June was £69.7/MWh, a 4.4% decrease since the average of £72.5/MWh in May and a 19.3% decrease y-o-y.
- Gas rose m-o-m driven by outages in Nordic infrastructure. The UK-ETS traded at an average of £45.9/tCO₂ in June, a £6.4/tCO₂ increase relative to May, as the market reacted to the announcement of a UK election.
- Despite this, lower demand and higher wind generation in June drove the power price lower. Average onshore and offshore wind load factors increased by 10p.p. and 4p.p. to 25% and 29% respectively.
- Consequently, grid carbon intensity fell 32.5% m-o-m to 92.1gCO2e/kWh which is 46.9% less than in June 2023.

		Monthly value ¹	Month-on-month change	Year-on-year change
System Performance	Power prices, £/MWh	69.7	-3.2 (4.4%)	-16.6 (19.3%)
	Gas prices, £/MWh	27.9	+2.0 (7.6%)	+1.4 (5.1%)
	Carbon ² prices, £/tCO ₂	63.9	+6.4 (11.2%)	-7.1 (10.0%)
	Transmission demand, TWh	17.4	-1.2 (6.6%)	+0.1 (0.7%)
	Low carbon ³ generation, TWh	12.6	+1.2 (10.7%)	+2.5 (24.9%)
	Thermal ⁴ generation, TWh	3.3	-1.9 (37.3%)	-4.2 (56.2%)
	Grid carbon intensity , gCO ₂ e/kWh	92.1	-44.3 (32.5%)	-81.3 (46.9%)
Capture Prices	Offshore wind, £/MWh	61.7	-8.0 (11.5%)	-22.7 (26.8%)
	Onshore wind, £/MWh	60.1	-10.4 (14.8%)	-24.2 (28.7%)
	Solar PV, £/MWh	62.5	-5.8 (8.5%)	-18.0 (22.4%)

		Monthly value ¹	Variance to historical monthly average ⁵
Load Factors	Offshore wind, %	28.8	-0.6 p.p.
	Onshore wind, %	25.0	+4.0 p.p.
	Solar PV, %	16.7	+0.3 p.p.

¹⁾ Values averaged over the calendar month. 2) Includes CPS and UK ETS; 3) Includes renewables and nuclear generation 4) Includes CCGTs, coal and other fossil plants; 5) Comparing to the average of same month in the previous 5 years.

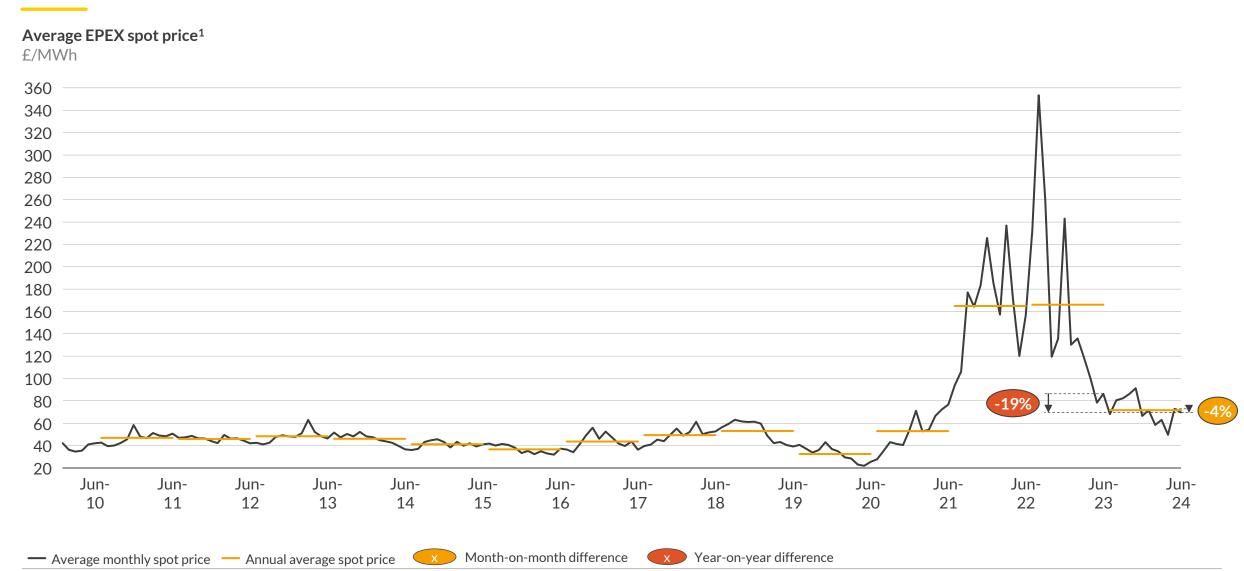
Agenda



- I. Wholesale market summary
- II. Renewable performance (redacted)
- **III.** Plant performance (redacted)
- IV. Balancing mechanism summary

Historical monthly average EPEX spot price

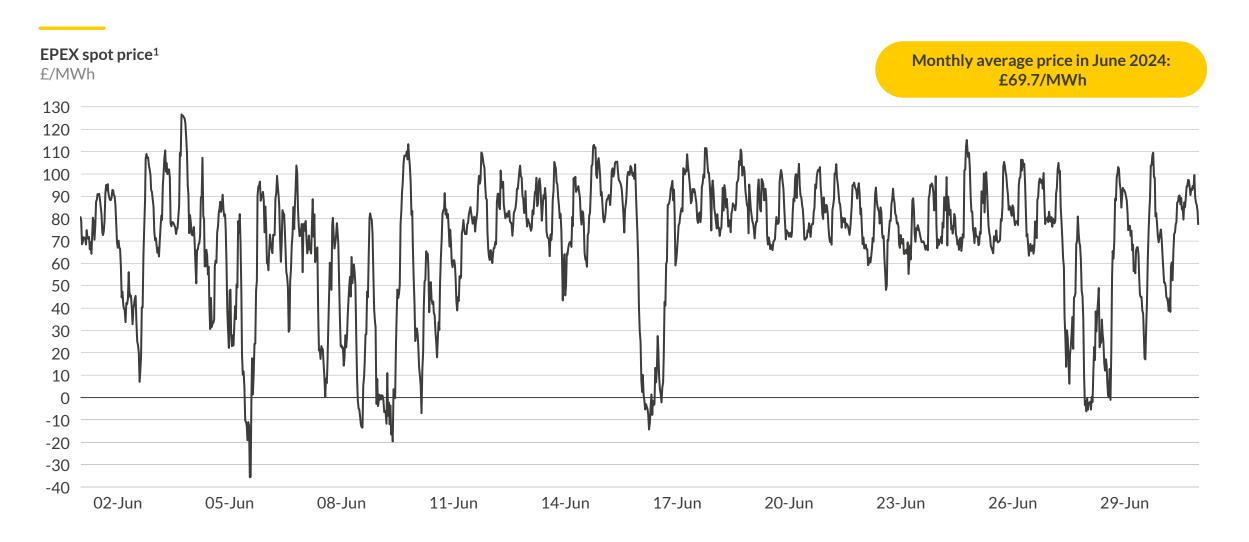




¹⁾ Average monthly EPEX is the average over the month of the volume-weighted reference prices for each half-hour interval.

Half-hourly EPEX spot price for June



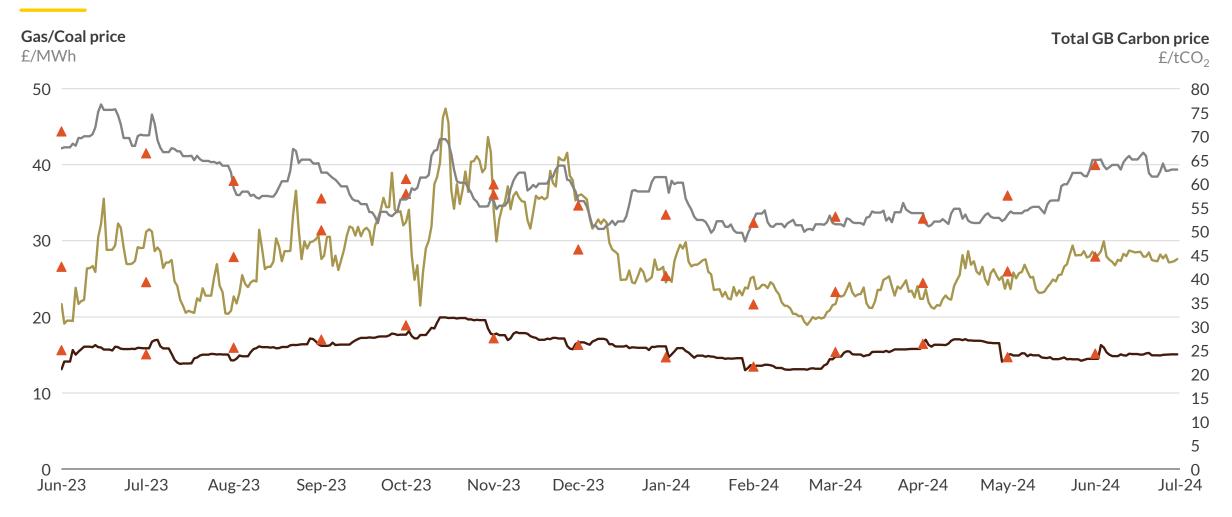


Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Thomson Reuters

¹⁾ Half-hourly EPEX is the volume-weighted reference price over that half-hour interval, as provided by EPEX Spot

Historic fuel prices Gas, Coal and Carbon daily prices



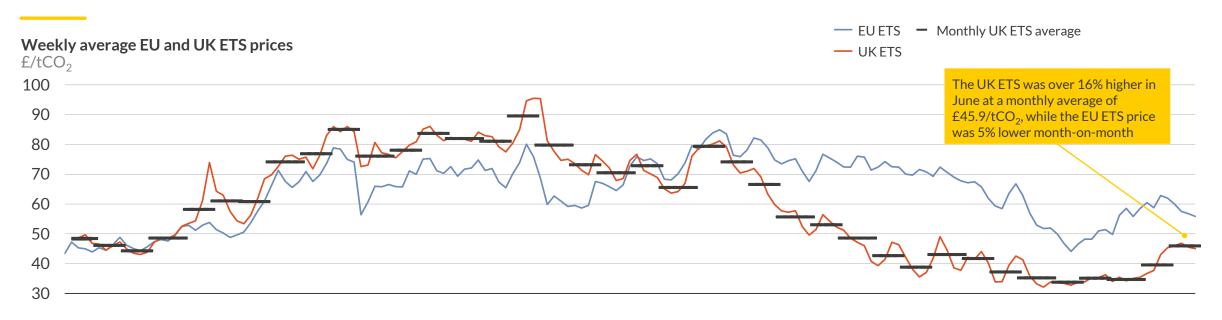


Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Thomson Reuters

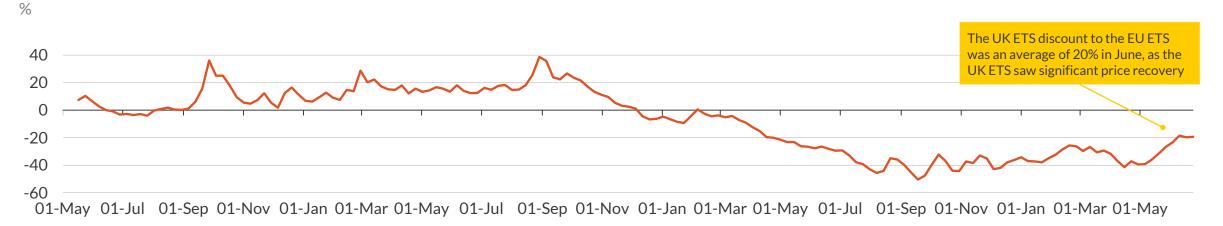
— Gas — Coal — CO2 ▲ Monthly averages

Historical weekly UK ETS and EU ETS Prices





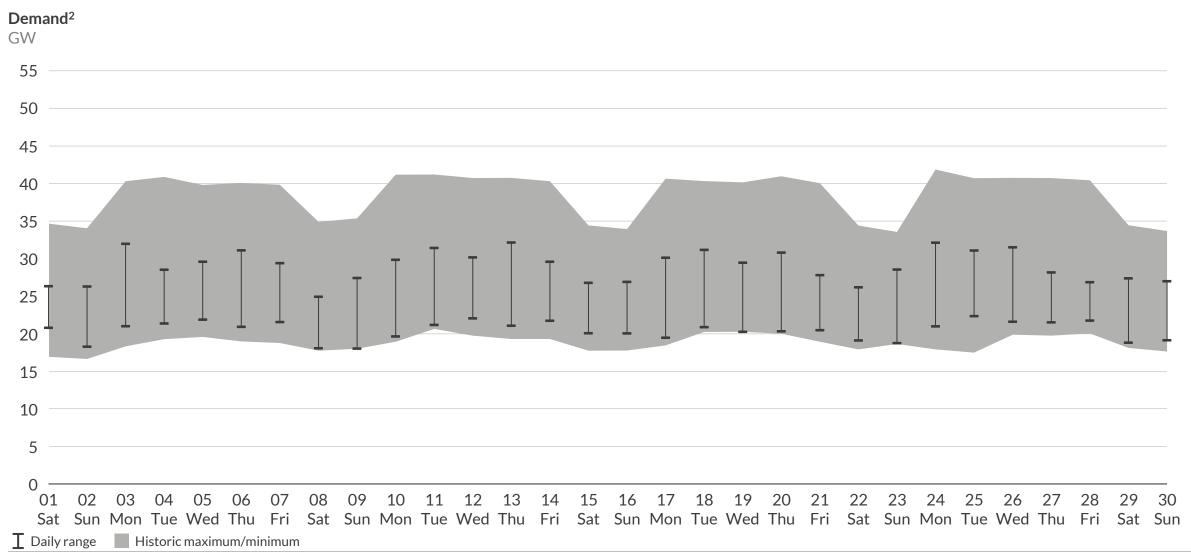
Relative difference between UK and EU ETS prices



Daily June max and min demand Relative to historic June max and min demand since 2010¹



9

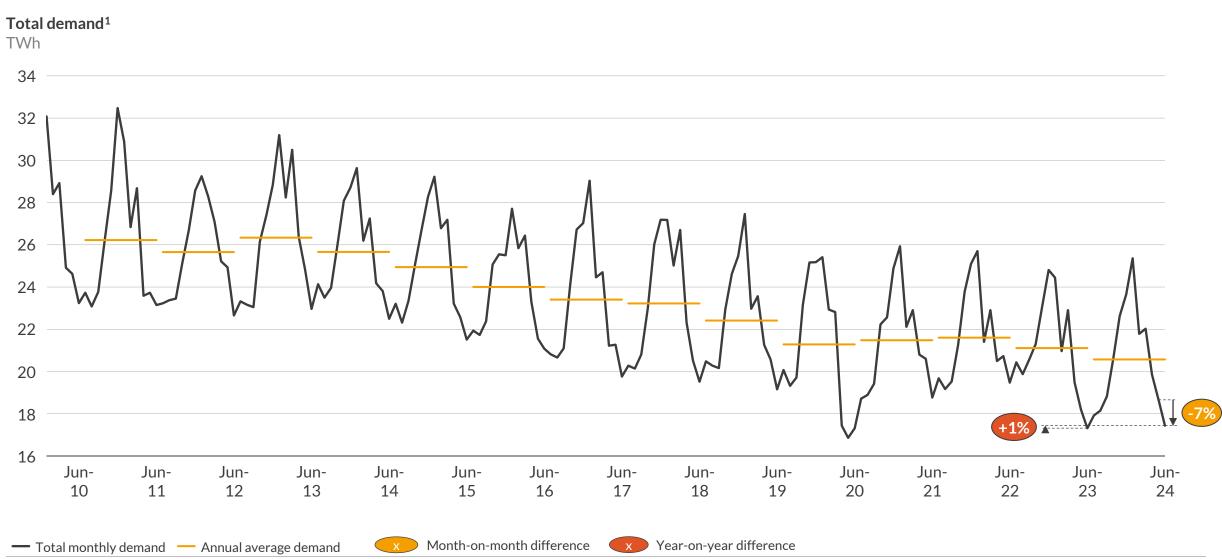


¹⁾ Data from previous years is matched to the nearest weekday within the current month, to maintain the weekly demand pattern. 2) Demand data presented here is Initial Transmission System Demand Out-Turn, and does not include embedded demand.

Sources: National Grid, Aurora Energy Research

Monthly historical demand on the transmission system



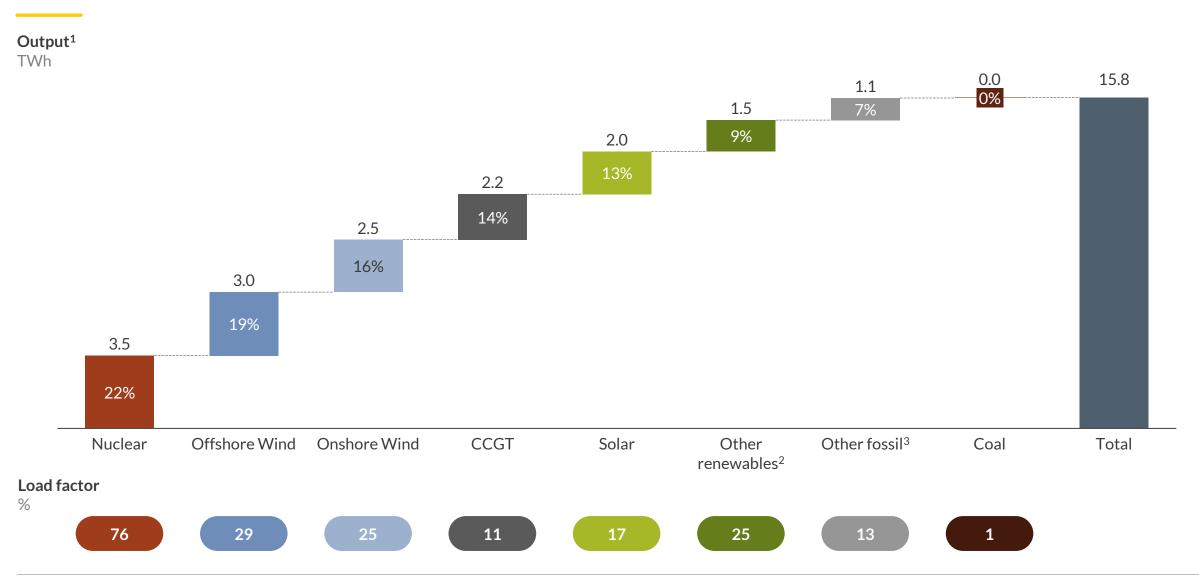


¹⁾ Demand data presented here is Initial Transmission System Demand Out-Turn, and includes station transformer load, pumped storage demand and interconnector demand, but does not include embedded demand.

Sources: National Grid, Aurora Energy Research

Monthly fuel mix breakdown



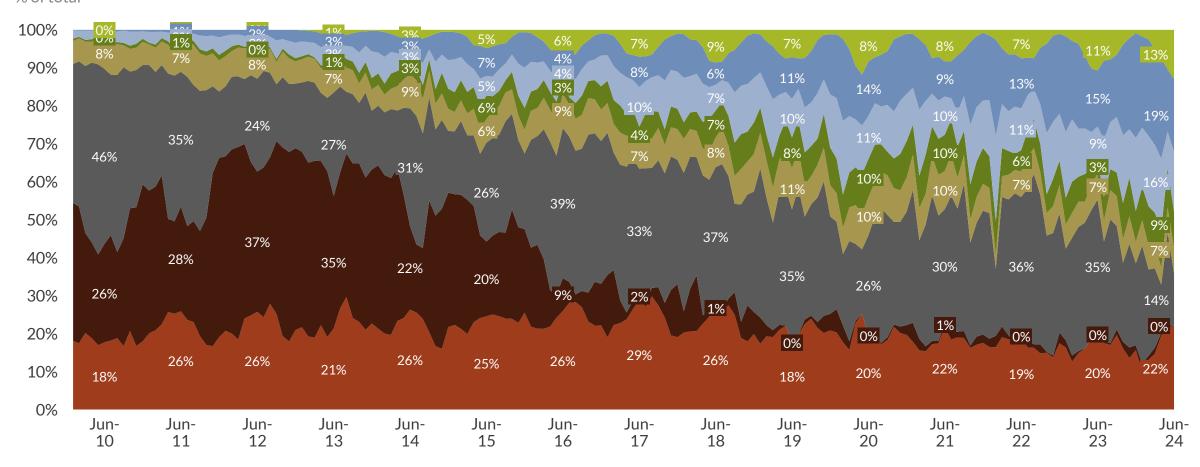


¹⁾ Includes outputs from generators registered as BM Units as well as embedded wind and solar PV assets. All numbers are rounded to 0.1 TWh which means that subtotals may not sum to total value. 2) Other renewables includes biomass and hydro; 3) Other fossil includes oil, CHP-CCGT and OCGT.

Historical fuel mix breakdown





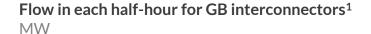


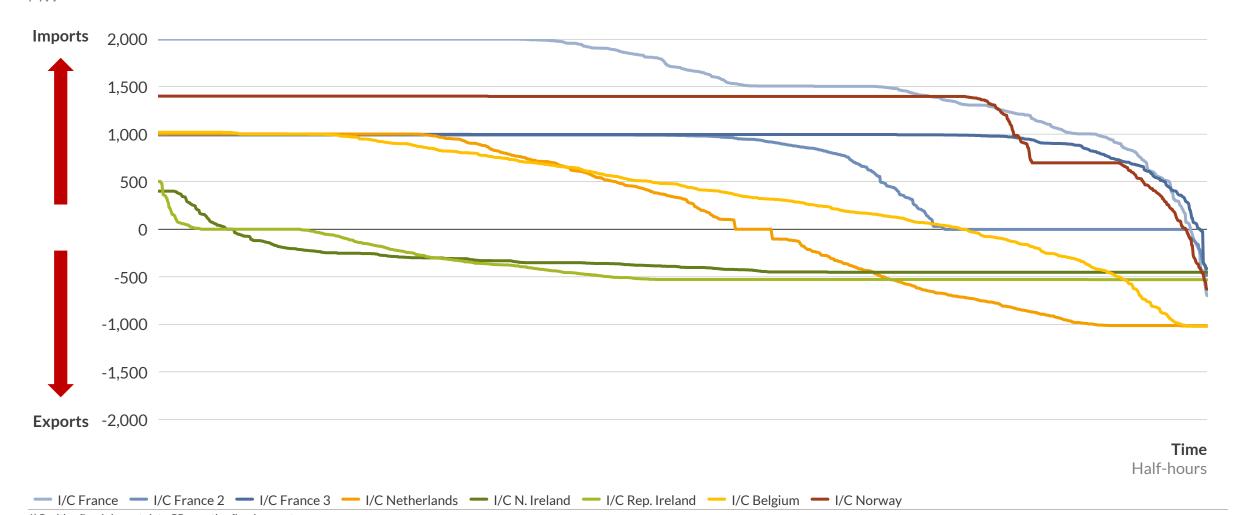
Imports Solar Offshore Wind Onshore Wind Other renewables³ Other fossil² CCGT Coal Nuclear

1) Includes outputs from generators registered as BM Units as well as embedded wind and solar PV. 2) Other fossil includes oil, CHP-CCGT and OCGT. 3) Other renewables includes biomass and hydro.

Monthly interconnector flow duration curve





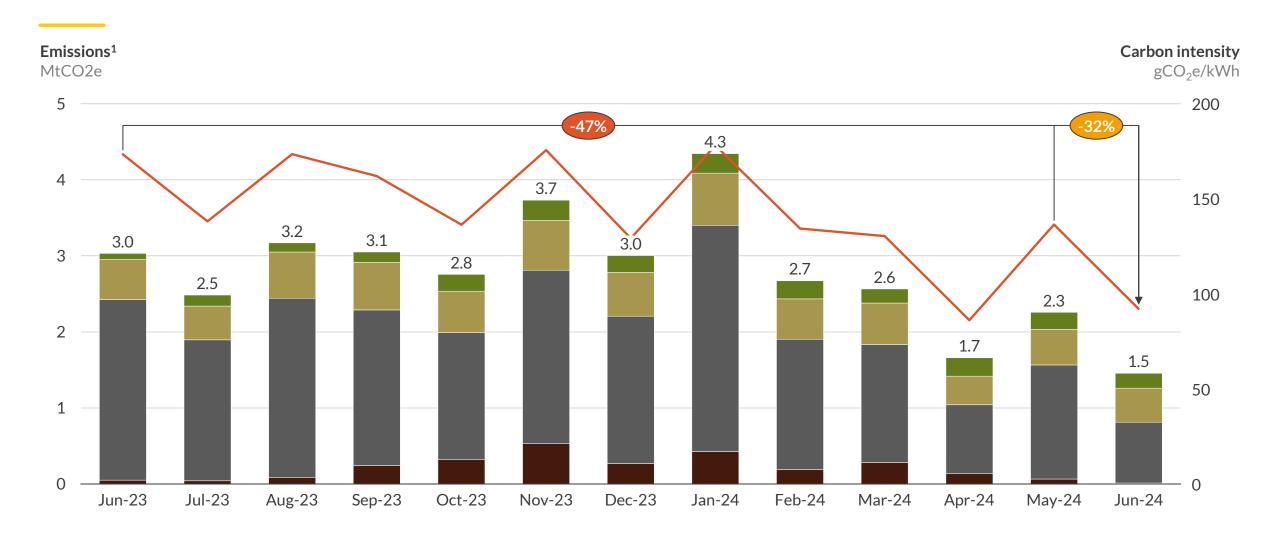


1) Positive flow is imports into GB, negative flow is exports.

Monthly emissions by technology

Coal CCGT Other fossil² Biomass — System carbon intensity





1) Please refer to Appendix for details of methodology employed to calculate emission amounts. Includes all Balancing Mechanism plants. 2) Other fossil includes oil, OCGT and gas CHP-CCGT.

Sources: Elexon, Ofgem, Aurora Energy Research

Month-on-month difference

Year-on-year difference

Agenda

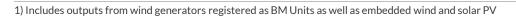


- I. Wholesale market summary
- II. Renewable performance (redacted)
- III. Plant performance (redacted)
- IV. Balancing mechanism summary

Monthly renewables output







Month-on-month difference

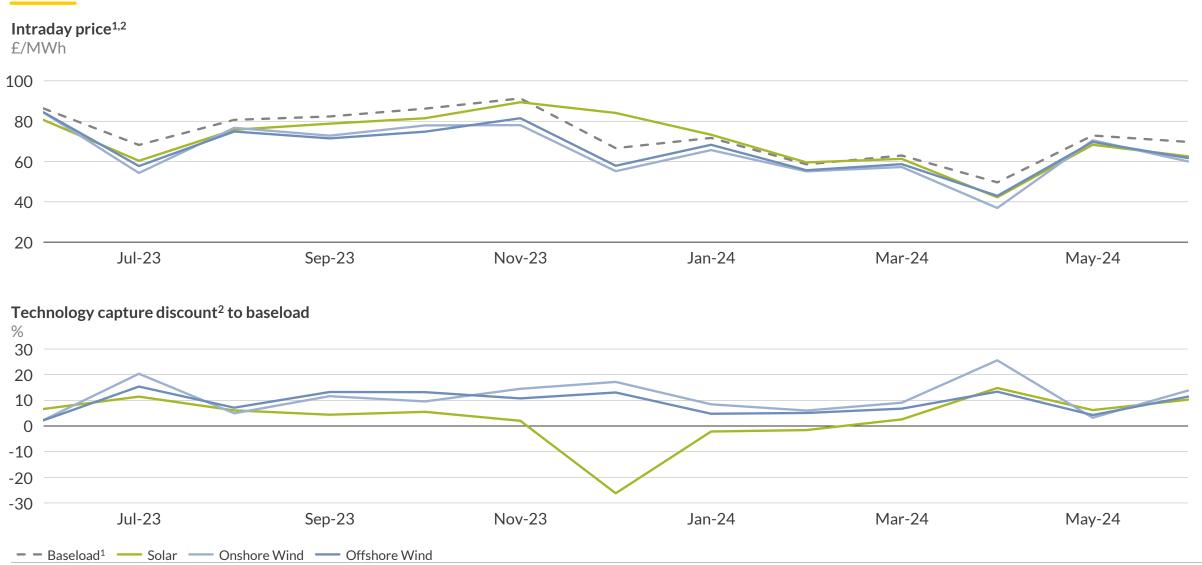
Onshore Wind Offshore Wind Solar

Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon

X Year-on-year difference

Monthly capture price versus baseload APX price





¹⁾ The baseload price is the average monthly APX spot price. The capture price of a technology is the load-weighted monthly average APX price across all half-hourly periods; 2) Includes generators registered as BM Units as well as embedded wind

Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon, EPEX Spot 17

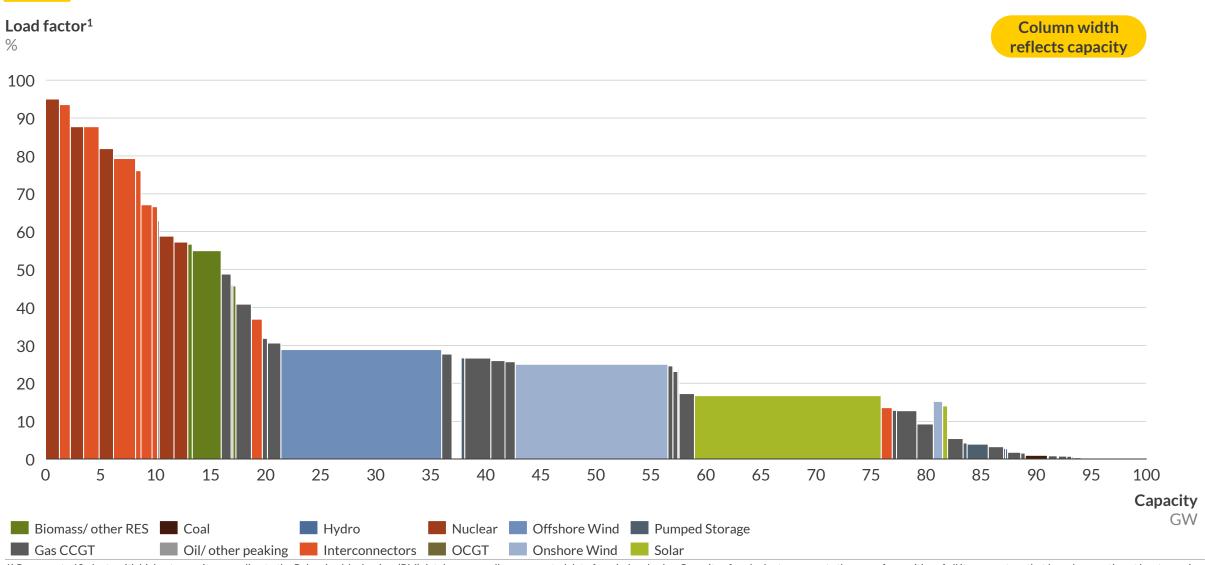
Agenda



- I. Wholesale market summary
- II. Renewable performance (redacted)
- III. Plant performance (redacted)
- IV. Balancing mechanism summary

Plant utilisation - load factors by plant for June





1) Represents 60 plants with highest capacity according to the Balancing Mechanism (BM) database, as well as aggregated data for wind and solar. Capacity of each plant represents the sum of capacities of all its generators that have been active at least once in the last three months. Please refer to Appendix for a detailed description of the data used and categories presented

Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon, BEIS

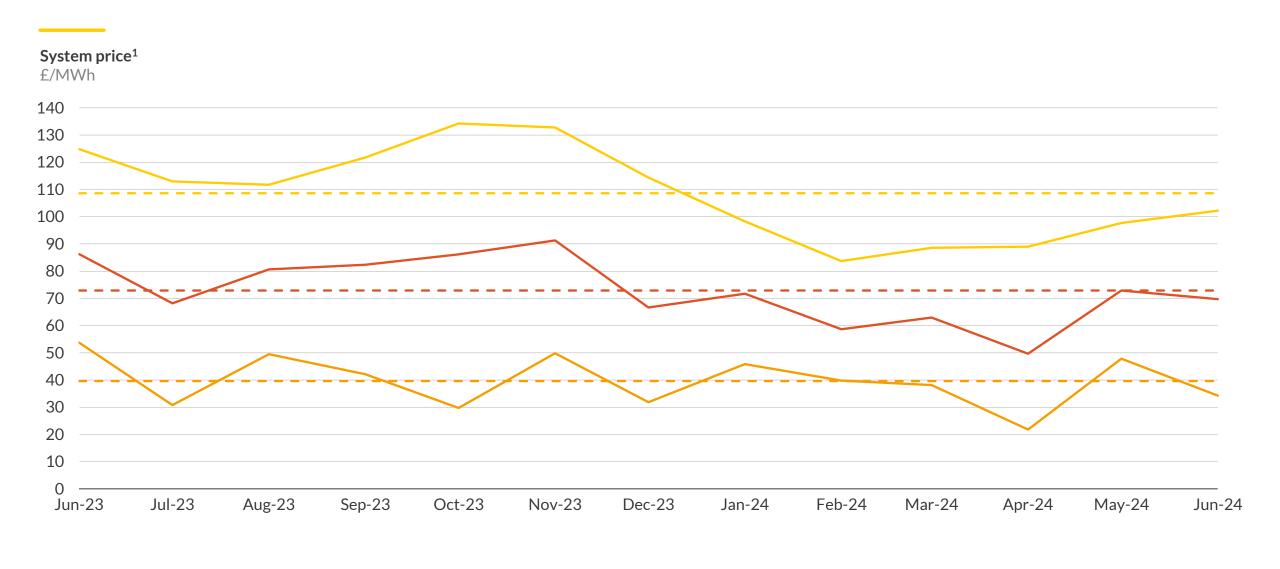
Agenda



- I. Wholesale market summary
- II. Renewable performance (redacted)
- III. Plant performance (redacted)
- IV. Balancing mechanism summary

Monthly average system prices for the last 13 months





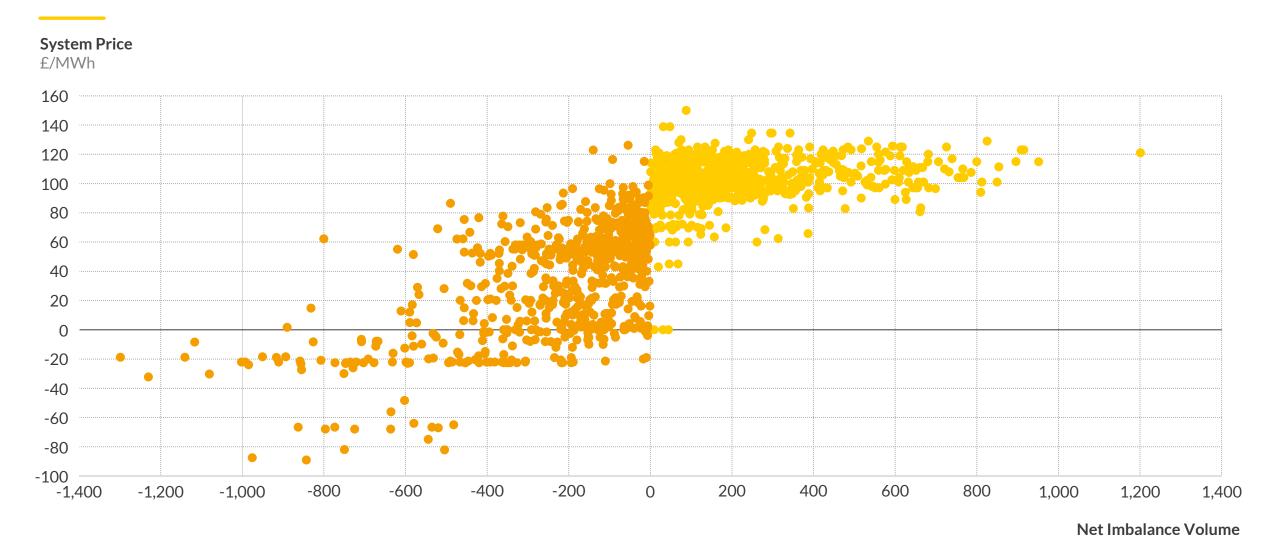
¹⁾ Monthly average; 2) Half-hourly wholesale spot price is the volume-weighted reference price over that half hour interval, as provided by APX Power UK

System price, long
 Long average
 System price, short
 Short average
 Spot price²
 Spot average

Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon, EPEX Spot

Half-hourly System Price against Net Imbalance Volume for June





Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon

System imbalance: • Short • Long

22

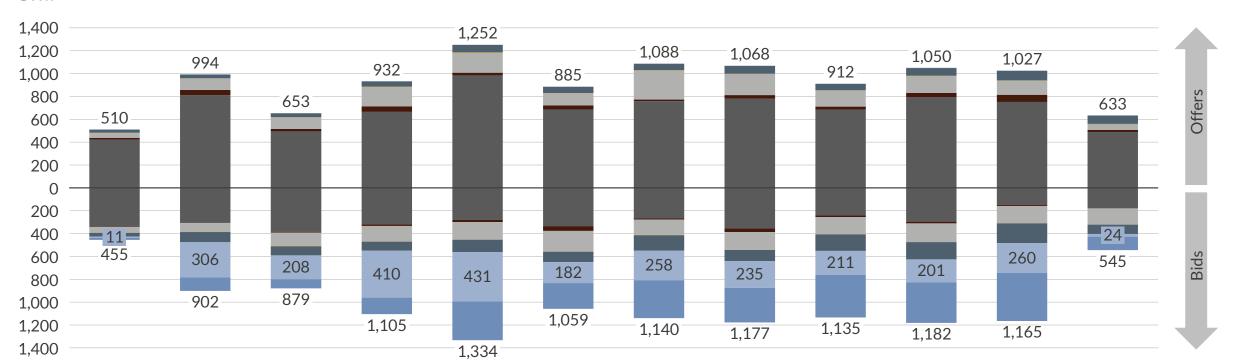
MW

Bid-offer acceptance volumes breakdown by technology for the last 13 months



Accepted offer¹ volumes





Accepted bid² volumes

GWh



Offshore Wind Onshore Wind Storage⁵ Peaking⁴ Other³ Coal CCGT

1) Offers to increase generation or reduce demand; 2) Bids to reduce generation or increase demand; 3) Other includes oil, CHP-CCGT, biomass and hydro; 4) Peaking includes OCGT, reciprocating engines and DSR; 5) Storage includes batteries and pumped storage

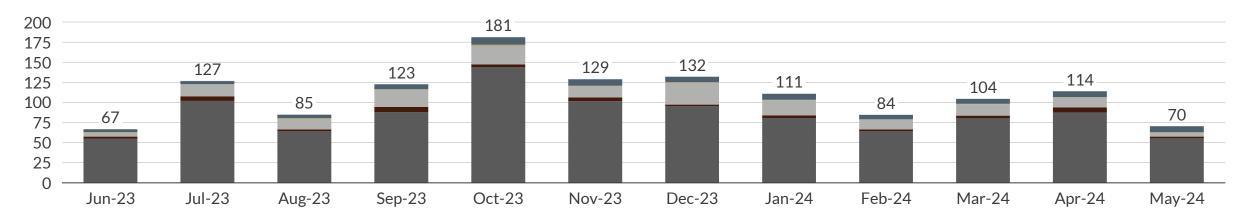
Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon

Bid-offer payments breakdown by technology for the last 13 months

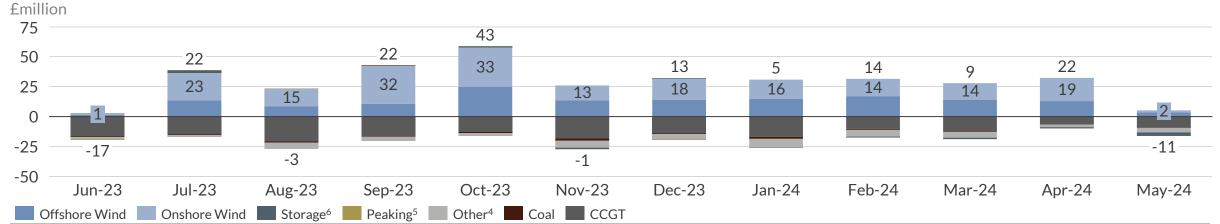


Accepted offer¹ payments³

£million



Accepted bid² payments³



1) Offers to increase generation or reduce demand; 2) Bids to reduce generation or increase demand; 3) Positive cashflow means payment to generators, negative is payment to National Grid; 4) Other includes oil, CHP-CCGT, biomass and hydro; 5) Peaking includes OCGT, reciprocating engines and DSR; 6) Storage includes batteries and pumped storage

Sources: Aurora Energy Research, Elexon

Appendix



Data used

- Output values used in this summary reflect the sum of Final Physical Notifications (FPN) submitted by all BM Units of a given plant that have been active over the last three months.
- Capacity values used in this summary reflect the sum of capacities of individual BM Units, as reported to the Balancing Mechanism, that have been active over the last three months. They reflect long-term capacities and exclude temporary fluctuations due e.g. to plant failures or scheduled maintenance.
- Prices used in this summary are the EPEX half-hourly Reference Prices for half-hourly, two-hourly and four-hourly spot products.

Categories presented

- Full-load hours represent the plants' load factors, calculated as the ratio of the output produced in a given month to the maximum possible output given the plants' capacity.
- Running hours represent the proportion of time in a given month when a plant has been active, i.e. when at least one of its BM Units produced output greater than zero.
- Capture prices (or average output-weighted prices) are calculated as an average of EPEX half-hourly prices per MWh weighted by the plants' corresponding half-hourly outputs for all periods.
- Average gross margins are calculated as a sum of the uplift and inframarginal rent. Uplift is calculated as the difference between the EPEX price and the system marginal cost (SMC). SMC is the maximum marginal cost of all the plants with at least one generator producing above 80% of its installed capacity in a given half-hour.
- Emissions are calculated as plant output divided by electrical efficiency, multiplied by theoretical carbon content of the fuel input. The carbon content of fuel inputs is sourced from BEIS's Greenhouse gas reporting Conversion factors 2016. System carbon intensity is calculated as the total emission divided by total electricity generated.

Source: Aurora Energy Research

Disclaimer and Copyright



General Disclaimer

This document is provided "as is" for your information only and no representation or warranty, express or implied, is given by Aurora Energy Research Limited and its subsidiaries Aurora Energy Research GmbH and Aurora Energy Research Pty Ltd (together, "Aurora"), their directors, employees agents or affiliates (together, Aurora's "Associates") as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. Aurora and its Associates assume no responsibility, and accept no liability for, any loss arising out of your use of this document. This document is not to be relied upon for any purpose or used in substitution for your own independent investigations and sound judgment. The information contained in this document reflects our beliefs, assumptions, intentions and expectations as of the date of this document and is subject to change. Aurora assumes no obligation, and does not intend, to update this information.

Forward-looking statements

This document contains forward-looking statements and information, which reflect Aurora's current view with respect to future events and financial performance. When used in this document, the words "believes", "expects", "plans", "may", "will", "would", "could", "should", "anticipates", "estimates", "project", "intend" or "outlook" or other variations of these words or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements and information. Actual results may differ materially from the expectations expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements as a result of known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Known risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to: risks associated with political events in Europe and elsewhere, contractual risks, creditworthiness of customers, performance of suppliers and management of plant and personnel; risk associated with financial factors such as volatility in exchange rates, increases in interest rates, restrictions on access to capital, and swings in global financial markets; risks associated with domestic and foreign government regulation, including export controls and economic sanctions; and other risks, including litigation. The foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive.

Copyright

This document and its content (including, but not limited to, the text, images, graphics and illustrations) is the copyright material of Aurora, unless otherwise stated.

This document is confidential and it may not be copied, reproduced, distributed or in any way used for commercial purposes without the prior written consent of Aurora.

