Week 21 - Workshop tasks

Topic 6: Tutorial Questions Subqueries

- 1. Display names of all the authors for the books available in books table.
- 2. Display the Book name for all the books more than 2 in stock.
- 3. Display the author Last names of who has written any book of type ART.
- 4. Display the book code publisher name for all the books whose type is HOR.
- 5. Display the first names of all the authors whose books are published by ST.
- 6. Display Book name, publisher name and city where the price of book is more than 20.

Topic 8: Tutorial Questions Manipulating Data

- 1. Describe the structure of the New Books table to identify the column names.
- 2. Add the first row of data to the New_Books table from the following sample data. Do not list the columns in the INSERT statement.
- 3. Populate the New_Books table with the second row of sample data from the preceding list. This time, list the column explicitly in the INSERT statement.
- 4. Display and confirm your addition to the table.
- 5. Populate the table with the next two rows of sample data by asking the user input at the time of insertion.
- 6. Confirm and display the addition to the table.
- 7. Which of the following statement is used to make data permanent, use this statement to make addition done above permanent?
 - a. SAVE
 - b. LOCK
 - c. COMMIT
 - d. ROLLBACK
- 8. Which of the following are DML statements? (Choose all that apply)
 - a. COMMIT
 - b. MERGE
 - c. CREATE
 - d. DELETE
 - e. UPDATE
 - f. DROP
- 9. Change the book title of bode code 3 to 'Mini Shopaholic' and verify the changes.
- 10. Increase the price of the books by £ 1 where price is less than £ 10.
- 11. Mark an intermediate point in the processing of the transaction and name it as update_Books. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - a. DELETE ALL FROM New Books;
 - b. DELETE * FROM New Books;
 - c. DELETE FROM New Books;

- 12. Empty the entire New_Books table and also confirm that the table is empty.
- 13. Which of the following transaction control statement will be used to discard most recent change in the New_Books?
 - a. Commit;
 - b. SAVEPOINT update_Books;
 - c. ROLLBACK:
 - d. ROLLBACK TO update_Books;
- 14. What will happen to the transaction if we issue the following statement:
 - a. ROLLBACK;
 - b. Discard and removes all the data in buffer permanently
 - c. Restore all the data in the buffer till the last savepoint
 - d. Save the data in buffer permanently.