

GroupUnion

- 1) Display the name and the corresponding description based on the candidates salary (**Use union and be cautious of the types**) **Order by name**

< 50000	Honest
>50000 and < 100000	Not so honest
>100000	80000

Worksheet		Query Builder															
		<pre>SELECT fname, 'Honest' FROM amele_candidate WHERE salary < 50000 UNION SELECT fname, 'Not so Honest' FROM amele_candidate WHERE salary > 50000 AND salary < 100000 UNION SELECT fname, '80000' FROM amele_candidate WHERE salary > 100000 ORDER BY fname;</pre>															
		<p>Query Result x</p> <p>SQL All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.027 seconds</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>FNAME</th><th>HONEST</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td><td>abraham</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>albert</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>anne</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>mia</td><td>80000</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		FNAME	HONEST	1	abraham	80000	2	albert	80000	3	anne	80000	4	mia	80000
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1	abraham	80000															
2	albert	80000															
3	anne	80000															
4	mia	80000															

- 2) Display the name and the corresponding description based on the candidates salary (**Use a plain case statement in chapter 5**)

< 50000	Honest
>50000 and < 100000	Not so honest
>100000	80000

Worksheet		Query Builder																					
		<pre>SELECT fname, CASE WHEN salary < 50000 THEN 'Honest' WHEN salary > 50000 AND salary < 100000 THEN 'Not so Honest' WHEN salary > 100000 THEN '80000' END FROM amele_candidate;</pre>																					
		<p>Query Result x</p> <p>SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.031 seconds</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>FNAME</th><th>CASEWHENSALARY<50000THEN'HONEST'WHENSALARY>50000ANDSALARY<</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td><td>abraham</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>abraham</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>cheryl</td><td>(null)</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>albert</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>anne</td><td>80000</td></tr> <tr> <td>6</td><td>mia</td><td>80000</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		FNAME	CASEWHENSALARY<50000THEN'HONEST'WHENSALARY>50000ANDSALARY<	1	abraham	80000	2	abraham	80000	3	cheryl	(null)	4	albert	80000	5	anne	80000	6	mia	80000
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- 3) Display the name of all the people who are not associated with a party (use not in). This is a bit tricky because people who don't have a party_id will have a null and you cannot compare a null using not in because it doesn't know how to deal with non-data. You can put the party_id in an NVL function in the where clause to resolve this issue

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT fname FROM amele_candidate WHERE NVL(partyid,-1) NOT IN (SELECT partyid FROM amele_party);
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.031 seconds

FNAME
1 mia

4) Repeat question 3 using (not exists)

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT fname FROM amele_candidate c WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT partyid FROM amele_party p WHERE c.partyid = p.partyid) ORDER BY fname;
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.026 seconds

FNAME
1 mia

5) Repeat question 3 using (minus)

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT fname FROM amele_candidate WHERE NVL(partyid,-1) IN  
(SELECT NVL(partyid,-1) FROM amele_candidate MINUS SELECT partyid FROM amele_party) ORDER BY fname;
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.035 seconds

FNAME
1 mia