Package 'pros'

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Title Penalized Regression on Steroids	
Version 0.1	
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Description This is a project for STAT8053 at the University of Minnesota.	
Depends R (>= $3.5.1$)	
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Encoding UTF-8	
LazyData true	
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cv.pros	
cv.pros Cross-validation Description	_

The K-fold cross-validation function.

Usage

```
cv.pros(X, y, K_fold = 10, alpha = c(1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
  lambdas = seq(10^{(-3)}, 1, 0.1), algorithm = "proximal_gradient_cd",
  max_iter = 10000, tolerance = 10^{(-3)}, random_seed = 0)
```

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Arguments

X the matrix of the data

y the vector of response values

alpha the convex combination of length 7 corresponding to the penalties:

• 11 penalty

• 12 penalty

• 14 penalty

• 16 penalty

• 18 penalty

• 110 penalty

lambdas A vector of dual penalization values to be evaluated

algorithm the optimization algorithm

• proximal_gradient_cd

• subgradient_cd

max_iter maximum iterations. This also tunes the step size.

tolerance tolerance random_seed random seed

Value

A class cv_pros

Examples

```
cv = cv.pros(X_train, y_train)
pred = predict(cv, X_test)
```

predict.cv_pros

Cross-validation Prediction

Description

The cross-validation prediction function.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cv_pros'
predict(cv_pros0bj, X_new)
```

Arguments

cv_pros0bj an object of class cv_pros X_new the matrix of the data to predict

Value

A vector of prediction values.

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Examples

```
cv = cv.pros(X_train, y_train)
pred = predict(cv, X_test)
```

predict.pros

Pros Prediction

Description

The prediction function.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pros'
predict(prosObj, X)
```

Arguments

pros0bj an object of class pros

X the matrix of the data to predict

Value

A vector of prediction values.

Examples

```
fit = pros(X_train, y_train, lambda = .1)
pred = predict(fit, X_test)
```

pros

Pros

Description

The fit function for a specific lambda value.

Usage

```
pros(X, y, alpha = c(1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0), lambda,
  algorithm = "proximal_gradient_cd", max_iter = 10000,
  tolerance = 10^(-3), random_seed = 0)
```

pros pros

Arguments

X the matrix of the data

y the vector of response values

alpha the convex combination of length 7 corresponding to the penalties:

• 11 penalty

• 12 penalty

• 14 penalty

• 16 penalty

• 18 penalty

• 110 penalty

lambda the dual penalization value algorithm the optimization algorithm

• proximal_gradient_cd

• subgradient_cd

max_iter maximum iterations. This also tunes the step size.

tolerance tolerance random_seed random seed

Value

A class pros

Examples

```
fit = pros(X_train, y_train, lambda = .1)
pred = predict(fit, X_test)
```

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