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1
     Example 3.7 Multiclass confusion matrix for the MINST data set
 3
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 5
 6
     import IPython as IP
 7
     IP.get ipython().run line magic('reset', '-sf')
8
9
     import numpy as np
10
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
11
     import sklearn as sk
12
13
    cc = plt.rcParams['axes.prop cycle'].by key()['color']
14
    plt.close('all')
15
16
    #%% Load your data
17
18
    # Fetch the MNIST dataset from openml
    mnist = sk.datasets.fetch_openml('mnist_784',as_frame=False,parser='auto')
19
20
    X = np.asarray(mnist['data'])  # load the data and convert to np array
21
    Y = np.asarray(mnist['target'],dtype=int) # load the target
22
23
    # Split the data set up into a training and testing data set
24
    X_{train} = X[0:60000,:]
25
    X \text{ test} = X[60000:,:]
    Y_train = Y[0:60000]
26
27
    Y test = Y[60000:]
28
29
    #%% Confusion Matrix for a Multiclass classifier.
30
31
    # Use the one-vs-one classifier that uses Stochastic Gradient Descent as this is
32
    # faster for this specific data set
33
    ovo clf = sk.multiclass.OneVsOneClassifier(sk.linear model.SGDClassifier())
34
35
     # make a prediction for every case using the k-fold method.
36
    Y train pred = sk.model selection.cross val predict(ovo clf, X train, Y train, cv=3)
    conf mx = sk.metrics.confusion matrix(Y train, Y train pred)
37
38
    print(conf mx)
39
40
    # plot the results
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
42 pos = plt.imshow(conf mx) #, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
cbar = plt.colorbar(pos)
44 cbar.set label ('number of classified digits')
45 plt.ylabel('actual digit')
    plt.xlabel('estimated digit')
46
47
    plt.savefig('confusion matrix',dpi=300)
48
49
    # Normalize the confusion matrix by class size to compare error rates, not raw counts.
50
    row sums = conf mx.sum(axis=1, keepdims=True)
51
    norm conf mx = conf mx / row sums
52
53
    # Next, we remove the high values along the diagonal. This is done by converting the
54
    # confusion matrix to a float data type, and replacing everything on the diagonal with
55
     conf mx noise = np.asarray(norm conf mx,dtype=np.float32)
56
    np.fill diagonal(conf mx noise, np.NaN)
57
58
    # plot the results but only consider the noise
59
   fig = plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
   pos = plt.imshow(conf mx noise) #, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
60
61
    cbar = plt.colorbar(pos)
62
    cbar.set label('normalized classification error')
63
   plt.ylabel('actual digit')
64 plt.xlabel('estimated digit')
    plt.savefig('confusion matrix error',dpi=300)
```