

MacaroniOS

Version: R6

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# Chapter 1

## Macaroni Penguins

A freestanding C environment, dubbed "Macaroni OS", developed in a group project for Operating System Structures (CS450) at WVU in Fall 2025.

See the repo at <https://github.com/WVU-CS450/MacaroniPenguins>.

### 1.1 GETTING STARTED

Install WSL if you need to:

```
wsl --install -d ubuntu
```

It is recommended to use an Ubuntu WSL distro, as some things like the doxyfile.sh script only work in this specific environment, but it is not required.

Clone this repo into a linux environment (WSL, Ubuntu, etc):

```
git clone https://github.com/WVU-CS450/MacaroniPenguins.git
```

Prep your linux environment by running the following commands:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y clang make nasm git binutils-i686-linux-gnu qemu-system-x86 gdb
```

Then run `make` and `./mpx.sh`.

For more information, either run the `help` command (or `help verbose`) inside of MacaroniOS, or consult the [doc/USER-GUIDE.pdf](#).

### 1.2 CONTRIBUTING

After making changes to the code, running `version` will show that your working directory is 'dirty'. This simply means that you have uncommitted changes. Ensure you have checked out the correct branch and pulled its latest changes. Stage/add the relevant files before committing them.

Now you can run `make clean` and `make` again, run `./mpx.sh`, and finally run `version` to see your latest commit hash and showing that your working directory is 'clean'.

When you're done, add your contributions to [dev/CONTRIBUTIONS.docx](#) and save it as [doc/↵ CONTRIBUTIONS.pdf](#).

## 1.3 DOXYGEN

Install doxygen and dependancies:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y doxygen texlive-full texlive-latex-base texlive-latex-extra wslu
```

If you get some errors, maybe try `sudo apt upgrade -y`. If you are getting an "WSL Interoperability is disabled" error, see [WSL issue 13449](#) and run the permanent fix codeblock.

Create the configuration file (convention is a Doxyfile) with `doxygen -g Doxyfile`. Edit the file to your liking, reference the [doxygen manual](#) if needed, then run this script:

```
./doxyfile.sh
```

When releasing a new version of MacaroniOS, remember to change the `PROJECT_NUMBER` (to R1, R2, etc) (this should also get changed in `user/version.c`).

This script runs doxygen to generate a bunch of latex files in the dev folder, makes those files into a pdf, renames the pdf and moves it to become the [doc/PROGRAMMER-GUIDE.pdf](#), and opens the pdf (opening it uses `wslview` which only works in a WSL environment).

## 1.4 RELEASES

View all of the [Releases](#) or view previous documentation in [doc/.legacy/](#).

## Chapter 2

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include/ <a href="#">showPCB.h</a>	Provides ability to display a specific PCB, all PCBs, or PCBs in specific queues . . . . .	48
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## Chapter 4

# Data Structure Documentation

### 4.1 AlarmData Struct Reference

#### Data Fields

- int **hour**
- int **minute**
- int **second**
- char **message** [100]

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/alarm.h

### 4.2 context Struct Reference

#### Data Fields

- uint32\_t **gs**
- uint32\_t **fs**
- uint32\_t **es**
- uint32\_t **ds**
- uint32\_t **edi**
- uint32\_t **esi**
- uint32\_t **ebp**
- uint32\_t **esp**
- uint32\_t **ebx**
- uint32\_t **edx**
- uint32\_t **ecx**
- uint32\_t **eax**
- uint32\_t **eip**
- uint32\_t **cs**
- uint32\_t **eflags**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/[pcb.h](#)

## 4.3 dcb Struct Reference

Device Control Block for a serial port.

```
#include <interrupts.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for dcb:

### Data Fields

- device **device**
- dev\_state\_t **state**
- open\_status **open\_status**
- allocation\_status **allocation\_status**
- event\_flag **event\_flag**
- char **ring\_buffer** [RING\_BUFFER\_SIZE]
- size\_t **ring\_head**
- size\_t **ring\_tail**
- size\_t **ring\_count**
- [iocb\\_t](#) \* **q\_head**
- [iocb\\_t](#) \* **q\_tail**
- [iocb\\_t](#) \* **current**
- uint16\_t **base\_port**

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Device Control Block for a serial port.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/mpx/[interrupts.h](#)

## 4.4 iocb Struct Reference

I/O Control Block for one read or write request.

```
#include <interrupts.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for iocb:

### Data Fields

- struct [pcb](#) \* **proc**
- struct [dcb](#) \* **dev**
- io\_op\_t **op**
- char \* **buf**
- size\_t **size**
- size\_t **byte\_count**
- struct [iocb](#) \* **next**



### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

I/O Control Block for one read or write request.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/mpx/[interrupts.h](#)

## 4.5 mcb Struct Reference

Memory Control Block (MCB) structure.

```
#include <vm.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for mcb:

### Data Fields

- int **startAddr**
- int **size**
- struct [mcb](#) \* **next**
- struct [mcb](#) \* **prev**

### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Memory Control Block (MCB) structure.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/mpx/[vm.h](#)

## 4.6 mcb\_list Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for mcb\_list:

### Data Fields

- struct [mcb](#) \* **head**
- struct [mcb](#) \* **tail**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/mpx/[vm.h](#)

## 4.7 pcb Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for pcb:

### Data Fields

- char **name** [PCB\_NAME\_MAX\_LEN]
- enum process\_class **process\_class**
- int **priority**
- enum execution\_state **execution\_state**
- enum dispatch\_state **dispatch\_state**
- void \* **args**
- void \* **stack**
- struct [context](#) \* **contextPtr**
- struct [pcb](#) \* **next**
- struct [pcb](#) \* **prev**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/[pcb.h](#)

## 4.8 pcb\_queue Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for pcb\_queue:

### Data Fields

- struct [pcb](#) \* **head**
- struct [pcb](#) \* **tail**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/[pcb.h](#)

## 4.9 rtc\_date\_t Struct Reference

### Data Fields

- uint8\_t **day**
- uint8\_t **month**
- uint8\_t **year**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/[clock.h](#)

## 4.10 rtc\_time\_t Struct Reference

### Data Fields

- uint8\_t **second**
- uint8\_t **minute**
- uint8\_t **hour**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/[clock.h](#)

## 4.11 stores Struct Reference

Struct that stores data relating to the alarm , Hours, and Message.

### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

Struct that stores data relating to the alarm , Hours, and Message.

Struct that stores data relating to the date , and Year.

Struct that stores data relating to the time , and Hours.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/alarm.h



## Chapter 5

# File Documentation

### 5.1 alarm.h

```
00001 #ifndef ALARM_H
00002 #define ALARM_H
00003
00008 typedef struct {
00009     int hour;
00010     int minute;
00011     int second;
00012     char message[100];
00013 } AlarmData;
00014
00018 void alarm(void);
00019
00024 void alarm_create(AlarmData* data);
00025
00030 void alarm_command(const char* args);
00031
00035 void alarm_help(void);
00036
00037 #endif
```

### 5.2 block.h

```
00001 #ifndef BLOCK_H
00002 #define BLOCK_H
00003
00004 #include <pcb.h>
00005 #include <sys_req.h>
00006 #include <string.h>
00007
00008
00009
00014 void block_pcb_command(const char* args);
00015
00016
00020 void block_help(void);
00021
00022
00027 void block_pcb(const char* name);
00028
00029
00034 void unblock_pcb_command(const char* args);
00035
00036
00040 void unblock_help(void);
00041
00042
00047 void unblock_pcb(const char* name);
00048
00049 #endif
```

## 5.3 include/clock.h File Reference

Handles accesses to the Real Time Clock (RTC)

```
#include <string.h>
#include <sys_req.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <mpx/interrupts.h>
#include <mpx/io.h>
```

Include dependency graph for clock.h:

## 5.4 clock.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef CLOCK_H
00002 #define CLOCK_H
00003
00004 #include <string.h>
00005 #include <sys_req.h>
00006 #include <stdint.h>
00007 #include <mpx/interrupts.h>
00008 #include <mpx/io.h>
00009
00019 typedef struct {
00020     uint8_t second;
00021     uint8_t minute;
00022     uint8_t hour;
00023 } rtc_time_t;
00024
00029 typedef struct {
00030     uint8_t day;
00031     uint8_t month;
00032     uint8_t year;    // Last two digits of the year
00033 } rtc_date_t;
00034
00035
00040 void get_time(rtc_time_t *time);
00041
00046 void set_time(const rtc_time_t *time);
00047
00052 void get_date(rtc_date_t *date);
00053
00058 void set_date(const rtc_date_t *date);
00059
00064 void print_time(rtc_time_t *time);
00065
00070 void print_date(const rtc_date_t *date);
00071
00075 void clock_help(void);
00076
00081 void clock_command(const char *args);
00082
00083 //---- Helper Functions ----//
00084
00090 void my_strcat(char *dest, const char *src);
00091
00097 void my_strcpy(char *dest, const char *src);
00098
00104 void rtc_write(uint8_t reg, uint8_t value);
00105
00110 uint8_t rtc_read(uint8_t reg);
00111
00117 uint8_t bin_to_bcd(uint8_t value);
00118
00124 uint8_t bcd_to_bin(uint8_t value);
00125
00129 void tz_correction(void);
00130
00131 #endif
```

## 5.5 include/comhand.h File Reference

Command handler interface for the OS. Reads from the polling input and executes commands.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Functions

- void **com\_startup** (void)  
*Prints a welcome message and penguin ASCII art to the terminal.*
- void **trim\_Input** (char \*str)  
*Trim function to remove \n and \r from the string.*
- void **comhand** (void)  
*Enters a loop and waits for the user to input commands.*

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Command handler interface for the OS. Reads from the polling input and executes commands.

### 5.5.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.5.2.1 trim\_Input()

```
void trim_Input (
    char * str )
```

Trim function to remove \n and \r from the string.

#### Parameters

<i>str</i>	string variable to trim
------------	-------------------------

## 5.6 comhand.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef COMHAND_H
00002 #define COMHAND_H
00003
00013 void com_startup(void);
00014
00019 void trim_Input(char *str);
00020
00024 void comhand(void);
00025
00026 #endif
```

## 5.7 include/ctype.h File Reference

A subset of standard C library functions.

### Functions

- int [isspace](#) (int c)

### 5.7.1 Detailed Description

A subset of standard C library functions.

### 5.7.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.7.2.1 [isspace\(\)](#)

```
int isspace (  
    int c )
```

Determine if a character is whitespace.

#### Parameters

<i>c</i>	Character to check
----------	--------------------

#### Returns

Non-zero if space, 0 if not space

## 5.8 ctype.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_CTYPE_H  
00002 #define MPX_CTYPE_H  
00003  
00014 int isspace(int c);  
00015  
00016 #endif
```

## 5.9 include/exit.h File Reference

Header file for the exit command used in the command handler. Exits the terminal when called and confirmed by the user.



## Functions

- void **exit\_help** (void)
- int **exit\_command** (const char \*args)

*Begins the shutdown process when the user types 'exit' in the terminal. Confirmation by typing 'Y' or 'n' is then required to completely exit.*

### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the exit command used in the command handler. Exits the terminal when called and confirmed by the user.

#### Author

Caleb Edwards

### 5.9.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.9.2.1 exit\_command()

```
int exit_command (
    const char * args )
```

Begins the shutdown process when the user types 'exit' in the terminal. Confirmation by typing 'Y' or 'n' is then required to completely exit.

#### Parameters

<i>arg_counter</i>	Counts the number of arguments input.
<i>arg_vector</i>	Stores the arguments.

#### Returns

int return 1 to confirm exit and 0 to return to terminal.

## 5.10 exit.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef EXIT_H
00002 #define EXIT_H
00010 void exit_help(void);
00011
00020 int exit_command(const char *args);
00021
00022 #endif
```

## 5.11 include/help.h File Reference

Header for the help command used in command handler. Used to list the commands available to the user.

### Functions

- void **help\_message** (void)  
*Prints all commands available into the terminal when the user types 'help' in the input.*
- void **help\_command** (const char \*args)  
*Prints all commands individual help functions.*
- void **help\_verbose** (void)  
*Prints all commands individual help functions.*

### 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Header for the help command used in command handler. Used to list the commands available to the user.

#### Author

Caleb Edwards

## 5.12 help.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef HELP_H
00002 #define HELP_H
00010 void help_message(void);
00011
00016 void help_command(const char *args);
00017
00021 void help_verbose(void);
00022 #endif
```

## 5.13 init.h

```
00001 #ifndef INIT_H
00002 #define INIT_H
00003
00004 #include <pcb.h>
00005 #include <sys_req.h>
00006 #include <string.h>
00007
00012 void create_pcb_command(const char* args);
00013
00014
00018 void create_help(void);
00019
00020
00027 void create_pcb(const char* name, int process_class, int priority);
00028
00029
00034 void delete_pcb_command(const char* args);
00035
00036
00040 void delete_help(void);
00041
00042
00047 void delete_pcb(const char* name);
00048
00049 #endif
```

## 5.14 include/itoa.h File Reference

Declaration for interger-to-ASCII conversion.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Functions

- void [itoa](#) (int num, char \*buffer)  
*Converts an integer to a C-string.*

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Declaration for interger-to-ASCII conversion.

### 5.14.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.14.2.1 itoa()

```
void itoa (
    int num,
    char * buffer )
```

Converts an integer to a C-string.

#### Parameters

<i>num</i>	The integer to convert.
<i>buffer</i>	Pointer to an array to store the string.

## 5.15 itoa.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef ITOA_H
00002 #define ITOA_H
00003
00015 void itoa(int num, char* buffer);
00016
00017 #endif
```

## 5.16 include/itoBCD.h File Reference

Function that converts an integer into a string that is representative of the binary coded decimal format of the input integer.

## Functions

- void `itoBCD` (int num, char \*buffer)

### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Function that converts an integer into a string that is representative of the binary coded decimal format of the input integer.

### 5.16.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.16.2.1 `itoBCD()`

```
void itoBCD (  
    int num,  
    char * buffer )
```

Convert an integer to an Binary Coded Decimal

#### Parameters

<i>int</i>	Integer being converted into a Binary Coded Decimal
<i>s</i>	A buffer to hold the created string

## 5.17 `itoBCD.h`

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef ITOBCD_H  
00002 #define ITOBCD_H  
00003  
00017 void itoBCD(int num, char* buffer);  
00018  
00019 #endif
```

## 5.18 `include/loadR3.h` File Reference

Handles loading the R3 processes into the system.

## Functions

- void `load_help` (void)  
*Displays a help message for loading the processes.*
- void `loadR3` (void)

*Loads all 5 of the R3 processes.*

- void **loadR3\_suspended** (void)

*Loads all 5 of the processes, but in a suspended state.*

- void **loadProcess** (const char \*name)

*Loads a specific R3 process.*

- void **load\_command** (const char \*args)

*Handles the selection of which load function to call.*

### 5.18.1 Detailed Description

Handles loading the R3 processes into the system.

### 5.18.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.18.2.1 load\_command()

```
void load_command (
    const char * args )
```

Handles the selection of which load function to call.

##### Parameters

<i>args</i>	Argument for selecting which load function, for example "help"
-------------	--

#### 5.18.2.2 loadProcess()

```
void loadProcess (
    const char * name )
```

Loads a specific R3 process.

##### Parameters

<i>name</i>	The name of a specific process to load
-------------	--

## 5.19 loadR3.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef LOADR3_H
00002 #define LOADR3_H
00003
```

```

00012 void load_help(void);
00013
00017 void loadR3(void);
00018
00019
00023 void loadR3_suspended(void);
00024
00029 void loadProcess(const char* name);
00030
00035 void load_command(const char* args);
00036
00037 #endif

```

## 5.20 include/memory.h File Reference

MPX-specific dynamic memory functions.

```
#include <stddef.h>
```

Include dependency graph for memory.h:

### Functions

- void \* [sys\\_alloc\\_mem](#) (size\_t size)
- int [sys\\_free\\_mem](#) (void \*ptr)
- void [sys\\_set\\_heap\\_functions](#) (void \*(\*alloc\_fn)(size\_t), int(\*free\_fn)(void \*))

### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

MPX-specific dynamic memory functions.

### 5.20.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.20.2.1 sys\_alloc\_mem()

```

void * sys_alloc_mem (
    size_t size )

```

Allocate dynamic memory.

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	The amount of memory, in bytes, to allocate
-------------	---

#### Returns

NULL on error, otherwise the address of the newly allocated memory

**5.20.2.2 sys\_free\_mem()**

```
int sys_free_mem (
    void * ptr )
```

Free dynamic memory.

**Parameters**

<i>ptr</i>	The address of dynamically allocated memory to free
------------	---

**Returns**

0 on success, non-zero on error

**5.20.2.3 sys\_set\_heap\_functions()**

```
void sys_set_heap_functions (
    void (*)(size_t) alloc_fn,
    int (*)(void *) free_fn )
```

Installs user-supplied heap management functions.

**Parameters**

<i>alloc_fn</i>	A function that dynamically allocates memory
<i>free_fn</i>	A function that frees dynamically allocated memory

**5.21 memory.h**

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_MEMORY_H
00002 #define MPX_MEMORY_H
00003
00004 #include <stddef.h>
00005
00016 void *sys_alloc_mem(size_t size);
00017
00023 int sys_free_mem(void *ptr);
00024
00030 void sys_set_heap_functions(void * (*alloc_fn)(size_t), int (*free_fn)(void *));
00031
00032 #endif
```

**5.22 device.h**

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_DEVICES_H
```

```
00002 #define MPX_DEVICES_H
00003
00004 typedef enum {
00005     COM1 = 0x3f8,
00006     COM2 = 0x2f8,
00007     COM3 = 0x3e8,
00008     COM4 = 0x2e8,
00009 } device;
00010
00011 #endif
```

## 5.23 include/mpx/gdt.h File Reference

Kernel functions to initialize the Global Descriptor Table.

### Functions

- void [gdt\\_init](#) (void)

### 5.23.1 Detailed Description

Kernel functions to initialize the Global Descriptor Table.

### 5.23.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.23.2.1 gdt\_init()

```
void gdt_init (
    void )
```

Creates and installs the Global Descriptor Table.

## 5.24 gdt.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_GDT_H
00002 #define MPX_GDT_H
00003
00010 void gdt_init(void);
00011
00012 #endif
```



## 5.25 include/mpx/interrupts.h File Reference

Kernel functions related to software and hardware interrupts.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <sys_req.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpx/device.h>
```

Include dependency graph for interrupts.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Data Structures

- struct [iocb](#)  
*I/O Control Block for one read or write request.*
- struct [dcb](#)  
*Device Control Block for a serial port.*

### Macros

- #define **RING\_BUFFER\_SIZE** 100
- #define [cli](#)() \_\_asm\_\_ volatile ("cli")
- #define [sti](#)() \_\_asm\_\_ volatile ("sti")

### Typedefs

- typedef struct [iocb](#) **iocb\_t**
- typedef struct [dcb](#) **dcb\_t**

### Enumerations

- enum **dev\_state\_t** { **DEV\_CLOSED** = 0 , **DEV\_IDLE** , **DEV\_READING** , **DEV\_WRITING** }
- enum **open\_status** { **open** = 1 , **closed** = 0 }
- enum **allocation\_status** { **allocated** = 1 , **unallocated** = 0 }
- enum **event\_flag** { **no\_event** = 0 , **unhandled\_event** = 1 }
- enum **io\_op\_t** { **IO\_READ** = 0 , **IO\_WRITE** }

## Functions

- void **irq\_init** (void)
- void **pic\_init** (void)
- void **idt\_init** (void)
- void **idt\_install** (int vector, void(\*handler)(void \*))
- **dcb\_t** \* **get\_dcb\_for\_device** (device dev)  
*Get the DCB for a given serial device.*
- int **serial\_open** (device dev, int speed)  
*Open a serial device for interrupt-driven I/O.*
- int **serial\_close** (device dev)  
*Close a serial device.*
- int **serial\_read** (device dev, char \*buf, size\_t len)  
*Begin an interrupt-driven read on dev.*
- int **serial\_write** (device dev, char \*buf, size\_t len)  
*Begin an interrupt-driven write on dev.*
- void **serial\_interrupt** (void)  
*Serial ISR.*

### 5.25.1 Detailed Description

Kernel functions related to software and hardware interrupts.

### 5.25.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.25.2.1 cli

```
#define cli( ) __asm__ volatile ("cli")
```

Disable interrupts

#### 5.25.2.2 sti

```
#define sti( ) __asm__ volatile ("sti")
```

Enable interrupts

### 5.25.3 Function Documentation

#### 5.25.3.1 serial\_close()

```
int serial_close (
    device dev )
```

Close a serial device.

Error codes (from notes): -201 device not open

### 5.25.3.2 serial\_open()

```
int serial_open (
    device dev,
    int speed )
```

Open a serial device for interrupt-driven I/O.

Error codes follow the R6 notes: -100 invalid device -101 invalid event flag pointer (not used here, but reserved) -102 invalid baud (no divisor) -103 already open

### 5.25.3.3 serial\_read()

```
int serial_read (
    device dev,
    char * buf,
    size_t len )
```

Begin an interrupt-driven read on dev.

This does NOT block. It:

- assumes dcb->current points to the IOCB for this op
- initializes state/event\_flag
- copies any pre-typed chars from the ring buffer
- returns 0 on success, or negative error.

### 5.25.3.4 serial\_write()

```
int serial_write (
    device dev,
    char * buf,
    size_t len )
```

Begin an interrupt-driven write on dev.

This does NOT block. It:

- assumes dcb->current points to the IOCB for this op
- writes first byte to THR
- enables THR empty interrupts
- returns 0 on success, or negative error.

## 5.26 interrupts.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #ifndef MPX_INTERRUPTS_H
00002 #define MPX_INTERRUPTS_H
00003
00004 #include <stdint.h>
00005 #include <stddef.h>
00006 #include <sys_req.h>
00007 #include <stdlib.h>
00008
00009 #include <mpx/device.h>
00010
00011 #define RING_BUFFER_SIZE 100
00012
00019 #define cli() __asm__ volatile ("cli")
00020
00022 #define sti() __asm__ volatile ("sti")
00023
00024 /* Core interrupt setup */
00025 void irq_init(void);
00026 void pic_init(void);
00027 void idt_init(void);
00028 void idt_install(int vector, void (*handler)(void *));
00029
00030 /* ----- Device / I/O state enums ----- */
00031
00032 typedef enum {
00033     DEV_CLOSED = 0,
00034     DEV_IDLE,
00035     DEV_READING,
00036     DEV_WRITING
00037 } dev_state_t;
00038
00039 typedef enum {
00040     open = 1,
00041     closed = 0
00042 } open_status;
00043
00044 typedef enum {
00045     allocated = 1,
00046     unallocated = 0
00047 } allocation_status;
00048
00049 typedef enum {
00050     no_event = 0,
00051     unhandled_event = 1
00052 } event_flag;
00053
00054 typedef enum {
00055     IO_READ = 0,
00056     IO_WRITE
00057 } io_op_t;
00058
00059 /* Forward declarations */
00060 struct pcb;
00061 struct dcb;
00062
00063 typedef struct iocb {
00064     struct pcb *proc;
00065     struct dcb *dev;
00066     io_op_t op;
00067
00068     char *buf;
00069     size_t size;
00070     size_t byte_count;
00071
00072     struct iocb *next;
00073 } iocb_t;
00074
00075 typedef struct dcb {
00076     device device;
00077     dev_state_t state;
00078     open_status open_status;
00079     allocation_status allocation_status;
00080     event_flag event_flag;
00081
00082     /* Ring buffer for inputs when no read is active */

```

```

00092     char    ring_buffer[RING_BUFFER_SIZE];
00093     size_t  ring_head;
00094     size_t  ring_tail;
00095     size_t  ring_count;
00096
00097     /* I/O queue for this device */
00098     iocb_t  *q_head;
00099     iocb_t  *q_tail;
00100     iocb_t  *current;
00101
00102     uint16_t base_port;
00103 } dcb_t;
00104
00105
00109 dcb_t *get_dcb_for_device(device dev);
00110
00120 int serial_open(device dev, int speed);
00121
00128 int serial_close(device dev);
00129
00139 int serial_read(device dev, char *buf, size_t len);
00140
00150 int serial_write(device dev, char *buf, size_t len);
00151
00155 void serial_interrupt(void);
00156
00157 #endif

```

## 5.27 include/mpx/io.h File Reference

Kernel macros to read and write I/O ports.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Macros

- #define **outb**(port, data) `__asm__ volatile ("outb %%al, %%dx" :: "a" (data), "d" (port))`
- #define **inb**(port)

### 5.27.1 Detailed Description

Kernel macros to read and write I/O ports.

### 5.27.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.27.2.1 inb

```

#define inb(
    port )

```

#### Value:

```

({
    unsigned char r;
    __asm__ volatile ("inb %%dx, %%al" : "=a" (r) : "d" (port)); \
    r;
})

```

Read one byte from an I/O port

**Parameters**

<i>port</i>	The port to read from
-------------	-----------------------

**Returns**

A byte of data read from the port

**5.27.2.2 outb**

```
#define outb(
    port,
    data ) __asm__ volatile ("outb %%al, %%dx" :: "a" (data), "d" (port))
```

Write one byte to an I/O port

**Parameters**

<i>port</i>	The port to write to
<i>data</i>	The byte to write to the port

**5.28 io.h**

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_IO_H
00002 #define MPX_IO_H
00003
00014 #define outb(port, data) \
00015     __asm__ volatile ("outb %%al, %%dx" :: "a" (data), "d" (port))
00016
00022 #pragma clang diagnostic ignored "-Wgnu-statement-expression"
00023 #define inb(port) ({ \
00024     unsigned char r; \
00025     __asm__ volatile ("inb %%dx, %%al" : "=a" (r) : "d" (port)); \
00026     r; \
00027 })
00028
00029 #endif
```

**5.29 include/mpx/panic.h File Reference**

Common system functions and definitions.

```
#include <stdnoreturn.h>
```

Include dependency graph for panic.h:

## Functions

- noreturn `__attribute__ ((no_caller_saved_registers))` void kpanic(const char \*msg)

### 5.29.1 Detailed Description

Common system functions and definitions.

### 5.29.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.29.2.1 `__attribute__()`

```
noreturn __attribute__ (
    (no_caller_saved_registers) ) const
```

Kernel panic. Prints an error message and halts.

#### Parameters

<i>msg</i>	A message to display before halting
------------	-------------------------------------

## 5.30 panic.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_PANIC_H
00002 #define MPX_PANIC_H
00003
00004 #include <stdnoreturn.h>
00005
00015 /*
00016  non-standard attribute is required for clang < 15
00017  */
00018 noreturn __attribute__((no_caller_saved_registers)) void kpanic(const char *msg);
00019
00020 #endif
```

## 5.31 include/mpx/serial.h File Reference

Kernel functions and constants for handling serial I/O.

```
#include <stddef.h>
#include <mpx/device.h>
Include dependency graph for serial.h:
```

## Functions

- int `history_errors` (char \*buffer)  
*Performs trimming and validation on a command before adding to history.*
- int `history_handler` (char \*buffer)  
*Adds a command to the history buffer and performs shifting when the buffer is full.*
- int `serial_init` (device dev)  
*Initializes devices for user input and output.*
- int `serial_out` (device dev, const char \*buffer, size\_t len)  
*Writes a buffer to a serial port.*
- int `serial_poll` (device dev, char \*buffer, size\_t len)  
*Reads a string from a serial port.*
- int `serial_open` (device dev, int speed)  
*Open a serial device for interrupt-driven I/O.*
- int `serial_close` (device dev)  
*Close a serial device.*
- int `serial_write` (device dev, char \*buf, size\_t len)  
*Begin an interrupt-driven write on dev.*
- int `serial_read` (device dev, char \*buf, size\_t len)  
*Begin an interrupt-driven read on dev.*

### 5.31.1 Detailed Description

Kernel functions and constants for handling serial I/O.

### 5.31.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.31.2.1 `history_errors()`

```
int history_errors (
    char * buffer )
```

Performs trimming and validation on a command before adding to history.

##### Parameters

<i>buffer</i>	The command string to clean
---------------	-----------------------------

##### Returns

0 on success, -1 if empty/invalid

#### 5.31.2.2 `history_handler()`

```
int history_handler (
```



```
char * buffer )
```

Adds a command to the history buffer and performs shifting when the buffer is full.

#### Parameters

<i>buffer</i>	The command to add
---------------	--------------------

#### Returns

0 always

### 5.31.2.3 serial\_close()

```
int serial_close (
    device dev )
```

Close a serial device.

Error codes (from notes): -201 device not open

### 5.31.2.4 serial\_init()

```
int serial_init (
    device dev )
```

Initializes devices for user input and output.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	A serial port to initialize (COM1, COM2, COM3, or COM4)
---------------	---

#### Returns

0 on success, non-zero on failure

### 5.31.2.5 serial\_open()

```
int serial_open (
    device dev,
    int speed )
```

Open a serial device for interrupt-driven I/O.

Error codes follow the R6 notes: -100 invalid device -101 invalid event flag pointer (not used here, but reserved) -102 invalid baud (no divisor) -103 already open

### 5.31.2.6 serial\_out()

```
int serial_out (
    device dev,
    const char * buffer,
    size_t len )
```

Writes a buffer to a serial port.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	The serial port to output to
<i>buffer</i>	A pointer to an array of characters to output
<i>len</i>	The number of bytes to write

#### Returns

The number of bytes written

### 5.31.2.7 serial\_poll()

```
int serial_poll (
    device dev,
    char * buffer,
    size_t len )
```

Reads a string from a serial port.

#### Parameters

<i>device</i>	The serial port to read data from
<i>buffer</i>	A buffer to write data into as it is read from the serial port
<i>count</i>	The maximum number of bytes to read

#### Returns

The number of bytes read on success, a negative number on failure

### 5.31.2.8 serial\_read()

```
int serial_read (
    device dev,
    char * buf,
    size_t len )
```

Begin an interrupt-driven read on dev.

This does NOT block. It:

- assumes dcb->current points to the IOCB for this op
- initializes state/event\_flag
- copies any pre-typed chars from the ring buffer
- returns 0 on success, or negative error.

#### 5.31.2.9 serial\_write()

```
int serial_write (
    device dev,
    char * buf,
    size_t len )
```

Begin an interrupt-driven write on dev.

This does NOT block. It:

- assumes dcb->current points to the IOCB for this op
- writes first byte to THR
- enables THR empty interrupts
- returns 0 on success, or negative error.

## 5.32 serial.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_SERIAL_H
00002 #define MPX_SERIAL_H
00003
00004 #include <stddef.h>
00005 #include <mpx/device.h>
00006
00017 int history_errors(char *buffer);
00018
00024 int history_handler(char *buffer);
00025
00031 int serial_init(device dev);
00032
00040 int serial_out(device dev, const char *buffer, size_t len);
00041
00049 int serial_poll(device dev, char *buffer, size_t len);
00050
00051 int serial_open(device dev, int speed);
00052 int serial_close(device dev);
00053 int serial_write(device dev, char *buf, size_t len);
00054 int serial_read(device dev, char *buf, size_t len);
00055
00056 #endif
```

## 5.33 include/mpx/vm.h File Reference

Kernel functions for virtual memory and primitive allocation.

```
#include <stddef.h>
```

Include dependency graph for vm.h:

## Data Structures

- struct [mcb](#)  
*Memory Control Block (MCB) structure.*
- struct [mcb\\_list](#)

## Functions

- void \* [kmallocc](#) (size\_t size, int align, void \*\*phys\_addr)
- void [vm\\_init](#) (void)
- void [initialize\\_heap](#) (size\_t size)  
*Initializes the heap with a given size.*
- void \* [allocate\\_memory](#) (size\_t req\_size)  
*Allocates a block of memory of the requested size.*
- int [free\\_memory](#) (void \*ptr)  
*Frees a previously allocated block of memory.*

## Variables

- struct [mcb\\_list](#) [mem\\_allocated\\_list](#)
- struct [mcb\\_list](#) [mem\\_free\\_list](#)

### 5.33.1 Detailed Description

Kernel functions for virtual memory and primitive allocation.

### 5.33.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.33.2.1 [allocate\\_memory\(\)](#)

```
void * allocate_memory (
    size_t req_size )
```

Allocates a block of memory of the requested size.

#### Parameters

<a href="#">req_size</a>	The size of memory to allocate.
--------------------------	---------------------------------

#### Returns

Pointer to the allocated memory, or NULL on failure.

### 5.33.2.2 free\_memory()

```
int free_memory (
    void * ptr )
```

Frees a previously allocated block of memory.

#### Parameters

<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the memory block to free.
------------	--------------------------------------

#### Returns

0 on success, -1 on failure.

### 5.33.2.3 initialize\_heap()

```
void initialize_heap (
    size_t size )
```

Initializes the heap with a given size.

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	The total size of the heap to initialize.
-------------	---

### 5.33.2.4 kmalloc()

```
void * kmalloc (
    size_t size,
    int align,
    void ** phys_addr )
```

Allocates memory from a primitive heap.

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	The size of memory to allocate
<i>align</i>	If non-zero, align the allocation to a page boundary
<i>phys_addr</i>	If non-NULL, a pointer to a pointer that will hold the physical address of the new memory

#### Returns

The newly allocated memory

### 5.33.2.5 vm\_init()

```
void vm_init (
    void )
```

Initializes the kernel page directory and initial kernel heap area. Performs identity mapping of the kernel frames such that the virtual addresses are equivalent to the physical addresses.

## 5.34 vm.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_VM_H
00002 #define MPX_VM_H
00003 #include <stddef.h>
00004
00013 struct mcb{
00014     int startAddr;
00015     int size;
00016     struct mcb* next;
00017     struct mcb* prev;
00018     // Only needed if doing single list
00019     // enum alloc_stat alloc_stat;
00020 };
00021
00022 struct mcb_list{
00023     struct mcb* head;
00024     struct mcb* tail;
00025 };
00026
00027 extern struct mcb_list mem_allocated_list;
00028 extern struct mcb_list mem_free_list;
00029
00038 void *kmalloc(size_t size, int align, void **phys_addr);
00039
00045 void vm_init(void);
00046
00051 void initialize_heap(size_t size);
00052
00058 void *allocate_memory(size_t req_size);
00059
00065 int free_memory(void *ptr);
00066
00067 #endif
```

## 5.35 include/pcb.h File Reference

Process Control Block queue and stack functions.

```
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for pcb.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Data Structures

- struct [context](#)
- struct [pcb](#)
- struct [pcb\\_queue](#)

## Macros

- `#define PCB_NAME_MAX_LEN 16`
- `#define PCB_STACK_MIN_SIZE 1024`

## Enumerations

- enum `process_class` { `CLASS_SYSTEM` = 0 , `CLASS_USER` = 1 }
- enum `execution_state` { `STATE_READY` = 0 , `STATE_RUNNING` = 1 , `STATE_BLOCKED` = 2 }
- enum `dispatch_state` { `DISPATCH_ACTIVE` = 0 , `DISPATCH_SUSPENDED` = 1 }

## Functions

- struct `context` `__attribute__((packed))`
- struct `pcb` \* `pcb_allocate` (void)  
*Allocates a new PCB and its stack.*
- int `pcb_free` (struct `pcb` \*ptr)  
*Frees a previously allocated PCB and its stack.*
- struct `pcb` \* `pcb_setup` (const char \*name, int process\_class, int priority, void(\*function)(void))  
*Initializes a PCB with given name, class, and priority.*
- struct `pcb` \* `pcb_find` (const char \*name)  
*Finds a PCB by its name in all queues.*
- void `pcb_insert` (struct `pcb` \*ptr)  
*Insert a PCB into the appropriate queue.*
- int `pcb_remove` (struct `pcb` \*ptr)  
*Remove a PCB from its current queue.*

## Variables

- uint32\_t `gs`
- uint32\_t `fs`
- uint32\_t `es`
- uint32\_t `ds`
- uint32\_t `edi`
- uint32\_t `esi`
- uint32\_t `ebp`
- uint32\_t `esp`
- uint32\_t `ebx`
- uint32\_t `edx`
- uint32\_t `ecx`
- uint32\_t `eax`
- uint32\_t `eip`
- uint32\_t `cs`
- uint32\_t `eflags`
- struct `pcb` `__attribute__`
- struct `pcb_queue` `ready_queue`
- struct `pcb_queue` `blocked_queue`
- struct `pcb_queue` `suspended_ready_queue`
- struct `pcb_queue` `suspended_blocked_queue`

### 5.35.1 Detailed Description

Process Control Block queue and stack functions.

Defines the data structure types and functions for operating the PCB queues.

- Ready Queue: PCBs waiting to be executed by priority.
- Blocked Queue: PCBs waiting on something else to happen before its ready.
- Suspended-Ready Queue: PCBs not in the stack but ready.
- Suspended-Blocked Queue: PCBs not in the stack and blocked.

### 5.35.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.35.2.1 `pcb_allocate()`

```
struct pcb * pcb_allocate (  
    void )
```

Allocates a new PCB and its stack.

Initializes all members to zero and sets stack pointer.

##### Returns

Pointer to the allocated PCB, or NULL if allocation fails.

#### 5.35.2.2 `pcb_find()`

```
struct pcb * pcb_find (  
    const char * name )
```

Finds a PCB by its name in all queues.

##### Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name of the process to find.
-------------	------------------------------

##### Returns

Pointer to the PCB if found, NULL otherwise.



### 5.35.2.3 pcb\_free()

```
int pcb_free (
    struct pcb * ptr )
```

Frees a previously allocated PCB and its stack.

#### Parameters

<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the PCB to free.
------------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

0 on success, -1 if ptr is NULL.

### 5.35.2.4 pcb\_insert()

```
void pcb_insert (
    struct pcb * ptr )
```

Insert a PCB into the appropriate queue.

Chooses the correct queue based on the PCB's dispatch and execution state, then inserts it. If the target queue is the ready queue, PCBs are inserted by priority (FIFO within same priority). Otherwise, they are appended FIFO at the tail.

#### Parameters

<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the PCB to insert.
------------	-------------------------------

### 5.35.2.5 pcb\_remove()

```
int pcb_remove (
    struct pcb * ptr )
```

Remove a PCB from its current queue.

Locates the PCB's queue based on its state, then detaches it by fixing neighboring links. Clears the PCB's next/prev pointers.

#### Parameters

<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the PCB to remove.
------------	-------------------------------

**Returns**

0 on success, -1 if PCB is NULL or not found in any queue.

**5.35.2.6 pcb\_setup()**

```
struct pcb * pcb_setup (
    const char * name,
    int process_class,
    int priority,
    void(*) (void) function )
```

Initializes a PCB with given name, class, and priority.

Sets default execution and dispatch states.

**Parameters**

<i>name</i>	Name of the process.
<i>process_class</i>	Class of the process (SYSTEM/USER).
<i>priority</i>	Initial priority (0-9).

**Returns**

Pointer to initialized PCB, or NULL if allocation/setup fails.

**5.35.3 Variable Documentation****5.35.3.1 ready\_queue**

```
struct pcb_queue ready_queue [extern]
```

TODO Will add in error messaging at different points

**5.36 pcb.h**

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00014 #ifndef PCB_H
00015 #define PCB_H
00016 #include <stdint.h>
00017 #define PCB_NAME_MAX_LEN 16
00018 #define PCB_STACK_MIN_SIZE 1024
00019
00020 enum process_class{
00021     CLASS_SYSTEM = 0,
00022     CLASS_USER = 1
00023 };
00024
00025 enum execution_state{
```

```

00026     STATE_READY = 0,
00027     STATE_RUNNING = 1,
00028     STATE_BLOCKED = 2
00029 };
00030
00031 enum dispatch_state{
00032     DISPATCH_ACTIVE = 0,
00033     DISPATCH_SUSPENDED = 1
00034 };
00035
00036 struct context{
00037     uint32_t gs, fs, es, ds;
00038     uint32_t edi, esi, ebp, esp, ebx, edx, ecx, eax;
00039     uint32_t eip, cs, eflags;
00040 } __attribute__((packed));
00041
00042 struct pcb{
00043     char name[PCB_NAME_MAX_LEN];
00044     enum process_class process_class;
00045     int priority; // 0 (highest) to 9
00046     enum execution_state execution_state;
00047     enum dispatch_state dispatch_state;
00048     void *args; // optional pointer for process-specific data (i.e alarm)
00049     void *stack; // Dynamically allocated, might manually allocate based on memory management.
00050     struct context* contextPtr;
00051     struct pcb* next;
00052     struct pcb* prev;
00053 };
00054
00055 struct pcb_queue{
00056     struct pcb* head;
00057     struct pcb* tail;
00058 };
00059
00060 // Queue initialization
00061 extern struct pcb_queue ready_queue;
00062 extern struct pcb_queue blocked_queue;
00063 extern struct pcb_queue suspended_ready_queue;
00064 extern struct pcb_queue suspended_blocked_queue;
00065
00073 struct pcb* pcb_allocate(void);
00074
00081 int pcb_free(struct pcb* ptr);
00082
00093 struct pcb* pcb_setup(const char* name, int process_class, int priority, void (*function)(void));
00094
00101 struct pcb* pcb_find(const char* name);
00102
00113 void pcb_insert(struct pcb* ptr);
00114
00124 int pcb_remove(struct pcb* ptr);
00125
00126 #endif

```

## 5.37 include/processes.h File Reference

Provided system process and user processes for testing.

### Functions

- void [proc1](#) (void)
- void [proc2](#) (void)
- void [proc3](#) (void)
- void [proc4](#) (void)
- void [proc5](#) (void)
- void [sys\\_idle\\_process](#) (void)

### 5.37.1 Detailed Description

Provided system process and user processes for testing.

### 5.37.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.37.2.1 `proc1()`

```
void proc1 (  
    void )
```

A test process that prints a message then yields, exiting after 1 iteration.

#### 5.37.2.2 `proc2()`

```
void proc2 (  
    void )
```

A test process that prints a message then yields, exiting after 2 iterations.

#### 5.37.2.3 `proc3()`

```
void proc3 (  
    void )
```

A test process that prints a message then yields, exiting after 3 iterations.

#### 5.37.2.4 `proc4()`

```
void proc4 (  
    void )
```

A test process that prints a message then yields, exiting after 4 iterations.

#### 5.37.2.5 `proc5()`

```
void proc5 (  
    void )
```

A test process that prints a message then yields, exiting after 5 iterations.

### 5.37.2.6 sys\_idle\_process()

```
void sys_idle_process (
    void )
```

System idle process. Used in dispatching. It will be dispatched if NO other processes are available to execute. Must be a system process.

## 5.38 processes.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_PROCESSES_H
00002 #define MPX_PROCESSES_H
00003
00009 /* *****
00010 The following functions are needed for Module R3.
00011 ***** */
00012
00016 void proc1(void);
00017
00021 void proc2(void);
00022
00026 void proc3(void);
00027
00031 void proc4(void);
00032
00036 void proc5(void);
00037
00038 /* *****
00039 The following function is needed for Module R4.
00040 ***** */
00041
00046 void sys_idle_process(void);
00047
00048 #endif
```

## 5.39 include/ready.h File Reference

Commands to suspend or resume a process.

```
#include "pcb.h"
```

Include dependency graph for ready.h:

### Functions

- void **suspend\_help** (void)  
*Prints the help message for the suspend command.*
- int **suspend\_pcb** (const char \*process\_name)  
*Puts a non-system process in the suspended state, and moves it to the appropriate queue.*
- void **suspend\_command** (const char \*args)  
*Handles command-line arguments for the suspend command.*
- void **resume\_help** (void)  
*Prints the help message for the resume command.*
- int **resume\_pcb** (const char \*process\_name)  
*Puts a process in the active (not suspended) state, and moves it to the appropriate queue.*
- void **resume\_command** (const char \*args)  
*Handles command-line arguments for the resume command.*

### 5.39.1 Detailed Description

Commands to suspend or resume a process.

### 5.39.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.39.2.1 `resume_command()`

```
void resume_command (
    const char * args )
```

Handles command-line arguments for the resume command.

##### Parameters

<i>args</i>	Command argument string (process name or "help").
-------------	---

#### 5.39.2.2 `resume_pcb()`

```
int resume_pcb (
    const char * process_name )
```

Puts a process in the active (not suspended) state, and moves it to the appropriate queue.

##### Parameters

<i>process_name</i>	Process's name (checks for validity)
---------------------	--------------------------------------

##### Returns

int 0 for success, -1 for invalid process/name, and 1 if already active.

#### 5.39.2.3 `suspend_command()`

```
void suspend_command (
    const char * args )
```

Handles command-line arguments for the suspend command.

##### Parameters

<i>args</i>	Command argument string (process name or "help").
-------------	---

**5.39.2.4 suspend\_pcb()**

```
int suspend_pcb (
    const char * process_name )
```

Puts a non-system process in the suspended state, and moves it to the appropriate queue.

**Parameters**

<i>process_name</i>	Process's name (checks for validity)
---------------------	--------------------------------------

**Returns**

int 0 for success, -1 for invalid process/name, -2 if given a system process, and 1 if already suspended.

**5.40 ready.h**

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef PCB_READY_H
00002 #define PCB_READY_H
00003
00009 #include "pcb.h"
00010
00014 void suspend_help(void);
00015
00021 int suspend_pcb(const char* process_name);
00022
00027 void suspend_command(const char *args);
00028
00032 void resume_help(void);
00033
00039 int resume_pcb(const char* process_name);
00040
00045 void resume_command(const char *args);
00046
00047 #endif
```

**5.41 setPriority.h**

```
00001 #ifndef SETPRIORITY_H
00002 #define SETPRIORITY_H
00003
00004 #include <pcb.h>
00005 #include <sys_req.h>
00006 #include <string.h>
00007
00017 void set_priority_command(const char* args);
00018
00022 void set_priority_help(void);
00023
00029 void setPriority(char* name, int newPriority);
00030
00031
00032 #endif
```

## 5.42 include/showPCB.h File Reference

Provides ability to display a specific PCB, all PCBs, or PCBs in specific queues.

```
#include <pcb.h>
#include <sys_req.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <comhand.h>
#include <itoa.h>
```

Include dependency graph for showPCB.h:

### Functions

- void [show\\_pcb\\_command](#) (const char \*args)  
*Handles which functions should be used, for use in comhand.*
- void [showPCB](#) (const char \*name)  
*Displays the details for a PCB if the PCB exists.*
- void [showReady](#) (void)  
*Displays all PCBs in the ready queue.*
- void [showBlocked](#) (void)  
*Displays all PCBs in the blocked queue.*
- void [showAllPCB](#) (void)  
*Displays all PCBs in all queues.*
- void [show\\_pcb\\_help](#) (void)  
*Help function for the show command.*
- void **showSuspended** (void)  
*Displays all PCBs in the suspended queues.*

### 5.42.1 Detailed Description

Provides ability to display a specific PCB, all PCBs, or PCBs in specific queues.

### 5.42.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.42.2.1 show\_pcb\_command()

```
void show_pcb_command (
    const char * args )
```

Handles which functions should be used, for use in comhand.

#### Parameters

<i>args</i>	Arguments used for performing correct function
-------------	--



Function for use in command handler. Handles arguments for showing pcbs

#### 5.42.2.2 show\_pcb\_help()

```
void show_pcb_help (
    void )
```

Help function for the show command.

Help message for showing pcbs

#### 5.42.2.3 showAllPCB()

```
void showAllPCB (
    void )
```

Displays all PCBs in all queues.

Prints all processes

#### 5.42.2.4 showBlocked()

```
void showBlocked (
    void )
```

Displays all PCBs in the blocked queue.

Prints all processes in the blocked queue

#### 5.42.2.5 showPCB()

```
void showPCB (
    const char * name )
```

Displays the details for a PCB if the PCB exists.

##### Parameters

<i>name</i>	The name of the PCB to be displayed
-------------	-------------------------------------

Takes process name (string) and prints details for the process

#### 5.42.2.6 showReady()

```
void showReady (
```

```
void )
```

Displays all PCBs in the ready queue.

Prints all processes in the ready queue

## 5.43 showPCB.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef SHOWPCB_H
00002 #define SHOWPCB_H
00003
00004 #include <pcb.h>
00005 #include <sys_req.h>
00006 #include <string.h>
00007 #include <comhand.h>
00008 #include <itoa.h>
00009
00019 void show_pcb_command(const char* args);
00020
00025 void showPCB(const char* name);
00026
00030 void showReady(void);
00031
00035 void showBlocked(void);
00036
00040 void showAllPCB(void);
00041
00045 void show_pcb_help(void);
00046
00050 void showSuspended(void);
00051
00052 #endif
```

## 5.44 include/stdlib.h File Reference

A subset of standard C library functions.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Functions

- int [atoi](#) (const char \*s)

### 5.44.1 Detailed Description

A subset of standard C library functions.

### 5.44.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.44.2.1 atoi()

```
int atoi (
    const char * s )
```

Convert an ASCII string to an integer

## Parameters

s	A NUL-terminated string
---	-------------------------

## Returns

The value of the string converted to an integer

## 5.45 stdlib.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef MPX_STDLIB_H
00002 #define MPX_STDLIB_H
00003
00014 int atoi(const char *s);
00015
00016 #endif
```

## 5.46 include/string.h File Reference

A subset of standard C library functions.

```
#include <stddef.h>
```

Include dependency graph for string.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## Functions

- void \* [memcpy](#) (void \*restrict dst, const void \*restrict src, size\_t n)
- void \* [memset](#) (void \*address, int c, size\_t n)
- int [strcmp](#) (const char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- int [strncmp](#) (const char \*s1, const char \*s2, unsigned int n)
- size\_t [strlen](#) (const char \*s)
- char \* [strtok](#) (char \*restrict s1, const char \*restrict s2)  
*Split string into tokens.*
- char \* [strncpy](#) (char \*dest, const char \*src, unsigned int num\_of\_chars)  
*Copy a string with length limit.*

### 5.46.1 Detailed Description

A subset of standard C library functions.

### 5.46.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.46.2.1 memcpy()

```
void * memcpy (
    void *restrict dst,
    const void *restrict src,
    size_t n )
```

Copy a region of memory.

**Parameters**

<i>dst</i>	The destination memory region
<i>src</i>	The source memory region
<i>n</i>	The number of bytes to copy

**Returns**

A pointer to the destination memory region

**5.46.2.2 memset()**

```
void * memset (
    void * address,
    int c,
    size_t n )
```

Fill a region of memory.

**Parameters**

<i>address</i>	The start of the memory region
<i>c</i>	The byte to fill memory with
<i>n</i>	The number of bytes to fill

**Returns**

A pointer to the filled memory region

**5.46.2.3 strcmp()**

```
int strcmp (
    const char * s1,
    const char * s2 )
```

Compares two strings

**Parameters**

<i>s1</i>	The first string to compare
<i>s2</i>	The second string to compare

**Returns**

0 if strings are equal, <0 if s1 is lexicographically before s2, >0 otherwise

**5.46.2.4 strlen()**

```
size_t strlen (
    const char * s )
```

Returns the length of a string.

**Parameters**

<i>s</i>	A NUL-terminated string
----------	-------------------------

**Returns**

The number of bytes in the string (not counting NUL terminator)

**5.46.2.5 strncpy()**

```
char * strncpy (
    char * dest,
    const char * src,
    unsigned int num_of_chars )
```

Copy a string with length limit.

**Parameters**

<i>dest</i>	Destination buffer.
<i>src</i>	Source string.
<i>num_of_chars</i>	Maximum number of characters to copy.

**Returns**

Pointer to destination buffer.

**5.46.2.6 strtok()**

```
char * strtok (
    char *restrict s1,
    const char *restrict s2 )
```

Split string into tokens.

**Parameters**

<i>s1</i>	String to tokenize (NULL to continue tokenizing).
<i>s2</i>	Delimiter characters.

**Returns**

Pointer to next token, or NULL if none.

## 5.47 string.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #ifndef MPX_STRING_H
00002 #define MPX_STRING_H
00003
00004 #include <stddef.h>
00005
00018 void* memcpy(void * restrict dst, const void * restrict src, size_t n);
00019
00027 void* memset(void *address, int c, size_t n);
00028
00035 int strcmp(const char *s1, const char *s2);
00036
00037 int strncmp(const char *s1, const char *s2, unsigned int n);
00038
00044 size_t strlen(const char *s);
00045
00053 char* strtok(char * restrict s1, const char * restrict s2);
00054
00063 char* strncpy(char* dest, const char* src, unsigned int num_of_chars);
00064 #endif

```

## 5.48 include/sys\_call.h File Reference

Handles context switching when sys\_req function is used.

```

#include <pcb.h>
#include <sys_req.h>

```

Include dependency graph for sys\_call.h:

**Functions**

- struct [context](#) \* **sys\_call** (struct [context](#) \*curContext)
- struct [pcb](#) \* **sys\_get\_current\_process** (void)

*Helper that returns the current process.*

### 5.48.1 Detailed Description

Handles context switching when sys\_req function is used.

## Parameters

<i>curContext</i>	Pointer to the current context
-------------------	--------------------------------

## 5.49 sys\_call.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #ifndef SYS_CALL_H
00002 #define SYS_CALL_H
00003 #include <pcb.h>
00004 #include <sys_req.h>
00005
00011 struct context *sys_call(struct context *curContext);
00012
00016 struct pcb* sys_get_current_process(void);
00017
00018 #endif

```

## 5.50 include/sys\_req.h File Reference

System request function and constants.

```
#include <mpx/device.h>
```

Include dependency graph for sys\_req.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### Macros

- `#define INVALID_OPERATION (-1)`
- `#define INVALID_BUFFER (-2)`
- `#define INVALID_COUNT (-3)`

### Enumerations

- `enum op_code { EXIT , IDLE , READ , WRITE }`

### Functions

- `int sys_req (op_code op,...)`

### 5.50.1 Detailed Description

System request function and constants.

### 5.50.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.50.2.1 sys\_req()

```

int sys_req (
    op_code op,
    ... )

```

Request an MPX kernel operation.

**Parameters**

<i>op_code</i>	One of READ, WRITE, IDLE, or EXIT
...	As required for READ or WRITE

**Returns**

Varies by operation

## 5.51 sys\_req.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #ifndef MPX_SYS_REQ_H
00002 #define MPX_SYS_REQ_H
00003
00004 #include <mpx/device.h>
00005
00011 typedef enum {
00012     EXIT,
00013     IDLE,
00014     READ,
00015     WRITE,
00016 } op_code;
00017
00018 // error codes
00019 #define INVALID_OPERATION    (-1)
00020 #define INVALID_BUFFER      (-2)
00021 #define INVALID_COUNT       (-3)
00022
00029 int sys_req(op_code op, ...);
00030
00031 #endif

```

## 5.52 include/version.h File Reference

Displays the current version of MacaroniOS.

**Macros**

- `#define GIT_DATE "unknown"`
- `#define GIT_HASH "unknown"`
- `#define GIT_DIRTY "unknown"`

**Functions**

- void **version\_help** (void)  
*Prints help information related to the version command.*
- void **version\_latest** (void)  
*Displays the latest version.*
- void **version\_history** (void)  
*Displays the past and present versions.*
- void **version\_command** (const char \*args)  
*Main handler for the version command.*



### 5.52.1 Detailed Description

Displays the current version of MacaroniOS.

### 5.52.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.52.2.1 version\_command()

```
void version_command (
    const char * args )
```

Main handler for the version command.

##### Parameters

<i>args</i>	The argument string passed after 'version'
-------------	--

## 5.53 version.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef VERSION_H
00002 #define VERSION_H
00003
00004 #ifndef GIT_DATE
00005 #define GIT_DATE "unknown"
00006 #endif
00007
00008 #ifndef GIT_HASH
00009 #define GIT_HASH "unknown"
00010 #endif
00011
00012 #ifndef GIT_DIRTY
00013 #define GIT_DIRTY "unknown"
00014 #endif
00015
00025 void version_help(void);
00026
00030 void version_latest(void);
00031
00035 void version_history(void);
00036
00041 void version_command(const char *args);
00042
00043 #endif
```

## 5.54 include/yield.h File Reference

Adds yield functionality so that a process can be set to IDLE.

## Functions

- void **yield** (void)  
*Yields the current process.*
- void **yield\_help** (void)  
*Prints a help message for the yield function.*
- void **yield\_command** (const char \*args)  
*Handles arguments given in the command handler for yield.*

### 5.54.1 Detailed Description

Adds yield functionality so that a process can be set to IDLE.

### 5.54.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.54.2.1 yield\_command()

```
void yield_command (  
    const char * args )
```

Handles arguments given in the command handler for yield.

#### Parameters

<i>args</i>	Arguments for the yield command
-------------	---------------------------------

## 5.55 yield.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #ifndef YIELD_H  
00002 #define YIELD_H  
00003  
00012 void yield(void);  
00013  
00017 void yield_help(void);  
00018  
00023 void yield_command(const char* args);  
00024  
00025 #endif
```

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