## Lab 7: Probability Distributions

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```
[48]: import numpy as np
      %matplotlib inline
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[56]: #7.2 Simulating the Binomial Process
      nexp = 1000
      ntry = 10
      eps = .25
      # nexp = int(input("Enter number of experiments: "))
      # ntry = int(input("Enter number of trials: "))
      # eps = float(input("Enter a value epsilon () < 1: "))</pre>
      def th_bi(nexp, ntry, eps):
          x = np.random.uniform(size=(nexp, ntry))
          xresult = np.array(x<eps, dtype = int)</pre>
          s = np.sum(xresult, axis = 1)
          return s
      v = th_bi(nexp, ntry, eps)
      print("mean expected: ", ntry*eps)
      print("mean simulated: ", np.mean(v))
      print("var expected: ", ntry*eps*(1.0 - eps))
      print("var simulated: ", np.var(v))
     mean expected:
                      2.5
     mean simulated: 2.442
     var expected: 1.875
     var simulated: 1.890636
[57]: #7.3 Histogram for the Binomal Process
      counts, edges = np.histogram(v, bins = 11, range = (0,11))
      print("Counts: ", counts)
      print("Total: ", np.sum(counts))
```

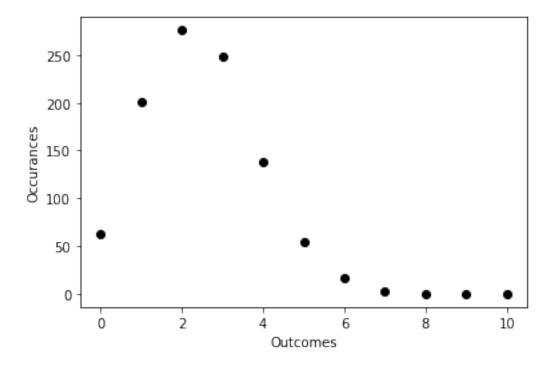
```
print("Bin Edges: ", edges)

plt.plot(edges[:-1], counts, "ko")
plt.xlabel("Outcomes")
plt.ylabel("Occurances")
print("edges[:-1]: ", edges[:-1])
```

Counts: [ 63 201 276 248 138 54 17 3 0 0 0]

Total: 1000

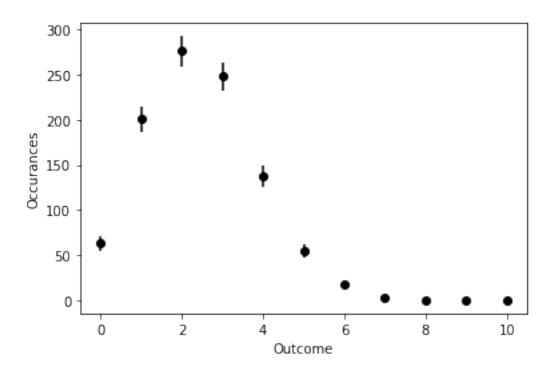
Bin Edges: [ 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.] edges[:-1]: [ 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.]



```
[58]: #7.4 Error Bars

errs = counts**0.5
plt.errorbar(edges[:-1], counts, yerr = errs, fmt = "ko")
plt.xlabel("Outcome")
plt.ylabel("Occurances")
```

[58]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Occurances')



```
[59]: #7.5 Comparison with Binomial PDF
from scipy.stats import binom

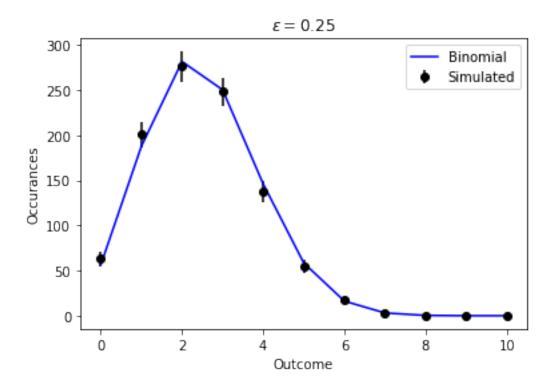
# MCBD = input("Compare Monte Carlo with The Binomial Distribution? 'yes' or______'no': ")

# yes
# if MBCD == string

errs = counts**0.5
plt.errorbar(edges[:-1], counts, yerr = errs, fmt = "ko", label = "Simulated")

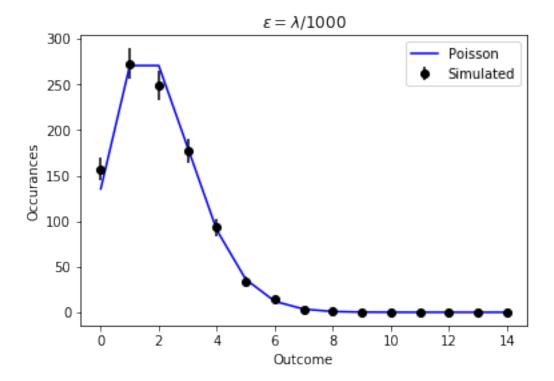
plt.xlabel("Outcome")
plt.ylabel("Occurances")
xpred = edges[:-1]
ypred = nexp * binom.pmf(xpred, ntry, eps)
plt.plot(xpred, ypred, "b-", label = "Binomial")
plt.legend()
plt.title("$\epsilon = 0.25$")
```

[59]:  $Text(0.5, 1.0, '\$\ensilen = 0.25\$')$ 



```
[60]: #7.6 The Poisson Limit
      #note
      from scipy.stats import poisson
      nexp1 = 1000
      ntry1 = 1000
      lamb1 = 2
      eps1 = lamb1/ntry1
      v1 = th_bi(nexp1, ntry1, eps1)
      counts, edges = np.histogram(v1, bins = 15, range = (0,15))
      errs = counts**0.5
      plt.errorbar(edges[:-1], counts, yerr = errs, fmt = "ko", label = "Simulated")
      plt.xlabel("Outcome")
      plt.ylabel("Occurances")
      xpred = edges[:-1]
      ypred = nexp * poisson.pmf(xpred, lamb1)
      plt.plot(xpred, ypred, "b-", label = "Poisson")
      plt.legend()
      plt.title("$\epsilon = /1000$")
```

```
[60]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '\$\leq = /1000\$')
```

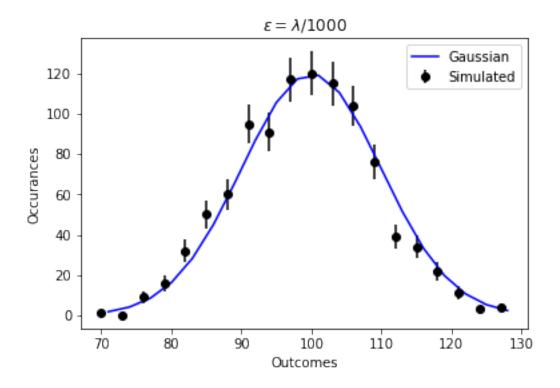


```
[63]: #7.7 The Gaussian Limit
      from scipy.stats import norm
      lamb2 = 100
      eps2 = lamb2/ntry1
      v2 = th_bi(nexp1, ntry1, eps2)
      counts, edges = np.histogram(v2, bins = 20, range = (70,130))
      w = edges[1] - edges[0]
      errs = counts**0.5
      plt.errorbar(edges[:-1], counts, yerr = errs, fmt = "ko", label = "Simulated")
      print(counts)
      cbins = (edges[:-1] + edges[1:] - 1)/2
      plt.xlabel("Outcomes")
      plt.ylabel("Occurances")
      xpred = cbins
      ypred = nexp * w * norm.pdf(xpred, loc = lamb2, scale = lamb2**0.5)
      plt.plot(xpred, ypred, "b-", label = "Gaussian")
      plt.legend()
```

## plt.title("\$\epsilon = /1000\$")

[ 1 0 9 16 32 50 60 95 91 117 120 115 104 76 39 34 22 11 3 4]

[63]:  $Text(0.5, 1.0, '\$\leq = /1000\$')$ 



[]: