

Lab_12_Planck's_Constant

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```
[36]: %pylab inline
      from scipy import optimize
```

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

```
[108]: def line_func(x, a, b):
        return x*a+b

        #x values = I(mA) for green LED
        x_green = np.array([3.99,5.99,8.00,10.00,12.02])

        #y values = V_d(V) for green LED
        y_green = np.array([1.92,1.96,2.00,2.01,2.05])

        # Uncertainty on the measured voltages for each data point
        y_unc = 0.02*np.ones(5)

        # Uncertainty on the measured current
        x_unc = 0.02*np.ones(5)

        #Plotting the green data
        plt.errorbar(x_green,y_green,yerr=y_unc,fmt="ko",label="green data")
        guess_slope = 0.01
        guess_int = 0.0
        par1, cov1 = optimize.curve_fit(line_func,x_green,y_green,
        p0=[guess_slope,guess_int],sigma=y_unc,absolute_sigma=True)

        # Uncertainty in the y-intercept for green LED
        g_int_var = np.diag(cov1)
        g_int_unc = g_int_var[1]**0.5

        #Fitted values of a and b
        fit_a = par1[0]
        fit_b = par1[1]

        #Plotting the best fit line
        xf = np.linspace(0.50,12.0,100)
        yf = line_func(xf,fit_a,fit_b)
```

```

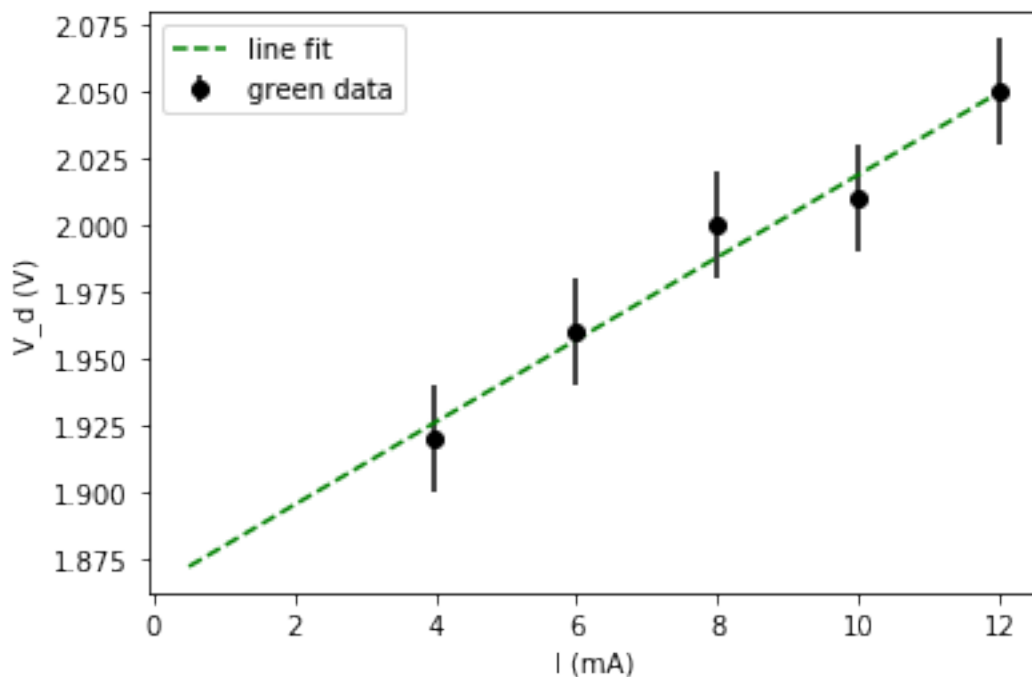
plt.plot(xf, yf,"g--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty on y-int:",g_int_unc)

plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.1
Plot of voltage versus current data for green LED only considering measured
values for I > 2.0mA""")

```

best fit value of a: 0.015446641927042558
 best fit value of b: 1.8644268646028994
 Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
 Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
 Uncertainty on y-int: 0.02674960921469231



Jupyter Notebook 12.1
 Plot of voltage versus current data for green LED only considering measured
 values for I > 2.0mA

```
[109]: #x values = I(mA) for yellow LED
x_yellow = np.array([4.00,6.00,8.01,10.01,12.00])

# y values = V_d(V) for yellow LED
y_yellow = np.array([1.81,1.85,1.87,1.90,1.93])

#Plotting the yellow data
plt.errorbar(x_yellow, y_yellow,yerr=y_unc,fmt="ko",label="yellow data")
guess_slope = 24.0
guess_int = 0.0
par2, cov2 = optimize.curve_fit(line_func, x_yellow, y_yellow,
    p0=[guess_slope,guess_int],sigma=y_unc,absolute_sigma=True)

# Uncertainty in y-intercept for yellow LED
y_int_var = np.diag(cov2)
y_int_unc = y_int_var[1]**0.5

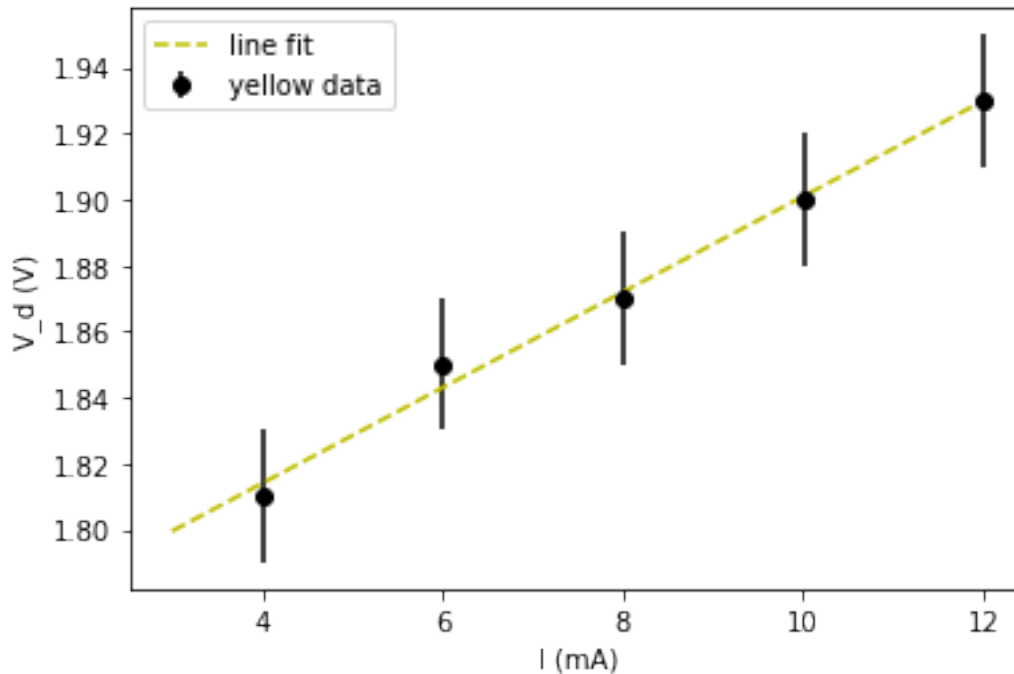
#Fitted values of a and b
fit_a = par2[0]
fit_b = par2[1]

#Plotting the best fit line
xf = np.linspace(3.0,12.0,100)
yf = line_func(xf,fit_a,fit_b)
plt.plot(xf, yf,"y--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty on y-int:",y_int_unc)

plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.2
Plot of voltage versus current data for yellow LED only considering measured
values for I > 2.0mA""")
```

```
best fit value of a: 0.014491964507229227
best fit value of b: 1.756006315669177
Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
Uncertainty on y-int: 0.026832784196086513
```



Jupyter Notebook 12.2

Plot of voltage versus current data for yellow LED only considering measured values for $I > 2.0\text{mA}$

```
[110]: #x values = I(mA) for red LED
x_red = np.array([4.00,6.00,8.00,10.00,11.98])

# y values = V_d(V) for red LED
y_red = np.array([1.91,1.95,1.99,2.03,2.05])

#Plotting the red data
plt.errorbar(x_red, y_red,yerr=y_unc,fmt="ko",label="red data")
guess_slope = 24.0
guess_int = 0.0
par3, cov3 = optimize.curve_fit(line_func,x_red,y_red,p0=[guess_slope,guess_int],
sigma=y_unc,absolute_sigma=True)

# Uncertainty in y-intercept for red LED
r_int_var = np.diag(cov3)
r_int_unc = r_int_var[1]**0.5

#Fitted values of a and b
fit_a = par3[0]
fit_b = par3[1]
```

```

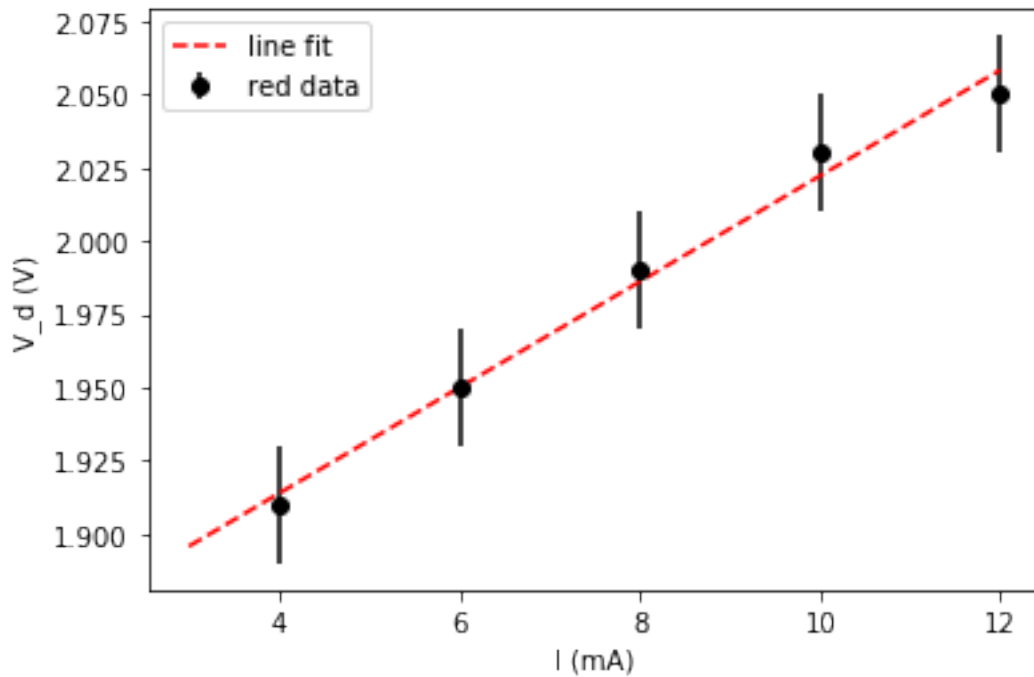
#Plotting the best fit line
xf = np.linspace(3.0,12.0,100)
yf = line_func(xf,fit_a,fit_b)
plt.plot(xf, yf,"r--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty on y-int:",r_int_unc)

plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.3
Plot of voltage versus current data for red LED only considering measured
values for I > 2.0mA""")

```

best fit value of a: 0.018040015896837472
 best fit value of b: 1.8417520329143235
 Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
 Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
 Uncertainty on y-int: 0.026868621024181166



Jupyter Notebook 12.3

Plot of voltage versus current data for red LED only considering measured values for $I > 2.0\text{mA}$

```
[111]: # Best fit values of V_A determined from previous plots:
active_voltage = np.array([par1[1],par2[1],par3[1]])

# 1/wavelength (nm)^-1
wavelength = 1000*np.array([1/565,1/587.5,1/617.5])

# Uncertainty
V_a_unc = np.array([g_int_unc,y_int_unc,r_int_unc])

# Plotting the error bars
plt.errorbar(wavelength,active_voltage,yerr=V_a_unc,fmt="ko",label="V_A versus_λ")
plt.xlabel("Wavelength (nm)^-1")
plt.ylabel("Activation Voltage (V)")

# Parameters
guess_a = 1.0
guess_b = 0.0
par4, cov4 = optimize.curve_fit(line_func,wavelength,
active_voltage,p0=[guess_a,guess_b])

# Plotting the best fit lline
xf = np.linspace(1.6,1.8,100)
yf = line_func(xf,par4[0],par4[1])
plt.plot(xf, yf,"b--",label="line fit")
plt.legend()

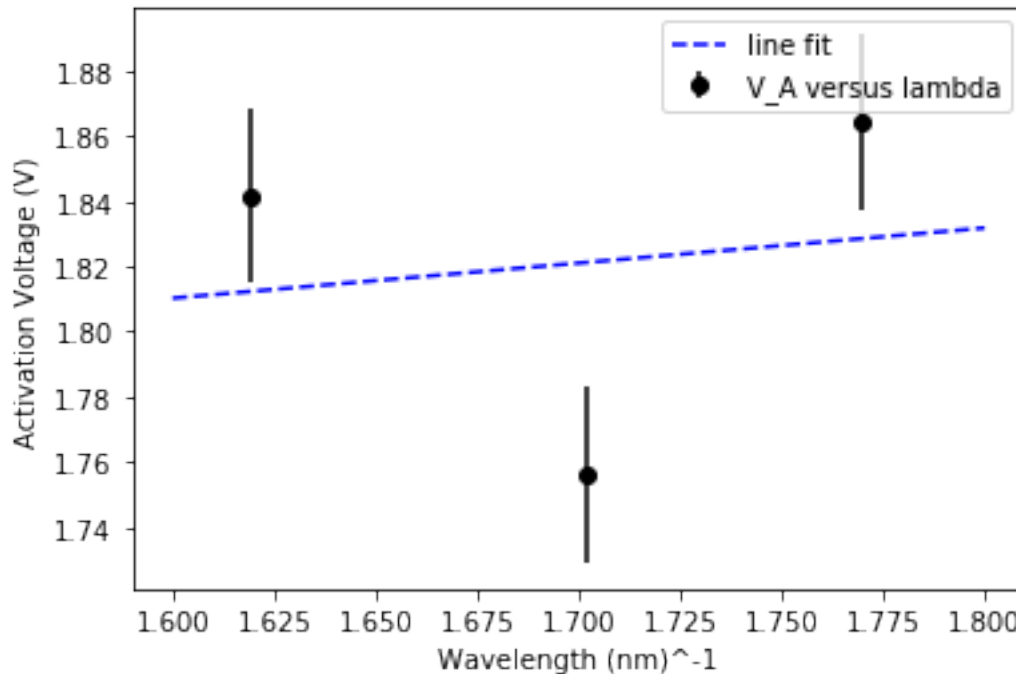
# Theoretical value in eVμm
hc = 1.23984193

# % Error
err = (hc-par4[0])/hc*100

print("Theoretical slope hc:",hc)
print("Measured slope:",par4[0])
plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.4
Plot of activation voltage of each diode versus the 1/wavelength""")
print("Calculated error",err,"%")
```

Theoretical slope hc: 1.23984193

Measured slope: 0.10771373789681749



Jupyter Notebook 12.4

Plot of activation voltage of each diode versus the 1/wavelength

Calculated error 91.31230076266112 %

```
[43]: # Jupyter Notebook 12.5 - "Systematic Uncertainties" removing the requirement
      # of  $I > 2.0$  mA and repeating analysis for green, yellow and red LED's
```

```
[112]: # Repeat analysis for green LED

      #x values = I(mA) for green LED
      g_x_repeat = np.array([0.5,1.01,1.99,3.99,5.99,8.00,10.00,12.02])

      #y values = V_d(V) for green LED
      g_y_repeat = np.array([1.77,1.82,1.86,1.92,1.96,2.00,2.01,2.05])

      # Uncertainty on the measured current
      x_unc_repeat = 0.02*np.ones(8)

      # Uncertainty on the measured voltages for each data point
      y_unc_repeat = 0.02*np.ones(8)

      #Plotting the green data repeat
      plt.errorbar(g_x_repeat,g_y_repeat,yerr=y_unc_repeat,fmt="ko",label="repeat_
      ↳green data")
      guess_slope = 0.01
```

```

guess_int = 0.0
par1_repeat,cov1_repeat=optimize.curve_fit(line_func,g_x_repeat,
g_y_repeat,p0=[guess_slope,guess_int],sigma=y_unc_repeat,absolute_sigma=True)

#Fitted values of a and b
fit_a_rep1 = par1_repeat[0]
fit_b_rep1 = par1_repeat[1]

# Uncertainty in the y-intercept for green LED
g_int_var_repeat = np.diag(cov1_repeat)
g_int_unc_repeat = g_int_var_repeat[1]**0.5

#Plotting the best fit line
xf = np.linspace(0.50,12.0,100)
yf = line_func(xf,fit_a,fit_b)
plt.plot(xf, yf,"g--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a_rep1)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b_rep1)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty in y-int:",g_int_unc_repeat)

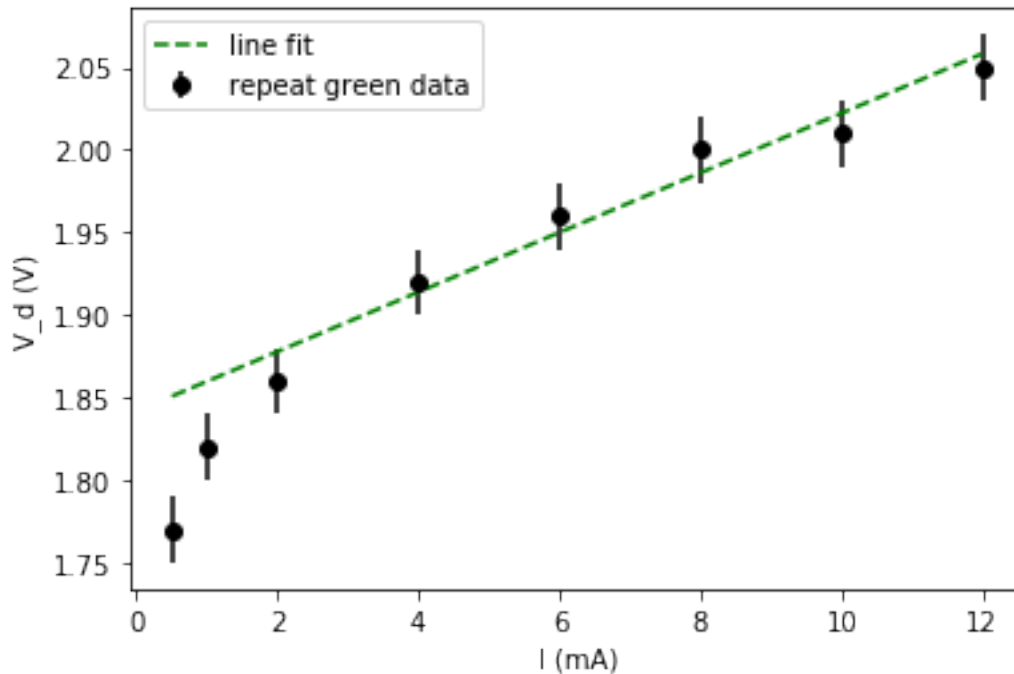
plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (green)
Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for green LED without restriction on
→y-values
values for I > 2.0mA""")

```

```

best fit value of a: 0.022357613932060198
best fit value of b: 1.8021804742444227
Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
Uncertainty in y-int: 0.01190350042072758

```

Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (green)

Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for green LED without restriction on y-values
values for $I > 2.0\text{mA}$

```
[107]: # Repeat analysis for yellow LED

#x values = I(mA) for yellow LED
ye_x_repeat = np.array([0.5,1.02,2.00,4.00,6.00,8.01,10.01,12.00])

# y values = V_d(V) for yellow LED
ye_y_repeat = np.array([1.66,1.71,1.75,1.81,1.85,1.87,1.90,1.93])

#Plotting the yellow data
plt.errorbar(ye_x_repeat, ye_y_repeat, yerr=y_unc_repeat, fmt="ko", label="repeat_
→yellow data")
guess_slope = 0.01
guess_int = 0.0
par2_repeat, cov2_repeat = optimize.curve_fit(line_func, ye_x_repeat,
ye_y_repeat, p0=[guess_slope, guess_int], sigma=y_unc_repeat, absolute_sigma=True)

# Uncertainty in y-intercept for yellow LED
y_int_var_repeat = np.diag(cov2_repeat)
y_int_unc_repeat = y_int_var_repeat[1]**0.5
```

```

#Fitted values of a and b
fit_a_rep2 = par2_repeat[0]
fit_b_rep2 = par2_repeat[1]

#Plotting the best fit line
xf = np.linspace(0.50,12.0,100)
yf = line_func(xf,fit_a_rep2,fit_b_rep2)
plt.plot(xf, yf,"y--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a_rep2)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b_rep2)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty in y-int:",y_int_unc_repeat)

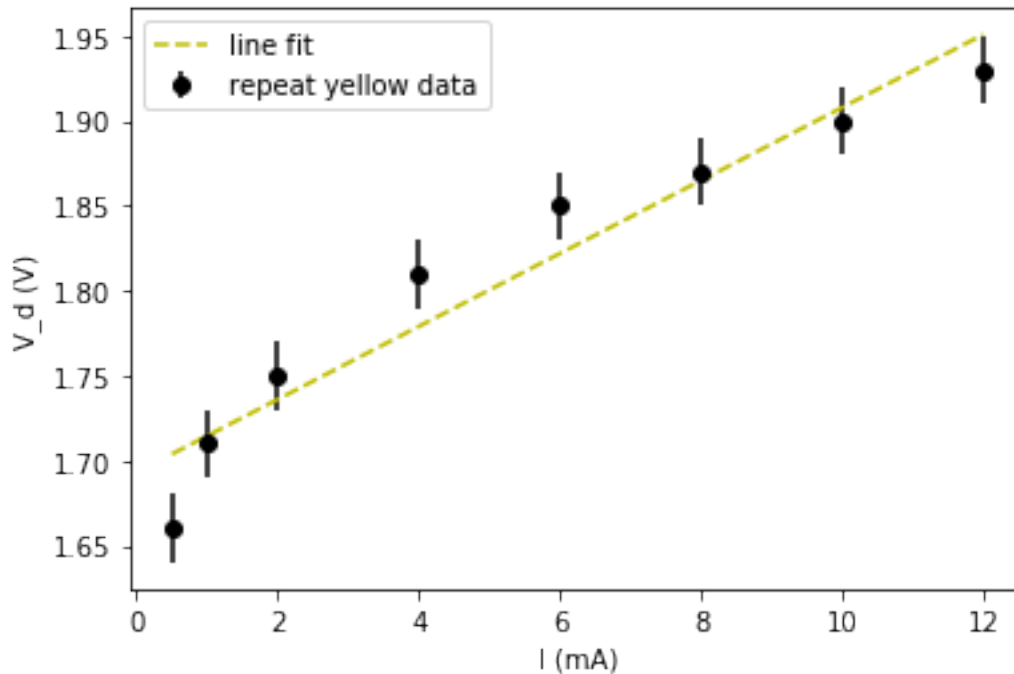
plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (yellow)
Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for yellow LED without restriction on I
→y-values
values for I > 2.0mA""")

```

```

best fit value of a: 0.02148283228182466
best fit value of b: 1.6930796852778771
Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
Uncertainty in y-int: 0.011919433457100614

```



Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (yellow)

Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for yellow LED without restriction on y-values
values for $I > 2.0\text{mA}$

```
[113]: # Repeat analysis for red LED

#x values = I(mA) for red LED
r_x_repeat = np.array([0.5,0.99,2.01,4.00,6.00,8.00,10.00,11.98])

# y values = V_d(V) for red LED
r_y_repeat = np.array([1.77,1.81,1.86,1.91,1.95,1.99,2.03,2.05])

#Plotting the red data
plt.errorbar(r_x_repeat,r_y_repeat,yerr=y_unc_repeat,fmt="ko",label="repeat red_
→data")
guess_slope = 0.01
guess_int = 0.0
par3_repeat,cov3_repeat=optimize.curve_fit(line_func,r_x_repeat,r_y_repeat,
p0=[guess_slope,guess_int],sigma=y_unc_repeat,absolute_sigma=True)

# Uncertainty in y-intercept for red LED
r_int_var_repeat = np.diag(cov3_repeat)
r_int_unc_repeat = r_int_var_repeat[1]**0.5
```

```

#Fitted values of a and b
fit_a_rep3 = par3_repeat[0]
fit_b_rep3 = par3_repeat[1]

#Plotting the best fit line
xf = np.linspace(0.50,12.0,100)
yf = line_func(xf,fit_a,fit_b)
plt.plot(xf, yf,"r--",label="line fit")
plt.xlabel("I (mA)")
plt.ylabel("V_d (V)")
plt.legend()

print("best fit value of a: ", fit_a_rep3)
print("best fit value of b: ", fit_b_rep3)
print("Uncertainty on measured voltages:",y_unc[0],"V")
print("Uncertainty on measured currents:",x_unc[0],"mA")
print("Uncertainty in y-int:",r_int_unc_repeat)

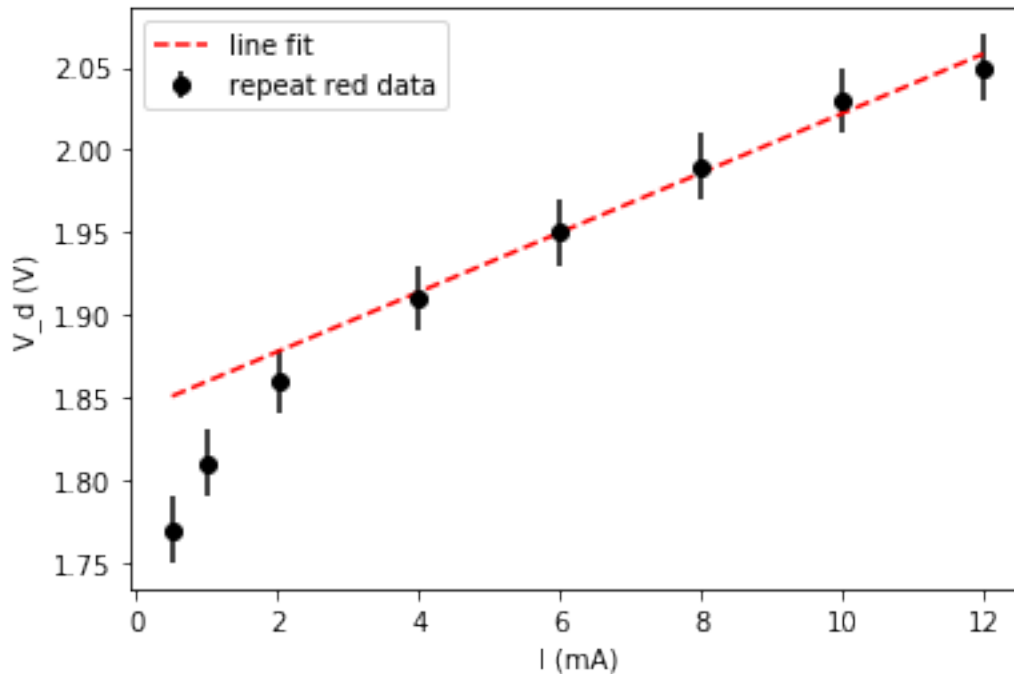
plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (red)
Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for red LED without restriction on_
→y-values
values for I > 2.0mA""")

```

```

best fit value of a: 0.023339233112374593
best fit value of b: 1.7944012680070354
Uncertainty on measured voltages: 0.02 V
Uncertainty on measured currents: 0.02 mA
Uncertainty in y-int: 0.011915011120724841

```



Jupyter Notebook 12.5 (red)

Repeat plot of voltage versus current data for red LED without restriction on y-values
values for $I > 2.0\text{mA}$

```
[114]: # Best fit values of  $V_A$  determined from previous plots:
active_voltage = np.array([par1_repeat[1], par2_repeat[1], par3_repeat[1]])

# 1/wavelength
wavelength = 1000*np.array([1/565, 1/587.5, 1/617.5])

# Uncertainty
V_a_unc_repeat = np.array([g_int_unc_repeat, y_int_unc_repeat, r_int_unc_repeat])

# Plotting the error bars
plt.errorbar(wavelength, active_voltage, yerr=V_a_unc_repeat, fmt="ko", label="V_A_λ
→versus λ")
plt.xlabel("Wavelength (nm)-1")
plt.ylabel("Activation Voltage (V)")

# Parameters
guess_a = 1.0
guess_b = 0.0
par4_repeat, cov4_repeat = optimize.curve_fit(line_func, wavelength,
active_voltage, p0=[guess_a, guess_b])
```

```

# Plotting the best fit lline
xf = np.linspace(1.6,1.8,100)
yf = line_func(xf,par4_repeat[0],par4_repeat[1])
plt.plot(xf, yf,"b--",label="line fit")
plt.legend()

# Theoretical value in eV $\mu$ m
hc = 1.23984193

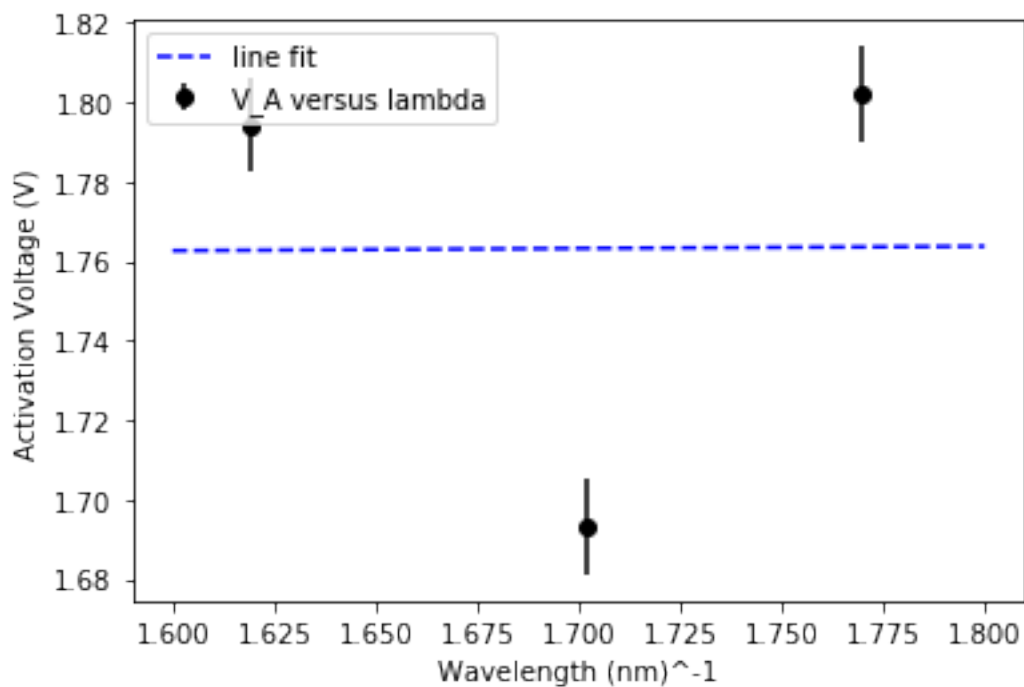
# % Error
err_repeat = (hc-par4_repeat[0])/hc*100

print("Theoretical slope hc:",hc)
print("Measured slope:",par4_repeat[0])
plt.show()
print("""Jupyter Notebook 12.5
Repeat plot of activation voltage of each diode versus the 1/wavelength without
→restriction of I > 2.0 mA""")
print("Calculated error",err_repeat,"%","Remark: higher percentage error without
→restriction")

```

Theoretical slope hc: 1.23984193

Measured slope: 0.005491612479598285



Jupyter Notebook 12.5

Repeat plot of activation voltage of each diode versus the $1/\text{wavelength}$ without restriction of $I > 2.0 \text{ mA}$

Calculated error 99.55707156317916 % Remark: higher percentage error without restriction

[]: