AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty



Example Question

Confusion Matrix

5) A data scientist is evaluating different binary classification models. A false positive result is 5 times more expensive (from a business perspective) than a false negative result.

The models should be evaluated based on the following criteria:

- 1) Must have a recall rate of at least 80%
- 2) Must have a false positive rate of 10% or less
- 3) Must minimize business costs

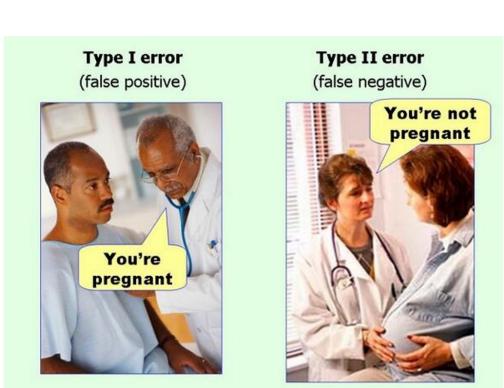
After creating each binary classification model, the data scientist generates the corresponding confusion matrix.

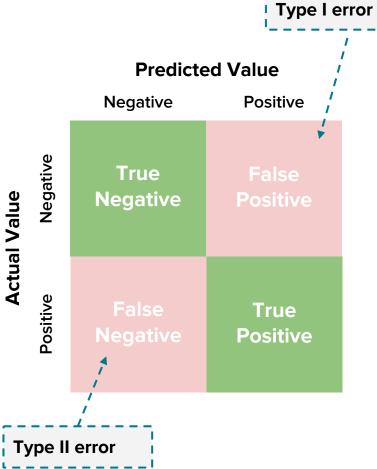
Which confusion matrix represents the model that satisfies the requirements?

- A) TN = 91, FP = 9
 - FN = 22, TP = 78
- B) TN = 99, FP = 1
 - FN = 21, TP = 79
- C) TN = 96, FP = 4
 - FN = 10, TP = 90
- D) TN = 98, FP = 2 FN = 18, TP = 82

Evaluating Classification Models

Minimize Type I & II Error







	Pred NEG	Pred POS
True NEG	91	9
True POS	22	78

	Equation	Values	Solution
Recall	TP/ (TP + FN)	78 / (78 + 22)	0.78
False Positive Rate	FP / (TP + TN)	9 / (9 + 91)	0.09
Costs	5 * TP + FN	5 * 9 + 22	67



	Pred NEG	Pred POS
True NEG	99	1
True POS	21	79

	Equation	Values	Solution
Recall	TP/ (TP + FN)	79 / (79 + 21)	0.79
False Positive Rate	FP / (TP + TN)	1 / (1 + 99)	0.01
Costs	5 * TP + FN	55 * 1 + 21	26



	Pred NEG	Pred POS
True NEG	96	4
True POS	10	90

	Equation	Values	Solution
Recall	TP/ (TP + FN)	90 / (90 + 10)	0.9
False Positive Rate	FP / (TP + TN)	4 / (4 + 96)	0.04
Costs	5 * TP + FN	5 * 4 + 10	30



	Pred NEG	Pred POS
True NEG	98	2
True POS	18	82

	Equation	Values	Solution
Recall	TP/ (TP + FN)	82 / (82 + 18)	0.82
False Positive Rate	FP / (TP + TN)	2 / (2 + 98)	0.02
Costs	5 * TP + FN	5 * 2 + 18	28

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Final Comparison

	A	В	С	D
Recall	0.78	0.79	0.9	0.82
False Positive Rate	0.09	0.01	0.04	0.02
Costs	67	26	30	28