```
function [QDAmodel] = QDA train(X train, Y train, numofClass)
% Training QDA
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X_train : training data matrix, each row is a training data point
% Y train : training labels for rows of X train
% numofClass : number of classes
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Output:
% QDAmodel : the parameters of QDA classifier which has the following
% fields
% QDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% QDAmodel.Sigma : D * D * numofClass array, Sigma(:,:,i) = covariance
% matrix of class i
% QDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
[N,D]=size(X train);
% Initialize the outputs
QDAmodel.Mu = zeros(numofClass, D);
QDAmodel.Sigma = zeros(D,D,numofClass);
QDAmodel.Pi = zeros(numofClass, 1);
% Estimate parameters
for i=1:numofClass
    samples = X train(Y train == i,:);
    QDAmodel.Mu(i,:) = mean(samples);
   QDAmodel.Sigma(:,:,i) = cov(samples);
    QDAmodel.Pi(i) = size(samples, 1);
end
o o
% Normalize Pi
QDAmodel.Pi = QDAmodel.Pi/N;
end
```

```
function [Y predict] = QDA test(X test, QDAmodel, numofClass)
% Testing for QDA
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X test : test data matrix, each row is a test data point
% numofClass : number of classes
% QDAmodel: the parameters of QDA classifier which has the following
% QDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% QDAmodel.Sigma : D * D * numofClass array, Sigma(:,:,i) = covariance
% matrix of class i
% QDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Y predict predicted labels for all the testing data points in X test
Pi = QDAmodel.Pi;
Sigma = QDA model. Sigma;
Mu = QDAmodel.Mu;
[N, D] = size(X test);
Pi = Pi/sum(Pi);
logvalues = zeros(numofClass,1);
for k = 1 : numofClass
    eigs = eig(Sigma(:,:,k));
    logvalues(k) = -0.5* sum(log(eigs)) + log(Pi(k));
probs = zeros(N, numofClass);
for i = 1 : N
    for k = 1: numofClass
       probs(i,k) = logvalues(k) - 0.5*((X test(i,:) -
Mu(k,:))/(Sigma(:,:,k)))*(X test(i,:)-Mu(k,:))';
    end
end
[maxv, Y predict] = max(probs, [], 2);
end
```

```
function [LDAmodel] = LDA train(X train, Y train, numofClass)
% Training LDA
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X train : training data matrix, each row is a training data point
% Y train : training labels for rows of X train
% numofClass : number of classes
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Output:
% LDAmodel: the parameters of LDA classifier which has the following
% fields
% LDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% LDAmodel.Sigmapooled : D * D covariance matrix
% LDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
% Get the size/dimension of data
[N,D]=size(X train);
% Initialize the outputs
LDAmodel.Mu = zeros(numofClass, D);
LDAmodel.Sigmapooled = zeros(D,D);
LDAmodel.Pi = zeros(numofClass, 1);
% Estimate the parameters
for i=1:numofClass
    samples = X train(Y train == i,:);
    LDAmodel.Mu(i,:) = mean(samples);
    LDAmodel.Pi(i) = size(samples,1);
    LDAmodel.Sigmapooled = LDAmodel.Sigmapooled + ((LDAmodel.Pi(i)-1) / (N
- numofClass) ).*cov(samples);
end
% normalize LDAmodel.Pi
LDAmodel.Pi = LDAmodel.Pi/N;
```

```
function [Y predict] = LDA test(X test, LDAmodel, numofClass)
% Testing for LDA
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X test : test data matrix, each row is a test data point
% numofClass : number of classes
% LDAmodel : the parameters of LDA classifier which has the follwoing
% fields
% LDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% LDAmodel.Sigmapooled : D * D covariance matrix
% LDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Output:
% Y predict predicted labels for all the testing data points in X test
Pi = LDAmodel.Pi;
Sigma =LDAmodel.Sigmapooled;
Mu = LDAmodel.Mu;
[N, D]=size(X test);
% Normalize Pi
Pi = Pi/sum(Pi);
logvalues = zeros(numofClass,1);
for k = 1 : numofClass
    logvalues(k) = log(Pi(k));
end
probs = zeros(N, numofClass);
% Calculate the log probabilities
for i = 1 : N
    for k = 1 : numofClass
        probs(i,k) = logvalues(k) - 0.5*((X test(i,:) -
Mu(k,:))/(Sigma))*(X test(i,:)-Mu(k,:))';
    end
end
[maxv, Y predict]=max(probs,[],2);
end
```

```
function [RDAmodel] = RDA train(X train, Y train, lambda, numofClass)
% Training RDA
9
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X train : training data matrix, each row is a training data point
% Y train : training labels for rows of X train
% numofClass : number of classes
% lambda: the regularization parameter between 0 and 1 so that:
8-----
% Sigma RDA = (1-lamba) * Sigma LDA + lambda diag(Sigma LDA);
8-----
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Output:
% RDAmodel : the parameters of RDA classifier which has the following
% fields
% RDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% RDAmodel.Sigmapooled : D * D covariance matrix
% RDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
[N,D]=size(X train);
% Initialize the outputs
RDAmodel.Mu = zeros(numofClass, D);
RDAmodel.Sigmapooled = zeros(D,D);
RDAmodel.Pi = zeros(numofClass, 1);
for i=1:numofClass
    samples = X train(Y train == i,:);
    RDAmodel.Mu(i,:) = mean(samples);
    RDAmodel.Pi(i) = size(samples,1);
    RDAmodel.Sigmapooled = RDAmodel.Sigmapooled + ((RDAmodel.Pi(i)-1) / (N)
- numofClass) ).*cov(samples);
end
% Regularization
RDAmodel.Sigmapooled = (1-lambda)*RDAmodel.Sigmapooled +
lambda*diag(diag(RDAmodel.Sigmapooled));
% normalize Pi
RDAmodel.Pi = RDAmodel.Pi/N;
End
```

```
function [Y predict] = RDA test(X test, RDAmodel, numofClass)
% Testing for RDA
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Assuming D = dimension of data
% Inputs:
% X test : test data matrix, each row is a test data point
% numofClass : number of classes
% RDAmodel : the parameters of RDA classifier which has the following
% fields
% RDAmodel.Mu : numofClass * D matrix, i-th row = mean vector of class i
% RDAmodel.Sigmapooled : D * D covariance matrix
% RDAmodel.Pi : numofClass* 1 vector, Pi(i) = prior probability of class i
% Assuming that the classes are labeled from 1 to numofClass
% Output:
\mbox{\%} Y predict predicted labels for all the testing data points in X test
Pi = RDAmodel.Pi;
Sigma =RDAmodel.Sigmapooled;
Mu = RDAmodel.Mu;
[N, D] = size(X test);
Pi = Pi/sum(Pi);
logvalues = zeros(numofClass,1);
for k = 1: numofClass
    logvalues(k) = log(Pi(k)) - 0.5*(Mu(k,:)/Sigma)*Mu(k,:)';
    beta(k,:)=Mu(k,:)/Sigma;
probs = zeros(N, numofClass);
for i = 1 : N
    for k = 1: numofClass
        probs(i,k) = logvalues(k) + beta(k,:)*X test(i,:)';
    end
end
[maxv, Y predict] = max(probs, [], 2);
```

```
% EC 503 Learning from Data
% Gaussian Discriminant Analysis
% Code for part (d)
                      __________
8 -----
load data cancer.mat
[N,D] = size (X); % N = total number of data , D = dimension of observation
% Creating training/test splits
N train = 150; % number of training data
index train = randperm (N, N train)';
index_test = setdiff([1:N]',index train);
X train = X(index_train,:);
Y train = Y(index train);
X \text{ test} = X(\text{index test,:});
Y test = Y(index test);
% Get results for different lambda values
lambdas = [0.1:0.05:1];
CCRs test = zeros(size(lambdas));
CCRs train = zeros(size(lambdas));
for i = 1:length(lambdas)
    lambda = lambdas(i);
    [ model ] = RDA train(X train, Y train, lambda, 2);
    [Y train pred] = RDA test( X train, model, 2);
    [ Y predict] = RDA test( X test, model, 2);
    CCRs_test(i) = 1 - sum(Y_test~=Y_predict)/length(Y predict);
    CCRs_train(i)=1 - sum(Y train~=Y train pred)/length(Y train pred);
end
9
% Create plots
figure
hold on
plot(lambdas, CCRs train, '-*k');
plot(lambdas, CCRs test, '-+r');
legend('training CCR','test CCR')
xlabel('{\lambda}')
ylim([0.5,1.2]), ylabel('CCR')
title('CCR on CANCER dataset using RDA for different {\lambda}')
hold off
```

```
% ENG EC 503
% Learning from Data
% Boston University
% Instructor: Prakash Ishwar
% Assignment 3
% Code for part (d), Nearest Neighbor Classification
load data mnist train.mat
load data mnist test.mat
X train = sparse(X train);
X test = sparse(X test);
% Precompute sum of squares term for speed
XtrainSOS = sum(X train.^2,2);
% X = sum(X test.^2, 2);
ntest= length(Y test);
nbatches = 20;
batches = mat2cell(1:ntest,1,(ntest/nbatches)*ones(1,nbatches));
X temp = repmat(XtrainSOS', ntest/nbatches,1);
Y pred = zeros(ntest, 1);
% Classify test points
for i=1:nbatches
    dst = -2*X test(batches{i},:)*X train' + X temp;
    [junk,closest] = min(dst,[],2);
    Y pred(batches{i}) = Y train(closest);
end
% Report results
errorRate = mean(Y pred ~= Y test);
CCR = 1- errorRate
CFmtx = confusionmat(Y pred, Y test);
```