

# Getting Started With AWS

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# Mass Relevance Platform

- Instagram, FB, Twitter, YouTube, G+ Curation
- Visualizations for our clients
- Anywhere between 500 and 70k HTTP RPS
- Anywhere between 2k and 200k TPS

# Why AWS?

- Flexible
- Scalable
- Fun!

# Flexible

- Variety
- On-Demand
- Robust

# Scalable

- Autoscaling
- CloudFront
- Multi-Region

# Everything Your App Needs

- EC2 - Servers
- RDS - MySQL / Oracle / MSSQL Databases
- Route53 - DNS
- CloudFront - CDN
- ELB - Load Balancer
- S3 - File Storage

# The Old Way

- Create an Account
- Fetch Security Credentials
- Launch EC2 Instances
- Install OS dependencies
- Install Rails
- Launch RDS
- Create Databases
- Launch ELB
- Write AutoScale Scripts
- Setup Image / Configuration Management
- Map ELB to EC2 Instances
- Configure Rails App
- Write Deployment Scripts
- Deploy!

# New Hotness

- Sign Up
- Acquire Security Credentials
- Install ElasticBeanstalk CLI Tools
- Configure RailsApp
- Deploy!



# Elastic Beanstalk

- AutoScaling EC2 Instances Pre-configured for Rails
- Load Balancer
- S3 Bucket for deployment
- RDS MySQL instance

# Getting Started

# Sign Up


- <http://aws.amazon.com>
- You'll need: CC Info, Phone Number
- Free Tier!

# Free Tier

- 750 hours / mo of EC2 Micro (613MB RAM, 1 CPU)
- 750 hours / mo Micro DB (630 MB RAM, 1 CPU, 20GB Storage)
- 5 GB S3 20000 GET, 2000 PUT
- 750 hours Load Balancer, 15 GB Data
- CloudWatch Monitoring: 10 Metrics / 10 Alarms

# Security Credentials

# AWS Console








Services ▾ Edit ▾





Matthew Swain ▾ Global ▾ Help ▾

## Amazon Web Services





### Compute & Networking

-  **Direct Connect**  
Dedicated Network Connection to AWS
-  **EC2**  
Virtual Servers in the Cloud
-  **Elastic MapReduce**  
Managed Hadoop Framework
-  **Route 53**  
Scalable Domain Name System
-  **VPC**  
Isolated Cloud Resources







### Storage & Content Delivery

-  **CloudFront**  
Global Content Delivery Network
-  **Glacier**  
Archive Storage in the Cloud
-  **S3**  
Scalable Storage in the Cloud
-  **Storage Gateway**  
Integrates On-Premises IT Environments with Cloud Storage







### Database

-  **DynamoDB**  
Predictable and Scalable NoSQL Data Store
-  **ElastiCache**  
In-Memory Cache
-  **RDS**  
Managed Relational Database Service
-  **Redshift** NEW  
Managed Petabyte-Scale Data Warehouse Service

### Deployment & Management

-  **CloudFormation**  
Templated AWS Resource Creation
-  **CloudWatch**  
Resource and Application Monitoring
-  **Data Pipeline**  
Orchestration for Data-Driven Workflows
-  **Elastic Beanstalk**  
AWS Application Container
-  **IAM**  
Secure AWS Access Control
-  **OpsWorks** NEW  
DevOps Application Management Service

### App Services


-  **CloudSearch**  
Managed Search Service
-  **Elastic Transcoder** NEW  
Easy-to-use Scalable Media Transcoding
-  **SES**  
Email Sending Service
-  **SNS**  
Push Notification Service
-  **SQS**  
Message Queue Service
-  **SWF**  
Workflow Service for Coordinating Application Components

## Additional Resources

[Getting Started](#)  
See our documentation to get started and learn more about how to use our services.

[Trusted Advisor](#)  
Best practice recommendations to save money, improve fault tolerance, increase performance, and close security gaps.

### Service Health


 All services operating normally.

Updated: Apr 22 2013 23:35:00 GMT-0500

[Service Health Dashboard](#)

### Set Start Page

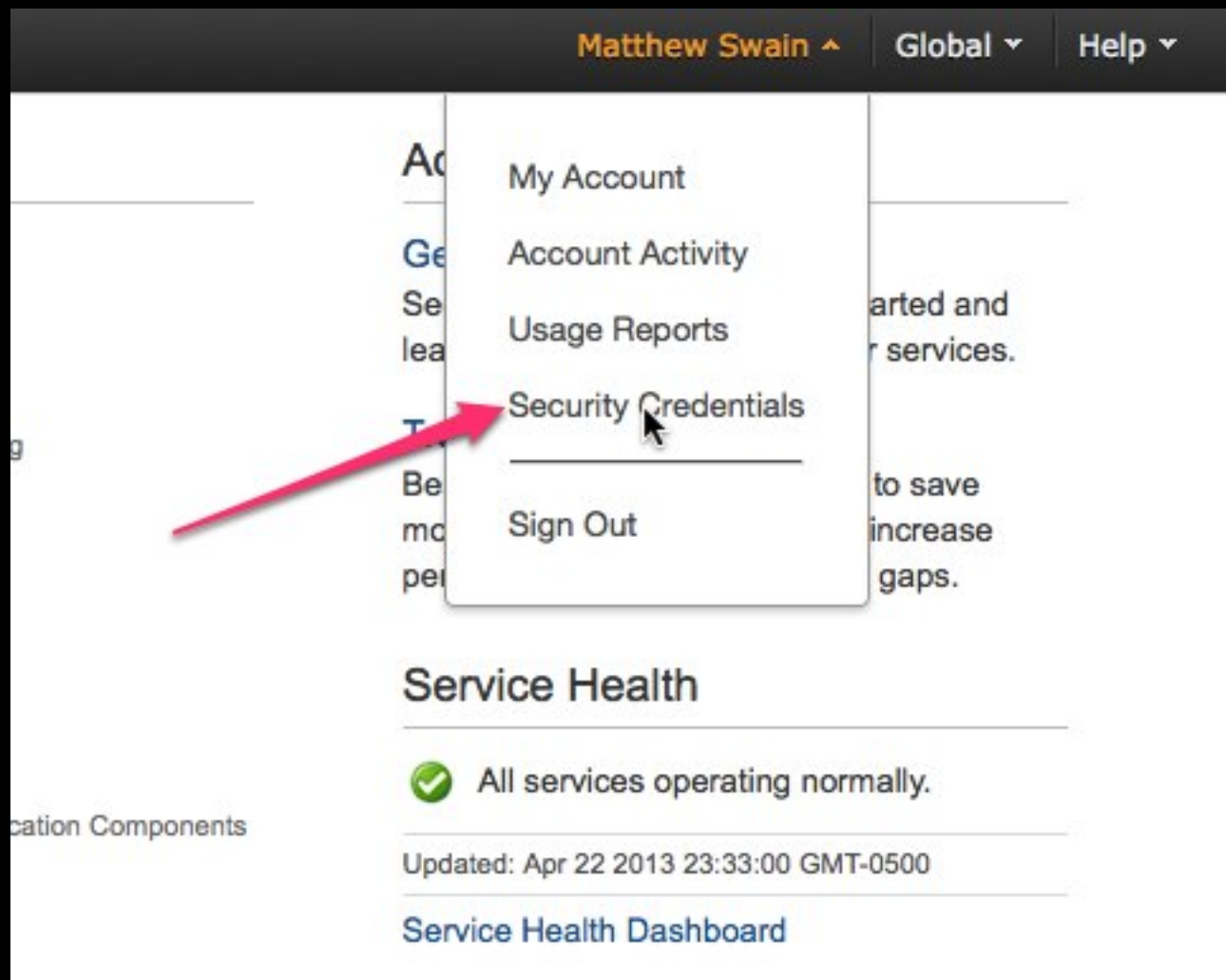
Console Home ▾

 **AWS Marketplace**  
Find & buy software, launch with 1-Click and pay by the hour.

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[Feedback](#)

# Security Credentials





AWS Products & Solutions ▼

## Account

- Account Activity
- AWS Identity and Access Management
- AWS Management Console
- Consolidated Billing
- DevPay
- **Manage Your Account**
- Payment Method
- Personal Information
- Security Credentials
- Usage Reports
- Billing Alerts
- Billing Preferences








# Types of Access Keys

- AWS ID / Secret ID for AWS Management
- SSH Keys for Server Access

# AWS Access Keys

 **Access Keys**

 X.509 Certificates

 Key Pairs


Use access keys to make secure REST or Query protocol requests to any AWS service API. We create one for you when your account is created — see your access key below.

**Your Access Keys**

Created	Access Key ID	Secret Access Key	Status
April 23, 2013	AKIAJC7GWLJGX4IW5LUA	<a href="#">Show</a>	Active ( <a href="#">Make Inactive</a> )

[Create a new Access Key](#)

For your protection, you should never share your secret access keys with anyone. In addition, industry best practice recommends frequent key rotation.

 [Learn more about Access Keys](#)



# SSH Keys

[Access Keys](#) [X.509 Certificates](#) **Key Pairs**

There are two types of key pairs currently used with specific AWS services — one for Amazon CloudFront and another for Amazon EC2. These are explained below.

## Amazon CloudFront Key Pairs

Use Amazon CloudFront key pairs when creating signed URLs that serve Amazon CloudFront private content.

### Amazon CloudFront Key Pairs

Created	Key Pair ID	Status
<b>You have no active Key Pairs</b>		

[Create a New Key Pair](#) | [Upload Your Own Key Pair](#)

For your protection, AWS doesn't ask for your private key or retain it on file. You should also never share your private key with anyone. In addition, industry best practice recommends frequent certificate rotation.

[Learn more about Amazon CloudFront Key Pairs](#)

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## Amazon EC2 Key Pairs

Use Amazon EC2 key pairs to launch and then securely access your Amazon EC2 instances.

› [Access your Amazon EC2 Key Pairs using the AWS Management Console](#)

For your protection, AWS does not retain your private key. You should also never share your private key with anyone.

[Learn more about Amazon EC2 Key Pairs](#)

# SSH Keys

## Resources

You are using the following Amazon EC2 resources in the US West (Oregon) region:

1 Running Instance	0 Elastic IPs
1 Volume	0 Snapshots
0 Key Pairs	1 Load Balancer
0 Placement Groups	2 Security Groups

## Create Instance

To start using Amazon EC2 you will want to launch a virtual server, known as an Amazon EC2 instance.

[Launch Instance](#)

Note: Your instances will launch in the US West (Oregon) region

## Service Health

Service Status:

## Scheduled Events

US West (Oregon):

# SSH Keys



# SSH Keys

**Import Keypair** Cancel

Click Browse and navigate to your public key. You may change the name of your key if necessary. Alternatively you can copy and paste the contents of your public key into the dialog.

Load public key from file:

Keypair Name:

Public Key contents:

Are you sure you want to import this Keypair?



# Installing EB CLI Tools

# EB CLI Tools

<http://aws.amazon.com/code/6752709412171743>

Requires Python 2.7 or later (comes with OSX 10.7+)



# Installing EB CLI Tools

1. Download and extract the zip
2. Add the 'eb' tool to your path.

# Example: Installing EB CLI on OSX 10.8

```
wget https://s3.amazonaws.com/elasticbeanstalk/cli/AWS-ElasticBeanstalk-CLI-2.4.0.zip  
unzip AWS-ElasticBeanstalk-CLI-2.4.0.zip  
export PATH=$PATH:$(pwd)/AWS-ElasticBeanstalk-CLI-2.4.0/eb/macosex/python2.7
```

# Configuring Your App

# My Example Application

- Rails 3.2
- mysql2
- Ruby 1.9.3

# Example App

```
rails new ebapp -database=mysql  
cd ebapp  
git init && git add -A && git commit -m "My First EApp"  
rails g scaffold User name:string email:string  
bundle install  
Edit database.yml
```

# database.yml

```
production:
  adapter: mysql2
  encoding: utf8
  database: <%= ENV['RDS_DB_NAME'] %>
  username: <%= ENV['RDS_USERNAME'] %>
  password: <%= ENV['RDS_PASSWORD'] %>
  host: <%= ENV['RDS_HOSTNAME'] %>
  port: <%= ENV['RDS_PORT'] %>
```

# Setting Up eb

# eb init

- In your rails app, run “eb init”
- Fill in the prompted information:
  - AWS Access ID
  - AWS Secret Key
  - Region (probably US-East)
  - Name your app (will autogenerate)




# eb init

- Specify a “solution stack” (My example, I’ll choose Linux running Ruby 1.9.3, 64 bit)
- Create an RDS Instance (no snapshot)
- Create an instance profile.
- If you want to save your data when you terminate the env, select “create snapshot”
- `git add .gitignore && git commit -a`

# eb start




- Now, run “eb start” Since this is your first run, answer “no” when asked to deploy your app.
- The stack will launch and create:
  - EC2 instances that match the profile you selected (64 bit Linux, Ruby 1.9.3)
  - An RDS database instance.
  - ELB containing the EC2 instance.
  - Autoscale Groups that will scale on CPU
  - An S3 Bucket from which your app will be deployed

# eb start

 **Services** ▾ **Edit** ▾

Matthew Swain ▾ N. Virginia ▾ **Help** ▾

ebapp

 Upload New Version  Launch New Environment  Create New Application

▼ Elastic Beanstalk Application Details

Overview

Events


Versions


**Application Description:** -

**Created on:** 2013-04-23 10:50 CDT



[Edit Application Description](#) | [Delete This Application](#)

ebapp Environments



 **ebapp-env**

**Latest Event:** Creating RDS database named: aa1b0wf4rbt7tr1. This may take a few minutes. (**Note:** Launching your environment may take several minutes.)

 View Running Version  Actions ▾

▼ Environment Details

Overview

Logs

Monitoring

Events

**URL:** <http://ebapp-env-n33bgpunrm.elasticbeanstalk.com>

**Running Version:** Sample Application

**Container Type:** 64bit Amazon Linux running Ruby 1.9.3

**Changed on:** 2013-04-23 11:00 CDT

[Deploy a Different Version](#) | [Edit Configuration](#)

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**Feedback**

# git aws.push

- Setting up eb created a git subcommand called “git aws.push”
- Deploys your app, runs rake db:migrate, and compiles assets.
- Puts your app in S3 so that when new instances launch in this app environment, they’ll get your new code

# Configuring eb

- Example: you don't want asset precompilation or db:migrate.
- `.ebextensions/*.config`
- <http://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticbeanstalk/latest/dg/customize-containers.html>

# git aws.push

- Run “git aws.push”
- Run “eb status”
- Status : Updating

# git aws.push

The screenshot displays the AWS Elastic Beanstalk console interface. At the top, a search bar contains the text 'ebapp'. Below this, the 'Elastic Beanstalk Application Details' section is visible, with tabs for 'Overview', 'Events', and 'Versions'. The 'Overview' tab is selected, showing the 'Application Description' as '-', the 'Created on' date as '2013-04-23 10:50 CDT', and links for 'Edit Application Description' and 'Delete This Application'. Below this, the 'ebapp Environments' section is shown, featuring a loading icon and the name 'ebapp-env'. A red arrow points to the 'Latest Event' text, which reads: 'Deploying new version to instance(s). (Note: Updating your environment may take several minutes.)'. A link for 'Environment Details' is also present.

ebapp

▼ Elastic Beanstalk Application Details


Overview Events Versions

**Application Description:** -

**Created on:** 2013-04-23 10:50 CDT

[Edit Application Description](#) | [Delete This Application](#)

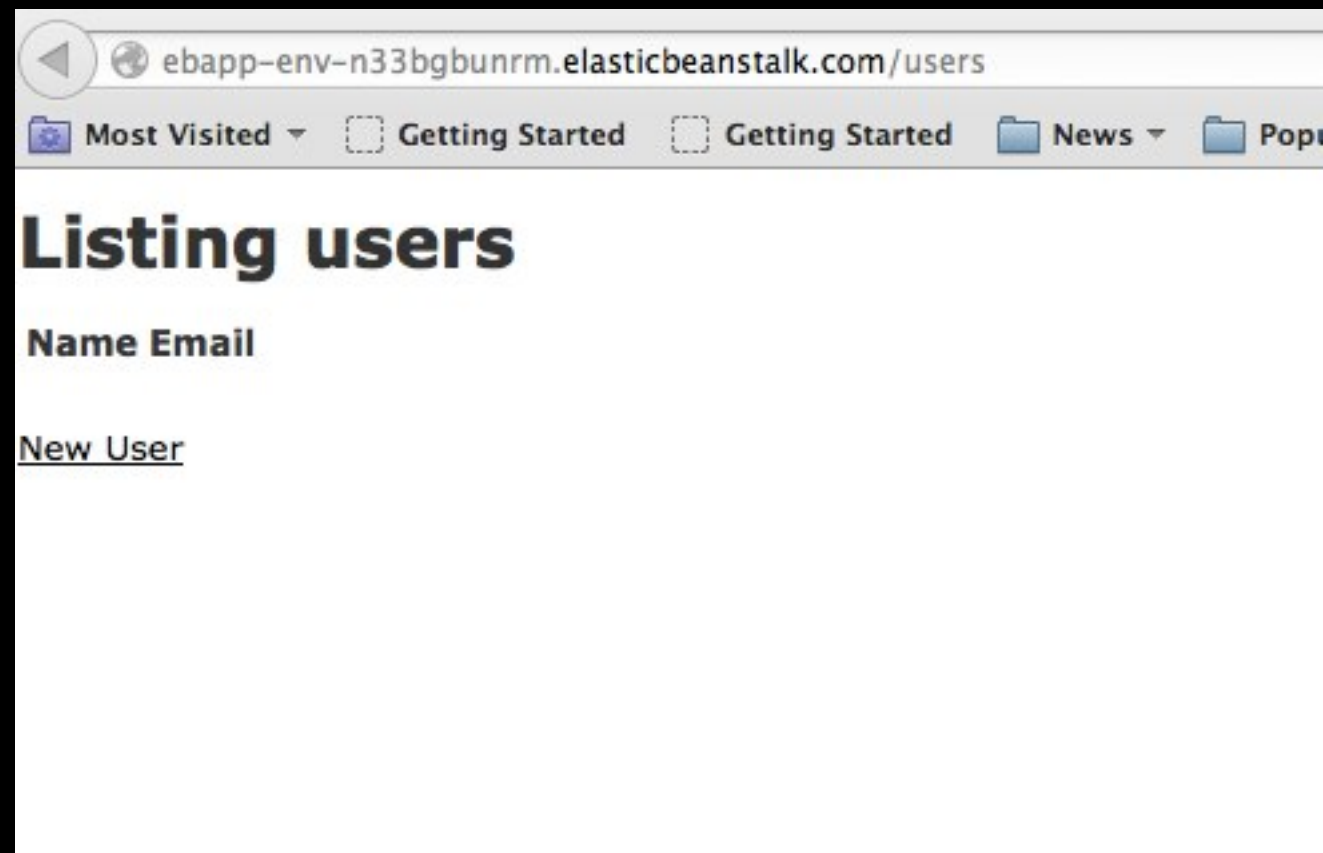
**ebapp Environments**

 **ebapp-env**

**Latest Event:** Deploying new version to instance(s). (**Note:** Updating your environment may take several minutes.)

[► Environment Details](#)

# git aws.push





# Stopping Your app

```
eb stop
```

# Starting Your app

`eb start`

# Deleting Your App

```
eb delete
```

# SSH

Services Edit

EC2 Dashboard  
Events  
Tags

INSTANCES  
Instances  
Spot Requests  
Reserved Instances

IMAGES  
AMIs  
Bundle Tasks

ELASTIC BLOCK STORE  
Volumes  
Snapshots

NETWORK & SECURITY  
**Security Groups**  
Elastic IPs  
Placement Groups  
Load Balancers  
Key Pairs  
Network Interfaces

Create Security Group Delete

Viewing: EC2 Security Groups Search

	Name	VPC ID	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	awseb-e-u6c9eburmj-stac		SecurityGroup for
<input type="checkbox"/>	default		default group

Create a new rule: Custom TCP rule

Port range: 22  
(e.g., 80 or 49152-65535)

Source: 0.0.0.0/0  
(e.g., 192.168.2.0/24, sg-47ad482e, or 1234567890/default)

+ Add Rule

TCP Port (80 (HT

# Demo

# Questions?

@mswain