Austin Brown
CPE 434-01
1/28/2021
Lab 3

## Theory

In this lab we are implementing out own Linux shell. A shell is a program that takes user input from a keyboard, parses it, and gives to the operating system to perform. The shell that we are implementing is a Bash shell. There are several important functions that we will use. They include strtok, dup, dup2, pipe, execvp.

The strtok function splits a string into parts or tokens based on a delimiter. These strings can be stored in an array. This is a 2d array since strings are arrays of character, and we are creating an array of strings. The delimiter used is space. You have the command followed by arguments and possibly other commands if a pipe is used.

The dup and dup2 functions are used to create copies of file descriptors. A file descriptor is an integer that identifies an open file. It returns negative 1 there is an error. The difference between dup and dup2 is that dup assigns the lowest available file descriptor. Dup2 lets you choose what file descriptor you want. It automatically closes the old one if your chosen descriptor is taken.

The pipe function allows us to send information from one process to another. The function takes a 2-element array as input. The first element is the file descriptor for the left or read end of the pipe. The second element is the file descriptor for the right or write end of the pipe. Pipes act as a queue or first in first out data structure.

The execvp function is used to execute files. The first argument is the file to be executed. The second argument is an array of strings that represent the possible arguments to the command being executed. This function is used to execute the user input in my shell.

## **Observations**

The output for several commands is shown below.

```
austinsbrown@DESKTOP-00AM03N:/mnt/c/Users/austi/OneDrive/School/cpe434/lab3$ ./a.out
$ls -la
total 25572
drwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown
                                           512 Feb 1 13:29
drwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown 512 Jan 25 09:24
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown 25495509 Feb 1 10:24 '2021-02-01 10-16-12.mp4'
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown 86124 Jan 25 09:24 Lab03.pdf
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown 470458 Jan 25 15:11 Study_Lab03.pptx
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown 17584 Feb 1 13:29 a.out
                                        5511 Jan 27 18:57 lab3.c
5582 Jan 29 12:52 main.c
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown
-rwxrwxrwx 1 austinsbrown austinsbrown
                                        90004 Jan 29 12:52 report3.docx
$ls | sort
2021-02-01 10-16-12.mp4
Lab03.pdf
Study_Lab03.pptx
a.out
lab3.c
main.c
report3.docx
$ls | sort > out.txt
$date
Mon Feb 1 13:30:23 CST 2021
$pwd
/mnt/c/Users/austi/OneDrive/School/cpe434/lab3
```

## Conclusion

Writing this program was a pain but I learned a lot from it. In previous labs we learned how to create new processes. In this lab, we take that a set further and pass data from one process to the other using the pipe function. We also learned about the execvp, strtok, dup, and dup2 functions.

## **Appendix**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define BUFFER SIZE 255
int main()
    for(;;)
        char *buffer = malloc((BUFFER SIZE)*sizeof(char)); // holds t
he command eneterd by the user
        printf("\n$");
        fgets(buffer, BUFFER_SIZE, stdin); // get the input
        buffer[strcspn(buffer, "\n")] = 0; // remove the trailing new
line character
        char **stringArray = malloc((BUFFER SIZE)*sizeof(char*)); //
allocate a 2d array to store the stringArrayized command
        for (int i = 0; i < (BUFFER SIZE); i++)</pre>
            stringArray[i] = malloc((BUFFER SIZE)*sizeof(char));
        /* 1: right redirect
           2: left redirect */
        int *redirect = malloc(sizeof(int));
        int *redirectDestination = malloc(sizeof(int));
        int *pipeFlag = malloc(sizeof(int)); // couts the number of p
ipes
        int argCount = 0; // generic counter
        *pipeFlag = 0; // counts number of pipes
        *redirect = 0;
```

```
stringArray[0] = strtok(buffer, " "); // begin breaking up th
e string
        while (stringArray[argCount] != NULL)
            stringArray[++argCount] = strtok(NULL, " ");
            if (stringArray[argCount] != NULL && strcmp(stringArray[a
rgCount], ">") == 0) // handle right redirect
                *redirect = 1;
                stringArray[argCount] = strtok(NULL, " ");
                *redirectDestination = open(stringArray[argCount], 0_
CREAT O_RDWR O_TRUNC, 0644); // create a file with read write permiss
ions and truncate to 0
                argCount--;
            else if ((stringArray[argCount] != NULL) && (strcmp(strin
gArray[argCount], "<") == 0)) // handle left redirect</pre>
            {
                *redirect = 2;
                stringArray[argCount] = strtok(NULL, " ");
                *redirectDestination = open(stringArray[argCount], 0_
CREAT O_RDWR O_TRUNC, 0644); // create a file with read write permiss
ions and truncate to 0
                argCount--;
            else if ((stringArray[argCount] != NULL) && (strcmp(strin
gArray[argCount], "|") == 0)) // handle pipes
                *pipeFlag = argCount;
        stringArray[argCount] = NULL;
        if (stringArray[0] != NULL && strcasecmp(stringArray[0], "exi
t") == 0)
        printf("Goodbye\n");
        exit(0);
```

```
if (*pipeFlag == 0)
        pid_t pid = fork();
        if (pid > 0) // parent waits for the child
            wait(0);
        else if (pid == 0) // child executes
        {
            if (*redirect == 0)
                execvp(stringArray[0], stringArray);
            else if (*redirect == 1 && *redirectDestination != -
1) // if right redirect and an error has not occured
                dup2(*redirectDestination, 1);
                execvp(stringArray[0], stringArray);
            else if (*redirect == 2 && *redirectDestination != -
1) // if left redirect and an error has not occured
                dup2(*redirectDestination, 0);
                execvp(stringArray[0], stringArray);
            else if (*redirectDestination == -
1) // if an error has occured
                printf("Could not create file.\n");
                exit(-1);
            exit(0);
        else
            printf("Error! Could not create child.\n");
            exit(-1);
    else
```

```
/* pipeDes[0]: file descriptor for the read end of pipe
           pipeDes[1]: file descriptor for the write end */
        int pipeDes[2];
        if (pipe(pipeDes) == -1)
            printf("Pipe Ded\n");
        else
        {
            char* leftProgram[BUFFER_SIZE]; // holds the left end of
the pipe
            char* rightProgram[BUFFER_SIZE]; // holds the right end o
f the pipe
            int i;
            int j = 0;
            for(i = 0; i < argCount; i++) // populate the left and ri</pre>
ght program buffers
            {
                if (i < *pipeFlag) // populate the left buffer</pre>
                     leftProgram[j++] = stringArray[i];
                else if (i == *pipeFlag)
                    leftProgram[j] = NULL;
                    j = 0;
                else if (i > *pipeFlag) // populate right program
                    leftProgram[j++] = stringArray[i];
            rightProgram[j] = NULL;
            int pid = fork();
            if (pid == 0) // execute the left program
                dup2(pipeDes[1], 1);
                close(pipeDes[0]);
                execvp(leftProgram[0], leftProgram);
                printf("Error 1\n");
                exit(1);
```

```
}
        pid = fork();
        if (pid == 0) // execute the right program
        {
            dup2(pipeDes[0], 0);
            close(pipeDes[1]);
            if (*redirect > 0)
                dup2(*redirectDestination, 1);
            execvp(rightProgram[0], rightProgram);
            printf("Error 2\n");
            exit(1);
        }
        close(pipeDes[1]);
        close(pipeDes[0]);
        wait(0);
       wait(0);
   }
}
   free(buffer);
    free(stringArray);
    free(redirect);
    free(redirectDestination);
   free(pipeFlag);
return 0;
```