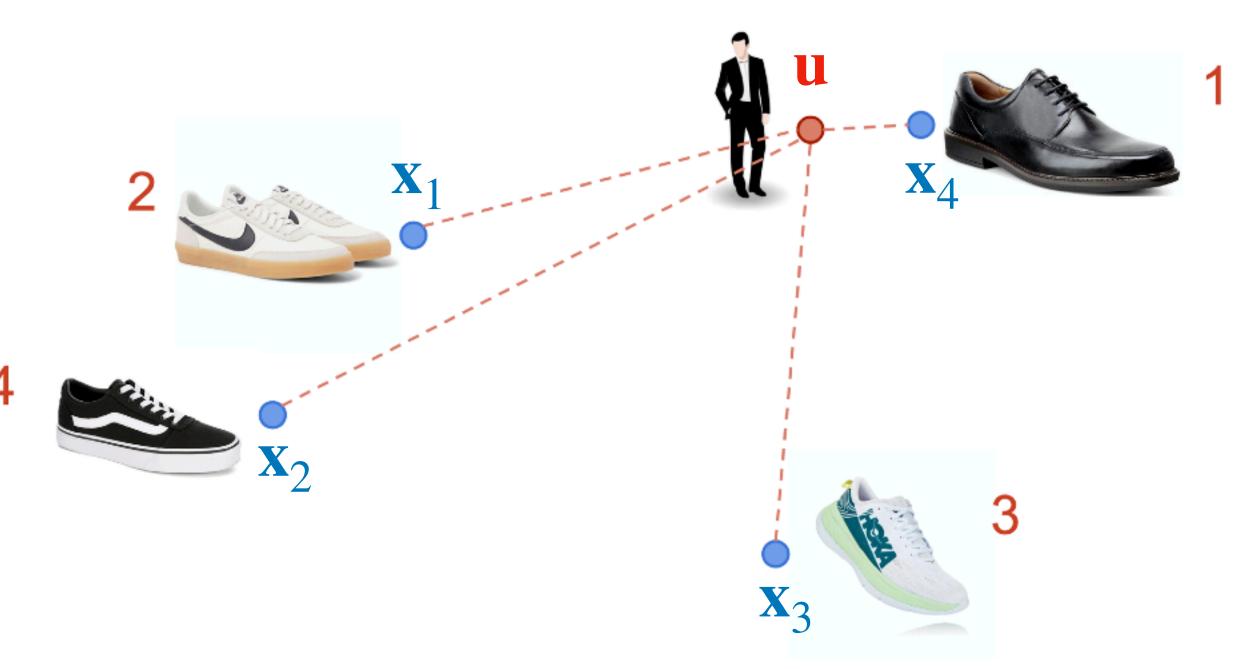
Distance-based preference models

- Items $\mathbf{x}_1, ..., \mathbf{x}_N \in \mathbb{R}^D$
- User's ideal point $\mathbf{u} \in \mathbb{R}^D$
- The closer an item \mathbf{x}_i is to ideal point \mathbf{u} under some distance metric, the more preferred \mathbf{x}_i is.
- Goal: Estimate unknown u
 - Existing work (e.g., [3, 4, 5]): standard Euclidean metric



Implicit assumptions of Euclidean distance

Features considered in isolation





Price vs. Price Color vs. Color Weight vs. Weight

•

Feature importance equally weighted

Price and shoelace length are equally important to me

