# CS 354 - Machine Organization & Programming Thursday, October 31, 2019

Midterm Exam (~18%): Thursday, November 7th, 7:15 - 9:15 pm

- Lec 1 (2:30 pm): room 3650 of Humanities
- Lec 2 (4:00 pm): room B10 of Ingraham Hall
- see "Midterm Exam 2" on course site Assignments for topics

Homework hw4 (1.5%): DUE TODAY at 10 pm on Thursday, October 31st

Project p4A (~2%): DUE at 10 pm on Tuesday, November 5th

Homework hw5 (1.5%): DUE at 10 pm Wednesday, November 6th

Project p4b (~4%): Assigned Tomorrow, DUE at 10 pm on Wednesday, November 13th

#### **Last Time**

Impact of Stride
Memory Mountain
C, Assembly, & Machine Code
Low-level View of Data
Registers
Instructions - MOV, PUSH, POP

#### Today

Instructions - MOV, PUSH, POP (from last time)
Operand Specifiers
Operands Practice
Operand/Instruction Caveats
Instruction - LEAL
Instructions - Arithmetic and Shift

#### **Next Time**

Finish Operands and Instructions

**Re-read:** B&O 3.5, 3.6

# **Operand Specifiers**

### What? Operand specifiers are

- S
- D

#### Why?

#### How?

specifies an operand value that's
 specifier operand value

\$Imm Imm

**2.** ) specifies an operand value that's

specifier operand value %E<sub>a</sub> R[%E<sub>a</sub>]

**3.** ) specifies an operand value that's

specifier operand value effective address addressing mode name

| Imm | M[EffAddr] | Imm |

(% $E_a$ ) M[EffAddr] R[% $E_a$ ]

 $Imm(\%E_b)$  M[EffAddr]  $Imm+R[\%E_b]$ 

 $(\%E_b,\%E_i)$  M[EffAddr] R[%E<sub>b</sub>]+R[%E<sub>i</sub>]

 $Imm(\%E_b,\%E_i)$  M[EffAddr]  $Imm+R[\%E_b]+R[\%E_i]$ 

 $Imm(\%E_b,\%E_i,s)M[EffAddr] Imm+R[\%E_b]+R[\%E_i]*s$ 

 $(\%E_b,\%E_i,s)$  M[EffAddr] R[%E<sub>b</sub>]+R[%E<sub>i</sub>]\*s

 $Imm(,\%E_{i},s)$  M[EffAddr]  $Imm+R[\%E_{i}]*s$ 

 $(,\%E_{i},s)$  M[EffAddr] R[%E<sub>i</sub>]\*s

# **Operands Practice**

## Given:

Memory AddressValue		Register	Value
0x100	0x	%eax	0x
0x104	0x	%ecx	0x
0x108	0x	%edx	0x
0x10C	0x		
0x110	0x		

→ What is the value being accessed? Also identify the type of operand, and for memory types name the addressing mode and determine the effective address.

Operand Value Type:Mode Effective Address

- 1. (%eax)
- 2. 0xF8(,%ecx,8)
- **3.** %edx
- **4.** \$0x108
- **5.** -4(%eax)
- 6. 4(%eax, %edx, 2)
- 7. (%eax, %edx, 2)
- **8.** 0x108
- 9. 259(%ecx, %edx)

# **Operand/Instruction Caveats**

# **Missing Combination?**

→ Identify each source and destination operand type combinations.

```
1. movl $0xABCD, %ecx
```

→ What combination is missing?

## **Instruction Oops!**

→ What is wrong with each instruction below?

```
1. movl %bl, (%ebp)
```

#### **Instruction - LEAL**

#### **Load Effective Address**

```
leal S,D D < -- & S
```

#### LEAL vs. MOV

```
struct Point {
   int x;
   int y;
} points[3];

int y = points[i].y; mov 4(%ebx,%ecx,8),%eax

points[1].y;

int *py = &points[i].y; leal 4(%ebx,%ecx,8),%eax
```

### **LEAL Simple Math**

→ Suppose register %eax holds x and %ecx holds y.

What value in terms of x and y is stored in %ebx for each instruction below?

```
1. leal (%eax, %ecx, 8), %ebx
```

- 2. leal 12(%eax, %eax, 4), %ebx
- 3. leal 11(%ecx), %ebx
- 4. leal 9(%eax, %ecx, 4), %ebx

## **Instructions - Arithmetic and Shift**

## **Unary Operations**

## **Binary Operations**

```
ADD S,D D <-- D + S
SUB S,D D <-- D - S
IMUL S,D D <-- D * S
XOR S,D D <-- D ^ S
OR S,D D <-- D | S
AND S,D D <-- D & S
```

#### Given:

0x100	%eax
0x104	%ecx
0x108	%edx

→ What is the destination and result for each? (do each independently)

```
1. incl 4(%eax)
```

# **Shift Operations**

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# logical shift

#### arithmetic shift