

POZNAŃ UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF CONTROL, ROBOTICS  
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INSTITUTE OF ROBOTICS AND MACHINE INTELLIGENCE

DIVISION OF CONTROL AND MECHNAICAL CONSTRUCTION



MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION OF GRIPPER IN  
INVENTOR

MECHANICAL CONSTRCUTIONS

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INSTRUCTOR:

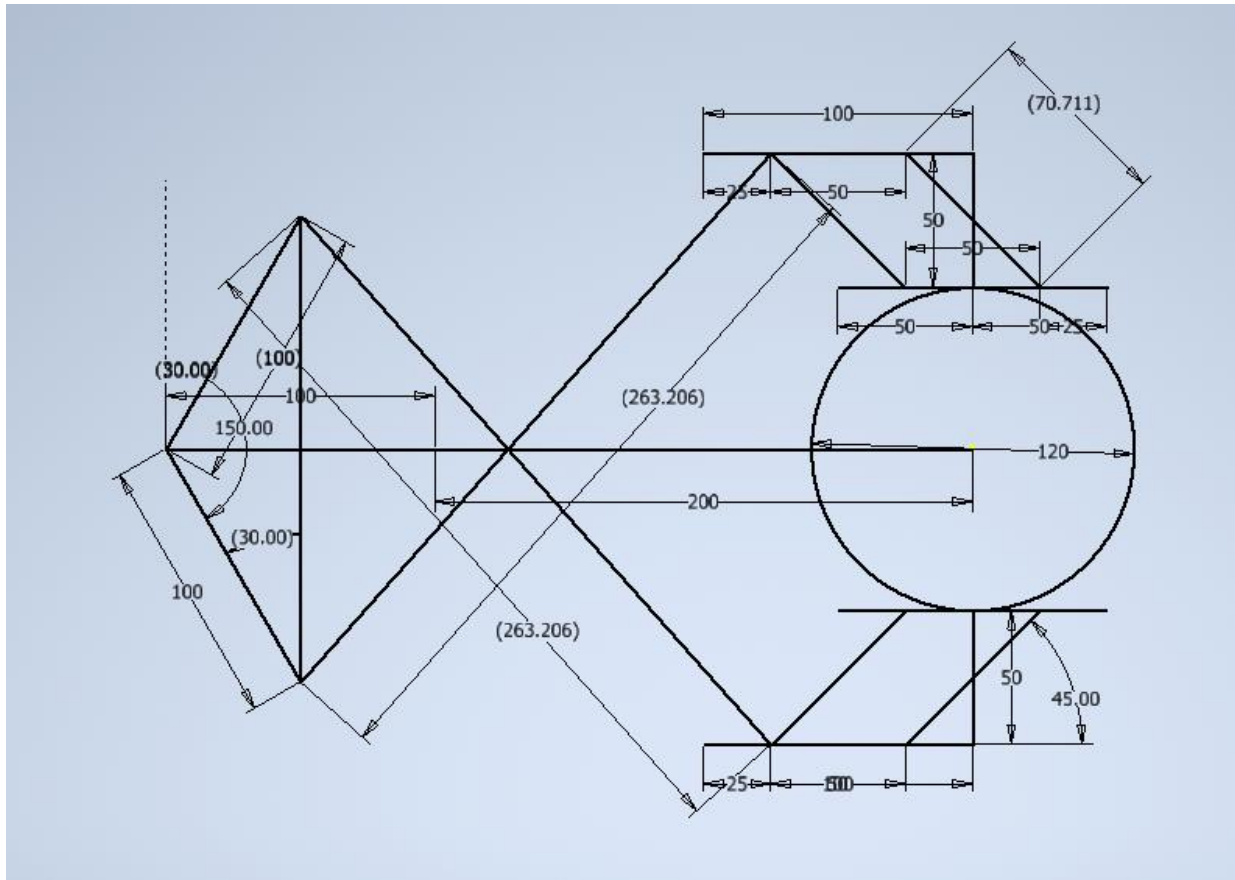
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## Free Body Diagram



## Gripper calculations

### Using matlab and simulation

```
clc;
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%% 1 - FORCE %%%
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% material: brass

diameter = 120;
height = 300;
ro = 8470;    %[kg/m^3]

Volume = pi*(diameter/2)^2*height / (1000^3); %[m^3]
Mass = Volume * ro;                            %[kg]
```

```

Weight = Mass * 9.81 % [N]

mi_friction1 = 0.51; %copper - rubber friction
coefficient)

Force_1 = Weight/0.51;
Force_2 = Force_1/2;

b= 0.7707;
l= 0.26320;
theta = 30;
alpha= 45;

Force_3 = Force_2 *
(b*sind(theta)*sind(alpha))/(l*sind(alpha)*cos(alpha+theta)
);
disp("Force exerted on the screw: [N]");
F = 440;

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%%% 2 - SCREW %%%
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

% % % % % BUCKLING - screw diameter %%%
L = 49;
L_w=L*0.5;
x=5;

% https://www.azom.com/properties.aspx?ArticleID=965

R_e = 300 *10^6;
E = 200*10^9;

% https://www.engineersedge.com/hardware/iso-metric-trapezoidal-threads1.htm

d3 = 2*sqrt((F*x)/(pi*R_e)+(R_e*L_w^2)/(pi^2*E))

disp("normalized screw diameter: [mm]");

p_norm = 1.5;

```

```

d_1_norm = 6;
d_2_norm = 7.1;
d_3_norm = 8;

alpha_r_norm = 15;

% % % % % slenderness condition %%%%%%%%%
lambda_cr = pi*sqrt(E/R_e);
lambda = (4*L_w)/d_3_norm;
if lambda < lambda_cr
    disp("slenderness ratio contidion is met")
end

% % % % % self-lockint %%%%%%%%%%

mi_selfLock = 0.12;

gamma = atand(p_norm/(pi*d_3_norm));
ro_prim = atand(mi_selfLock/(cosd(alpha_r_norm)));

if( gamma < ro_prim)
    disp("self-locking contidion is met")
end

% % % % % Critical stress %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
D_avg = (8+7.1)/2;
mi_criticalStress=0.12;
T_t = F*mi_criticalStress*D_avg +
F*d_2_norm/2*tand(gamma+ro_prim);
tau_t = (16*T_t)/(pi*d_3_norm^2);

sigma_c = (4*F)/(pi*d_3_norm^2);

sigma_allow = R_e/x /10^6;
sigma_red = sqrt(sigma_c^2+3*tau_t^2)

if( sigma_red < sigma_allow)
    disp("critical stress contidion is met")
end

%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%%%%% 2 - NUT %%%
%%%%%%%%%%%%%

```

```

% % % % % height of the nut %%%%%%%%%
P_allow =13 *10^6;
d = d_3_norm;
D1=d_1_norm;

A_coil = pi*(d^2-D1^2)/(4);
z = F/(P_allow*A_coil);
H_r = z*p_norm;

H_prop = 1.1*d;

if(H_r<H_prop)
    disp("height of the nut condiiton is met")
end
















% % % % % outer diameter of the nut %%%%%%%%%
E1=E;
E2 = 200 *10^9;

A1 = (pi*d^2)/4;
D0 = sqrt((4*E1*A1)/(pi*E2)+D1^2);

```

## Solutions

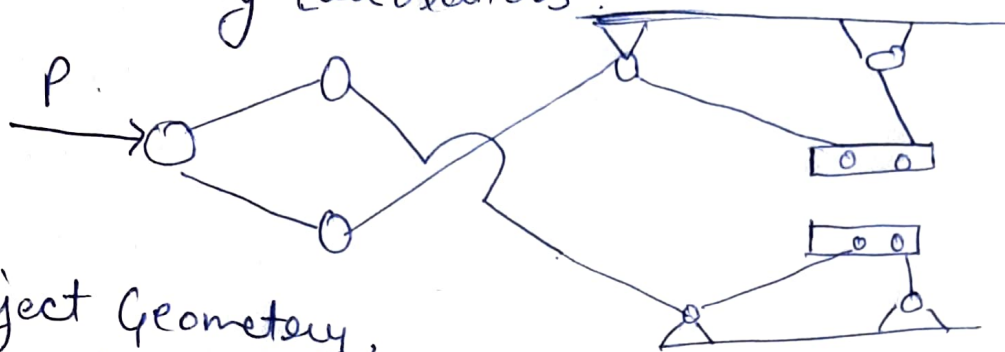
Name ▲	Value
A1	50.2655
A_coil	21.9911
alpha	45
alpha_r_norm	15
b	0.7707
d	8
D0	10
D1	6
d3	0.6041
d_1_norm	6
d_2_norm	7.1000
d_3_norm	8
D_avg	7.5500
diameter	120
E	2.0000e+11
E1	2.0000e+11
E2	2.0000e+11
F	440
Force_1	552.7845
Force_2	276.3923
Force_3	439.0173
gamma	3.4155
H_prop	8.8000
H_r	2.3086e-06
height	300
I	0.2632
L	49
L_w	24.5000
lambda	12.2500
lambda_cr	81.1156
Mass	28.7380
mi_criticalStre...	0.1200
mi_friction1	0.5100

Name ▲	Value
 mi_selfLock	0.1200
 P_allow	13000000
 p_norm	1.5000
 R_e	300000000
 ro	8470
 ro_prim	7.0818
 sigma_allow	60
 sigma_c	8.7535
 sigma_red	95.2404
 T_t	688.0631
 tau_t	54.7543
 theta	30
 Volume	0.0034
 Weight	281.9201
 x	5



# - Gripper Calculations.

## Preliminary Calculations



Object Geometry,

Diameter = 120 mm.

Height = 300 mm.

Density = 8470 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

a) Volume =  $\pi r^2 h = \pi \cdot 0.06^2 \cdot 0.3 = 0.0033 \text{ [m}^3\text{]}$

b) Mass =  $V \rho = 0.0033 \cdot 8470 = 28.7 \text{ [kg]}$

c) Weight =  $G = mg = 28.7 \times 9.81 = 283.5 \text{ [N]}$

d) Force,

Gripper Force =  $F_1 = \frac{G}{2} = \frac{283.5}{2} = 141.75$

Force Required to hold the target object,

$$F_2 = \frac{1}{\mu_1} F_1$$

$\mu_1$  = Friction coefficient in case of brass-steel,

$$F_2 = \frac{1}{\mu_1} F_1 = \frac{141}{0.51} \approx 276 \text{ [N]}$$

e) Gripper Dimension,

$$b = 70.7 \text{ mm}$$

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$d = 263.20 \text{ mm}$$

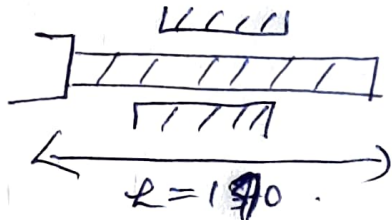
$$\alpha = 45^\circ$$

$P$  = Force required to close the gripper,

$$\frac{P}{F} = \frac{b \sin \theta \sin \alpha}{d \sin \alpha \cos(\alpha + \theta)} = 439.01 \text{ N}$$

## 2. Screw Calculation.

→ Lead screw mechanism,



→ Buckling Mechanism,

Buckling length,

$$\rightarrow \left[ \text{Diagram of a screw with a nut on the left end and a fixed support on the right end} \right] \quad \alpha' = 0.5$$

So, Screw Dimension Calculation.

Critical stress,

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{F}{A} \times \frac{F \times}{\frac{\pi d_3^2}{4}} = \frac{4 F \times \cdot X}{\pi d_3^2} = 295 \text{ [N]}$$

So,  $F$  = Force.

$X$  = Safety factor, = 5.

$d_3$  = screw inner diameter.

$$R_e = 300 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$E = 180 \text{ (kPa)} = 180 \times 10^9$$

$$\phi d_3 = 2 \sqrt{\frac{F \times}{\pi R_e} + \frac{R_e L w^2}{\pi^2 E}} = 0.5974 \text{ [mm]}$$

$$P(\text{nom}) = 1.6, \text{ Chose screw} = 790 \times 1.5$$

Slenderness:

$$\lambda_{cr} = \pi \sqrt{\frac{E}{R_e}} = \lambda = \frac{L\omega}{1} = \frac{4 L\omega}{d_3} = 3.4$$

$\lambda < \lambda_{cr}$ , slenderness ratio is promised  
and provoked.  
condition fulfilled.

Checking Self locking.

$\delta$  = lead angle.

$\rho'$  = angle of friction.

$\alpha$  = Profile Angle.

$\mu$  = Steel-brass friction coefficient.

$$\mu = 0.11.$$

$$\delta = \alpha \tan\left(\frac{\rho}{\pi d_2}\right) = 3.42^\circ$$

$$\rho' = \alpha \tan\left(\frac{\mu}{\cos \alpha}\right) = 8.57^\circ$$

Condition is fulfilled  
and met.

Critical Stress,  $(\sigma_{cr}) < \sigma_{(allowable)}$ .

$$\sigma_c = \frac{4F}{\pi d_3^2}$$

$$\tau_t = \frac{V}{A} = \frac{T_t}{\pi d_3}$$

$$\sigma_{(allow)} > \sigma_{(cr)}$$

$$\frac{(6+4)(\rho_1 \times d_3^3)}{= 1.331}$$

Critical stress condition  
is met.

## NUT calculation

$$P(\text{allowable}) = 12 \text{ MPa.}$$

$$d = d_2(\text{nom})$$

$$D_1 = d_1(\text{nom})$$

$$H(\text{prop}) = 1.2 \times d;$$

$$\text{So, } H_2 < H_1.$$

So, Height of the nut condition is met.

Outer Diameter of the nut.

$$E_1 = E.$$

$$E_2 = 239 \times 10^9.$$

$$A_1 = (\pi \cdot d^2) \cdot 4$$

$$= 52.267.$$

$$D_o = \frac{\sqrt{4 E_1 A_1 + D_1^2}}{(\pi E_2)} = 10.4 \text{ [mm]}.$$

Spigot calculation,

$$R_e = 250 \text{ [MPa]}$$

$$F = 437 \text{ [N]} \quad \sigma_{\text{allow}} = \frac{R_e}{X} = \frac{250}{5} = 50 \text{ [MPa]}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{T_{\text{net}}}{Z_s} < \sigma_{ab}.$$

$$d = 3 \sqrt{\frac{12LF}{\pi \sigma_{bb}}} = 3 \sqrt{\frac{124F}{\pi \sigma_{aa}}}.$$

$$T_{\text{onax}} = 3 \frac{LF}{8}.$$

$$d = 0.2089 \text{ [mm]}.$$

$$Z_b = \frac{\pi d^3}{32} =$$

Checking Contact Pressure,

$$P_{a10L} = 0.96 a_b = 95 \text{ [MPa]}.$$

$P_{cos} < P_{a10L}$ . Condition is fulfilled.

Motor,

$$T_T = 526 \text{ [Nm]} = 0.57 \text{ [Nm]}.$$

Motor = Stepmotor.

$$\text{Holding Torque} = 945 \text{ [Nm]} > T_T$$

$$\text{Detent Torque} = 39 \text{ [Nm]} > T_T$$

So,

In the end.

The minimal required Dimensions for the arms,  
I choose the arms in the slider form,

Used Length,

$$l = 375 \text{ mm (slider rotation)}$$

$$b = 45 \text{ mm (width)}.$$