

Nonbinaryanalyses_Ch4

V_warrier

28/03/2019

```
library(data.table)
library(dplyr)

## Warning: replacing previous import by 'rlang::dots_n' when loading 'dplyr'
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:data.table':
##
##   between, first, last
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
library(plyr)

## -----
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
## -----
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
library(reshape2)

##
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:data.table':
##
##   dcast, melt
library(gridExtra)

##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':  
##  
##      combine  
library(grid)  
library(epitools)  
data = read.csv("data- originalchannel4 bigdata.csv", header = T, fill = T) #758916 obs  
cat("the total number of IDs in this file is", nrow(data))  
  
## the total number of IDs in this file is 758916
```

Section 1: Data cleaning and generating variables

data cleanup and recoding variables

```
#remove_repeats
data2 = subset(data, repeat. == 0) #695166

cat("the number of non-repeated participants is", nrow(data2))

## the number of non-repeated participants is 695166

#keep males of females
data2 = subset(data2, sex < 4) #672279

cat("\n")

cat("Of this, the number of participants who are either male or female is", nrow(data2))

## Of this, the number of participants who are either male or female is 676132

##keep age bound

data2 = subset(data2, age > 15 & age < 90)

cat("\n")

cat("Of this, the number participants after all QC is ", nrow(data2))

## Of this, the number participants after all QC is 675360
```

Recoding and defining variables

```
#recode AQ
data2[,c(51,57,58,60)] <- lapply(data2[,c(51,57,58,60)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 1, "2" = 1, "3" = 0, "4" =0 ))

data2[,c(52,53,54,55,56,59)] <- lapply(data2[,c(52,53,54,55,56,59)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 0, "2" = 0, "3" = 1, "4" =1))

data2$AQ_full = data2$AQ_1 + data2$AQ_2 + data2$AQ_3 + data2$AQ_4 + data2$AQ_5 + data2$AQ_6 + data2$AQ_7

data2$AQ_Z = scale(data2$AQ_full, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE)

#Recode EQ
data2[,c(31, 32, 34, 36, 39)] <- lapply(data2[,c(31, 32, 34, 36, 39)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 2, "2" = 1, "3" = 0, "4" =0 ))

data2[,c(33, 35, 37, 38, 40 )] <- lapply(data2[,c(33, 35, 37, 38, 40)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 0, "2" = 0, "3" = 1, "4" =2))

data2$EQ_full = data2$EQ_1 + data2$EQ_2 + data2$EQ_3 + data2$EQ_4 + data2$EQ_5 + data2$EQ_6 + data2$EQ_7

data2$EQ_Z = scale(data2$EQ_full, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE)

#Recode SQ
data2[,c(41,43, 44, 46, 47, 49, 50)] <- lapply(data2[,c(41,43, 44, 46, 47, 49, 50)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 2, "2" = 1, "3" = 0, "4" =0 ))

data2[,c(42, 45, 48 )] <- lapply(data2[,c(42, 45, 48)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 0, "2" = 0, "3" = 1, "4" =2))

data2$SQ_full = data2$SQR_1 + data2$SQR_2 + data2$SQR_3 + data2$SQR_4 + data2$SQR_5 + data2$SQR_6 + data2$SQR_7

data2$SQ_Z = scale(data2$SQ_full, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE)

#Recode SPQ

data2[,c(21:30)] <- lapply(data2[,c(21:30)], function(x)
  recode(x,"1" = 3, "2" = 2, "3" = 1, "4" =0 ))

data2$SPQ_full = data2$SPQ_1 + data2$SPQ_2 + data2$SPQ_3 + data2$SPQ_4 + data2$SPQ_5 + data2$SPQ_6 + data2$SPQ_7

data2$SPQ_Z = scale(data2$SPQ_full, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE)

data2 = data2[!is.na(data2$AQ_full),]

#Define cases
```

```

#define cases based on all different options
data2$autism = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "2" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "2" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "2" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "2", 1, 0)
data2$autism[is.na(data2$autism)] <- 0

data2$ADHD = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "1" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "1" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "1" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "1", 1, 0)
data2$ADHD[is.na(data2$ADHD)] <- 0

data2$bipolar = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "3" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "3" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "3" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "3", 1, 0)
data2$bipolar[is.na(data2$bipolar)] <- 0

data2$depression = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "4" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "4" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "4" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "4", 1, 0)
data2$depression[is.na(data2$depression)] <- 0

data2$ld = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "5" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "5" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "5" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "5", 1, 0)
data2$ld[is.na(data2$ld)] <- 0

data2$ocd = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "6" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "6" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "6" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "6", 1, 0)
data2$ocd[is.na(data2$ocd)] <- 0

data2$scz = ifelse(data2$diagnosis_0 == "7" | data2$diagnosis_1 == "7" | data2$diagnosis_3 == "7" | data2$diagnosis_4 == "7", 1, 0)
data2$scz[is.na(data2$scz)] <- 0

#count the number of cases

a = nrow(subset(data2, autism == 1))
cat("the number of autistic individuls are", a)

## the number of autistic individuls are 37545
a = nrow(subset(data2, ADHD == 1))
cat("the number of ADHD individuls are", a)

## the number of ADHD individuls are 25864
a = nrow(subset(data2, bipolar == 1))
cat("the number of bipolar individuls are", a)

## the number of bipolar individuls are 11954

```

```

a = nrow(subset(data2, depression == 1))

cat("the number of depression individuls are", a)

## the number of depression individuls are 159297

a = nrow(subset(data2, ld == 1))

cat("the number of ld individuls are", a)

## the number of ld individuls are 24077

a = nrow(subset(data2, scz == 1))

cat("the number of scz individuls are", a)

## the number of scz individuls are 1812

cat("\n")

## Education
data2$education = ifelse(data2$education == "5", 0, data2$education)
data2$binary = ifelse(data2$sex < 3, "binary", "nonbinary")
data2$sex = as.factor(data2$sex)
data3 = subset(data2, autism == "0")

```

Generating D-scores and brain types

#This is Wheelwright's method: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16473340>

```
controls = subset(data2, autism == "0")
cases = subset(data2, autism == "1")
```

```
meanSQ = mean(controls$SQ_full)
meanEQ = mean(controls$EQ_full)
```

```
data2$SQ_full_standardized_w = (data2$SQ_full - meanSQ)/20
data2$EQ_full_standardized_w = (data2$EQ_full - meanEQ)/20
data2$wheelwrightD = data2$SQ_full_standardized_w - data2$EQ_full_standardized_w
```

```
data2$dpercentile = ntile(data2$wheelwrightD, 100)
```

```
data2$braintype = ifelse(data2$dpercentile < 2.5, "1",
  ifelse(between(data2$dpercentile, 2.499, 35), "2",
    ifelse(between(data2$dpercentile, 34.99, 65), "3",
      ifelse(between(data2$dpercentile, 64.99, 97.5), "4", "5"))))
```

```
controls = subset(data2, autism == "0") #redefining cases and controls again so downstream analysis can
cases = subset(data2, autism == "1")
```


Chisquare case-control

```
control_males = subset(controls, sex == "1")
control_females = subset(controls, sex == "2")
control_nonbinary = subset(controls, sex == "3")

autism_males = subset(cases, sex == "1")
autism_females = subset(cases, sex == "2")
autism_nonbinary = subset(cases, sex == "3")

sex_3_way = matrix(c(nrow(control_males), nrow(autism_males), nrow(control_females), nrow(autism_females),
                     nrow(autism_nonbinary), nrow(control_nonbinary))),
                  nrow = 3, ncol = 4)

colnames(sex_3_way) = c("Controls", "Cases")

rownames(sex_3_way) = c("Males", "Females", "Nonbinary")

chisq.test(sex_3_way)

##
##  Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  sex_3_way
## X-squared = 4355.2, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16

oddsratio(sex_3_way)

## $data
##           Controls Cases  Total
## Males          241355 18188 259543
## Females          393600 18460 412060
## Nonbinary           2857   897   3754
## Total           637812 37545 675357
##
## $measure
##           NA
## odds ratio with 95% C.I. estimate lower upper
##           Males      1.0000000      NA      NA
##           Females    0.6223753 0.6093699 0.6356417
##           Nonbinary  4.1667977 3.8579952 4.4960510
##
## $p.value
##           NA
## two-sided midp.exact fisher.exact chi.square
## Males           NA           NA           NA
## Females           0 0.000000e+00           0
## Nonbinary         0 1.383791e-226           0
##
## $correction
## [1] FALSE
##
## attr(,"method")
## [1] "median-unbiased estimate & mid-p exact CI"
```

```
#####

male_nonbinary = matrix(c(nrow(control_males), nrow(autism_males), nrow(control_nonbinary), nrow(autism_males)),
  colnames(male_nonbinary) = c("Controls", "Cases")
  rownames(male_nonbinary) = c("Males", "Nonbinary")

male_nonbinary

##           Controls Cases
## Males      241355 18188
## Nonbinary   2857   897
chisq.test(male_nonbinary)

##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data:  male_nonbinary
## X-squared = 1567.1, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
oddsratio(male_nonbinary)

## $data
##           Controls Cases Total
## Males      241355 18188 259543
## Nonbinary   2857   897  3754
## Total      244212 19085 263297
##
## $measure
##           NA
## odds ratio with 95% C.I. estimate lower upper
##           Males      1.000000      NA      NA
##           Nonbinary 4.166798 3.857995 4.496051
##
## $p.value
##           NA
## two-sided midp.exact fisher.exact chi.square
## Males      NA      NA      NA
## Nonbinary    0 1.383791e-226      0
##
## $correction
## [1] FALSE
##
## attr(,"method")
## [1] "median-unbiased estimate & mid-p exact CI"
#####

female_nonbinary = matrix(c(nrow(control_females), nrow(autism_females), nrow(control_nonbinary), nrow(autism_females)),
  colnames(female_nonbinary) = c("Controls", "Cases")
  rownames(female_nonbinary) = c("Females", "Nonbinary")

```

```
female_nonbinary
```

```
##           Controls Cases
## Females    393600 18460
## Nonbinary   2857   897
```

```
chisq.test(female_nonbinary)
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: female_nonbinary
## X-squared = 3154.8, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
```

```
oddsratio(female_nonbinary)
```

```
## $data
##           Controls Cases Total
## Females    393600 18460 412060
## Nonbinary   2857   897   3754
## Total      396457 19357 415814
##
## $measure
##                NA
## odds ratio with 95% C.I. estimate lower upper
##           Females  1.000000      NA      NA
##           Nonbinary 6.695063 6.199259 7.22356
##
## $p.value
##                NA
## two-sided midp.exact fisher.exact chi.square
## Females      NA      NA      NA
## Nonbinary      0      0      0
##
## $correction
## [1] FALSE
##
## attr("method")
## [1] "median-unbiased estimate & mid-p exact CI"
```

```
#####
```

```
binary_nonbinary = matrix(c(nrow(control_females) + nrow(control_males), nrow(autism_females) + nrow(au
```

```
colnames(binary_nonbinary) = c("Controls", "Cases")
```

```
rownames(binary_nonbinary) = c("Binary", "Nonbinary")
```

```
binary_nonbinary
```

```
##           Controls Cases
## Binary    634955 36648
## Nonbinary  2857   897
```

```
chisq.test(binary_nonbinary)
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: binary_nonbinary
## X-squared = 2413.7, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
oddsratio(binary_nonbinary)

## $data
##           Controls Cases Total
## Binary      634955 36648 671603
## Nonbinary     2857   897   3754
## Total       637812 37545 675357
##
## $measure
##           NA
## odds ratio with 95% C.I. estimate lower upper
##           Binary      1.000000      NA      NA
##           Nonbinary 5.440371 5.040969 5.865217
##
## $p.value
##           NA
## two-sided midp.exact fisher.exact chi.square
## Binary      NA      NA      NA
## Nonbinary      0 1.303697e-305      0
##
## $correction
## [1] FALSE
##
## attr("method")
## [1] "median-unbiased estimate & mid-p exact CI"
summary(glm(autism ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + scale(age) + scale(education), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = autism ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + scale(age) +
##       scale(education), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.1327  -0.3838  -0.3115  -0.2294   3.3837
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.511861    0.039555  -38.22  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.328363    0.040066  -33.16  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.636131    0.040071  -40.83  <2e-16 ***
## scale(age)       -0.509211    0.007302  -69.74  <2e-16 ***
## scale(education) -0.307837    0.005408  -56.92  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

```

##      Null deviance: 289950  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 276093  on 675349  degrees of freedom
##    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 276103
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(autism ~ as.factor(binary) + scale(age) + scale(education), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = autism ~ as.factor(binary) + scale(age) + scale(education),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.1415  -0.3769  -0.3197  -0.2344   3.3828
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.020027    0.006286 -480.47  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.491292    0.039747   37.52  <2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.538953    0.007253  -74.30  <2e-16 ***
## scale(education)   -0.309932    0.005396  -57.43  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 289950  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 276876  on 675350  degrees of freedom
##    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 276884
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

```

Section 2: Autistic traits

Sex differences in controls

```
#Basic statistics

# Sex differences - AQ
summary(aov(AQ_full ~sex, data = controls))

##              Df  Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex              2   37514   18757    3709 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals    637809 3225664         5
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(control_males$AQ_full, control_nonbinary$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_males$AQ_full and control_nonbinary$AQ_full
## t = -38.251, df = 2905.2, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -2.023514 -1.826177
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 3.570429 5.495275

t.test(control_females$AQ_full, control_nonbinary$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$AQ_full and control_nonbinary$AQ_full
## t = -46.305, df = 2884.7, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -2.424504 -2.227514
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 3.169266 5.495275

t.test(control_females$AQ_full, control_males$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$AQ_full and control_males$AQ_full
## t = -68.682, df = 501320, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.4126117 -0.3897157
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 3.169266 3.570429
```

```

# Sex differences - EQ
summary(aov(EQ_full ~sex, data = controls))

##              Df    Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex              2    573043   286522   12358 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals      637809 14787512        23
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(control_males$EQ_full, control_nonbinary$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_males$EQ_full and control_nonbinary$EQ_full
## t = 15.931, df = 2916.4, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  1.325391 1.697437
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  8.875432  7.364018

t.test(control_females$EQ_full, control_nonbinary$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$EQ_full and control_nonbinary$EQ_full
## t = 36.251, df = 2894.4, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  3.247030 3.618374
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 10.796720  7.364018

t.test(control_females$EQ_full, control_males$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$EQ_full and control_males$EQ_full
## t = 155.09, df = 518030, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  1.897007 1.945568
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 10.796720  8.875432

# Sex differences - SQ
summary(aov(SQ_full ~sex, data = controls))

##              Df    Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

```



```
## sex                2   274647  137323    8588 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals        637809 10198360     16
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(control_males$SQ_full, control_nonbinary$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_males$SQ_full and control_nonbinary$SQ_full
## t = -26.433, df = 2909.6, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -2.511778 -2.164873
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 6.734478 9.072804

t.test(control_females$SQ_full, control_nonbinary$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$SQ_full and control_nonbinary$SQ_full
## t = -41.039, df = 2884.2, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -3.795517 -3.449369
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 5.450361 9.072804

t.test(control_females$SQ_full, control_males$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: control_females$SQ_full and control_males$SQ_full
## t = -122.11, df = 481110, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.304729 -1.263506
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 5.450361 6.734478

# Sex differences - SPQ
summary(aov(SPQ_full ~sex, data = controls))

##
## Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex 2 125766 62883 1961 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals 637809 20451742 32
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# Post-hoc t tests
```

```
t.test(control_males$SPQ_full, control_nonbinary$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: control_males$SPQ_full and control_nonbinary$SPQ_full  
## t = -29.435, df = 2911.5, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -3.602510 -3.152524  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 13.99455 17.37207
```

```
t.test(control_females$SPQ_full, control_nonbinary$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: control_females$SPQ_full and control_nonbinary$SPQ_full  
## t = -22.259, df = 2892.9, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -2.774738 -2.325471  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 14.82196 17.37207
```

```
t.test(control_females$SPQ_full, control_males$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: control_females$SPQ_full and control_males$SPQ_full  
## t = 57.099, df = 526580, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## 0.7990105 0.8558141  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 14.82196 13.99455
```

```
## Generate means and SDs
```

```
controls2 = controls[,c("sex", "AQ_full", "EQ_full", "SQ_full", "SPQ_full")]  
controls2 = na.omit(controls2)  
controls2_melt = melt(controls2, id.vars=c("sex"))  
ddply(controls2_melt, c("sex", "variable"), summarise,  
      mean = mean(value), sd = sd(value),  
      sem = sd(value)/sqrt(length(value)))
```

```
## sex variable mean sd sem  
## 1 1 AQ_full 3.570429 2.278934 0.004638778  
## 2 1 EQ_full 8.875432 4.756196 0.009681254
```

## 3	1	SQ_full	6.734478	4.180116	0.008508640
## 4	1	SPQ_full	13.994552	5.515901	0.011227636
## 5	2	AQ_full	3.169266	2.226789	0.003549372
## 6	2	EQ_full	10.796720	4.849119	0.007729213
## 7	2	SQ_full	5.450361	3.877523	0.006180545
## 8	2	SPQ_full	14.821964	5.747510	0.009161196
## 9	3	AQ_full	5.495275	2.678252	0.050106762
## 10	3	EQ_full	7.364018	5.044529	0.094376862
## 11	3	SQ_full	9.072804	4.706396	0.088050801
## 12	3	SPQ_full	17.372069	6.103894	0.114196260

Sex differences in cases

```
# Sex differences - AQ
summary(aov(AQ_full ~sex, data = cases))

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex              2   6374    3187   438.1 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals      37542 273146         7
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(autism_males$AQ_full, autism_nonbinary$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_males$AQ_full and autism_nonbinary$AQ_full
## t = -30.086, df = 1005.9, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -2.666689 -2.340129
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  4.875632  7.379041

t.test(autism_females$AQ_full, autism_nonbinary$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$AQ_full and autism_nonbinary$AQ_full
## t = -32.587, df = 1011.1, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -2.878446 -2.551468
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  4.664085  7.379041

t.test(autism_females$AQ_full, autism_males$AQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$AQ_full and autism_males$AQ_full
## t = -7.4906, df = 36638, p-value = 7.008e-14
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -0.2669022 -0.1561934
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  4.664085  4.875632
```

```

# Sex differences - EQ
summary(aov(EQ_full ~sex, data = cases))

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex              2  25147    12573   532.3 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals      37542 886795         24
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(autism_males$EQ_full, autism_nonbinary$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_males$EQ_full and autism_nonbinary$EQ_full
## t = 17.043, df = 1011.5, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  2.169916 2.734623
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  6.920497  4.468227

t.test(autism_females$EQ_full, autism_nonbinary$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$EQ_full and autism_nonbinary$EQ_full
## t = 26.293, df = 1026.4, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  3.513774 4.080541
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  8.265385  4.468227

t.test(autism_females$EQ_full, autism_males$EQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$EQ_full and autism_males$EQ_full
## t = 26.415, df = 36550, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  1.245096 1.444680
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  8.265385  6.920497

# Sex differences - SQ
summary(aov(SQ_full ~sex, data = cases))

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

```

```
## sex                2  25063   12531   610.5 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals         37542 770560     21
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Post-hoc t tests

t.test(autism_males$SQ_full, autism_nonbinary$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_males$SQ_full and autism_nonbinary$SQ_full
## t = -20.817, df = 962.95, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -4.166244 -3.448395
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  8.077854 11.885173

t.test(autism_females$SQ_full, autism_nonbinary$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$SQ_full and autism_nonbinary$SQ_full
## t = -26.251, df = 954.36, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -5.148551 -4.432304
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  7.094745 11.885173

t.test(autism_females$SQ_full, autism_males$SQ_full)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  autism_females$SQ_full and autism_males$SQ_full
## t = -20.866, df = 36441, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -1.0754565 -0.8907598
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  7.094745  8.077854

# Sex differences - SPQ
summary(aov(SPQ_full ~sex, data = cases))

##              Df  Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## sex           2    25065   12532   322.2 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals     37542 1460251     39
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# Post-hoc t tests
```

```
t.test(autism_males$SPQ_full, autism_nonbinary$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: autism_males$SPQ_full and autism_nonbinary$SPQ_full  
## t = -21.409, df = 967.92, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -5.583058 -4.645479  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 16.33055 21.44482
```

```
t.test(autism_females$SPQ_full, autism_nonbinary$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: autism_females$SPQ_full and autism_nonbinary$SPQ_full  
## t = -18.172, df = 964.3, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -4.805258 -3.868556  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 17.10791 21.44482
```

```
t.test(autism_females$SPQ_full, autism_males$SPQ_full)
```

```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: autism_females$SPQ_full and autism_males$SPQ_full  
## t = 11.968, df = 36607, p-value < 2.2e-16  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## 0.6500477 0.9046750  
## sample estimates:  
## mean of x mean of y  
## 17.10791 16.33055
```

```
cases2 = cases[,c("sex", "AQ_full", "EQ_full", "SQ_full", "SPQ_full")]  
cases2 = na.omit(cases2)  
cases2_melt = melt(cases2, id.vars=c("sex"))  
ddply(cases2_melt, c("sex", "variable"), summarise,  
      mean = mean(value), sd = sd(value),  
      sem = sd(value)/sqrt(length(value)))
```

```
## sex variable mean sd sem  
## 1 1 AQ_full 4.875632 2.662900 0.01974524  
## 2 1 EQ_full 6.920497 4.710717 0.03492967  
## 3 1 SQ_full 8.077854 4.642268 0.03442213  
## 4 1 SPQ_full 16.330548 6.272512 0.04651029
```

## 5	2	AQ_full	4.664085	2.743430	0.02019194
## 6	2	EQ_full	8.265385	5.032808	0.03704201
## 7	2	SQ_full	7.094745	4.371088	0.03217168
## 8	2	SPQ_full	17.107909	6.160577	0.04534251
## 9	3	AQ_full	7.379041	2.420874	0.08083064
## 10	3	EQ_full	4.468227	4.180544	0.13958430
## 11	3	SQ_full	11.885173	5.379895	0.17962947
## 12	3	SPQ_full	21.444816	7.017637	0.23431208

Linear regression

```
summary(lm(scale(AQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) + education + age, data = da
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(AQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) +
##     education + age, data = data2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.0710 -0.7295 -0.1388  0.6524  3.1113
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.1789576  0.0164837  71.523  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -0.8659974  0.0161247 -53.706  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.0239831  0.0160970 -63.613  <2e-16 ***
## as.character(autism)1    0.5755212  0.0052547 109.526  <2e-16 ***
## education         -0.0897679  0.0013197 -68.019  <2e-16 ***
## age                -0.0008745  0.0001001  -8.735  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9793 on 675348 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04096,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.04095
## F-statistic:  5768 on 5 and 675348 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(lm(scale(EQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) + education + age, data = da
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(EQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) +
##     education + age, data = data2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.36040 -0.72165  0.01259  0.71770  2.92382
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      -7.999e-01  1.634e-02 -48.968  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1  3.221e-01  1.598e-02  20.159  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2  6.927e-01  1.595e-02  43.423  <2e-16 ***
## as.character(autism)1    -4.206e-01  5.207e-03 -80.766  <2e-16 ***
## education          9.817e-02  1.308e-03  75.058  <2e-16 ***
## age                9.491e-04  9.922e-05   9.566  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9705 on 675348 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.05814,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.05813
```

```
## F-statistic: 8337 on 5 and 675348 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(scale(SQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) + education + age, data = da

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(SQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) +
##     education + age, data = data2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.8330 -0.7602 -0.1495  0.5925  3.6622
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      0.6335807  0.0164898   38.42  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -0.6531061  0.0161307  -40.49  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -0.9846514  0.0161030  -61.15  <2e-16 ***
## as.character(autism)1    0.4028954  0.0052566   76.64  <2e-16 ***
## education          0.0137508  0.0013202   10.41  <2e-16 ***
## age                0.0055163  0.0001002   55.08  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9797 on 675348 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04024, Adjusted R-squared:  0.04023
## F-statistic: 5663 on 5 and 675348 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(scale(SPQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) + education + age, data = d

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(SPQ_full) ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3") + as.character(autism) +
##     education + age, data = data2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.0826 -0.7059 -0.0262  0.6876  3.0274
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      0.5488396  0.0165653   33.13  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -0.6463591  0.0162045  -39.89  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -0.5288013  0.0161767  -32.69  <2e-16 ***
## as.character(autism)1    0.4183973  0.0052807   79.23  <2e-16 ***
## education          -0.0978069  0.0013263  -73.75  <2e-16 ***
## age                0.0084765  0.0001006   84.25  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9842 on 675348 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.03144, Adjusted R-squared:  0.03143
## F-statistic: 4384 on 5 and 675348 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Case-control AQ, EQ, SQ, and SPQ

```
males = subset(data2, sex == "1")
females = subset(data2, sex == "2")
others = subset(data2, sex == "3")

t.test(others$AQ_full ~ others$autism)

##
##  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  others$AQ_full by others$autism
## t = -19.808, df = 1640.9, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -2.070299 -1.697234
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
##      5.495275      7.379041

t.test(others$EQ_full ~ others$autism)

##
##  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  others$EQ_full by others$autism
## t = 17.186, df = 1785.4, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##   2.565321 3.226260
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
##      7.364018      4.468227

t.test(others$SQ_full ~ others$autism)

##
##  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  others$SQ_full by others$autism
## t = -14.058, df = 1353.8, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -3.204809 -2.419929
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
##      9.072804     11.885173

t.test(others$SPQ_full ~ others$autism)

##
##  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  others$SPQ_full by others$autism
## t = -15.625, df = 1348.3, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
```

```
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -4.584088 -3.561407
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
##      17.37207      21.44482

data2melt = data2[,c ("sex", "autism", "AQ_full", "EQ_full", "SQ_full", "SPQ_full" )]
data2melt = data2melt[!is.na(data2melt$AQ_full),]
data2melt = melt(data2melt, id.vars=c("sex", "autism"))
```

```
head(data2melt)
```

```
##   sex autism variable value
## 1    2      1 AQ_full     6
## 2    1      1 AQ_full     6
## 3    1      0 AQ_full     6
## 4    1      0 AQ_full     3
## 5    3      1 AQ_full     6
## 6    2      1 AQ_full     1
```

```
ddply(data2melt, c("sex", "autism", "variable"), summarise,
      mean = mean(value), sd = sd(value),
      sem = sd(value)/sqrt(length(value)))
```

```
##   sex autism variable      mean      sd      sem
## 1    1      0 AQ_full  3.570429 2.278934 0.004638778
## 2    1      0 EQ_full  8.875432 4.756196 0.009681254
## 3    1      0 SQ_full  6.734478 4.180116 0.008508640
## 4    1      0 SPQ_full 13.994552 5.515901 0.011227636
## 5    1      1 AQ_full  4.875632 2.662900 0.019745239
## 6    1      1 EQ_full  6.920497 4.710717 0.034929673
## 7    1      1 SQ_full  8.077854 4.642268 0.034422132
## 8    1      1 SPQ_full 16.330548 6.272512 0.046510289
## 9    2      0 AQ_full  3.169266 2.226789 0.003549372
## 10   2      0 EQ_full 10.796720 4.849119 0.007729213
## 11   2      0 SQ_full  5.450361 3.877523 0.006180545
## 12   2      0 SPQ_full 14.821964 5.747510 0.009161196
## 13   2      1 AQ_full  4.664085 2.743430 0.020191941
## 14   2      1 EQ_full  8.265385 5.032808 0.037042007
## 15   2      1 SQ_full  7.094745 4.371088 0.032171680
## 16   2      1 SPQ_full 17.107909 6.160577 0.045342508
## 17   3      0 AQ_full  5.495275 2.678252 0.050106762
## 18   3      0 EQ_full  7.364018 5.044529 0.094376862
## 19   3      0 SQ_full  9.072804 4.706396 0.088050801
## 20   3      0 SPQ_full 17.372069 6.103894 0.114196260
## 21   3      1 AQ_full  7.379041 2.420874 0.080830635
## 22   3      1 EQ_full  4.468227 4.180544 0.139584297
## 23   3      1 SQ_full 11.885173 5.379895 0.179629475
## 24   3      1 SPQ_full 21.444816 7.017637 0.234312083
```

Brain type analysis

Others control percentage

#Sex distribution

```
controls = subset(data2, autism == "0")
other_controls = subset(controls, sex == "3")

cat("total number of nonbinary individuals is", nrow(other_controls))

## total number of nonbinary individuals is 2857
extremeE = subset(other_controls, braintype == "1")
E = subset(other_controls, braintype == "2")
B = subset(other_controls, braintype == "3")
S = subset(other_controls, braintype == "4")
extremeS = subset(other_controls, braintype == "5")

cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with extreme E is", (nrow(extremeE)/nrow(other_controls))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with extreme E is 0.3850193
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with E is", (nrow(E)/nrow(other_controls))*100 )

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with E is 13.40567
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with B is", (nrow(B)/nrow(other_controls))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with B is 20.86104
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with S is", (nrow(S)/nrow(other_controls))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with S is 52.78264
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with Extreme S is", (nrow(extremeS)/nrow(other_controls))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with Extreme S is 12.56563
```

Brain type analysis

Other cases percentage

```
#Sex distribution

cases = subset(data2, autism == "1")
other_cases = subset(cases, sex == "3")

cat("total number of nonbinary individuals is", nrow(other_cases))

## total number of nonbinary individuals is 897
extremeE = subset(other_cases, braintype == "1")
E = subset(other_cases, braintype == "2")
B = subset(other_cases, braintype == "3")
S = subset(other_cases, braintype == "4")
extremeS = subset(other_cases, braintype == "5")

cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with extreme E is", (nrow(extremeE)/nrow(other_cases))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with extreme E is 0.1114827
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with E is", (nrow(E)/nrow(other_cases))*100 )

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with E is 3.567447
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with B is", (nrow(B)/nrow(other_cases))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with B is 10.47938
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with S is", (nrow(S)/nrow(other_cases))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with S is 49.94426
cat("percentage of nonbinary individuals with Extreme S is", (nrow(extremeS)/nrow(other_cases))*100)

## percentage of nonbinary individuals with Extreme S is 35.89744
```

Other conditions

```
#ADHD

summary(glm(autism ~ binary + scale(age) + scale(education), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = autism ~ binary + scale(age) + scale(education),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.1415  -0.3769  -0.3197  -0.2344   3.3828
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
```

```
## (Intercept)      -3.020027    0.006286 -480.47    <2e-16 ***
## binarynonbinary    1.491292    0.039747   37.52    <2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.538953    0.007253  -74.30    <2e-16 ***
## scale(education) -0.309932    0.005396  -57.43    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 289950  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 276876  on 675350  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 276884
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ADHD ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6761  -0.2760  -0.2760  -0.2760   2.5640
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.248834    0.006434 -504.97    <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.889296    0.040987   46.09    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 219481  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 218029  on 675355  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 218033
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ADHD ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.9303  -0.3012  -0.2700  -0.2409   2.9850
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.02564    0.03245 -93.248    < 2e-16 ***
```

```

## scale(age)                -0.24142    0.00738 -32.711 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1      0.41657    0.03806  10.945 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2     -0.20630    0.03375  -6.113 9.77e-10 ***
## as.factor(education)3     -0.40994    0.03420 -11.987 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4     -0.41143    0.03814 -10.789 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.73490    0.04157  41.735 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 219481  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 215525  on 675347  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 215539
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ADHD ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.7506  -0.2787  -0.2571  -0.2303   2.9831
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.794747    0.043297 -64.548 < 2e-16 ***
## age           -0.017644    0.000654 -26.979 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.471333    0.046374  10.164 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.045647    0.041316  -1.105  0.269
## as.factor(education)3   -0.210193    0.041649  -5.047 4.49e-07 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.231379    0.045311  -5.106 3.28e-07 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.482851    0.054369  27.274 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 186019  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 183946  on 637802  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 183960
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ADHD ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,

```



```

##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6761  -0.3240  -0.2413  -0.2413   2.6650
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -1.35954    0.04048  -33.59  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.56108    0.04145  -37.66  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -2.16247    0.04154  -52.06  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 219481  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 215862  on 675354  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 215868
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ADHD ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = "binomial"))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.9140  -0.3081  -0.2589  -0.2270   2.9939
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -1.265658    0.051611  -24.523  < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.195703    0.007415  -26.392  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.397590    0.038146   10.423  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.212184    0.033805   -6.277 3.46e-10 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.413193    0.034261  -12.060  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.394866    0.038215  -10.333  < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.462044    0.041926  -34.872  < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.994073    0.042109  -47.355  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 219481  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 213878  on 675346  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 213894
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

```

```
summary(glm(ADHD ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ADHD ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##   ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.7372  -0.2894  -0.2434  -0.2180   2.9912
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.3904452   0.0678981  -20.478  < 2e-16 ***
## age           -0.0142315   0.0006571  -21.657  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.4541438   0.0464504    9.777  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.0510966   0.0413642   -1.235    0.217
## as.factor(education)3   -0.2131103   0.0416991   -5.111 3.21e-07 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.2157886   0.0453815   -4.755 1.98e-06 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.2233147   0.0547310  -22.351  < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.7174025   0.0548405  -31.316  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 186019  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 182764  on 637801  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 182780
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
#ADHD
```

```
summary(glm(bipolar ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial,
##   data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4110  -0.1871  -0.1871  -0.1871   2.8476
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -4.036862   0.009346  -431.92  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.607761   0.060553   26.55  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 120144 on 675356 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 119674 on 675355 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 119678
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
summary(glm(bipolar ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5610  -0.1994  -0.1670  -0.1642   2.9568
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.829570   0.048306  -79.277  <2e-16 ***
## scale(age)       0.014931   0.009255   1.613   0.107
## as.factor(education)1    0.481561  0.055420   8.689  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.073744  0.050200  -1.469   0.142
## as.factor(education)3   -0.459437  0.051221  -8.970  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.513047  0.056308  -9.111  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.505416  0.061053  24.658  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 120144 on 675353 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 118667 on 675347 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 118681
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
summary(glm(bipolar ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5577  -0.1975  -0.1650  -0.1629   2.9616
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.9232022  0.0580771  -67.552  < 2e-16 ***
## age              0.0009964  0.0007903   1.261   0.207
```

```
## as.factor(education)1      0.5109669  0.0608800   8.393 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2     -0.0290739  0.0552937  -0.526    0.599
## as.factor(education)3     -0.4120638  0.0562323  -7.328 2.34e-13 ***
## as.factor(education)4     -0.4656962  0.0610591  -7.627 2.40e-14 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.5442986  0.0703940  21.938 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 110760  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 109536  on 637802  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 109550
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

```
summary(glm(bipolar ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,
##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4110  -0.2041  -0.2041  -0.1565   2.9695
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.42910    0.05983  -40.60 <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.96764    0.06245  -31.51 <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.43212    0.06082  -23.55 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 120144  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 118976  on 675354  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 118982
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

```
summary(glm(bipolar ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5492  -0.2172  -0.1782  -0.1665   3.1063
##
```

```

## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.346599   0.076219 -30.788 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.024381   0.009435  -2.584 0.00977 **
## as.factor(education)1    0.505021   0.055445   9.108 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.066992   0.050233  -1.334 0.18233
## as.factor(education)3   -0.455909   0.051251  -8.896 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.527840   0.056315  -9.373 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.864394   0.062875 -29.653 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.302408   0.061442 -21.197 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 120144  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 117917  on 675346  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 117933
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
summary(glm(bipolar ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = bipolar ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##    ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5510  -0.2140  -0.1764  -0.1648   3.1129
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.3076849   0.0889056 -25.957 < 2e-16 ***
## age              -0.0021365   0.0008053  -2.653 0.00798 **
## as.factor(education)1    0.5335010   0.0609020   8.760 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.0218373   0.0553290  -0.395 0.69308
## as.factor(education)3   -0.4078247   0.0562657  -7.248 4.22e-13 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.4795721   0.0610671  -7.853 4.06e-15 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.9046764   0.0721647 -26.393 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.3477789   0.0707468 -19.051 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 110760  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 108863  on 637801  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 108879
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7

```

#ADHD

```
summary(glm(depression ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial,
##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.2461  -0.7305  -0.7305  -0.7305   1.7039
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.184907    0.002881  -411.22  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.345078    0.032874   40.92  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 737859  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 736243  on 675355  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 736247
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
summary(glm(depression ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) +
##      as.factor(binary), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.9105  -0.7304  -0.6840  -0.6230   1.9179
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.087603    0.016348  -66.53  <2e-16 ***
## scale(age)       0.217706    0.002841   76.63  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.330490    0.019501   16.95  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.010848    0.016960   -0.64    0.522
## as.factor(education)3   -0.219670    0.017062  -12.88  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.343507    0.018228  -18.84  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.374098    0.033122   41.49  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 737857  on 675353  degrees of freedom
```

```
## Residual deviance: 726953 on 675347 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 726967
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
summary(glm(depression ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.9080  -0.7316  -0.6868  -0.6244   1.9144
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -1.5877184   0.0188474  -84.241  <2e-16 ***
## age              0.0174329   0.0002386   73.078  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.3218271   0.0206632   15.575  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.0120543   0.0180098   -0.669    0.503
## as.factor(education)3   -0.2246294   0.0180980  -12.412  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.3492554   0.0192108  -18.180  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.3928264   0.0379012   36.749  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 698123 on 637808 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 688247 on 637802 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 688261
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
summary(glm(depression ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,
##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.2461  -0.8156  -0.5839  -0.5839   1.9252
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      0.16017    0.03275   4.891   1e-06 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.84279    0.03319  -55.524  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.09011    0.03293  -33.105  <2e-16 ***
## ---
```

```

## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 737859  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 721520  on 675354  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 721526
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
summary(glm(depression ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, fam

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) +
##      relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.8207  -0.7849  -0.6145  -0.5133   2.1112
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      0.2612492   0.0366189    7.134 9.73e-13 ***
## scale(age)        0.1712682   0.0029033   58.991 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1  0.3726527   0.0197133   18.904 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2  0.0008459   0.0171383    0.049  0.961
## as.factor(education)3 -0.2147128   0.0172382  -12.456 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4 -0.3649197   0.0184010  -19.831 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.8261760   0.0334058  -54.667 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.1103445   0.0331791  -33.465 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 737857  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 714142  on 675346  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 714158
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
summary(glm(depression ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = b

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = depression ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.8199  -0.7886  -0.6181  -0.5114   2.1127
##
## Coefficients:

```



```
##               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -0.1076641  0.0418893  -2.570   0.0102 *
## age               0.0136563  0.0002438  56.009  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1  0.3636888  0.0208921  17.408  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)2  0.0005899  0.0182047   0.032   0.9741
## as.factor(education)3 -0.2186142  0.0182912 -11.952  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4 -0.3698969  0.0193994 -19.067  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.8592006  0.0381700 -48.708  <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.1318099  0.0379460 -29.827  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 698123  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 675824  on 637801  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 675840
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

#ADHD

```
summary(glm(ld ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ld ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4963  -0.2677  -0.2677  -0.2677   2.5871
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.310806   0.006621 -500.03  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.278733   0.051420   24.87  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 207830  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 207377  on 675355  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 207381
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ld ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ld ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
```

```

## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6583  -0.2891  -0.2726  -0.2319   3.0596
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.018807   0.032171 -93.838 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.321452   0.008104 -39.668 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.107409   0.039411   2.725 0.00642 **
## as.factor(education)2   -0.497133   0.033800 -14.708 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.297876   0.033667  -8.848 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.280418   0.037495  -7.479 7.5e-14 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.145296   0.051851  22.088 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 207830  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 205070  on 675347  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 205084
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ld ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ld ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4744  -0.2818  -0.2623  -0.2232   3.0842
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.465295   0.041940 -58.781 < 2e-16 ***
## age              -0.026325   0.000709 -37.129 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.123105   0.046749   2.633 0.00846 **
## as.factor(education)2   -0.360345   0.039970  -9.015 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.117050   0.039721  -2.947 0.00321 **
## as.factor(education)4   -0.109330   0.043250  -2.528 0.01148 *
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 0.635838   0.076222   8.342 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 184175  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 182247  on 637802  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 182261
##

```

```
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ld ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## glm(formula = ld ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,
```

```
## data = data2)
```

```
##
```

```
## Deviance Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

```
## -0.4963 -0.2764 -0.2621 -0.2621  2.6031
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
```

```
## (Intercept)      -2.03207    0.05099  -39.85  <2e-16 ***
```

```
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.21385    0.05203  -23.33  <2e-16 ***
```

```
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.32170    0.05172  -25.56  <2e-16 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
```

```
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
```

```
## Null deviance: 207830 on 675356 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Residual deviance: 207313 on 675354 degrees of freedom
```

```
## AIC: 207319
```

```
##
```

```
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ld ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## glm(formula = ld ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
```

```
## ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
```

```
##
```

```
## Deviance Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

```
## -0.6579 -0.2882 -0.2716 -0.2314  3.0548
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
```

```
## (Intercept)      -1.872769    0.059974  -31.226  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## scale(age)        -0.320057    0.008188  -39.090  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## as.factor(education)1  0.106888    0.039414   2.712  0.00669 **
```

```
## as.factor(education)2 -0.497235    0.033800  -14.711  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## as.factor(education)3 -0.297864    0.033667   -8.847  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## as.factor(education)4 -0.279849    0.037498   -7.463  8.46e-14 ***
```

```
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.136186    0.052419  -21.675  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.152291    0.052191  -22.078  < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
```

```
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
```

```

##      Null deviance: 207830  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 205069  on 675346  degrees of freedom
##      (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 205085
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ld ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ld ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4751  -0.2817  -0.2614  -0.2234   3.0941
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -1.8239468   0.0857090  -21.281  < 2e-16 ***
## age              -0.0265601   0.0007167  -37.060  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.1240804   0.0467497   2.654  0.00795 **
## as.factor(education)2   -0.3601478   0.0399697  -9.011  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.1170963   0.0397202  -2.948  0.00320 **
## as.factor(education)4   -0.1105415   0.0432521  -2.556  0.01060 *
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -0.6554197   0.0767040  -8.545  < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -0.6216852   0.0764680  -8.130  4.29e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 184175  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 182241  on 637801  degrees of freedom
##      (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 182257
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
#ADHD
summary(glm(ocd ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5036  -0.2245  -0.2245  -0.2245   2.7178
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -3.668035   0.007832  -468.32  <2e-16 ***

```

```

## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.666797 0.050999 32.68 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 159955 on 675356 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 159235 on 675355 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 159239
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ocd ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6526  -0.2375  -0.2141  -0.2068   2.9010
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.338989    0.038108  -87.620 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)      -0.084824    0.008237  -10.298 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.255990    0.045222   5.661 1.51e-08 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.278678    0.039863  -6.991 2.73e-12 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.496284    0.040433 -12.274 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.507352    0.044777 -11.331 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary 1.552956    0.051413  30.205 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 159955 on 675353 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 158328 on 675347 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 158342
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ocd ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4588  -0.2310  -0.2094  -0.2021   2.8801
##

```

```
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.2997525   0.0477802 -69.061 < 2e-16 ***
## age            -0.0054594   0.0007097  -7.693 1.44e-14 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.2254755   0.0516828   4.363 1.28e-05 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.2013353   0.0453493  -4.440 9.01e-06 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.4060144   0.0458209  -8.861 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.4464215   0.0499784  -8.932 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  0.9630933   0.0774669  12.432 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 142770  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 142077  on 637802  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 142091
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ocd ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,
##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.5036  -0.2450  -0.2450  -0.1878   2.8448
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.00124    0.05039  -39.71 <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -2.02756    0.05257  -38.57 <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.49022    0.05123  -29.09 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 159955  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 158233  on 675354  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 158239
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
summary(glm(ocd ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = b

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
```

```

## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6661  -0.2408  -0.2205  -0.1885   3.0636
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -1.808965    0.062669 -28.865 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.127988    0.008398 -15.240 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.277942    0.045263   6.141 8.22e-10 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.273650    0.039907  -6.857 7.02e-12 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.495133    0.040474 -12.233 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.525090    0.044797 -11.722 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.930024    0.052951 -36.449 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.339127    0.051751 -25.876 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 159955  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 157142  on 675346  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 157158
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
summary(glm(ocd ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ocd ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.4708  -0.2383  -0.2179  -0.1771   3.1017
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.2416306    0.0893650 -25.084 < 2e-16 ***
## age              -0.0095538    0.0007244 -13.188 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.2507753    0.0517371   4.847 1.25e-06 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.1947281    0.0454138  -4.288 1.80e-05 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -0.4039453    0.0458829  -8.804 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -0.4666981    0.0500135  -9.331 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.4344666    0.0788174 -18.200 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -0.7199334    0.0776966  -9.266 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 142770  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 140595  on 637801  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)

```

```

## AIC: 140611
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
#ADHD

summary(glm(scz ~ as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ as.factor(binary), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.3643  -0.0684  -0.0684  -0.0684   3.4808
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -6.05561    0.02526 -239.74  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  3.37618    0.07122  47.41  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 25076  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 23962  on 675355  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 23966
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
summary(glm(scz ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6683  -0.0787  -0.0571  -0.0506   3.9740
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -5.18507    0.08460 -61.292  < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.40024    0.02957 -13.537  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.36840    0.09773   3.770 0.000164 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.89248    0.09013  -9.902  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -1.56771    0.09882 -15.865  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -1.28534    0.12157 -10.572  < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  2.99923    0.07392  40.576  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##

```



```
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 25076 on 675353 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 23013 on 675347 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 23027
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
summary(glm(scz ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary), data = data3, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ age + as.factor(education) + as.factor(binary),
##      family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.2627  -0.0676  -0.0477  -0.0429   3.9615
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -5.008444    0.140512 -35.644 < 2e-16 ***
## age             -0.021157    0.002865  -7.385 1.53e-13 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.224335    0.145041   1.547  0.122
## as.factor(education)2   -0.649929    0.128537  -5.056 4.27e-07 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -1.366597    0.137298  -9.953 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -1.462764    0.171826  -8.513 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(binary)nonbinary  1.773234    0.176610  10.040 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 15545 on 637808 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15103 on 637802 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 15117
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
summary(glm(scz ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = binomial))

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ relevel(sex, ref = "3"), family = binomial,
##      data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.3643  -0.0850  -0.0555  -0.0555   3.5987
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -2.67943    0.06659  -40.24 <2e-16 ***
```

```

## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -2.94202    0.07420  -39.65   <2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -3.79433    0.07753  -48.94   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 25076  on 675356  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 23681  on 675354  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 23687
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
summary(glm(scz ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data2, family = b

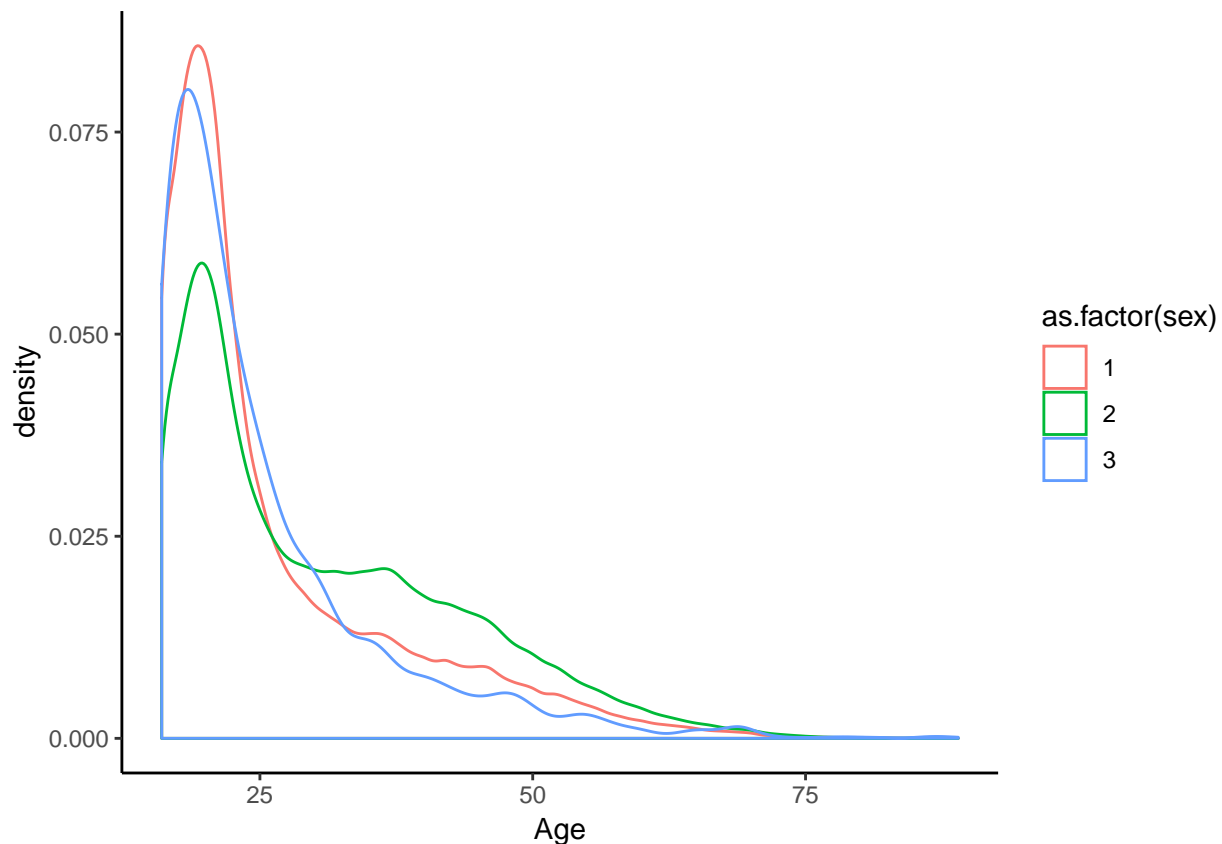
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ scale(age) + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data2)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6556  -0.0691  -0.0602  -0.0450   4.0159
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      -2.14209     0.10620  -20.170 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(age)        -0.33744     0.02958  -11.409 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.34977     0.09783   3.575 0.00035 ***
## as.factor(education)2   -0.89767     0.09016  -9.957 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -1.56923     0.09887 -15.872 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -1.26158     0.12170 -10.367 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -2.66046     0.07632 -34.858 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -3.38813     0.08047 -42.104 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 25076  on 675353  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 22814  on 675346  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 22830
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
summary(glm(scz ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex, ref = "3"), data = data3, family = binomial

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = scz ~ age + as.factor(education) + relevel(sex,
##      ref = "3"), family = binomial, data = data3)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max

```

```
## -0.2594 -0.0633 -0.0510 -0.0415 3.9510
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    -3.291183   0.215791 -15.252 < 2e-16 ***
## age            -0.018499   0.002886  -6.410 1.45e-10 ***
## as.factor(education)1    0.212069   0.145144   1.461  0.144
## as.factor(education)2   -0.653261   0.128546  -5.082 3.74e-07 ***
## as.factor(education)3   -1.367709   0.137318  -9.960 < 2e-16 ***
## as.factor(education)4   -1.450566   0.171916  -8.438 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")1 -1.579618   0.179096  -8.820 < 2e-16 ***
## relevel(sex, ref = "3")2 -1.953118   0.179691 -10.869 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##    Null deviance: 15545  on 637808  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 15069  on 637801  degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 15085
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
```

```
ggplot(data2, aes(x=age, colour=as.factor(sex))) + geom_density() + theme_classic() + xlab("Age")
```



```
summary(aov(age ~ as.factor(sex), data = data2))

##                Df    Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## as.factor(sex)    2  2744483 1372241    9484 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals        675354 97720984    145
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

summary_edu = setDT(data2)[, list(count=.N) , list(sex, education)]

summary_edu

##      sex education  count
## 1:    2          4 66633
## 2:    1          0  7704
## 3:    1          1 15767
## 4:    1          3 98952
## 5:    3          1   553
## 6:    2          3 151606
## 7:    3          2  1543
## 8:    2          2 157298
## 9:    1          4 29394
## 10:   1          2 107725
## 11:   2          1 24290
## 12:   2          0 12231
## 13:   3          3  1077
## 14:   3          4   391
## 15:   3          0   190
## 16:   2         NA     2
## 17:   1         NA     1

ggplot(data2, aes(sex, fill = as.factor(education))) + geom_bar(position = 'fill') + theme_classic()
```

