

STREAM ME UP BEFORE YOU GO-GO: A TALE OF 2 STREAMS

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WHAT WE DO

Game Intelligence & Optimization cloud service

- Profile your player
- Predict her behavior
- Adapt your game to her
- Let AI optimize it
- All this made dead easy for you

WHAT WE DO

SematicLens with GameOptix technology

Scalable Distributed Stateful Fault-Tolerant Real-Time Computation System

- Inter-operability
- Focus on Evolution processes
- Al Service oriented at games / gamification processes (i.e. challenge / reward cycle)
- In production



O ABOUT

STREAM PROCESSING

- Some data naturally comes as a never-ending stream of events
- One-pass nature
- Sometimes data is huge and it is not even possible to store it
- It has evolved to a Big data technology





& BACKGROUND

The story so far...

2011: Heterogeneous Concurrency Framework for Multimedia Processing (*Diploma Thesis*)

2013: LDB Stream DataBase (BugSense - acquired by Splunk)

2014: Fleet Management Dynamic Messaging (DGA)

2016: SemanticLens Stream Processing (Autofire)





PATTERNS

CQS: Bertrand Meyer (Eiffel Language - 1986)

Design by Contract

Command-Query Separation

Uniform Access Principle

Single Choice Principle

Open-Closed Principle



PATTERNS

Command-Query Responsibility Segregation (CQRS)

Different models for Writing (Command) and Reading (Query)

- Greg Young

Event Sourcing (ES)

Ensures that all changes to application state are stored as a sequence of events

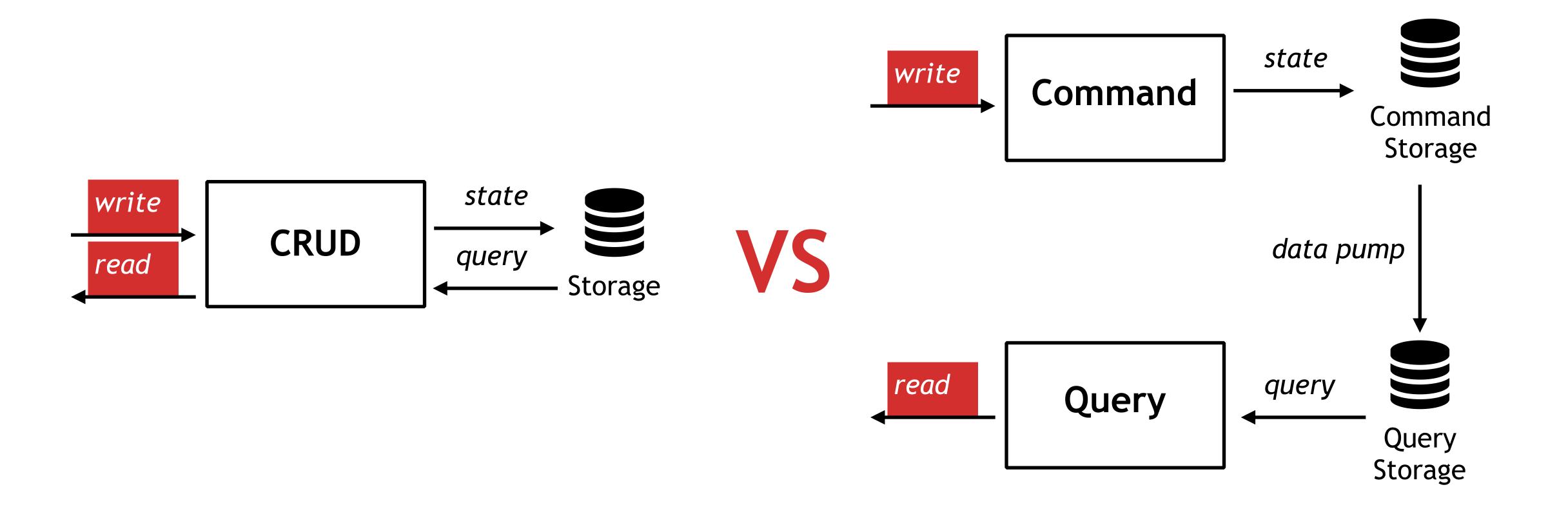
- Martin Fowler

Domain-Driven Design (DDD)

The domain is the "sphere of knowledge and activity around which the application logic revolves"

- Eric Evans

CRUD VS CQRS





SEMANTICLENS

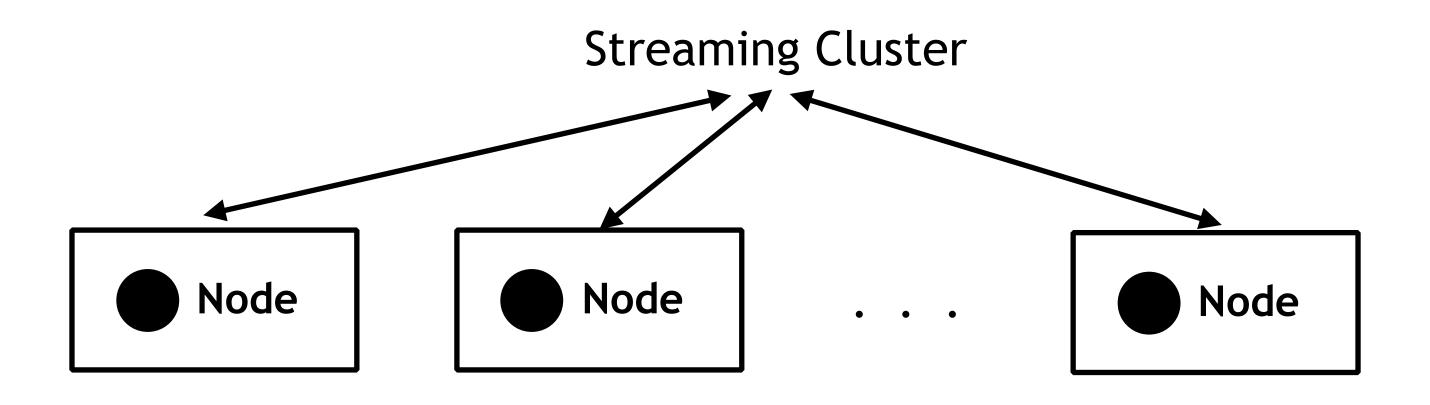
WHY

Focus on the Business Logic - not so simple / free

- State management
- I/O, Concurrency
- Lifecycle (init, tear down)
- Efficiency, Scalability
- Flexibility, Modularity
- Error handling, Supervision
- Robustness, Correctness
- ...et al

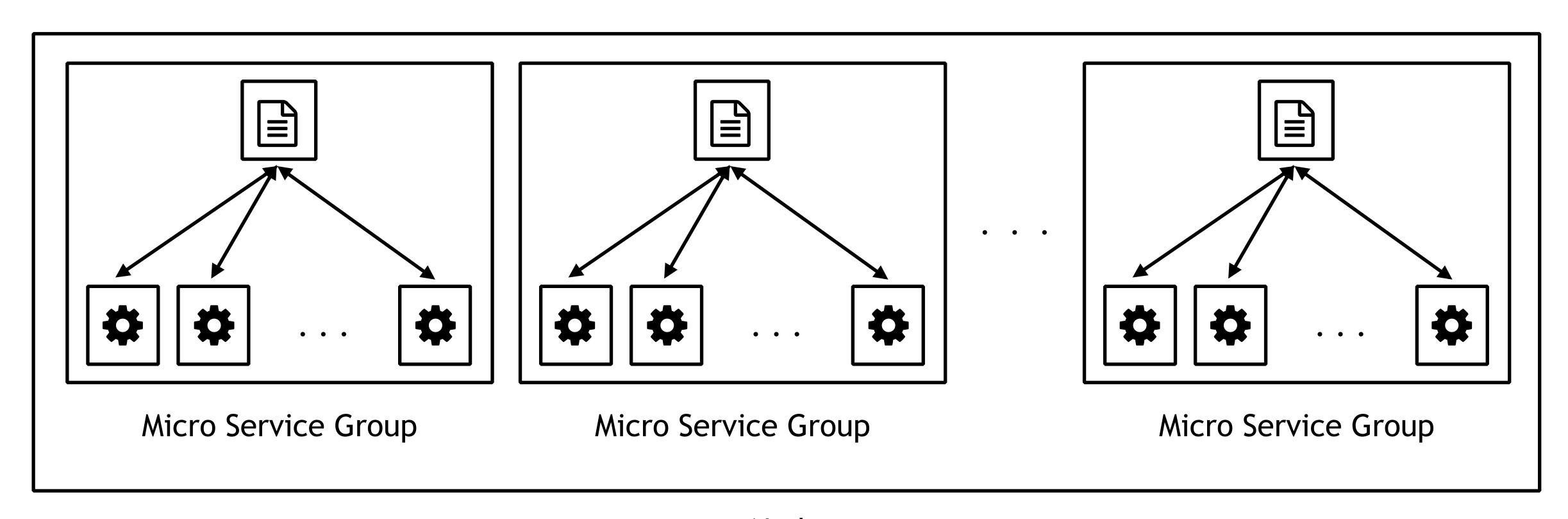


M SEMANTICLENS ARCHITECTURE

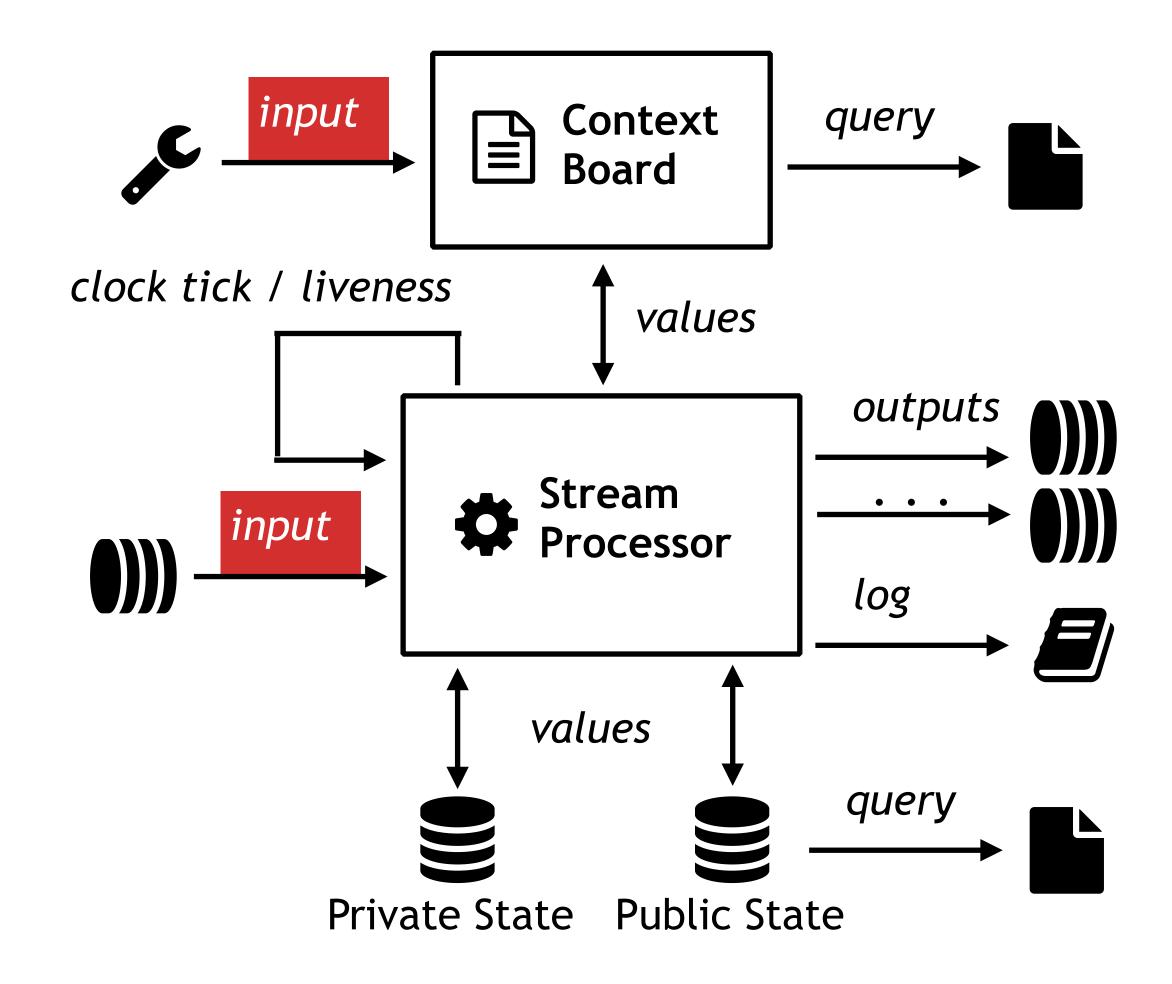




M SEMANTICLENS ARCHITECTURE



* MICRO SERVICE: PROCESSOR & BOARD





* MICRO SERVICE: PROCESSOR & BOARD

Down to the core

- Board
 - getValue(), setValue()
 - Micro Service Group
 - Key, Value Hash Map
 - Can be queried
 - Changes (deltas) are not recorded by default (ideal for CRUD)



* MICRO SERVICE: PROCESSOR & BOARD

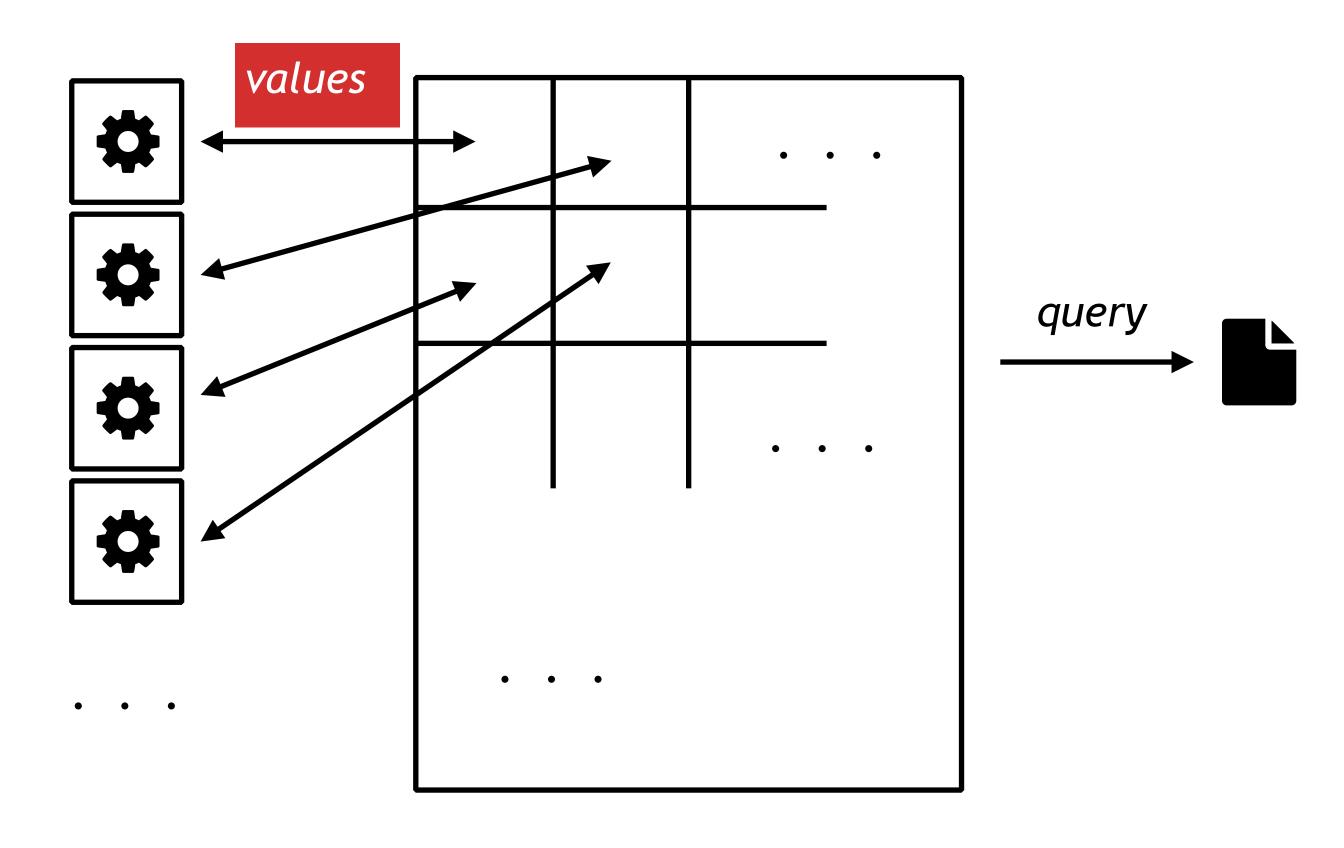
- Down to the core
- Processor
 - processInput()
 - Micro Service
 - Structure with attributes, methods and life cycle
 - Cannot be directly queried (its **Public State** can be queried)
 - Changes (deltas) can be recorded (ideal for CQRS Command)



COMPUTATION / PROCESSING MODEL

- Unit of Computation: Processor
- A Processor does sequential processing
- A Processor is implementing a Micro Service Business Logic
- Subject: Each Processor's Entity ID
- A Processor resembles (a little bit) a Java 9+
 j.u.c.Flow.Processor
byte[], byte[][]>
- A Board contains Processors' configuration
- A Board serves requests sequentially

QUERY



Public States



PATTERNS

OLAP Hypercubes / Fact Tables

- o Domain: DataBase
- Fact: Table
- Dimensions: Row
- Value: Column





Query API Overview

- Functional style (as opposed to SQL-like)
- Abstract Organization: DataBase, Table, Row, Column
- Sources: Fetch filtered Organizations
- Flow:
 - Tables(filter, duplicate, drop, flatten, join)
 - Rows(reduce)
 - Columns(map, reduce, apply_function)
- Sink: View optionally written to a DataBase (Materialized View)
- View: Data Frame



REQUEST

```
"sources": [{
  "dataBase": "reducers",
  "filterFunction": {
    "tables": ["STA-H"],
    "columns": ["Count", "Uniq"],
    "rows": ["row_filter", {"dimensionsPaths": [[".", [
      [["Y", ["from", 2018, "to", 2018]], ["M", ["from", 11, "to", 11]], ["D", ["from", 5, "to", 7]], ["H", ["from", 0, "to", 23]]],
      []
    ] ] ] } ]
}],
"flow": {
  "imperativeOption":[
    ["reduce_rows", {
      "tables": ["STA-H"],
      "reduceFunction": [["fn", ["append"]], ["D"]]
    } ]
  "viewOption": ["ASC"]
```



RESPONSE

```
"response": {
 "sinkType": "SparseDF",
 "flowResult": {
   "result": {
     "code": 1,
     "analyzer": [
        ["rowsFilter(xxxx;STA-H)", 0],
        ["getDimensionsPathRows(xxxx;STA-H)::getRange", 278],
        ["addBinaryIR", 1],
        ["reduceRows", 0],
        ["toSparseDF", 1]
   },
   "body": {"dataFrame": [
      ["/Y=2018/M=11/D=05/", [["STA-H#Count", 1361]]],
      ["/Y=2018/M=11/D=06/", [["STA-H#Count", 1243]]],
      ["/Y=2018/M=11/D=07/", [["STA-H#Count", 439]]]
```



E CAPABILITIES

- Data Frame adapter (ready-to-render results)
- Modular design that scales (up and out) and interoperates with other systems
- Cloud and On-prem deployment capabilities
- Allows implementation of industry standard and proprietary algorithms from various science disciplines (Machine Learning, Data Mining, Evolution Theory, Control Theory, Linear Programming / Optimizations, Approximation Theory, Finite Element Analysis)



PATTERNS

CQRS / ES (Command Query Responsibility Segregation with Event Sourcing)

- Aggregate Root: Processor
- Aggregate: Subject
- Command / Event: Protocol, Processor input validation, Processor input to output
- Service Group
- Event Stream is persisted



E COMPARE TO

- Apache Apex
- Apache Samza
- Apache Storm
- Apache Flink
- Apache Spark Streaming
- Google Pregel & Dremel
- Lightbend Lagom
- Apache Drill



GAMEOPTIX



AUTOFIRE GAMEOPTIX

- Games Domain
- SemanticLens Processors implementing Game Event processing (Scala, Scalaz)
- SemanticLens Queries (Scala, Scalaz)
- Off-line post-processing (Hadoop)
- Autofire Client SDKs (in Autofire enabled devices)
- Autofire Dashboard (PHP Laravel, JavaScript Vue.js)

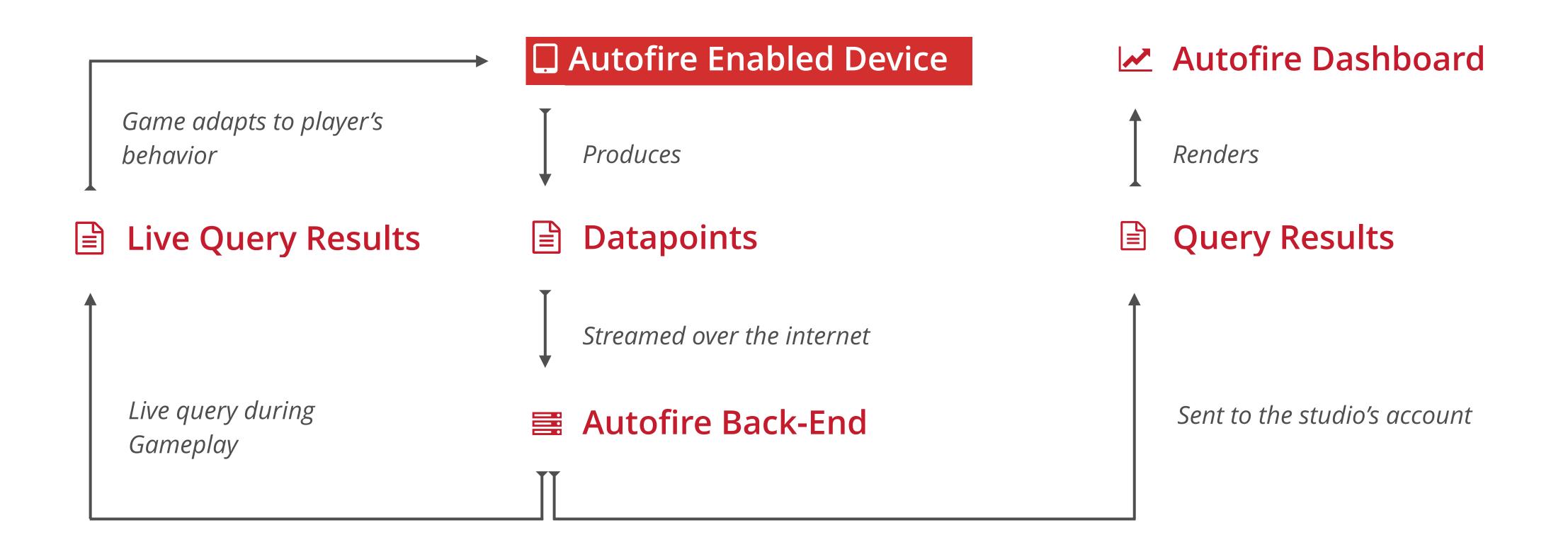


AUTOFIRE GAMEOPTIX

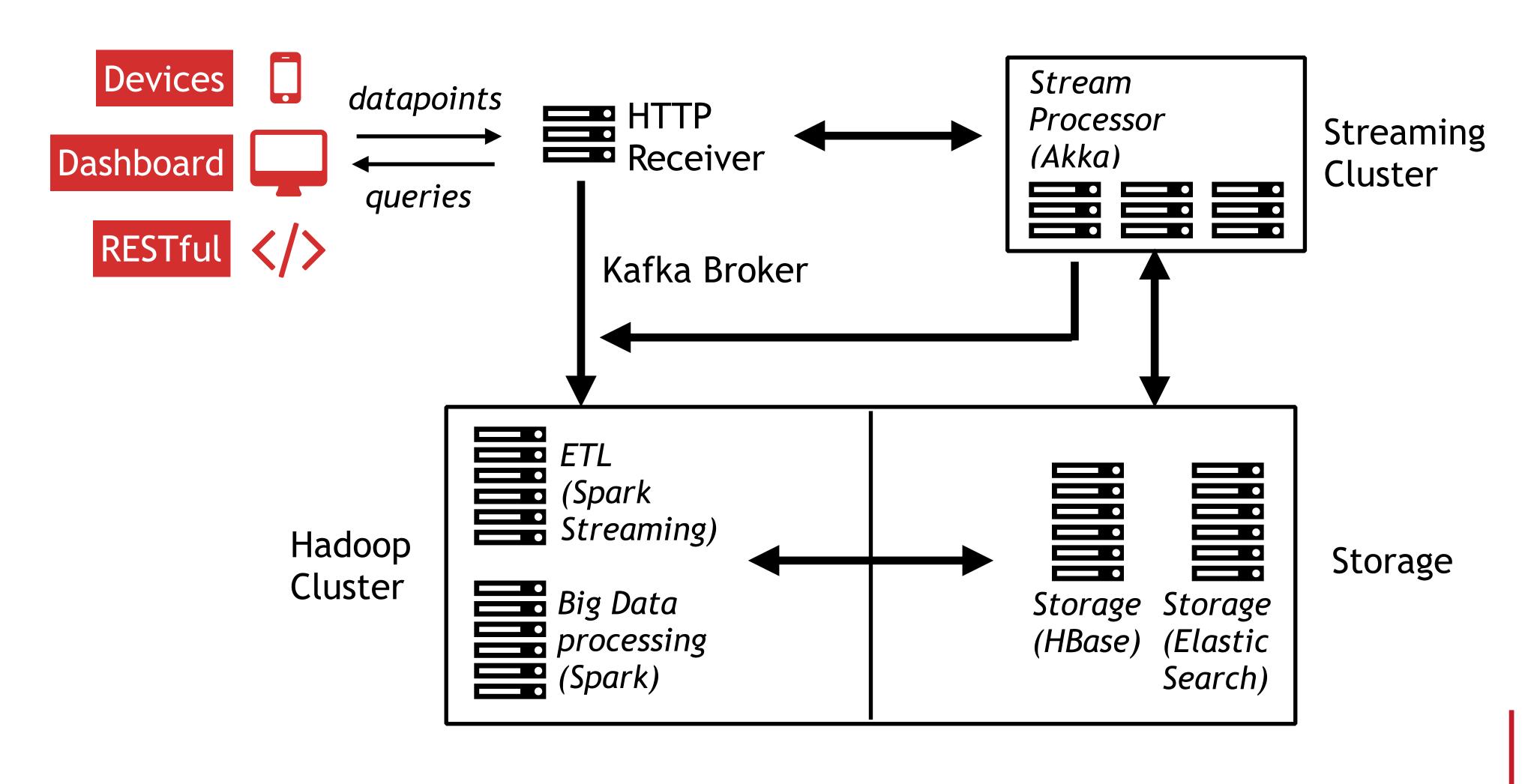
Gameplay Evolution Analysis & Optimization

- Telemetry across important dimensions (e.g. platform, game version)
- GameFlow Analysis
- Adaptive Gameplay
- Economy, Monetization, Progression Optimizers
- Game Hive Mind

* HOW IT WORKS



11 LAMBDA ARCHITECTURE





M LAMBDA ARCHITECTURE

- Streaming Cluster for on-line processing (Speed & Serving Layer)
- Hadoop Cluster for off-line processing (Batch Layer)
- Storage (DBMS) for results
- PubSub (message broker) for inter-operability

* AUTOFIRE GAMEOPTIX INDEXING PROCESSORS

Streaming (i.e. one-pass, space-bounded) data types include:

- Monoidal Scalar incrementable primitive types (Integer, Real)
- Monoidal Range primitive types (Integer, Real)
- Monoidal Distinct counting set type (HyperLogLog sketch)
- Frequency set type (CountMin sketch)
- TopK / heavy hitters set type (Stream Summary sketch)
- Average types (Decaying, Short-Term, Mean (Monoidal))
- Quantile type (t-digest (Monoidal), Frugal sketch)



AUTOFIRE GAMEOPTIX CLIENTS

Autofire **SDKs**

- Secure and efficient communication
- Platform agnostic
- Optimised for reduced network traffic and battery usage
- Device resources friendly









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AI traits

- State / Memory / History
- Reaction to Action
- Clock tick / Spontaneousness / Liveness
- Non-determinism
- Encoded behaviour





THANK YOU!

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