let:

 $\mathbf{t} = \text{Time index in months}, t = 0,1,2,...,\mathbf{T}$

 $T=\mbox{Total number of months in the simulation horizon}$

 $\mathbf{F}\mathbf{V}_t =$ Future value of retirement account at time t

W = Initial retirement account value ("nest egg")

 \mathbf{r}_a = Annual interest rate

 $\mathbf{r} = \text{Monthly interest rate (i.e., } \mathbf{r}_a \text{ divided by 12)}$

 \mathbf{fa}_i = Annual inflation rate for cost component \mathbf{C}_i

 $\mathbf{f}_i = \text{Monthly inflation rate (i.e. } \mathbf{f}_a/12 \text{) for cost component } \mathbf{C}$

 $\mathbf{C}_i = \text{Initial (base) cost for component } i$, where $i=1,2,...,\mathbf{K}$

 $\mathbf{C}_{i,t} = ext{Future value of the cost component } i ext{ at time } t$

month: t = 1

$$C_{1,1} = (1 + f_1)C_1$$

$$C_{2,1} = (1 + f_2)C_2$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{3,1} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_3)\mathbf{C}_3$$

$$\mathbf{FV}_1 = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r}) - (\mathbf{C}_{1,1} + \mathbf{C}_{2,1} + \mathbf{C}_{3,1})$$

cost component 1 at month (i.e. t): 1 inflated by: \boldsymbol{f}_1

cost component 2 at month (i.e. t): 1 inflated by: \mathbf{f}_2

cost component 3 at month (i.e. t): 1 inflated by: \mathbf{f}_3

since: K = 3

$$\mathbf{FV}_1 = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} \mathbf{C}_{k,1}$$

$$\mathbf{FV}_1 = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k$$

(Future Value after 1 period)

substituting for
$$\mathbf{C}_k$$

month: t = 2

$$\mathbf{C}_{1,2} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_1)\mathbf{C}_{1,1}$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_1)(1 + \mathbf{f}_1)\mathbf{C}_1$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_1)^2 \mathbf{C}_1$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{2,2} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_2)\mathbf{C}_{2,1}$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_2)(1 + \mathbf{f}_2)\mathbf{C}_2$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_2)^2 \mathbf{C}_2$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{3,2} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_3)\mathbf{C}_{3,1}$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_3)(1 + \mathbf{f}_3)\mathbf{C}_3$$

$$= (1 + \mathbf{f}_3)^2 \mathbf{C}_3$$

cost component 1 at month (i.e. t): 2 inflated by: \mathbf{f}_1

substituting for $\mathbf{C}_{1,1}$

combining terms

cost component 2 at month (i.e. t): 2 inflated by: \boldsymbol{f}_2

substituting for $C_{2,1}$

combining terms

cost component 3 at month (i.e. t): 2 inflated by: \boldsymbol{f}_3

substituting for $\mathbf{C}_{1,1}$

combining terms

in general: $\mathbf{C}_{k,t} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_k)^t \mathbf{C}_k$

by induction, $(1 + \mathbf{f}_k)$ applied every time period \mathbf{t}

$$\mathbf{FV}_2 = \mathbf{FV}_1(1 + \mathbf{r}) - (\mathbf{C}_{1,2} + \mathbf{C}_{2,2} + \mathbf{C}_{3,2})$$

$$= \mathbf{FV}_1(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} \mathbf{C}_{k,2}$$

$$= \mathbf{F}\mathbf{V}_1(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k$$

$$\mathbf{FV}_{2} = [\mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_{k})\mathbf{C}_{k}](1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_{k})^{2}\mathbf{C}_{k}$$

= W(1+r)(1+r) - (1+r)
$$\sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k$$

$$\mathbf{FV}_2 = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^2 - (1+\mathbf{r})\sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k)\mathbf{C}_k - \sum_{k=1}^{K} (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2\mathbf{C}_k$$

(Future Value after 2 period)

where
$$t = 2$$

since
$$\mathbf{C}_{k,t} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_k)^t \mathbf{C}_k \rightarrow \mathbf{C}_{k,2} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k$$

substitute for \mathbf{FV}_1

distribute (1 + **r**)

combine $(1 + \mathbf{r})$

month: t = 3

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{FV}_3 &= \mathbf{FV}_2(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^K \mathbf{C}_{k,3} & \text{where } t = 3 \\ &= \mathbf{FV}_2(1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^3 \mathbf{C}_k & \text{since } \mathbf{C}_{k,t} = (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^t \mathbf{C}_k \to \mathbf{C}_{k,3} = (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^3 \mathbf{C}_k \\ &= [\mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^2 - (1+\mathbf{r}) \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k - \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k] (1+\mathbf{r}) - \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^3 \mathbf{C}_k & \text{substitute } \mathbf{FV}_2 \text{ from above} \\ &= \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^2 (1+\mathbf{r}) - (1+\mathbf{r})(1+\mathbf{r}) \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k - (1+\mathbf{r}) \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k - \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^3 \mathbf{C}_k & \text{distribute } (1+\mathbf{r}) \\ &= \mathbf{FV}_3 = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^3 - (1+\mathbf{r})^2 \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k - (1+\mathbf{r}) \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^2 \mathbf{C}_k - \sum_{k=1}^K (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^3 \mathbf{C}_k & \text{combine } (1+\mathbf{r}) \end{aligned}$$

collect: \mathbf{C}_i from each \sum

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{FV}_3 &= \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^3 & \text{collect terms (in columns):} \\ &-(1+\mathbf{r})^2(1+\mathbf{f}_1) \ \mathbf{C}_1 - (1+\mathbf{r})^2(1+\mathbf{f}_2) \ \mathbf{C}_2 - (1+\mathbf{r})^2(1+\mathbf{f}_3) \ \mathbf{C}_3 & \mathbf{C}_1 \\ &-(1+\mathbf{r}) \ (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^2\mathbf{C}_1 - (1+\mathbf{r}) \ (1+\mathbf{f}_2)^2\mathbf{C}_2 - (1+\mathbf{r}) \ (1+\mathbf{f}_3)^2\mathbf{C}_3 & \mathbf{C}_2 \\ &- \ (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^3\mathbf{C}_1 - \ (1+\mathbf{f}_2)^3\mathbf{C}_2 - \ (1+\mathbf{f}_3)^3\mathbf{C}_3 & \mathbf{C}_3 \end{split}$$

by inference:

 $\mathbf{F}\mathbf{V}_t = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^t$

all (1+r) & (1+f) exponents add to: t

(1+f) exponent range: 1 to t (1+r) exponent range: 0 to $\left(t-1\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} &-(1+\mathbf{r})^{l-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_1) & \mathbf{C}_1 - (1+\mathbf{r})^{l-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_2) & \mathbf{C}_2 - (1+\mathbf{r})^{l-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_3) & \mathbf{C}_3 \\ &-(1+\mathbf{r})^{l-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_1)^2 & \mathbf{C}_1 - (1+\mathbf{r})^{l-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_2)^2 & \mathbf{C}_2 - (1+\mathbf{r})^{l-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_3)^2 & \mathbf{C}_3 \\ &- \dots \\ &-(1+\mathbf{r}) & (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{l-1}\mathbf{C}_1 - (1+\mathbf{r}) & (1+\mathbf{f}_2)^{l-1}\mathbf{C}_2 - (1+\mathbf{r}) & (1+\mathbf{f}_3)^{l-1}\mathbf{C}_3 \\ &- & (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^l & \mathbf{C}_1 - & (1+\mathbf{f}_2)^l & \mathbf{C}_2 - & (1+\mathbf{f}_3)^l & \mathbf{C}_3 \end{aligned}$$

let: FC be the Future Cost then

FC_{i,t} cost: i at time: t

$$\mathbf{FC}_{i,t} = -(1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)\mathbf{C}_i - (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^2\mathbf{C}_i - \dots - (1+\mathbf{r})(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t-1}\mathbf{C}_i - (1+\mathbf{r})^0(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t\mathbf{C}_i$$

parameterize \mathbf{C}_i and \mathbf{t}

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{then:} \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{and:} \\ &\mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t} - \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t} \frac{(1+\mathbf{f}_i)}{(1+\mathbf{r})} = -(1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)\mathbf{C}_i - (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^2\mathbf{C}_i - \dots \\ &- (1+\mathbf{r})(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t-1}\mathbf{C}_i - (1+\mathbf{r})^0(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t\mathbf{C}_i \end{aligned} \\ &\text{from } \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t} - \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t} \frac{(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t}{(1+\mathbf{r})} = -(1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t-2}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^2\mathbf{C}_i - \dots \\ &- (1+\mathbf{r})(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t-1}\mathbf{C}_i - (1+\mathbf{r})^0(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t\mathbf{C}_i \end{aligned}$$

$$+ (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-2} (1+\mathbf{f}_i)^2 \mathbf{C}_i + (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-3} (1+\mathbf{f}_i)^3 \mathbf{C}_i + \ldots + (1+\mathbf{r})^0 (1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t \mathbf{C}_i + (1+\mathbf{r})^{-1} (1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t+1} \mathbf{C}_i \qquad \text{subtract } \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{i:t} \frac{(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^t \mathbf{C}_i + (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1} (1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t+1} \mathbf{C}_i + (1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1} \mathbf{C}_i + ($$

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,l} - \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,l} \left[\frac{(1+\mathbf{f}_i)}{(1+\mathbf{r})} \right] &= -(1+\mathbf{r})^{i-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)\mathbf{C}_i \\ &\qquad \qquad + (1+\mathbf{r})^{-1}(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{i+1}\mathbf{C}_i \\ &\qquad \qquad + ($$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t}(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{f}_i) &= \mathbf{C}_i[(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t+1}-(1+\mathbf{r})^t(1+\mathbf{f}_i)] \\ \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_{i,t} &= \frac{\mathbf{C}_i[(1+\mathbf{f}_i)^{t+1}-(1+\mathbf{r})^t(1+\mathbf{f}_i)]}{(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{f}_i)} \end{aligned}$$
 divide by $(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{f}_i)$

range of k: 1..K

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{1,t} + \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{2,t} + \ldots + \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{K-1,t} + \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{K,t} & \text{where: } \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{k,t} &= -(1+\mathbf{r})^{t-1} (1+\mathbf{f}_k) \mathbf{C}_k - \ldots - (1+\mathbf{r})^0 (1+\mathbf{f}_k)^t \mathbf{C}_k \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \sum_{k=1}^K \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{k,t} & \text{where: } \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{k,t} &= \frac{\mathbf{C}_k [(1+\mathbf{f}_k)^{t+1} - (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_k)]}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_k)} \end{aligned}$$

let

$$\mathbf{FC}_t = \sum_{k=1}^{\mathbf{K}} \mathbf{FC}_{k,t}$$
 where $\mathbf{FC}_{k,t} = \frac{\mathbf{C}_k \left[(1 + \mathbf{f}_k)^{t+1} - (1 + \mathbf{r})^t (1 + \mathbf{f}_k) \right]}{\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_k}$

then

$$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{V}_t = \mathbf{W}(1+\mathbf{r})^t + \mathbf{F}\mathbf{C}_t$$

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$$\mathbf{A}_{k,t} = (1 + \mathbf{f}_k)^{t+1} - (1 + \mathbf{r})^t (1 + \mathbf{f}_k)$$

ther

$$\mathbf{FC}_{k,t} = \mathbf{C}_k \cdot A_{k,t}$$

and

$$\mathbf{FC}_t = \sum_{k=1}^{\mathbf{K}} \mathbf{FC}_{k,t} = \sum_{k=1}^{\mathbf{K}} \mathbf{C}_k \cdot A_{k,t}$$

$\label{eq:K} \mbox{let } K=1$ for the special case of only one cost component

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \sum_{k=1}^1 \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{k,t} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \mathbf{F} \mathbf{C}_{1,t} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 [(1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1} - (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_1)]}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 [(1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1} - \mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_1)]}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1} - \mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1}}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= \mathbf{W} (1+\mathbf{r})^t - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{r})^t (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1}}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^{t+1}}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] + (1+\mathbf{f}_1)^t \left[\frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{F} \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{r})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{V})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{V})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{f}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{V})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{F}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{V})^t \left[\mathbf{W} - \frac{\mathbf{C}_1 (1+\mathbf{F}_1)}{(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{f}_1)} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_t &= (1+\mathbf{$$

Claude:

If r > f₁, the investment grows faster than the withdrawals

- If $r = f_1$, a different formula would be needed (since you'd have division by zero)
- If r < f₁, the withdrawals grow faster than the investment, guaranteeing ruin

let $\mathbf{F}\mathbf{V}_t = \mathbf{0}$, all funds expended, depletion, solve for t

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= (1+r)^t \left[W - \frac{C_1(1+f_1)}{(r-f_1)} \right] + (1+f_1)^t \left[\frac{C_1(1+f_1)}{(r-f_1)} \right] & \text{rearrange} \\ - (1+f_1)^t \left[\frac{C_1(1+f_1)}{(r-f_1)} \right] &= (1+r)^t \left[W - \frac{C_1(1+f_1)}{(r-f_1)} \right] & \text{muttiply by } \frac{(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \\ - (1+f_1)^t &= (1+r)^t \left[W \left[\frac{C_1(1+f_1)}{(r-f_1)} \right] \left[\frac{(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \right] & \text{muttiply by } \frac{(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \\ - (1+f_1)^t &= (1+r)^t \left[W \left[\frac{(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \right] - 1 \right] & \text{muttiply by } \frac{(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \\ - \frac{(1+f_1)^t}{(1+r)^t} &= \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} - 1 & \text{divide by } (1+r)^t \\ & \frac{(1+f_1)^t}{(1+r)^t} &= 1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)} \\ & \ln(1+f_1)^t - \ln(1+r)^t &= \ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)}\right) & \text{take the } \ln \\ t \ln(1+f_1) - t \ln(1+r) &= \ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)}\right) & \text{factor out } t \\ t &= \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)}\right)}{\ln(1+f_1) - \ln(1+r)} & \text{divide by: } \ln(1+f_1) - \ln(1+r) \\ t &= \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{(1+f_1)}{(1+r)}\right)} & \text{from a previous step} \\ t &= \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r-f_1)}{C_1(1+f_1)}\right)}{\ln(1+f_1) - \ln(1+r)} & \text{x is small, then } \ln(1+x) \approx x \end{aligned}$$

let $\mathbf{f_1} = \mathbf{0}$, costs don't increase over: \mathbf{t}

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{W(r - f_1)}{C_1(1 + f_1)}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{(1 + f_1)}{(1 + r)}\right)} \qquad \text{definition of } t \text{ with single cost component: } C_1$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{(1 + r)}\right)} \qquad \qquad f_1 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right)}{\ln(1) - \ln(1 + r)} \qquad \qquad \ln(x/y) = \ln(x) - \ln(y)$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right)}{-\ln(1 + r)} \qquad \qquad \ln(1) = 0$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right)}{-\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right)} \qquad \qquad r \text{ is small, then } \ln(1 + r) \approx r$$

$$t = -\frac{1}{r}\ln\left(1 - \frac{Wr}{C_1}\right) \qquad \qquad \text{move the minus sign}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{r}\left[-\ln\left(\frac{C_1 - Wr}{C_1}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{make } C_1 \text{ the common denominator}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{r}\left[\ln(C_1 - Wr) - \ln(C_1)\right] \qquad \qquad \ln(x/y) = \ln(x) - \ln(y)$$

$$t = \frac{1}{r}\left[\ln\left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 - Wr}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{distribute minus sign}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{r}\left[\ln\left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 - Wr}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{distribute minus sign}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{r}\ln\left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 - Wr}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{distribute minus sign}$$

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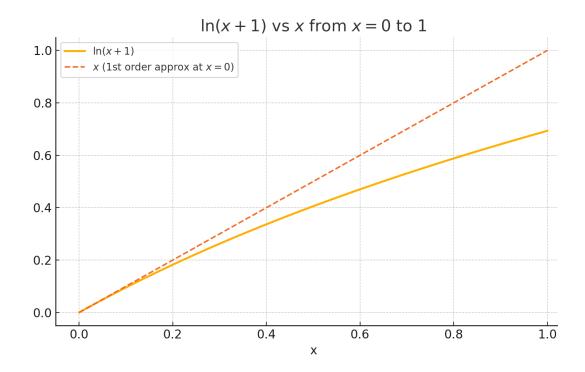
$$t = \frac{1}{r}\ln\left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 - Wr}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{distribute minus sign}$$

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$$t = \frac{1}{r}\ln\left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 - Wr}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{distribute minus sign}$$

<u>fibonacci equation: A Proper Derivation of the 7 Most Important Equations for Your Retirement</u>



if ln(r) is small, then ln(1+r)=r