# **Policy Evaluation**

**Monte Carlo Evaluation** 

#### Marius Lindauer







Winter Term 2021

#### Policy Evaluation without a model

- ► Goal: Policy Evaluation without a model
  - Given data and/or ability to interact with the environment
  - lacktriangle Efficiently compute a good estimate of a policy  $\pi$
- ► For example: Estimate expected total purchases during an online shopping session for a new automated product recommendation policy

# Monte Carlo (MC) Policy Evaluation

- $\blacktriangleright \ G_t = r_t + \gamma r_{t+1} + \gamma^2 r_{t+2} + \ldots$  in MDP M under policy  $\pi$
- $\blacktriangleright \ V^\pi(s) \approx \mathbb{E}_{T \sim \pi}[G_t \mid s_t = s]$ 
  - lacktriangle Expectation over trajectories T generated by following  $\pi$
- ► Simple idea: Value = mean return
- ▶ If trajectories are all finite, sample set of trajectories & average returns

#### Monte Carlo (MC) Policy Evaluation

- ▶ If trajectories are all finite, sample set of trajectories & average returns
- ▶ Does not require MDP dynamics/rewards
- No bootstrapping
- Does not assume state is Markov
- Can only be applied to episodic MDPs
  - Averaging over returns from a complete episode
  - Requires each episode to terminate

# Monte Carlo (MC) Policy Evaluation

- lacktriangle Aim: estimate  $V^\pi(s)$  given episodes generated under policy  $\pi$ 
  - $s_1, a_1, r_1, s_2, a_2, r_2, \ldots$  where the actions are sampled from  $\pi$
- $\blacktriangleright \ G_t = r_t + \gamma r_{t+1} + \gamma^2 r_{t+2} + \ldots$  in MDP M under policy  $\pi$
- $V^{\pi}(s) = \mathbb{E}[G_t \mid s_t = s]$
- ▶ MC computes empirical mean return
- Often do this in an incremental fashion
  - lacktriangle After each episode, update estimate of  $V^\pi$

# First-Visit Monte Carlo (MC) On Policy Evaluation

Initialize 
$$N(s)=0$$
,  $G(s)=0 \ \forall s \in S$  Loop

- $\blacktriangleright \ \ \text{Sample episode} \ i = s_{i,1}, a_{i,1}, r_{i,1}, s_{i,2}, a_{i,2}, r_{i,2}, \dots, s_{i,n}$
- $\qquad \qquad \textbf{Define } G_{i,t} = r_{i,t} + \gamma r_{i,t+1} + \gamma^2 r_{i,t+2} + \dots$
- For each state s visited in episode i
  - ightharpoonup for first time t that state s is visited in episode i
    - lacktriangle Increment counter of total first visits: N(s)=N(s)+1
    - $\qquad \qquad \mathbf{Increment\ total\ return\ } G(s) = G(s) + G_{i,t}$
    - $\qquad \qquad \textbf{Update estimate } V^{\pi}(s) = G(s)/N(s)$