Autonomous Agents Report Assignment 1: Single Agent Planning

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1 Introduction

This report has been written for the Master Artificial Intelligence course Autonomous Agents. This report will contain the answers, motivation and explanation for our implementations of the tasks we had to accomplish in our first assignment for this course. These tasks were centered around the topic of "Single Agent Planning".

1.1 The Environment

In all tasks there is assumed to be a grid world (of 11×11) with a predator and a prey in it. The agents can both move one tile forward each iteration. The direction they take (or if they move at all) is affected by probabilities (their policies). If they move over the edge of the grid they end up at the opposing side of the grid. The prey will never step into the predator. We are focused on improving the decisions of one agent, the predator.

1.2 Implementation details

This report will not be about our exact code and implementation details. However, a class diagram of our code is provided in Appendix D.

2 Simulating the environment

A first task was to write a simulator for the environment as defined in Section 1.1.

The choice has been made to not encode the positions of the agents as part of a grid, i.e. matrix. Instead the agents both know their own position and on each iteration the position of the other agent is given as input by the environment, as we have stated in the Agent interface. This is needed for prey to see if the predator is next to it, to prevent it moving towards the prey. In the predator's case it might be necessary later on to know the position of the prey although it is not necessary for this particular sub-assignment.

2.1 Results

A mean and a standard deviation was asked for 100 runs with the use of the random policy for the predator's behaviour. For the exact output, one can consult Appendix A. The lowest amount of time steps observed was 19 time steps. The optimal amount of time steps given that the prey would remain still throughout the trial run would be 10. The highest amount observed was 1194 steps. The average amount of time steps was 296.93 time steps and the standard deviation was 244.55 time steps (rounded up).

3 Planning for the environment

It is possible for the predator to develop a more sophisticated policy by planning. For this we need to assume that the agent has a full and accurate model of the environment. Then we can make use of several Dynamic Programming planning algorithms, and we will discuss our implementation of these in the subsections below.

Each of these algorithms makes use of a matrix or structure V wherein the values for all states are put. Each of these algorithms furthermore make use of two important parameters. The first, θ , specifies for which amount of change in the V-values the update in V-values terminates. The stopping criterion is given by $\max_{s \in \mathcal{S}} |V_{k+1}(s) - V_k(s)| < \theta$. The second, γ , is the discount factor and specifies how much emphasis should be placed on previous values for V.

3.1 Policy Evaluation

The algorithm for Policy Evaluation follows from turning the Bellman equation [?] into an update rule, such that in each iteration of Policy Evaluation, Equation 1 is used for every $s \in \mathcal{S}^+$ (where \mathcal{S}^+ denotes the set of states including the terminal state).

$$V_{k+1}(s) \leftarrow \sum_{a} \pi(s, a) \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}_{ss'}^{a} \left(\mathcal{R}_{ss'}^{a} + \gamma V_{k}(s') \right) \tag{1}$$

Because we used the random policy for the predator, and there were five actions possible for the predator, Equation 1 could be simplified to Equation 2.

$$V_{k+1}(s) \leftarrow \frac{1}{5} \sum_{a} \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}_{ss'}^{a} \left(\mathcal{R}_{ss'}^{a} + \gamma V_{k}(s') \right) \tag{2}$$

Where $\mathcal{P}^a_{ss'}$ has to take into account the possible movements of the prey. Note that $\mathcal{R}^a_{ss'}$ was always zero, except for the single goal state.

We implemented Policy Evaluation using a 121×121 matrix to hold the V- values for the states.

3.1.1 Results

It took 111 iterations until the stopping criterion $\max_{s \in S} |V_{k+1}(s) - V_k(s)| < \theta$ was met using $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.8$. In Table 2 we show some values that Policy Evaluation found for specific states.

To get an intuitive grasp of the resulting V-values, a colormap of all final V-values is given in Figure 1.

Predator position	Prey position	Value
(0,0)	(5,5)	0.0060
$(2,\!3)$	(5,4)	0.1820
(2,10)	(10,0)	0.1820
(10,10)	(10,0)	1.1950

Table 1: State values using Policy Evaluation ($\theta = 0, \gamma = 0.8$)

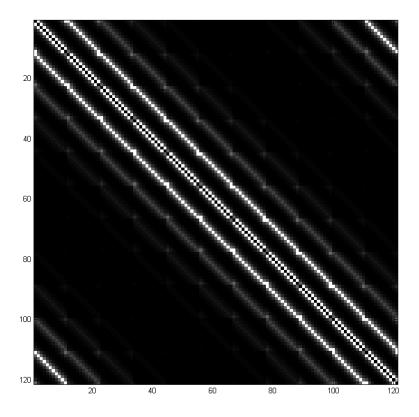


Figure 1: Colormap of the V-values resulting from Policy Evaluation for $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.8$. Each axis represents all tiles of the grid world. The brighter the color the higher the corresponding V-value.

3.2 Policy Iteration

Of course the reason for computing the values of all states using Policy Evaluation is to find a good policy. Policy Evaluation gets fed a policy, then computes the values for all states until it converges (i.e. until the largest change in value in one sweep is below θ), and then stops. So after Policy Evaluation we could construct a new policy based on these new values, that would be just as good or better than the policy originally fed to Policy Evaluation. The method of Policy Iteration captures this idea, by repeatedly letting the method of Policy Evaluation be followed by another method called Policy Improvement, until the policy doesn't change anymore. The method of Policy Improvement is explained in Section 3.2.1.

3.2.1 Policy Improvement

The idea behind Policy Improvement is that you have determined the value function V^{π} for a certain policy π , and want to know now if any change in the policy could yield a better expected return given this value function. Policy Improvement sweeps through all states to check if any action a would give a better expected return than the recommended action $\pi(s)$ at that state and if so, $\pi(s) \leftarrow a$. In our stochastic case, this means we need to check for a better probability distribution over the actions at each state, and use the update rule

$$\pi^{k+1}(s) \leftarrow \arg\max_{\pi'(s)} \sum_{a} \pi'(s, a) Q^{\pi^k}(s, a)$$
 (3)

Policy Improvement thus yields an improved policy, which can then used to compute the new value function V by Policy Evaluation. This process is repeated by Policy Iteration.

3.2.2 Results

The Policy Iteration algorithm has been implemented and run using different settings of γ . The used values are $\gamma = 0.1$, $\gamma = 0.5$, $\gamma = 0.7$ and $\gamma = 0.9$. For each of these runs θ is set to 0. In this report, we provide the V-values for the states in which the prey is located at (5,5). The values we found by running Policy Iteration parameterised this way, can be found in Appendix B in Tables 3, 4, 5 and 6. They are exactly the same as those we found with our implementation of Value Iteration (see Section 3.3).

As expected the V-values are higher near the goal state, which is (5,5) in this specific case. This will cause the predator to move towards the prey in all cases. Also the values further from the goal state decrease faster in value for lower learning rates. The maximal V-value is 10, which is to be expected with a maximal reward of 10.

3.3 Value Iteration

Value Iteration is another planning algorithm. Just like Policy Iteration (Section 3.2), this algorithm combines the steps of Policy Evaluation and Policy Improvement. However, Value Iteration uses a different approach. Instead of letting Policy Evaluation run until it had converged, Policy Evaluation is stopped after one sweep. In that sweep it combines Policy Evaluation with Policy Improvement in each update step for every state. Its update rule for each state is given by Equation 4.

$$V_{k+1}(s) \leftarrow \max_{a} \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}_{ss'}^{a} \left(\mathcal{R}_{ss'}^{a} + \gamma V_{k}(s') \right) \tag{4}$$

The algorithm does so by replacing the value of the $(k+1)^{th}$ iteration with the expected reward of the action that maximizes this expectation (based on the V-value of s' of the k^{th} iteration and the immediate reward of s'), instead of a weighted sum of the expected rewards of all actions.

3.3.1 Results

The Value Iteration algorithm has also been implemented and run using different settings of γ . The used values are $\gamma = 0.1$, $\gamma = 0.5$, $\gamma = 0.7$ and $\gamma = 0.9$. For each of these runs θ is set to 0. In this report, we provide the V-values for the states in which the prey is located at (5,5). The results can be found in Appendix B in Tables 3, 4, 5 and 6. These results are exactly the same as those we found with Policy Iteration. A representation of the V-values which nicely shows the decrease of the V-values further from the goal state can be found in Figure 2. Here, the symmetry of the state space becomes apparent.

The convergence speed in numbers of iterations is different from those found with Policy Iteration, however. We give an overview in Table 2.

	Iterations V.I.	Iterations P.I.	Total P.E. iterations in P.I.
$\gamma = 0.1$	20	8	147
$\gamma = 0.5$	28	7	173
$\gamma = 0.7$	31	7	219
$\gamma = 0.9$	34	8	368

Table 2: Comparison of iterations of Value Iteration and Policy Iteration (P.E. is Policy Evaluation)

Note that each iteration of Policy Iteration involves a call to Policy Evaluation and Policy Improvement, and both Policy Evaluation and Policy Improvement will sweep through the whole state space. Policy Improvement will do this one time, but Policy Evaluation will often do this multiple times (until the largest change of value is below the threshold θ). Therefore we also kept track of the total numbers of iterations Policy Evaluation had to make in one invocation of Policy Iteration.

Note, too, that it would be a mistake to compare between the number of iterations for differently parameterised Policy Iteration algorithms. For example, using $\gamma = 0.1$ we need the same number of iterations as when using $\gamma = 0.9$ for convergence, however, comparing the number of times that Policy Evaluation is invoked under these settings, we saw that using the setting of $\gamma = 0.9$ Policy Iteration had to invoke Policy Evaluation approximately 2.5 times as much as when using the setting of $\gamma = 0.1$.

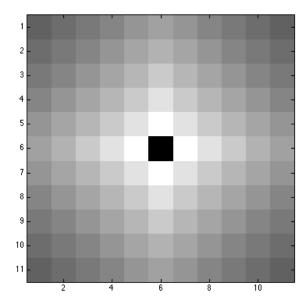


Figure 2: Colormap of the V-values resulting from Value Iteration for $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.9$. The brighter the color the higher the corresponding V-value.

Because each iteration in Value Iteration sweeps one time through the state space, just like in each iteration in Policy Evaluation, based on the data in Table 2 we can reasonably assume that Value Iteration is superior to Policy Iteration in terms of computational complexity when it comes to convergence.

4 State space reduction

In the experiments described in Section 3, we used a state space that was an intuitive, yet cumbersome representation. We will refer to this state space representation as the "default" state space. The amount of states that was used in this default state space was $121 \times 121 = 14641$.

As can be seen in Figure 2, there is a symmetry in the state space, and thus relatively much values are redundantly computed. We elaborated on a more efficient representation for the states, and finally contrived one consisting of 21 states, an approximately 697 times smaller one than the default state space. We will refer to this state space representation as the "efficient" state space. By using the symmetry that was present in the state space a much smaller state space was achieved. The expectation is that the computational cost will be lowered, since only 21 state values have to be computed instead of 14641 states. The algorithm has not changed however, so it is also expected that we do not see a large difference in the amount of iterations using the same parameters.

This efficient state space has been implemented for both Value Iteration and Policy Evaluation.

Each state represents a distance between the prey and predator. These are represented in the lower left diagonal of a matrix, in which the x-axis is the relative horizontal distance in the MDP and the y-axis the relative vertical distance in the MDP. This matrix is shown in Figure 3. Combinations of positions of prey and predator for which the horizontal and vertical distances are equal are now treated equivalent. Also two combinations for which the horizontal distance in one equals the vertical distance in the other and vice versa are considered equal. In order to navigate through this state space different actions are required. These are: approach horizontal, retreat horizontal, approach vertical, retreat vertical and as before wait. When interacting with the environment these actions are converted into corresponding actions in the real world. This only requires the relative direction of the prey (which is always located at the centre, regardless of its coordinates) with respect to the predator. This is computed by using the difference in location of the prey

and predator on the x- and y-axis.

This reduction in the number of states has lead to output values which can be viewed in the appendix section C. The results show that the algorithm does not converge faster in terms of iterations with the efficient state space than with the default state space with $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.8$, the default state space required 111 iterations and the efficient state space required 107.

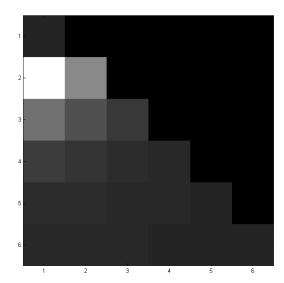


Figure 3: Colormap of the V-values resulting from Policy Evaluation for $\theta=0$ and $\gamma=0.8$ using the "efficient" state space representation. The brighter the color the higher the corresponding V-value. The prey is always located on the (1, 1) coordinate in this state representation.

5 Conclusion

We can conclude a few different things.

First, we note that Dynamic Programming (DP) can be deployed successfully for solving reasonably sized MDPs such as the one used throughout this assignment (see Section 1.1). However, a problem using DP methods is that one has to store the values for all states, separately. The number of states grows exponentially with the number of state variables, which can this result in a very large memory use and convergence time. This necessitates one to place much emphasis on contriving an efficient state representation, something which will affect performance very much [?] (also see Section D) but will be different for every MDP and which will need to be done largely intuitively because no standardized rules or algorithms exist. But this way of state representation also lacks generalisation: if a state is defined by N variables, and the unvisited state s_1 is the same as the visited state s_2 in N-1 variables, using a DP approach state s_1 will still have no value at all, despite it being quite similar to s_2 for, e.g., N=10.

Second, we conclude that Value Iteration appears to be the most efficient converging DP reinforcement learning method for constructing optimal policies compared to Policy Iteration. We refer to Section 3.3.1 for a comparison with Policy Iteration.

Appendices

A Simulating the Environment

Our program's output for the first 100 runs for the random policy predator.

Timesteps:421 Timesteps:831 Timesteps:476 Timesteps:74 Timesteps:537 Timesteps:40 Timesteps:468 Timesteps:465 Timesteps:105 Timesteps:123 Timesteps:227 Timesteps:658 Timesteps:696 Timesteps:153 Timesteps: 426 Timesteps:431 Timesteps:24 Timesteps:197 Timesteps:517 Timesteps:313 Timesteps:492 Timesteps:213 Timesteps:457 Timesteps:392 Timesteps:47 Timesteps:178 Timesteps:459 Timesteps:624 Timesteps:881 Timesteps:100 Timesteps:244 Timesteps:127 Timesteps:213 Timesteps: 145 Timesteps:45 Timesteps:301 Timesteps:628 Timesteps:248 Timesteps:88 Timesteps:123 Timesteps:82 Timesteps:206 Timesteps:181 Timesteps:771 Timesteps:114 Timesteps:238 Timesteps:118 Timesteps:67 Timesteps:41 Timesteps:662 Timesteps:27 Timesteps:73 Timesteps:217 Timesteps:269 Timesteps:382 Timesteps:60 Timesteps:205 Timesteps:64 Timesteps:133 Timesteps:232 Timesteps:148 Timesteps:504 Timesteps:113 Timesteps:316 Timesteps:151 Timesteps:178 Timesteps:53 Timesteps:526 Timesteps:150

Timesteps:690 Timesteps:490

```
Timesteps:116
Timesteps:288
Timesteps:79
Timesteps:163
Timesteps:566
Timesteps:566
Timesteps:1194
Timesteps:133
Timesteps:136
Timesteps:121
Timesteps:122
Timesteps:123
Timesteps:492
Timesteps:492
Timesteps:485
Timesteps:485
Timesteps:19
Timesteps:78
Timesteps:560
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:211
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:268
Timesteps:338
Timesteps:338
Timesteps:338
Timesteps:338
Timesteps:41
Timesteps:49
Timesteps:49
Timesteps:49
Timesteps:4173
Timesteps:4173
Timesteps:421
Average timesteps over 100 trials: 296.93
Standard deviation over 100 trials: 244.54689754728025
```

B Policy Iteration and Value Iteration results

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0.000000	0.000002	0.000011	0.000074	0.000438	0.001730	0.000438	0.000074	0.000011	0.000002	0.000000
1	0.000002	0.000011	0.000075	0.000498	0.003195	0.013773	0.003195	0.000498	0.000075	0.000011	0.000002
2	0.000011	0.000075	0.000498	0.003443	0.021739	0.117564	0.021739	0.003443	0.000498	0.000075	0.000011
3	0.000074	0.000498	0.003443	0.021739	0.166976	0.816327	0.166976	0.021739	0.003443	0.000498	0.000074
4	0.000438	0.003195	0.021739	0.166976	0.816327	10.000000	0.816327	0.166976	0.021739	0.003195	0.000438
5	0.001730	0.013773	0.117564	0.816327	10.000000	0.000000	10.000000	0.816327	0.117564	0.013773	0.001730
6	0.000438	0.003195	0.021739	0.166976	0.816327	10.000000	0.816327	0.166976	0.021739	0.003195	0.000438
7	0.000074	0.000498	0.003443	0.021739	0.166976	0.816327	0.166976	0.021739	0.003443	0.000498	0.000074
8	0.000011	0.000075	0.000498	0.003443	0.021739	0.117564	0.021739	0.003443	0.000498	0.000075	0.000011
9	0.000002	0.000011	0.000075	0.000498	0.003195	0.013773	0.003195	0.000498	0.000075	0.000011	0.000002
10	0.000000	0.000002	0.000011	0.000074	0.000438	0.001730	0.000438	0.000074	0.000011	0.000002	0.000000

Table 3: The V-values for Value Iteration and Policy Iteration, with $\gamma = 0.1$ and the prey at position (5,5).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0.0267	0.0502	0.0943	0.1768	0.3328	0.5332	0.3328	0.1768	0.0943	0.0502	0.0267
1	0.0502	0.0924	0.1769	0.3390	0.6448	1.0814	0.6448	0.3390	0.1769	0.0924	0.0502
2	0.0943	0.1769	0.3390	0.6498	1.2435	2.2027	1.2435	0.6498	0.3390	0.1769	0.0943
3	0.1768	0.3390	0.6498	1.2435	2.3977	4.4444	2.3977	1.2435	0.6498	0.3390	0.1768
4	0.3328	0.6448	1.2435	2.3977	4.4444	10.0000	4.4444	2.3977	1.2435	0.6448	0.3328
5	0.5332	1.0814	2.2027	4.4444	10.0000	0.0000	10.0000	4.4444	2.2027	1.0814	0.5332
6	0.3328	0.6448	1.2435	2.3977	4.4444	10.0000	4.4444	2.3977	1.2435	0.6448	0.3328
7	0.1768	0.3390	0.6498	1.2435	2.3977	4.4444	2.3977	1.2435	0.6498	0.3390	0.1768
8	0.0943	0.1769	0.3390	0.6498	1.2435	2.2027	1.2435	0.6498	0.3390	0.1769	0.0943
9	0.0502	0.0924	0.1769	0.3390	0.6448	1.0814	0.6448	0.3390	0.1769	0.0924	0.0502
10	0.0267	0.0502	0.0943	0.1768	0.3328	0.5332	0.3328	0.1768	0.0943	0.0502	0.0267

Table 4: The V-values for Value Iteration and Policy Iteration, with $\gamma = 0.5$ and the prey at position (5,5).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0.4348	0.6065	0.8453	1.1765	1.6463	2.1169	1.6463	1.1765	0.8453	0.6065	0.4348
1	0.6065	0.8328	1.1750	1.6587	2.3345	3.0759	2.3345	1.6587	1.1750	0.8328	0.6065
2	0.8453	1.1750	1.6587	2.3415	3.3044	4.4805	3.3044	2.3415	1.6587	1.1750	0.8453
3	1.1765	1.6587	2.3415	3.3044	4.6737	6.5116	4.6737	3.3044	2.3415	1.6587	1.1765
4	1.6463	2.3345	3.3044	4.6737	6.5116	10.0000	6.5116	4.6737	3.3044	2.3345	1.6463
5	2.1169	3.0759	4.4805	6.5116	10.0000	0.0000	10.0000	6.5116	4.4805	3.0759	2.1169
6	1.6463	2.3345	3.3044	4.6737	6.5116	10.0000	6.5116	4.6737	3.3044	2.3345	1.6463
7	1.1765	1.6587	2.3415	3.3044	4.6737	6.5116	4.6737	3.3044	2.3415	1.6587	1.1765
8	0.8453	1.1750	1.6587	2.3415	3.3044	4.4805	3.3044	2.3415	1.6587	1.1750	0.8453
9	0.6065	0.8328	1.1750	1.6587	2.3345	3.0759	2.3345	1.6587	1.1750	0.8328	0.6065
10	0.4348	0.6065	0.8453	1.1765	1.6463	2.1169	1.6463	1.1765	0.8453	0.6065	0.4348

Table 5: The V-values for Value Iteration and Policy Iteration, with $\gamma = 0.7$ and the prey at position (5,5).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	3.8831	4.2915	4.7417	5.2374	5.7919	6.2513	5.7919	5.2374	4.7417	4.2915	3.8831
1	4.2915	4.7118	5.2281	5.8024	6.4356	6.9973	6.4356	5.8024	5.2281	4.7118	4.2915
2	4.7417	5.2281	5.8024	6.4401	7.1476	7.8390	7.1476	6.4401	5.8024	5.2281	4.7417
3	5.2374	5.8024	6.4401	7.1476	7.9362	8.7805	7.9362	7.1476	6.4401	5.8024	5.2374
4	5.7919	6.4356	7.1476	7.9362	8.7805	10.0000	8.7805	7.9362	7.1476	6.4356	5.7919
5	6.2513	6.9973	7.8390	8.7805	10.0000	0.0000	10.0000	8.7805	7.8390	6.9973	6.2513
6	5.7919	6.4356	7.1476	7.9362	8.7805	10.0000	8.7805	7.9362	7.1476	6.4356	5.7919
7	5.2374	5.8024	6.4401	7.1476	7.9362	8.7805	7.9362	7.1476	6.4401	5.8024	5.2374
8	4.7417	5.2281	5.8024	6.4401	7.1476	7.8390	7.1476	6.4401	5.8024	5.2281	4.7417
9	4.2915	4.7118	5.2281	5.8024	6.4356	6.9973	6.4356	5.8024	5.2281	4.7118	4.2915
10	3.8831	4.2915	4.7417	5.2374	5.7919	6.2513	5.7919	5.2374	4.7417	4.2915	3.8831

Table 6: The V-values for Value Iteration and Policy Iteration, with $\gamma=0.9$ and the prey at position (5,5).

C Policy Evaluation comparison

C.1 Default state space representation

Policy Evaluation output with $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.8$, showing the amount of iterations. This output uses the default state space representation.

```
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 1; maxValueDiff = 2.173444408972901
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 2; maxValueDiff = 0.594273911906516
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 3; maxValueDiff = 0.288747386234562
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 4; maxValueDiff = 0.142434892859105
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 5; maxValueDiff = 0.077807292807347
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 6; maxValueDiff = 0.043989076413322
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 7; maxValueDiff = 0.025523868234365
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 8; maxValueDiff = 0.015571413160874
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 9; maxValueDiff = 0.009673932990005
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 10; maxValueDiff = 0.006050573197382
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 11; maxValueDiff = 0.003853977807979
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 12; maxValueDiff = 0.002486803847959
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 13; maxValueDiff = 0.001609366549420
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 14; maxValueDiff = 0.001044912566793
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 15; maxValueDiff = 0.000680717843366
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 16; maxValueDiff = 0.000452195511078
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 17; maxValueDiff = 0.000300871717137
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 18; maxValueDiff = 0.000201864159448
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 19; maxValueDiff = 0.000136221951843
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 20; maxValueDiff = 0.000091909267497
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 21; maxValueDiff = 0.000062025880297
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 22; maxValueDiff = 0.000042272381132
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 23; maxValueDiff = 0.000028863910013
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 24; maxValueDiff = 0.000019849447467
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 25; maxValueDiff = 0.000013630925504
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 26; maxValueDiff = 0.000009359323432
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 27; maxValueDiff = 0.000006460531614
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 28; maxValueDiff = 0.000004480328471
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 29; maxValueDiff = 0.000003102386442
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 30; maxValueDiff = 0.000002145040952
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 31; maxValueDiff = 0.000001489301996
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 32; maxValueDiff = 0.000001035209317
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 33; maxValueDiff = 0.000000718422800
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 34; maxValueDiff = 0.000000497903405
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 35; maxValueDiff = 0.000000344679351
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 36; maxValueDiff = 0.000000238380220
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 37; maxValueDiff = 0.000000164815624
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 38; maxValueDiff = 0.000000114177600
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 39; maxValueDiff = 0.000000079027742
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 40; maxValueDiff = 0.000000054656798
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 41; maxValueDiff = 0.000000037776286
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 42; maxValueDiff = 0.000000026094228
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 43; maxValueDiff = 0.000000018015862
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 44; maxValueDiff = 0.000000012433182
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 45; maxValueDiff = 0.000000008577363
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 46; maxValueDiff = 0.000000005915533
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 47; maxValueDiff = 0.000000004078720
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 48; maxValueDiff = 0.000000002811658
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 49; maxValueDiff = 0.000000001937877
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 50; maxValueDiff = 0.000000001335454
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 51; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000920202
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 52; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000634014
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 53; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000436804
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 55; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000207302
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 56; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000142806
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 57; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000098375
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 58; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000067767
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 59; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000046683
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 60; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000032159
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 61; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000022154
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 62; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000015262
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 63; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000010515
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 64; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000007244
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 65; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000004991
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 66; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000003439
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 67; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000002369
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 68; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000001633
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 69; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000001125
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 70; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000775
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 71; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000534
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 72; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000368
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 73; maxValueDiff = 0.0000000000000254
```

```
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 74; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000175
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 75; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000120
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 76; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000083
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 77; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000057
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 78; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000039
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 79; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000027
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 80; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000019
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 81; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000013
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 82; maxValueDiff = 0.0000000000000000
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 83; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000000
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 84; maxValueDiff = 0.0000000000000004
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 86; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000002
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 88; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000001
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 89; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000001
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 91; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000001
```

C.2 Efficient state space representation

Policy Evaluation output with $\theta = 0$ and $\gamma = 0.8$, showing the amount of iterations. This output uses the efficient state space representation.

```
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 1; maxValueDiff = 4.13333333333333333
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 2; maxValueDiff = 0.979782244071175
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 3; maxValueDiff = 0.323017537436372
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 4; maxValueDiff = 0.146206941673390
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 5; maxValueDiff = 0.074708256161268
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 6; maxValueDiff = 0.039836337049262
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 7; maxValueDiff = 0.021964360303194
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 8; maxValueDiff = 0.012439383912256
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 9; maxValueDiff = 0.007203287061450
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 10; maxValueDiff = 0.004251480249683
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 11; maxValueDiff = 0.002551827008803
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 12; maxValueDiff = 0.001562276820132
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 13; maxValueDiff = 0.000986274525498
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 14; maxValueDiff = 0.000629359330031
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 15; maxValueDiff = 0.000405614147592
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 16; maxValueDiff = 0.000263813932271
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 17; maxValueDiff = 0.000173027918218
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 18; maxValueDiff = 0.000114351615488
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 19; maxValueDiff = 0.000076586164685
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 20; maxValueDiff = 0.000051808453693
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 21; maxValueDiff = 0.000035202922172
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 22; maxValueDiff = 0.000024014206841
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 23; maxValueDiff = 0.000016438856164
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 24; maxValueDiff = 0.000011287806742
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 25; maxValueDiff = 0.000007771784095
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 26; maxValueDiff = 0.000005393725275
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 27; maxValueDiff = 0.000003748433468
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 28; maxValueDiff = 0.000002608048834
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 29; maxValueDiff = 0.000001816438887
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 30; maxValueDiff = 0.000001267451277
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 31; maxValueDiff = 0.000000886426035
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 32; maxValueDiff = 0.000000620141893
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 33; maxValueDiff = 0.000000433968556
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 34; maxValueDiff = 0.000000303758087
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 35; maxValueDiff = 0.000000212659979
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 36; maxValueDiff = 0.000000148908623
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 37; maxValueDiff = 0.000000104284455
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 38; maxValueDiff = 0.000000073042539
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 39; maxValueDiff = 0.000000051165928
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 40; maxValueDiff = 0.000000035844935
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 41; maxValueDiff = 0.000000025113709
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 42; maxValueDiff = 0.000000017596447
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 43; maxValueDiff = 0.000000012330079
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 44; maxValueDiff = 0.000000008640319
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 45; maxValueDiff = 0.000000006054990
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 46; maxValueDiff = 0.000000004243402
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 47; maxValueDiff = 0.000000002973922
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 48; maxValueDiff = 0.000000002084287
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 49; maxValueDiff = 0.000000001460819
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 50; maxValueDiff = 0.000000001023869
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 51; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000717630
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 52; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000502995
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 53; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000352560
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 54; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000247119
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 55; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000173215
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 56; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000121414
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 57; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000085105
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 58; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000059654
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 59; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000041815
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 60; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000029311
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 61; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000020546
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 62; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000014402
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 63; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000010095
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 64; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000007076
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 65; maxValueDiff = 0.0000000000004960
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 66; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000003477
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 67; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000002437
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 68; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000001709
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 69; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000001198
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 70; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000839
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 71; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000588
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 72; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000412
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 73; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000289
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 74; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000000203
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 75; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000142
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 76; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000100
```

```
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 78; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000049
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 79; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000034
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 80; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000024
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 81; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000017
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 82; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000012
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 83; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000008
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 84; maxValueDiff = 0.000000000000000
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 85; maxValueDiff = 0.0000000000000004
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 88; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000001
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 89; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000001
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 90; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000001
Policy Evaluation, iteration number: 95; maxValueDiff = 0.00000000000001
```

D Class diagram

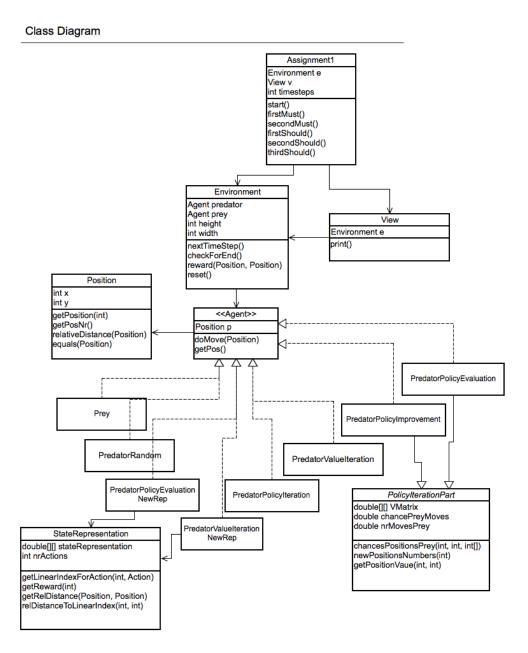


Figure 4: A class diagram of our code. For clarity purposes, not all methods and attributes of the classes are shown.