# **EXPERIMENT SCRIPT FOR THE SCENARIO II (GROUP B)**

## 1. SUMMARY

The purpose of the experiment is to analyze the transplant process (transfer) feature manual between two systems, the donor and the receiver (host), both written in C. For this process, we will compute the necessary activities, time and effort spent by a set of SPL specialists compared to our automated approach proposal. The process consists of four steps: extract, identify, adapt, and insert.

The participants will have access to a set of unit testing, a feature's entry point in the donor (a function) and an insertion point in the host system provided by the researchers. Participants may use the tools (s) that they want to try to perform the process in the shortest time possible. We request to the participants to compute all activities, step, and time spent as well as the tool of the tool used.

It is important to highlight that the experiment will not need to be performed without any breaking, since they compute time and activities correctly with each return to the execution process.

## 2. TRAINING

We have prepared some videos describing each section of this script. You can assist at any time while performing the experiment. We only ask you not to register this time in the time and effort spreadsheet.

### 3. EXPERIMENT EXECUTION ACTIVITIES

- 1. Download the experiment files, available at: experiment directory;
- 2. Access experiment form containing the access link to your time and effort registration spreadsheet: registration sheet;
- 3. Install dependencies;
- 4. Execute the Feature transferring process;
- 5. Execute the unit test;
- 6. Perform system testing in the post-transference receiver system;
- 7. Send files to researchers via the experiment form;
- 8. Signal the end of the experiment to researchers.

#### 4. EXPERIMENT DIRECTORY

**Execution Directory:** As part of the experiment preparation process, the participant should download the files contained in the folder corresponding to the group in which he was allocated. All files needed for the experiment can be downloaded by the link: <a href="mailto:transplantation\_directory">transplantation\_directory</a>

**Effort Register Worksheet:** For time and effort registration, we provide a spreadsheet for each participant. You can it by the link: effort form

#### 4.1. DIRECTORIAL STRUCTURE

_ Dependencies_run -> Dependency Installation Files
_ Documentation -> Contains the Donor and host system documentation if the participant wants to
better understand the systems.
_ Owner -> Contains the source code of the donor system.
_ Host_original -> Contains the source source code of the receiving system (host)
_ Host_to_transplant -> Contains the host source code to receive the feature
_ Test_Suite -> Temporary directory for feature and unit tests
_ Feature -> Temporary directory of the feature source code insertion

## 5. DEPENDENCIES INSTALATION

Please install some dependencies required to execute unit tests. Do not worry about installing these premises, at the end you can run the script that will be automatically generated after the facilities in the directory will be installed Installation of dependencies (dependencies\_run)

We have prepared a shell script to install the dependencies automatically from the directory: Dependencies\_Run execut

## 5.1. INSTALLATION OF DEPENDENCIES (FOR MAC OS)

From the directory Dependencies Run execut the following command: ./install dependencies.sh

```
■ ■ DEPENDENCIES_RUN — -zsh — 80×24

leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro DEPENDENCIES_RUN % cd /Users/leandrosouza/Dr]
opbox\\(GISS\)/DOUTORADO/EXPERIMENTO/Group_A-copy/DEPENDENCIES_RUN
leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro DEPENDENCIES_RUN % ./install_dependencies.sh
```

Terminal screen with CD commands e ./install\_dependencies.sh

This command will install the following dependencies:

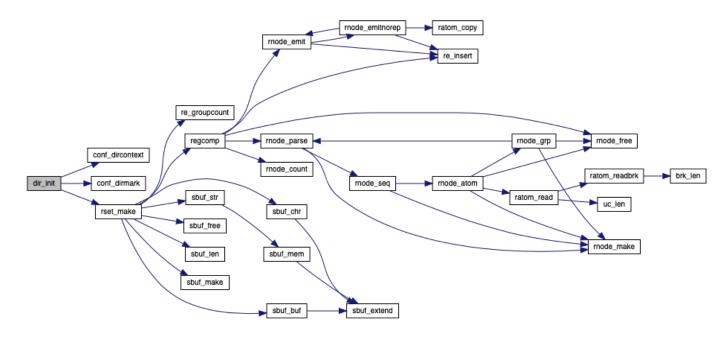
- Autoconf
- libtool
- Pkg-config
- Check
- Glib

## 6. DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEMS AND FEATURE

We divide the participants of our experiment into two groups (A and B). This script describes the process to be performed by group B participants. As a member of Group B, you will try to transfer the feature *dir\_init* between two versions of the *Neatvi* text editor, *Neatvi\_1.0* version (receiver system) and *Neatvi\_2.0* (fetal donor). The feature *dir\_init*, present only in the *Neatvi\_2.0* version, allows the opening of a file already created. For this, the function performs changes in global variables:

```
struct rset *dir_rslr; /* pattern of marks for left-to-right strings */
struct rset *dir_rsrl; /* pattern of marks for right-to-left strings */
struct rset *dir_rsctx; /* direction context patterns */
```

, present in the *dir.c*. Without such variables will be null but do not interfere with the functioning of the system. To function correctly it will be necessary to extract all functions called from the *dir\_init* () function implemented in the *dir.c* file, following its call chart.



#### 6.1. AVAILABLE ARTIFACTS

As they are distinct systems it will be necessary to adapt the code that implements the entry point of the feature (ie the *dir\_init()* function) for the insertion point in the *NEATVI* system, based on the following information:

- **Feature input point:** place where a call to the dir\_init () function will be inserted, the entry point of the feature implemented in the dir.c file.
- Host system insertion point: point defined by notation with \_\_ADDGRAFTHERE\_JUSTHERE in file vi.c
- Call\_GRAPH: The Feature call chart available both in your documentation in documentation/owner\_documentation/index and can be viewed through the documentation/call\_graph.png image.
- **Test\_Suite:** A set of unit tests that can be used to assist in adapting and executing the feature before its insertion. Such test files are available in the transfer directory and have already been implemented by the researchers, and participants are only the task of executing them from the commands described in Section 6.

These artifacts are described more detailed in the following sections.

## 7. FEATURE TRANSPLANTATION PROCESS

Nesta seção descrevemos os sistemas e a feature envolvidas no processo de transferência e o passo a passo para a execução da transferência da feature. Disponibilizamos para cada participante minivídeos de treinamento do processo que poderão ser visualizados quantas vezes forem necessárias. Caso ainda reste alguma dúvida após a leitura do passo a passo e visualização do treinamento entre em contato com os pesquisadores.

A proposta deste experimento é analisar o processo manual de transferência de features entre duas versões do mesmo sistema escrito em C. Você poderá utilizar a IDE que se sentir confortável ou apenas um editor de texto simples.

Você deverá registrar as atividades e tempo gasto na planilha de coleta de tempo que será disponibilizada individualmente. Considere como atividade qualquer ação executada durante cada etapa do processo, por exemplo, ETAPA DE IDENTIFICAÇÃO: procurando as variáveis globais utilizadas pelas funções extraídas.

Não contabilize o tempo de treinamento e leitura destes script. Logo abaixo destacamos as etapas do processo que serão contabilizadas.

#### 7.1. PROCESS STEP

Once the premises are installed, you can start execution of the experiment. Have the activity and time -spent registration worksheet available.

We divide the experiment into 4 steps: extraction, identification, adaptation and insertion of feature. Next we describe each step.

We divide the experiment into 3 steps: extraction, adaptation and insertion of feature. Next we describe each step.

**1. Extraction**: corresponds to the extraction process of the entire portion of code that implements the feature, necessary for its execution (functions) from the function that determines the entry point of the feature and its call chart. All code implements the feature should be copied to the host\_to\_transplant directory, environment with the host system. If the function already exists in the receiving system, you should involve it with the F\_DIR\_INIT directive.

All copied elements must be delimited with FLAG F\_DIR\_INIT. As it is the transfer of features between two versions of the same system it will be common to find functions already implemented in the receiving version. In this case, you should delimit the function with FLAG F\_DIR\_INIT\_TOO. Both flags are already defined in file *vi.h* (lines 4 and 5).

To facilitate this process, we provide the call graph. The full version of it is available in the Documentation directory.

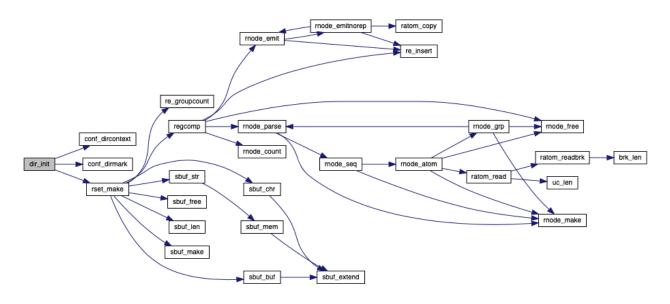


Grafico de chamada da feature dir\_init

- 2. Adaptation: You should, in addition to extracting the functions called by Feature, analyze whether any portion of receiving system code needs to be adjusted to load the parameters correctly from the feature point of the feature in the host environment. The inserting point is defined with the notation: 

  ADDGRAFTHERE JUSTHERE, which can be found in the main function of file vi.c.
  - **3.1 Test Execution:** Once all these steps are done, the host system will be ready to perform the unit tests already implemented and made available in the **Test\_Suite** Directory. These tests have already been implemented, requiring the participant only to execute the commands described in *Section 6* of this document. It is possible that in the first execution the tests do not go through the lack of an incorrect source code or adaptation. In this case, you should analyze if the adaptation performed is correct and feature has all the code for its execution, fixing any errors and running again the unit test execution commands until the test passes without errors, as can be seen in the figure below. See how to perform the unit tests in the next section.

```
100%: Checks: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0
leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro UNIT_TEST %
```

OBS: The proper feature compilation process will generate an individual file.x. Only after the generation of this file and subsequent execution of failure -free tests, as per section 6, we can say that the feature has been correctly extracted from the donor and its files can be inserted into the host system directory.

3. Mergin: Once the code is extracted and the unit tests are performed you can enter the feature insertion into the host environment. This process consists of inserting a call to the insertion point replacing the notation \_\_ADDGRAFTHERE\_\_JUSTHERE by the chamda to the dir\_init() function. You must access the vi.c file, within the host system directory, and identify the notation \_\_ADDGRAFTHERE\_\_JUSTHERE. This annotation signals the insertion point of a call to

the feature. Instead of this notation you should insert a call to the *dir\_init* function, adding the parameters, if necessary, among the local variables declared in the main function.

Once all these steps are completed and feature is passing on the unit tests, you will be able to execute the host execution command and use feature in the host. The details of this process are given in Section 7 of this document.

## 8. UNIT TESST EXECUTION

When identifying, extracting the code elements, and performing the necessary adaptation you can perform the unit tests made available within the Test\_Suite directory. For this, you must open the terminal, access the Test\_Suite Directory and execute the command: ./run\_test.sh that will compile the copied feature and execute it. He may inform some Warning that you should disregard but should not generate errors. If you are informed of the compilation process, you must correct the error in the transferred code.

```
TEMP — -zsh — 80×24
\(GISS\)/DOUTORADO/EXPERIMENTO/Group_A-copy/TEMP
[leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro TEMP % ./run_test.sh
```

Terminal screen with the execution of comand ./run\_test.sh.

If compilation occurs successfully and no error is informed, the above command should generate an individual file.x in the test directory. Once this file is generated it can be executed with the command: ./Individual.x that will test the feature. If Feature is working properly, you will receive the message:

```
UNIT_TEST — -zsh — 80×24

[leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro UNIT_TEST % ./Individual.x

Archive TEXT.TAR: writing file FILE.in

1 files in archive

Offset: 0 Length: 184 Name: FILE.in

100%: Checks: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0

leandrosouza@MacBook-Pro-de-Leandro UNIT_TEST %
```

Terminal with unit testing informing: 100% percentage of acceptance; Checks: 1. Number of tests performed; Failures: 0 number of failures and errors: 0, number of errors.

### 9. TRANSPLANT VALIDATION

After transferring the feature to the host system and it is passing on the unit tests, you can perform the final transplant validation test. We have provided a post-operative test suite. The post-operative tests correspond to a set of regression, augmented regression and acceptance tests to exercise the feature transplanted and check if the transplant has no broken the host system.

## **Executing the post-operative tests:**

- 1. Open the terminal;
- Access the directory
   HOST\_TO\_TRANSPLANT/NEATVI\_1.0/TRANSPLANTATION\_TEST\_CASES where you
   insert the feature source code.
- 3. Execute the commands: ./test product line.sh

## 10. SENDING ALL ARTIFACTS

After the execution of the experiment is completed, make sure that it computed all the time elapsed at each stage of the process. Sign up to the researchers to end the activity and <u>time registration worksheet</u>.

Rename Group B Directory Complete your name and compact the folder. Then upload the folder with your changes from the form.

If you have a shipping problem, download the artifacts from <u>transplantation\_artifacts</u> and report this to the researchers

We greatly appreciate the time and availability to perform this vital experiment for the progress of our research.