

# Welcome to Week 5

Tutorial 11



# Lists

A list is an **ordered collection of objects**. ie:

[True, 3, “bob”, 2.39]

[“Sara”, “Anna”, “Karen”]

[2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64]

# Lists

We can also **slice and index** lists  
the way we do with strings

```
myList = [True, 3, "bob", 2.39]
```

```
myList[:2] → [True, 3]
```

# List Operations

We can **concatenate** two lists using the **+** operator.

**Girls** = ["Sara", "Anna", "Karen"]

**Boys** = ["Billy", "John"]

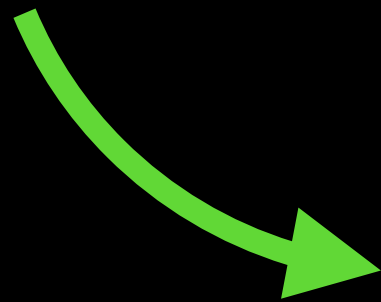
**Girls** + **Boys** 

["Sara", "Anna", "Karen", "Billy", "John"]

# List Operations

We can **repeat** elements within a list using the **\*** operator.

["Sara"] \* 3



["Sara", "Sara", "Sara"]

We can check for **membership** within a list using the **in** keyword.

# Lists and Strings

Both Lists and Strings are actually **Arrays**  
(Ordered Collections)

A String is an **array of characters**

"H"	"E"	"L"	"L"	"O"	" "	"W"	"O"	"R"	"L"	"D"
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

A list is an **array of objects**

"Hello"	3.14	True	42	False	"bloop"
---------	------	------	----	-------	---------

# List Functions

**cmp(list1, list2)**

*Compares the two given lists*

**min(list)**

*Returns the minimum in the list*

**max(list)**

*Returns the maximum in the list*

**len(list)**

*Returns the length of the list*

# List Methods

- **List.append(obj)**

*Inserts obj to the end of the list*

**List.count(obj)**

*Returns the number of occurrences of obj*

**List.index(obj)**

*Returns the first index of obj in the list*

- **List.insert(index, obj)**

*Inserts obj at the given index in the list*



# List Methods

`List.pop()`

*Removes and returns the last object in list*

- `List.remove(obj)`

*Removes obj from the list*

- `List.reverse()`

*Reverses the order of objects in the list*

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



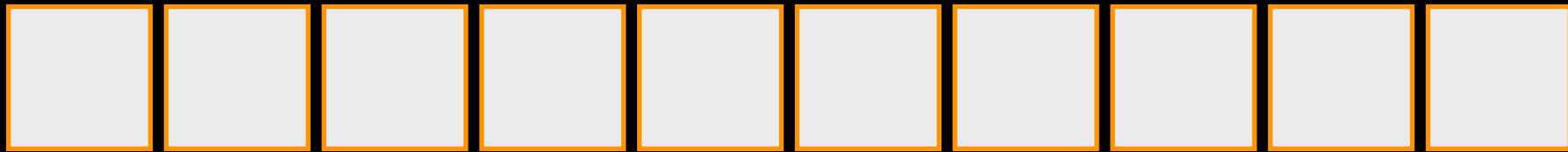
i: ↑

1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:

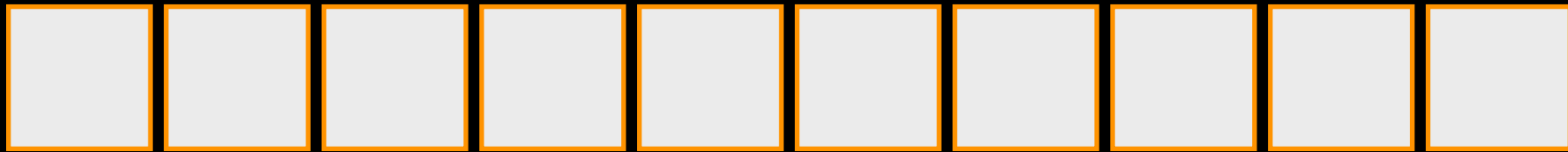


1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:

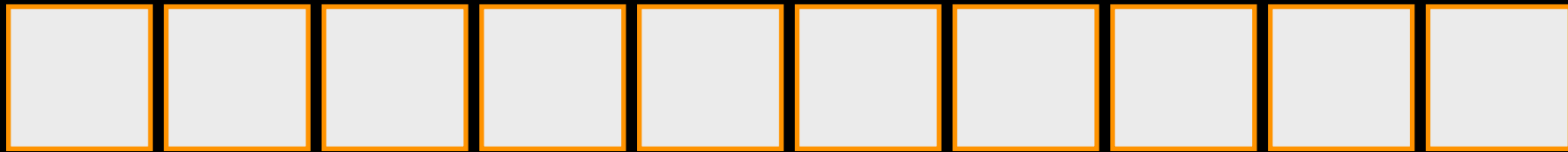


1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:

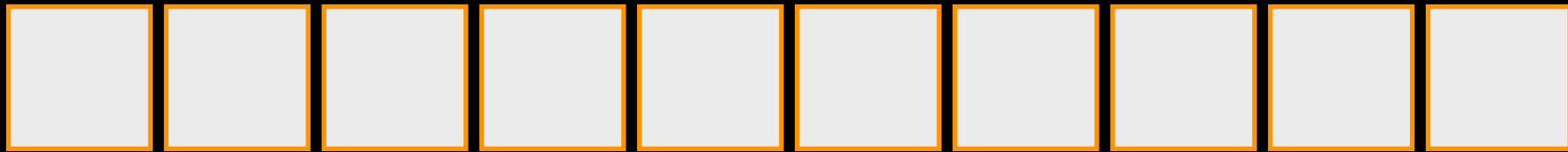


1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:



1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:

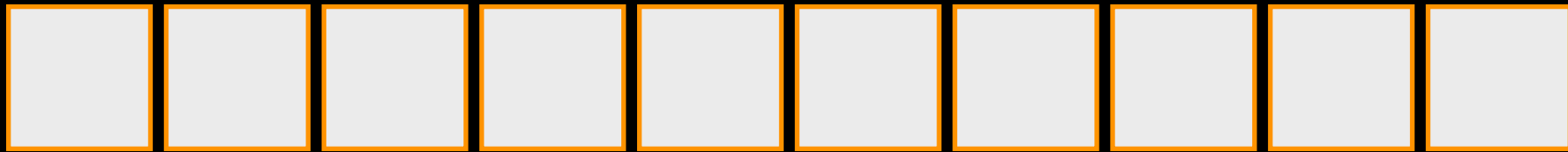


1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:



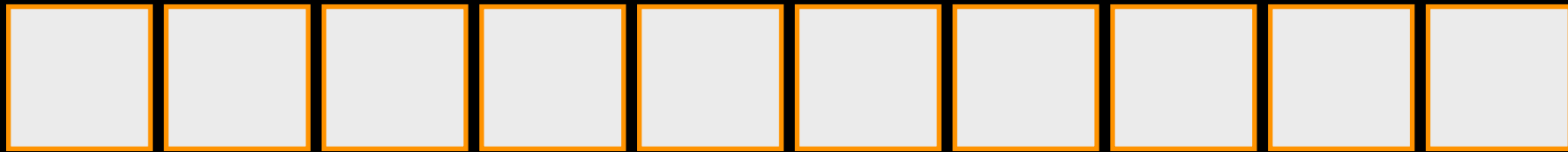
1

```
for i in myList:
```



# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:



1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:



1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Iterating Through a List

myList:



i:



1

```
for i in myList:
```

# Weekly Challenge

A lot of different names can be made by *taking a consonant and adding “ara”* to it.

ie: Bara, Cara, Dara, Fara, ... , Zara

Using **only 4 lines of code**:

- Make “ara” names **for every consonant**, (Including Y) and add them to an **empty list**
- Print the completed list of names.

Using **only 4 lines of code**:

- Make “ara” names **for every consonant**, (Including Y) and add them to an **empty list**
- Print the completed list of names.

```
1 list = []  
2 for letter in "BCDFGHJKLMNPQRSTVWXYZ":  
3     list.append(letter + "ara")  
4 print(list)
```