Firewall Exploration Lab Report

Lab Environment Setup

Machine A 10.0.2.4 Machine B 10.0.2.7

Task 1: Using Firewall

使用ufw代替iptables 1

Prevent A from doing telnet to Machine B

```
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 10.0.2.7 port 23
```

```
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.7 to 10.0.2.4 port 23
Rule added
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 10.0.2.7
7 port 23
Rule added
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ telnet 10.0.2.7
Trying 10.0.2.7...
```

Prevent B from doing telnet to Machine A

```
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.7 to 10.0.2.4 port 23
```

```
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ telnet 10.0.2.4
Trying 10.0.2.4...
```

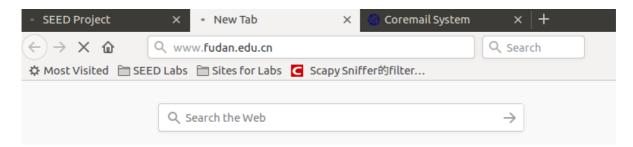
Prevent A from visiting an external web site

因为一般的商用网站都会有不止一个IP地址,所以这里用了学校官网作为外部网址。通过ping命令得到www.fudan.edu.cn的IP地址。

```
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 202.120.224.81 port 80
```

```
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ ping www.fudan.edu.cn
PING www.fudan.edu.cn (202.120.224.81) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 224.fudan.edu.cn (202.120.224.81): icmp_seq=1 ttl
=250 time=6.05 ms
64 bytes from 224.fudan.edu.cn (202.120.224.81): icmp_seq=2 ttl
=250 time=4.96 ms
^C
--- www.fudan.edu.cn ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 4.967/5.509/6.051/0.542 ms
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 202.120
.224.81
Rule added
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$
```

得到的结果如截图:<u>www.fudan.edu.cn</u>无法正常访问,但是其他网址如mail.fudan.edu.cn还是可以正常访问的。



Task 2: Implementing a Simple Firewall

首先重复以下命令来删除Task 1中用ufw添加的过滤规则

```
$ sudo ufw delete 1
```

```
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw delete 1
Deleting:
 deny out from 10.0.2.7 to 10.0.2.4 port 23
Proceed with operation (y|n)? y
Rule deleted
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw delete 1
Deleting:
deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 10.0.2.7 port 23
Proceed with operation (y|n)? y
Rule deleted
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw delete 1
Deleting:
 deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 202.120.224.81
Proceed with operation (y|n)? y
Rule deleted
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$ sudo ufw delete 1
ERROR: Could not find rule '1'
[11/30/20]seed@VM:~$
```

Code

```
#include <linux/ip.h>
#include <linux/tcp.h>
#include <linux/icmp.h>
#include <linux/skbuff.h>
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/netfilter.h>
#include <linux/netfilter_ipv4.h>
struct nf_hook_ops nfho_in;
struct nf_hook_ops nfho_out;
struct iphdr *ipHeader;
struct tcphdr *tcpHeader;
struct icmphdr *icmpHeader;
bool isAddressEqual(struct iphdr *ip, int srcORdst, int a, int b, int c, int d){
    bool res = true;
    if (srcORdst == 0) { // 判断src IP
        res &= ((ip->saddr & 0xff000000) >> 24 == d); // big endian
        res \&= ((ip->saddr \& 0x00ff0000) >> 16 == c);
        res \&= ((ip->saddr \& 0x0000ff00) >> 8 == b);
        res \&= ((ip->saddr \& 0x000000ff) == a);
    else if (srcORdst == 1) { // 判断dst IP
        res \&= ((ip->daddr \& 0xff000000) >> 24 == d);
        res \&= ((ip->daddr \& 0x00ff0000) >> 16 == c);
        res &= ((ip->daddr \& 0x0000ff00) >> 8 == b);
```

```
res \&= ((ip->daddr \& 0x000000ff) == a);
    }
    return res;
}
unsigned int hook_func_in(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb, const struct
nf_book_state *state){
    ipHeader = (struct iphdr *)skb_network_header(skb);
    if (ipHeader->protocol == 6) { // TCP
        tcpHeader = (struct tcphdr *)((_u32 *)ipHeader + ipHeader->ihl);
        // ip + ip首部长度
        unsigned int dst = (unsigned int)ntohs(tcpHeader->dest);
        // Filter 2: B telnet A
        if (dst == 23) { // telnet
            // check ip addr
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 0, 10, 0, 2, 7) == false){
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 2: incorrect target src ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 1, 10, 0, 2, 4) == false){}
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 2: incorrect target dst ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            }
            printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 2: B telnet A\n");
            return NF_DROP;
    }
    if (ipHeader->protocol == 1) { // ICMP
        icmpHeader = (struct icmphdr *)((_u32 *)ipHeader + ipHeader->ihl);
        // Filter 5: B ping A
        if (icmpHeader->type == 8){ // ping
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 0, 10, 0, 2, 7) == false){
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 5: incorrect target src ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 1, 10, 0, 2, 4) == false){
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 5: incorrect target dst ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 5: B ping A\n");
            return NF_DROP;
        }
    }
    return NF_ACCEPT;
unsigned int hook_func_out(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb, const struct
nf_book_state *state){
    ipHeader = (struct iphdr *)skb_network_header(skb);
    if (ipHeader->protocol == 6) { // TCP
        tcpHeader = (struct tcphdr *)((_u32 *)ipHeader + ipHeader->ih1);
        unsigned int dst = (unsigned int)ntohs(tcpHeader->dest);
        // Filter 1: A telnet B
        if (dst == 23) { // telnet
            // check ip addr
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 0, 10, 0, 2, 4) == false){
```

```
printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 1: incorrect target src ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            }
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 1, 10, 0, 2, 7) == false){
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 1: incorrect target dst ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 1: A telnet B\n");
            return NF_DROP;
        }
        // Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
        if (dst == 80) { // http
            // check ip addr
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 0, 10, 0, 2, 4) == false){}
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 3: incorrect target src ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 1, 202, 120, 224, 81) == false){}
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn\n");
            return NF_DROP;
        }
    }
    if (ipHeader->protocol == 1) { // ICMP
        icmpHeader = (struct icmphdr *)((__u32 *)ipHeader + ipHeader->ih1);
        // Filter 4: A ping B
        if (icmpHeader->type == 8){ // ping
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 0, 10, 0, 2, 4) == false){}
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 4: incorrect target src ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            if (isAddressEqual(ipHeader, 1, 10, 0, 2, 7) == false){}
                printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 4: incorrect target dst ip\n");
                return NF_ACCEPT;
            }
            printk(KERN_INFO "Filter 4: A ping B\n");
            return NF_DROP;
}
    return NF_ACCEPT;
}
int init_module(){
    nfho_in.hook = (void *)hook_func_in;
    nfho_in.hooknum = NF_INET_PRE_ROUTING; // 收到的数据包
    nfho_in.pf = PF_INET;
    nfho_in.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
    nf_register_hook(&nfho_in);
    nfho_out.hook = (void *)hook_func_out;
    nfho_out.hooknum = NF_INET_POST_ROUTING; // 转发的或者是本地发出的数据包
    nfho_out.pf = PF_INET;
    nfho_out.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
```

```
nf_register_hook(&nfho_out);
printk(KERN_INFO "Welcome~\n");
return 0;
}

void cleanup_module(){
  printk(KERN_INFO "See u~\n");
  nf_unregister_hook(&nfho_in);
  nf_unregister_hook(&nfho_out);
}
```

Filter 1: A telnet B

```
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~\Desktop$ dmesg | tail -10
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$ telnet 10.0.2.7
[ 409.586869] See u~
[ 409.612215] Welcome~
[ 415.504186] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 416.520118] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 418.536936] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 422.795593] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 430.991395] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 447.127064] Filter 1: A telnet B
[ 12/03/20]seed@VM:~\Desktop$
```

Filter 2: B telnet A

```
| Trying 10.0.2.4...
```

Filter 3: A http <u>www.fudan.edu.cn</u>

```
File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

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(677.021490] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn

[12/03/20]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ dmesg | tail -10

[676.617689] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[676.617711] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[677.021490] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[678.026665] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[676.617711] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[676.873914] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[678.026665] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[678.026665] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[679.691616] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[680.043553] Filter 3: A http www.fudan.edu.cn
[680.059623] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[680.159831] Filter 3: incorrect target dst ip
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~/Desktop$
```

Filter 4: A ping B

Filter 5: B ping A

```
C| 897.101421] Fitter 5: B ping A

O|[12/03/20]seed@VM:~\Desktop\set dmesg | tail -10

O| 891.015053] Filter 5: B ping A

O| 892.039301] Filter 5: B ping A

I| 893.063335] Filter 5: B ping A

O| 894.088335] Filter 5: B ping A

O| 895.112455] Filter 5: B ping A
```

Task 3: Evading Egress Filtering

由于<u>www.facebook.com</u>由于一些众所周知的原因已经被block了,所以还是使用<u>www.fudan.edu.cn</u>代替

```
# Block all the outgoing traffic to external telnet servers
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to any port 23
# Block all the outgoing traffic to www.fudan.edu.cn
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.4 to 202.120.224.81
```

Task 3.a: Telnet to Machine B through the firewall

这一步需要先关闭10.0.2.7的防火墙

```
$ ssh -L 8000:10.0.2.7:23 seed@10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

262 2028-12-03 05:54:54.4371549_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

263 2028-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

264 2028-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

265 2028-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

267 2020-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

268 2020-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

268 2020-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

269 2020-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

271 2020-12-03 05:54:54.039124_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:54.0395128_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:54.0395128_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.0395138_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.0395138_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.0395128_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.0395128_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.0395128_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-03 05:54:55.7384988_10.0.2.7
$ telnet localhost 8000

272 2020-12-0
```

在Wireshark中抓到的数据包可以看到ssh连接是作为真正的telnet连接(10.0.2.4<-->10.0.2.7)的桥梁(10.0.2.4<-->10.0.2.7(acting as ssh server, "apollo")<-->10.0.2.7)

```
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.321/0.459/0.612/0.131 ms
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ ssh -L 8000:10.0.2.7:23 seed@10.0.2.7's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.8.0-36-generic 1686)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support: https://lubuntu.com/advantage

1 package can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

Last login: Thu Dec 3 04:45:23 EST 2020 from 10.0.2.4 on pts/17 Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.8.0-36-generic 1686)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support: https://lubuntu.com/advantage

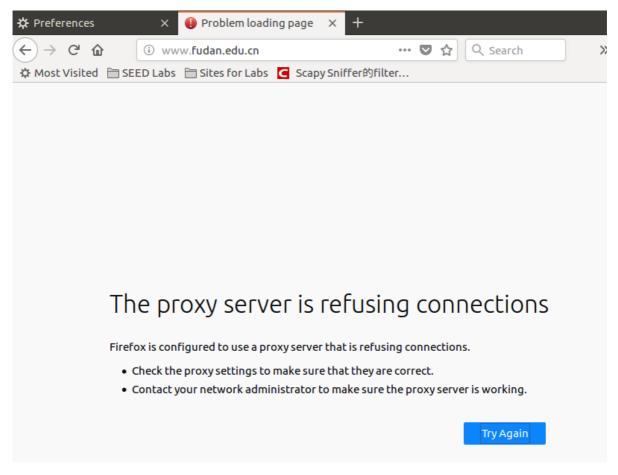
1 package can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

Last login: Thu Dec 3 04:44:22 2020 from 10.0.2.4
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$ [
12/03/20]seed@VM:~$
```

Task 3.b: Connect to Facebook using SSH Tunnel



断开ssh连接并清空浏览器的cache之后:



再次建立ssh连接之后刷新浏览器页面:



在这个过程中10.0.2.7充当了proxy的角色。实际上是由10.0.2.7向<u>www.fudan.edu.cn</u>发送请求并将收到的响应通过建立的ssh连接发给10.0.2.4。

```
4 2020-12-03 65:02:08.1240623. 10.0.2.7 19.0.2.7 SSH 118 Client: Encrypted packet (len=52)
5 2020-12-03 65:02:08.1240623. 10.0.2.7 19.0.2.2.4.81 TCP 60 22 - 49594 [ACK] Seq=1175174051 Ack=2848152770 Win=1332 Len=0 TSval=44219866 TSecr=1562097
7 2020-12-03 65:02:08.1360463. 202.120.224.81 10.0.2.7 TCP 60 433 - 53746 [SW], Seq=13033259268 Win=29208 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=I TSVal=44219866 TSecr=0 WS=128
8 2020-12-03 65:02:08.1360537. 10.0.2.7 10.0.2.4 SSH 10.0.2.7 TCP 60 443 - 53746 [SW], ACK] Seq=11053358 Ack=1032020329 Win=32708 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=I TSVal=44219866 TSecr=0 WS=128
9 2020-12-03 65:02:08.1360537. 10.0.2.7 10.0.2.4 SSH 10.0.2.7 SSH 10.0.2.7
```

Task 4: Evading Ingress Filtering

```
# 删除之前的task设置的防火墙规则
$ sudo ufw delete 1
# block Machine B from accessing its port 80 (web server) and 22 (SSH server)
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.7 to 10.0.2.4 port 80
$ sudo ufw deny out from 10.0.2.7 to 10.0.2.4 port 22
```

首先在10.0.2.4上开启反向连接隧道2:

```
$ ssh -f -N -R 10000:localhost:22 seed@10.0.2.7
# -f 后台执行ssh指令
# -N 不执行远程指令
# -R listen-port:host:port 指派远程上的 port 到本地地址上的 port
```

然后在10.0.2.7上通过10000端口就可以成功建立ssh连接:

```
$ ssh seed@localhost -p 10000
```

```
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$ ssh seed@localhost -p 10000
The authenticity of host '[localhost]:10000 ([127.0.0.1]:10000)'
can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:plzAio6c1bI+8HDp5xa+eKRi561aFDaPE
1/xq1eYzCI.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[localhost]:10000' (ECDSA) to the lis
t of known hosts.
seed@localhost's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.8.0-36-generic i686)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                   https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                   https://ubuntu.com/advantage
1 package can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.
Last login: Thu Oct 22 16:50:06 2020 from 192.168.60.5
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~$ cd Desktop
[12/03/20]seed@VM:~/Desktop$ ls
Cyber Security Module.symvers
                                              task2.o
                                 task2.ko
                System Security
Makefile
                                 task2.mod.c
modules.order
                task2.c
                                 task2.mod.o
```

^{1. &}lt;a href="https://www.cnblogs.com/EasonJim/p/6851241.html">https://www.cnblogs.com/EasonJim/p/6851241.html https://www.cnblogs.com/EasonJim/p/6851241.html

^{2. &}lt;u>https://www.cnblogs.com/x_wukong/p/5997872.html</u> <u>←</u>