

Program 1  
Write a code in PLSQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trgnt prevent
BEFORE DELETE ON department
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
v_count NUMBER;
IF v_count > 0 THEN
DELETE FROM employee
END IF;
END;
```

Program 2

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_limit_total  
BEFORE INSERT ON employee  
FOR EACH ROW  
  
DECLARE  
    v_total NUMBER;  
    v_threshold CONSTANT NUMBER := 100000  
BEGIN  
    SELECT NVL  
        (SELECT COUNT(*)  
         FROM employee  
        WHERE department_id = :new.department_id,  
              AND hire_date < :new.hire_date), 0)  
    INTO v_total;  
    IF v_total > v_threshold THEN  
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Total number of employees in department ' ||  
            department_id || ' exceeds limit of ' || v_threshold);  
    END IF;  
END;
```

Program 3

Write a code in PLSQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_limit_total  
BEFORE INSERT ON employee  
FOR EACH ROW  
DECLARE  
    v_count NUMBER;  
BEGIN  
    IF v_count > 10 THEN  
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR (-20002, 'Each email must  
be unique');  
    END IF;  
END;
```

Program 4

Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```
CREATE TABLE employee-audit (
    emp_id NUMBER,
    old_salary NUMBER,
    new_salary NUMBER,
    change_date DATE,
);

BEGIN
    INSERT INTO employee-audit(emp_id, old_sal
        change_date)
    VALUES (SYSDATE, user);
END;
```

Program 5

Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes) in an audit log for a given set of tables.

```
CREATE TABLE activity_log (
    table_name VARCHAR2(50),
    operation_type VARCHAR2(20),
    user_name VARCHAR2(30),
);

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trig_wm_activity
AFTER INSERT
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO activity_log (table_name, operation_type,
    user_name)
    VALUES ('EMPLOYEE', ora_sysevent');
END;
```

Program 7

Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

CREATE TABLE sales (

sale-id NUMBER,  
amount NUMBER,  
running-total NUMBER

);

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg-update-total  
AFTER INSERT ON sales

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

v-total NUMBER;

UPDATE sales

SET running-total = v-total

WHERE

sale-id = :NEW.sale-id )

END;

## Program 8

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that validates the availability of items before allowing an order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trig-check-stock
BEFORE INSERT ON orders
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
    v_stock NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT quantity-stock INTO v_stock
    FROM inventory WHERE item_id
    IF v_stock < :NEW order-quantity THEN
        RAISE APP_ERROR (-20004, 'Insufficient stock');
    END IF;
END;
```

Evaluation Procedure	Marks awarded
PL/SQL Procedure(5)	5
Program/Execution (5)	5
Viva(5)	5
Total (15)	15
Faculty Signature	Balaji