

# Visualizing User Behavior on the Places and Spaces Website

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## ABSTRACT

TODO: Sharad

## KEYWORDS

ACM proceedings, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, text tagging

## 1 INTRODUCTION

TODO: Sharad

Lorem Ipsum is simply dummy text of the printing and typesetting industry. Lorem Ipsum has been the industry's standard dummy text ever since the 1500s, when an unknown printer took a galley of type and scrambled it to make a type specimen book. It has survived not only five centuries, but also the leap into electronic typesetting, remaining essentially unchanged. It was popularised in the 1960s with the release of Letraset sheets containing Lorem Ipsum passages, and more recently with desktop publishing software like Aldus PageMaker including versions of Lorem Ipsum.

## 2 CLIENT REQUIREMENTS AND VISUALIZATION GOALS

TODO: Sharad

Contrary to popular belief, Lorem Ipsum is not simply random text. It has roots in a piece of classical Latin literature from 45 BC, making it over 2000 years old. Richard McClintock, a Latin professor at Hampden-Sydney College in Virginia, looked up one of the more obscure Latin words, consectetur, from a Lorem Ipsum passage, and going through the cites of the word in classical literature, discovered the undoubtable source. Lorem Ipsum comes from sections 1.10.32 and 1.10.33 of "de Finibus Bonorum et Malorum" (The Extremes of Good and Evil) by Cicero, written in 45 BC. This book is a treatise on the theory of ethics, very popular during the Renaissance. The first line of Lorem Ipsum, "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet...", comes from a line in section 1.10.32.

The standard chunk of Lorem Ipsum used since the 1500s is reproduced below for those interested. Sections 1.10.32 and 1.10.33

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from "de Finibus Bonorum et Malorum" by Cicero are also reproduced in their exact original form, accompanied by English versions from the 1914 translation by H. Rackham.

## 3 TECHNICAL SOLUTION

The data pipeline for creating the visualizations has below important steps as explained in 1.

- Acquire the website usage data: The scimaps.org uses the Weblizer tool [WeblizerWeblizer2017]. Weblizer analyzes the web server logs to create HTML report which provide various statistics of web site usage. While the actual web logs are available for only 2016 the Weblizer HTML reports are available for last 10 years(March 2017 to February 2017). We used these Weblizer HTML reports as source. The details of Weblizer reports, the exact HTML format and statistics captured is explained in the section 3.1.
- Combine the data in single data store which can be queried: Since the Weblizer HTML reports does not allow us to query the data, we required to convert them into a structured format. We decided to convert the HTML reports into comma-separated format (CSV). The section 3.2 explains the implementation of the parser program which converts data into CSV format. While designing the CSV format, we added metadata fields like year and month so that we can filter the data for a specific duration.
- Upload the data in visualization tool: We used Tableau [TABLEAUTABLEAU] as our visualization tool for the visualizations. Tableau supports importing CSV data.
- Create individual visualizations: We created multiple reports in Tableau to satisfy various project requirements. Each Tableau report tries to answer a group of requirements for the project. Each report follows a similar pattern of filtering the data so as to maintain consistency across all reports. 4 section explains each visualization in detail.
- Create a single dashboard by combining all visualizations: While it is useful to analyze each dataset separately, it also helps to get a combined view of the overall website usage. We created dashboard from all the visualizations which helps in analyzing all the website usage data in one go. The dashboard provides interactive filters using which user can slice and dice data and analyze the usage pattern effectively.

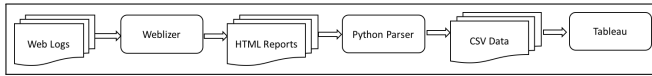


Figure 1: Data Pipeline.

Top 100 of 30517 Total URLs				
#	Hits	KBytes	URL	
1	10401	2.46%	170838	0.34%
2	3686	0.87%	364	0.00%
3	3481	0.82%	100542	0.20%
4	1938	0.46%	359408	0.71%
5	1787	0.42%	3078	0.01%
6	1536	0.36%	139776	0.28%
7	1504	0.36%	73984	0.15%
8	1489	0.35%	2776	0.01%
9	1338	0.32%	51183	0.10%
10	1183	0.28%	15151	0.03%
11	1070	0.25%	32604	0.06%
12	871	0.21%	19405	0.04%
13	854	0.20%	13356	0.03%
14	814	0.19%	1154722	2.29%
15	651	0.15%	160	0.00%
16	624	0.15%	10025	0.02%
17	536	0.13%	16570	0.03%
18	526	0.12%	249328	0.49%
19	512	0.12%	68722	0.14%
20	453	0.11%	7606	0.02%
21	428	0.10%	14888	0.03%
22	422	0.10%	6729	0.01%
23	421	0.10%	15002	0.03%
24	411	0.10%	1427781	2.83%
25	411	0.10%	632946	1.25%

Figure 2: Sample Webanalyzer Report.

### 3.1 Source Data

As explained in section 3, the Webanalyzer reports in HTML format are used as source data. These reports are available for last 10 years on monthly basis. Each report has following sub-sections

- Monthly statistics
- Daily statistics
- Hourly statistics
- Top 100 URLs
- Top 10 entry pages
- Top 10 exit pages
- Top 30 referring Sites
- Top 20 search strings
- Top 15 user agents
- Top 10 countries

Each section in webanalyzer report has HTML table. Figure 2 explains sample table from webanalyzer HTML report.

### 3.2 Data Parser

As explained in section 3, each Webanalyzer HTML reports is converted into CSV format. We implemented Data Parser Python script which scrapes the Webanalyzer HTML report and converts it into CSV structure. The data parser uses Python module called BeautifulSoup to parse the HTML. It then iterates over all 'A' tags to find

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	Year	Month	Day	HitsTotal	HitsPct	FilesTotal	FilesPct	PagesTotal	PagesPct	VisitsTotal	VisitsPct	SitesTotal	SitesPct	KbytesTotal	KbytesPct
2	2007	3	1	6287	2.29%	5026	2.30%	5545	2.30%	855	2.84%	237	4.08%	227572	3.09%
3	2007	3	2	3934	1.31%	2889	1.33%	3075	1.31%	351	2.38%	225	4.09%	203449	2.75%
4	2007	3	3	3314	1.21%	2836	1.30%	2902	1.23%	326	2.42%	223	4.06%	193021	2.62%
5	2007	3	4	3019	1.22%	3129	1.44%	3114	1.37%	243	1.80%	184	3.35%	148816	1.99%
6	2007	3	5	4406	1.61%	3742	1.72%	3748	1.59%	203	1.51%	183	3.33%	261931	3.55%
7	2007	3	6	6680	2.44%	5803	2.66%	5769	2.45%	498	3.70%	415	7.55%	194060	2.63%
8	2007	3	7	8443	3.08%	6551	3.01%	7597	3.14%	422	3.13%	335	6.10%	169407	2.30%
9	2007	3	8	6910	2.52%	5835	2.68%	6159	2.62%	439	3.26%	373	6.79%	182092	2.47%
10	2007	3	9	6894	2.51%	4786	2.20%	5939	2.52%	382	2.84%	303	5.51%	204942	2.78%

Figure 3: Daily Statistics Sample Records.

the section header within HTML report. Finally it iterates over the HTML table elements consisting TR and TD tags to extract the data and writes it in CSV file. The data parser code is available at [AgastiAgasti2017] repository. The figure 3 shows sample records from the DAYSTATS.csv which is one of the output CSV created by the data parser.

## 4 VISUALIZATION

In this section, we explain various visualizations we created to satisfy the project requirements. Section 4.7 provides one page interactive view of overall statistics whereas the subsequent visualizations support detailed analysis of individual statistics.

### 4.1 Top Countries and Trend

TODO: Sharad

### 4.2 Top Agents and Trend

TODO: Shreyas

### 4.3 Top Referrals

TODO: Leonard

### 4.4 Top Searches and Trend

We used tree map visualization to plot the top search strings for every individual years. The tree maps for individual years, specifically 3 years before the website was reorganized and 1 year after the website was reorganized are placed side by side. This helps in understanding the trend of the search strings. Figure 4 provides the screenshot of the visualization. Please refer to the Tableau live implementation to see the interactive version of this visualization which showcases many details on the mouse-over.

The analysis of this visualization clearly identifies the trend. Before 2016, the maximum search strings were related to 'periodic table of elements' while in 2016 the focus is shifted towards 'mapping science'. However, these two topics are consistently amongst the top 10 searches throughout the analysis period.

### 4.5 Most Popular Pages

TODO: Shreyas

### 4.6 Events and Web Site Traffic Corelation

TODO: Sharad

### 4.7 Dashboard

TODO: Leonard

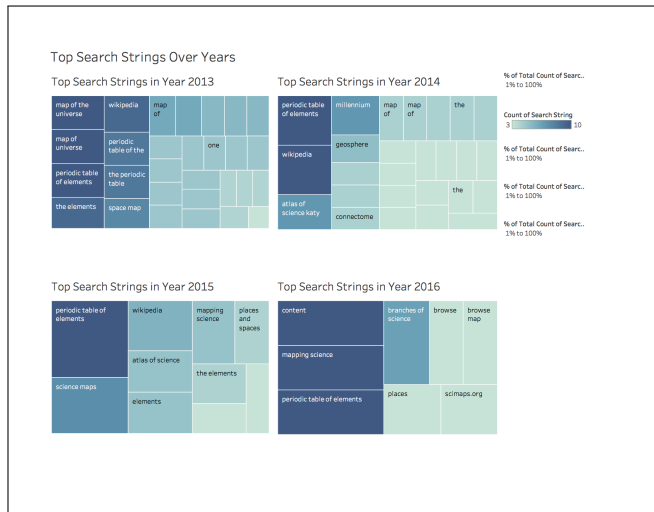


Figure 4: Top Search Strings in year 2013 to year 2016.

## 5 KEY INSIGHTS

TODO: Leonard

## 6 OTHER SIMILAR TECHNOLOGIES

TODO: Shreyas

### 6.1 Google Analytics

### 6.2 Piwik

## 7 CONCLUSIONS

TODO: Leonard

## A WORK DISTRIBUTION

The co-authors of this report worked together on the design of technical solutions, visualizations, implementation and documentation. Specifically, below given is the work distribution

- Avadhoot Agasti
  - Team lead and overall coordination.
  - Data parser implementation.
  - Visualization of top searches.
  - Putting together latex template for report writing.
  - Writing section 3 and section 4.4 in this report.
- Sharad Ghule
  - Visualization of top countries
  - Visualization of events and website traffic coorelation
  - Helping with intermediate deliverables
  - Writing Abstract, section 1, section 2, section 4.6 and section 4.1 in this report.
- Shreyas Rawagad
  - Visualization of top agents
  - Visualization of most popular pages
  - Research on other similar technologies
  - Writing section 4.2, section 4.5 and section 6 in this report.
- Leonard Mwangi

- Visualization of top referrals
- Visualization of overall statistics
- Creating dashboard
- Writing section 4.3, section 4.7 and section 5 in this report.

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