

Simulation Rush Report

Avantika Patil Jaideep Nirmal A J

Team TheBigBangTheory

1 Approach

1.1 Issue faced

- A large number of s data points are close to 0
- A purely relative-error likelihood gives near-zero data points extremely small uncertainties
- Any nonzero flare model introduces oscillations in quiet regions, which are penalized more than fitting the flare peak is rewarded.
- Model converging to zero-solution instead of the true solution

1.2 Troubleshooting

- Introduce a fourth parameter, C which is a bias term in the model, so the model becomes

$$S(t) = A \cdot e^t \cdot \{1 - \tanh[2(t - \tau)]\} \cdot \sin(\omega t) + C$$

- We did this in order to allow the model to better capture the variance of the data set
- Every s data point was manually shifted up by 300 (the lower bound of the data points)
- The model was then fit for the four parameters (A, ω, τ, C) . The value of C can straight-away be discarded the remaining three parameters give the best fit values

2 Plots

All the required plots- shifted data, trace plots and posterior distributions are plotted.

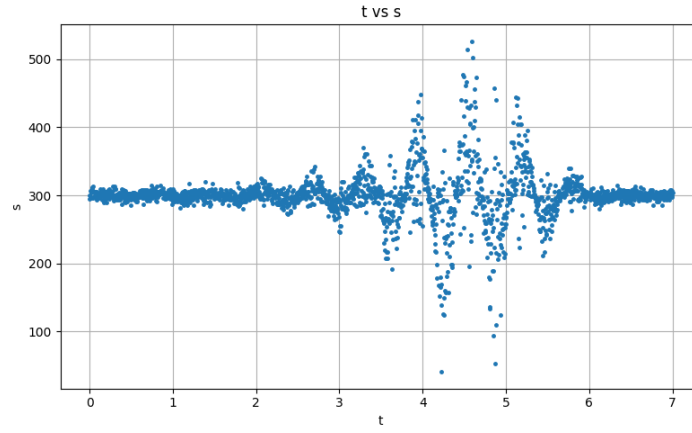


Figure 1: Shifted Data

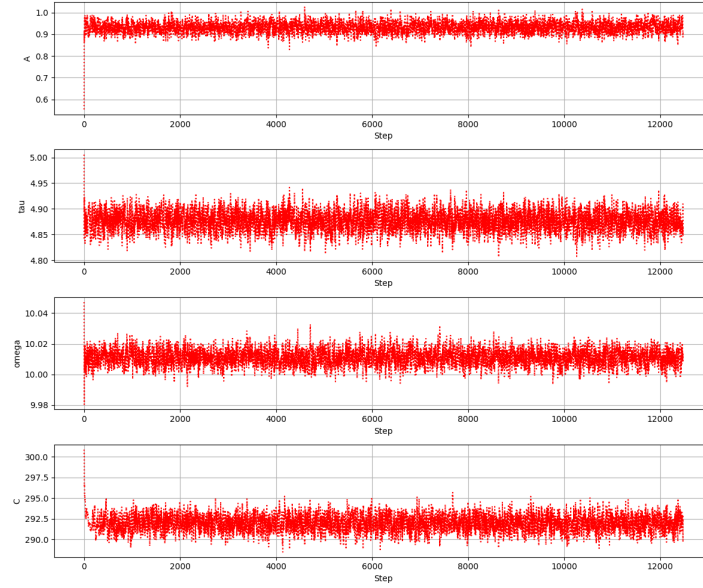


Figure 2: Trace plots for all parameters

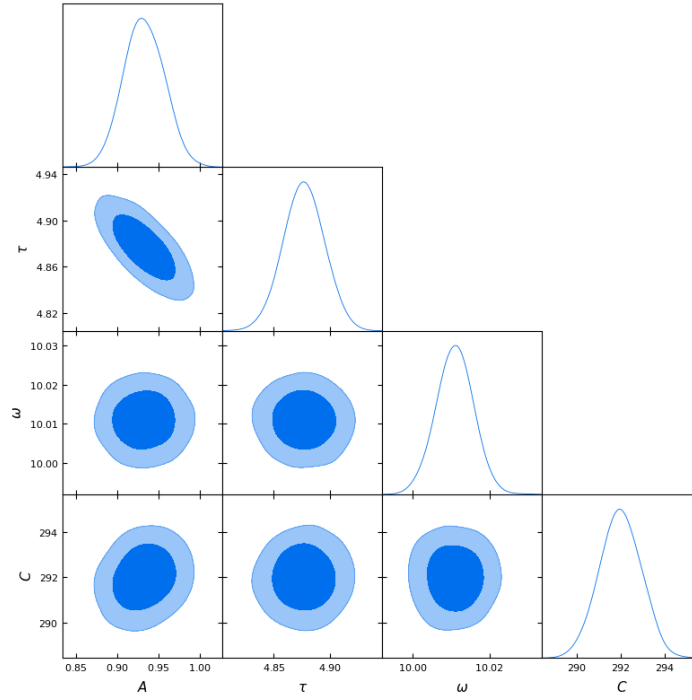


Figure 3: Posterior

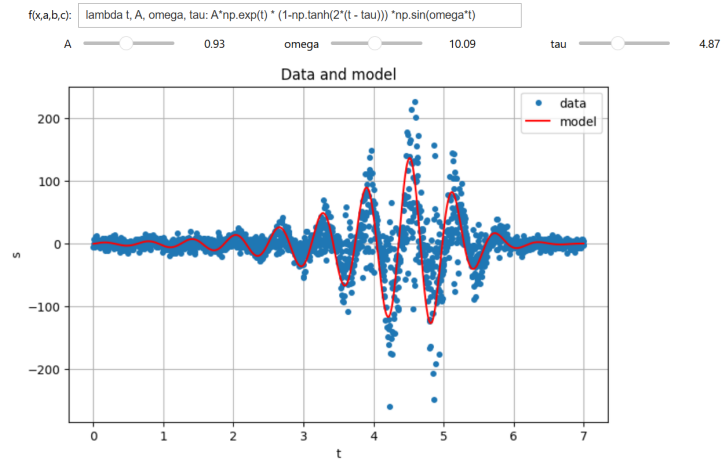


Figure 4: Best fit parameters on the given (unshifted) data

3 Source Code

Source code, along with plots can be found in the Google Drive folder [here](#) or the GitHub Repo [here](#).

4 Result

Best Fit parameters:

1. $A = 0.9027276$
2. $\tau = 4.864592$
3. $\omega = 10.013496$