Warm-up:

Revisiting selected data technologies via 101 companies

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101implementation:xquery

XML processing with XQuery

Companies in XML

```
<?xml version="1.0"
encoding="utf-8" ?>
<company ...>
 <name>meganalysis
 <department>
   <name>Research</name>
   <manager>
     <name>Craig</name>
     <address>Redmond</address>
     <salary>123456</salary>
   </manager>
   <employee>
     <name>Erik</name>
```

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Total salaries with XQuery

```
declare default element namespace
   "http://www.softlang.org/company.xsd";

<result>
   {sum(//salary)}
</result>
```

Descendants axis

Cut salaries with XQuery

```
declare default element namespace
  "http://www.softlang.org/company.xsd";
copy $copy := .
modify
  for $salary in $copy//salary
  return replace value of node $salary
          with $salary div 2
return $copy
                XQuery
               with updates
```

101implementation:dom

In-memory XML processing
in Java
with DOM

Total salaries with DOM in Java

```
public static double total(Document doc) {
                                               Descendants
  // The aggregation variable
  double total = 0;
                                                   axis
    // Get the matching elements
    NodeList nodelist = doc.getElementsByTagName("salary");
    // Process the elements in the nodelist
    for (int i=0; i<nodelist.getLength(); i++) {</pre>
        // Get element
        Element elem = (Element)nodelist.item(i);
        total += Double.parseDouble(elem.getTextContent());
  return total;
                                             Read text
                                              content
```

Cut salaries with DOM in Java

```
public static void cut(Document doc) {
    // Get the matching elements
    NodeList nodelist = doc.getElementsByTagName("salary");
    // Process the elements in the nodelist
    for (int i=0; i<nodelist.getLength(); i++) {</pre>
        // Get element
        Element elem = (Element)nodelist.item(i);
        // Transform content of element
        double value = parseDouble(elem.getTextContent());
        elem.setTextContent(Double.toString(value / 2));
              Write text
               content
```

101implementation:csharpLinqToXml

In-memory XML processing in C# with LINQ to XML

Total salaries with LINQ to XML

Cut salaries with LINQ to XML

```
public static XDocument Cut(XDocument xml)
  foreach (var salary in xml.Descendants("Salary"))
       salary.Value =
           (decimal.Parse(salary.Value)/2).ToString();
     return xml;
```

101implementation:pyjson

Processing JSON-based data in Python

Companies in JSON

```
"name": "Acme",
"departments" : [
    "name": "Research",
    "manager" : {
      "name": "Fred",
      "salary" : 88888
    "name": "Development",
    "manager" : {
      "name": "Marie",
      "salary" : 77777
```

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Total salaries with Python

```
import sys
import json
                          Test for key
                                           Read by key
def total(object):
    global result
    if "salary" in object:
        result += object["salary"
    else:
        if "manager" in object:
            total(object["manager"])
        if "departments" in object:
            for d in object["departments"]:
                total(d)
        if "employees" in object:
            for e in object["employees"]:
                total(e)
company = json.load(open(sys.argv[1], 'r'))
result = 0
                                   Convert external
total(company)
                                  SON into dictionary
print result
```

Cut salaries with Python

```
import sys
import json
def cut(object):
    if "salary" in object:
        object["salary"] /= 2
    else:
        if "manager" in object:
            cut(object["manager"])
        if "departments" in object:
            for d in object["departments"]:
                cut(d)
        if "employees" in object:
            for e in object["employees"]:
                cut(e)
company = json.load(open(sys.argv[1], 'r'))
cut(company)
open(sys.argv[2], 'w').write(json.dumps(company))
```

101implementation:mySql

SQL-based implementation tailored to MySQL

Company schema in SQL DDL

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS company (
  id INTEGER AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS department (
  id INTEGER AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  cid INTEGER NOT NULL,
  did INTEGER,
  FOREIGN KEY (cid) REFERENCES company(id)
     ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (did) REFERENCES department(id)
     ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (
```

Total salaries with SQL DML

```
SELECT SUM(salary) FROM employee
 WHERE cid =
  (SELECT id FROM company
   WHERE name = "meganalysis");
                Select a specific
                  company
```

Cut salaries with SQL DML

```
UPDATE employee
SET salary = salary / 2
WHERE cid =
  (SELECT id FROM company
WHERE name = "meganalysis");
```

101implementation:hibernate

Object/Relational mapping for Java and SQL/HQL with Hibernate

Class-table mapping for Hibernate

Hibernate-based POJOs

```
public class Company {
  private Long id;
  private String name;
  private Set<Department> depts;
  public Long getId() { return id; }
  private void setId(Long id) { this.id = id; }
  public String getName() { return name; }
  public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
  public Set<Department> getDepts() {
     if (depts==null)
       depts = new HashSet<Department>();
     return depts;
  private void setDepts(Set<Department> depts) {
     this.depts = depts;
```

Total salaries with Hibernate

```
public class Total {
  public static double total(Company company) {
     double total = 0;
     for (Department dept : company.getDepts())
       total += total(dept);
     return total;
  public static double total(Department dept) {
     double total = 0;
     for (Employee employee : dept.getEmployees())
       total += total(employee);
     for (Department subDepartment : dept.getSubdepts())
       total += total(subDepartment);
     return total;
  public static double total(Employee employee) {
     return employee.getSalary();
```

A family of static methods

Cut salaries with Hibernate

```
public class Cut {
  public static void cut(Company company) {
     for (Department dept : company.getDepts())
       cut(dept);
  public static void cut(Department dept) {
     for (Employee employee : dept.getEmployees())
       cut(employee);
     for (Department subDepartment : dept.getSubdepts())
       cut(subDepartment);
  public static void cut(Employee employee) {
     employee.setSalary(employee.getSalary() / 2);
```

101implementation:ef

Object/Relational mapping with the .NET Entity Framework

Class-table mapping for **EF**

```
<edmx:Edmx Version="2.0" xmlns:edmx="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2008/10/edmx">
  <!-- EF Runtime content -->
  <edmx:Runtime>
    <!-- SSDL content -->
    <edmx:StorageModels>....</edmx:StorageModels>
    <!-- CSDL content -->
    <edmx:ConceptualModels>....</edmx:ConceptualModels>
    <!-- C-S mapping content -->
    <edmx:Mappings>
       <Mapping Space="C-S" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2008/09/mapping/cs">
         <EntityContainerMapping StorageEntityContainer="CompanyModelStoreContainer" CdmEntityContainer="CompanyDataContext">
           <EntitySetMapping Name="Companies">
              <EntityTypeMapping TypeName="CompanyModel.Company">
                <MappingFragment StoreEntitySet="Company">
                  <ScalarProperty Name="company id" ColumnName="company id"/>
                  <ScalarProperty Name="Name" ColumnName="Name"/>
                </MappingFragment>
              </EntityTypeMapping>
           </EntitySetMapping>
           <EntitySetMapping Name="Departments">...
           <EntitySetMapping Name="Employees">...
                                                                                    A more complex
           <EntitySetMapping Name="People">...
         </EntityContainerMapping>
                                                                                            mapping
       </Mapping>
    </edmx:Mappings>
  </edmx:Runtime>
  <!-- EF Designer content (DO NOT EDIT MANUALLY BELOW HERE) -->
```

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<Designer xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2008/10/edmx">...

</edmx:Edmx>

EF-based POJOs

```
[EdmEntityTypeAttribute(NamespaceName="CompanyModel", Name="Company")]
[Serializable()]
[DataContractAttribute(IsReference=true)]
public partial class Company : EntityObject
    [EdmScalarPropertyAttribute(EntityKeyProperty=false, IsNullable=false)]
    [DataMemberAttribute()]
    public global::System.String Name
       get { ... }
       set { ... }
    private global::System.String Name;
    partial void OnNameChanging(global::System.String value);
    partial void OnNameChanged();
    [EdmScalarPropertyAttribute(EntityKeyProperty=true, IsNullable=false)]
    [DataMemberAttribute()]
    public global::System.Guid company id
        get { ... }
        set { ... }
                                                      Annotations to
                                                     represent mapping
```

Total salaries with **EF**

```
public static decimal Total(this CompanyDataContext company)
{
    var res = company.Employees.Sum(emp => emp.Salary);
    if (res != null) return (decimal) res;
    return OM;
}
```

Cut salaries with **EF**

```
public static void Cut(this CompanyDataContext company)
{
    foreach (var employee in company.Employees)
    {
        employee.Salary /= 2;
    }
    company.SaveChanges();
}
```

BTW: Consider 101 companies' value for knowledge acquisition

- 101 companies contribution X ...
 - ... uses language L,
 - ... uses technology T,
 - ... implements feature F,
 - ... demonstrates concept C.

Direct, declared knowledge

Indirect, inferrable knowledge

- Technology *T* helps with feature *F*.
- Technology T_1 always occurs together with technology T_2 .
- Developer D has skills regarding language L and technology T.
- ...

Summary

You have seen ...

- different styles of XML processing,
- some basics of relational databases,
- some bits of object/relational modeling,
- and the systematic utilization of 101 companies.

Thanks for your interest. Questions? Comments?