Riak: key-value store

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Motivation

 File system for the web: store everything (json, images, blobs, etc.) and make it accessible via HTTP with REST

What's Riak?

- Fault-tolerant
- Low-latency
- High-throughput
- HTTP + JSON

Key concepts

- Buckets, Keys: data is stored and referenced by bucket/key pairs
- Values: can be of any data type. Each value has a unique key.

Resources and Resource Identifiers

- The key abstraction of information in REST is a resource.
- Each resource has a resource identifier.

Examples of identifiers

- http://example.com/customers/1234
- http://example.com/orders/2007/10/776654
- http://example.com/products/4554
- http://example.com/processes/salary-increase-234

Remember: Hypertext Transfer Protocol

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hypertext_Transfer_Protocol

GET

HEAD

PUT

POST

OPTIONS

CONNECT

DELETE

TRACE

PATCH

Request representation for resource

Like GET but without response body

Upload representation for resource

Submit data for resource

Query for available methods

Facilitate SSL-encrypted communication

Delete specified resource

Return request as it arrived at server

Partial modification of resource

RESTful Web Service HTTP methods

- Collection URI, such as http://example.com/companies/
- GET: List the URIs and perhaps other details of the collection's members
- PUT: Replace the entire collection with another collection.
- POST: Create a new entry in the collection. The new entry's URL is assigned automatically and is usually returned by the operation.
- DELETE: **Delete** the entire collection.

RESTful Web Service HTTP methods

- Element URI, such as http://example.com/ companies/32
- GET: Retrieve a representation of the addressed member of the collection, expressed in an appropriate Internet media type.
- PUT: Replace the addressed member of the collection, or if it doesn't exist, create it.
- POST: Treat the addressed member as a collection in its own right and create a new entry in it.
- DELETE: Delete the addressed member of the collection.

curl -v http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/test

```
* About to connect() to 127.0.0.1 port 8098 (#0)
  Trying 127.0.0.1... connected
> GET /riak/test HTTP/1.1 —
> User-Agent: curl/7.22.0 (x86_64-pc-line: _anu) libcurl/7.22.0 OpenSSL/1.0.1 zlib/1.2.3.4 libidn/1.23 librtmp/
> Host: 127.0.0.1:8098
> Accept: */*
                                                                                   simple GET
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Vary: Accept-Encoding
< Server: MochiWeb/1.1 WebMachine/1.9.0 (someone had painted it blue)
< Date: Tue, 11 Sep 2012 10:56:22 GMT
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 422
* Connection #0 to host 127.0.0.1 left intact
* Closing connection #0
{"props":{"name":"test","allow mult":false,"basic quorum":false,"big vclock":50,"chash keyfun":
{"mod":"riak_core_util","fun":"chash_std_keyfun"},"dw":"quorum","last_write_wins":false,"linkfun":
{"mod":"riak_kv_wm_link_walker","fun":"mapreduce_linkfun"},"n_val":3,"notfound_ok":true,"old_vclock":
86400,"postcommit":[],"pr":0,"precommit":[],"pw":0,"r":"quorum","rw":"quorum","small_vclock":
50,"w":"quorum","young_vclock":20}}
                                                                                properties
```

Response codes

Normal status codes:

- 201 Created (when submitting without a key)
- 200 OK
- 204 No Content
- 300 Multiple Choices

Error codes:

- 400 Bad Request
- 412 Precondition Failed if one of the conditional request headers

```
If-None-Match, If-Match, If-Modified-Since, and If-Unmodified-Since invoke conditional request semantics, matching on the ETag and Last-Modified of the existing object
```

Accessing buckets

curl -v http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/bucket/key

- < HTTP/1.1 404 Object Not Found
- < Server: MochiWeb/1.1 WebMachine/1.9.0 (someone had painted it blue)</p>
- < Date: Tue, 11 Sep 2012 11:00:09 GMT
- < Content-Type: text/plain
- < Content-Length: 10

not found

HTTP 404

Data storage URL pattern

http://SERVER:PORT/riak/BUCKET/KEY

Storing data

```
curl -v -d 'this is a test' -H
"Content-Type: text/plain"
http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:
8091/riak/test
```

POST Request

Bucket: test

Key: auto-generated

Storing binaries

MIME content type

- application/json: JavaScript Object Notation <u>JSON</u>; Defined in <u>RFC 4627</u>
- application/pdf: Portable Document Format, <u>PDF</u> has been in use for document exchange on the Internet since 1993; Defined in <u>RFC 3778</u>
- application/zip: ZIP archive files; Registered[7]
- image/jpeg: JPEG JFIF image; Defined in RFC 2045 and RFC 2046
- text/html: <u>HTML</u>; Defined in <u>RFC 2854</u>
- video/mpeg: MPEG-1 video with multiplexed audio; Defined in RFC 2045 and RFC 2046

Full list:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_media_type

View list of buckets

http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/buckets?buckets=true

```
JSON object: array of buckets

[ "img" ]
```

Delete object

curl -v -X DELETE

http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/img/KoblenzTotale.jpg

What about relationships between objects? In Riak they are called "Links"

HTTP Header with POST request

Links are **metadata** that establish one-way relationships between objects in Riak:

Link: </riak/bucket/key>; riaktag="tag"

Link: </riak/list/1>; riaktag="previous", </riak/list/3>; riaktag="next"

multiple links

DEMO

101 companies: riak

Manager

http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/meganalysis_employees/klaus

```
HEADERS:
```

```
'Link': '</riak/meganalysis_depts/dev1>; riaktag="manages" 'content-type': 'application/json'
```

DATA:

```
{"salary": 23456, "name": "Klaus", "address": {"city": "Boston", "country": "USA"}}
```

Department

```
http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/meganalysis_depts/dev1
HEADERS:
```

'Link': '</riak/meganalysis_employees/klaus>; riaktag="employs"' 'content type': 'application/json'

DATA: {"name": "Dev1"}

Sub-department

http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/meganalysis_depts/development

HEADERS:

```
'Link': '</riak/meganalysis_employees/ray>; riaktag="employs", </riak/meganalysis_depts/dev1>; riaktag="has_subunit"',
```

'content-type': 'application/json'

Querying data

All sub-departments and employees:

curl <a href="http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/meganalysis_depts/development/_,_,_

All sub-departments only:

curl http://debeka.uni-koblenz.de:8091/riak/meganalysis_depts/development/
_,has_subunit,_

GET /riak/bucket/key/[bucket],[tag],[keep]

- · Bucket a bucket name to limit the links to
- · Tag a "riaktag" to limit the links to
- Keep 0 or 1, whether to return results from this phase

Total

```
totalcode = {
  "inputs": "meganalysis_employees",
  "query" : [
     {"map" : {
        "language": "javascript",
        "source": """function(v) {
                                                                 Map
  var parsedData = JSON.parse(v.values[0].data);
  return [{'salary' : parsedData.salary}];
     {"reduce" : {"language" : "javascript",
              "source": """function(mappedVals) {
  var sums = {'salary' : 0};
  for (var i in mappedVals) {
                                                                   Reduce
     sums.salary += mappedVals[i].salary;
  return [sums];
header = {"content-type" : "application/json"}
host = "http://localhost:8091/mapred"
```

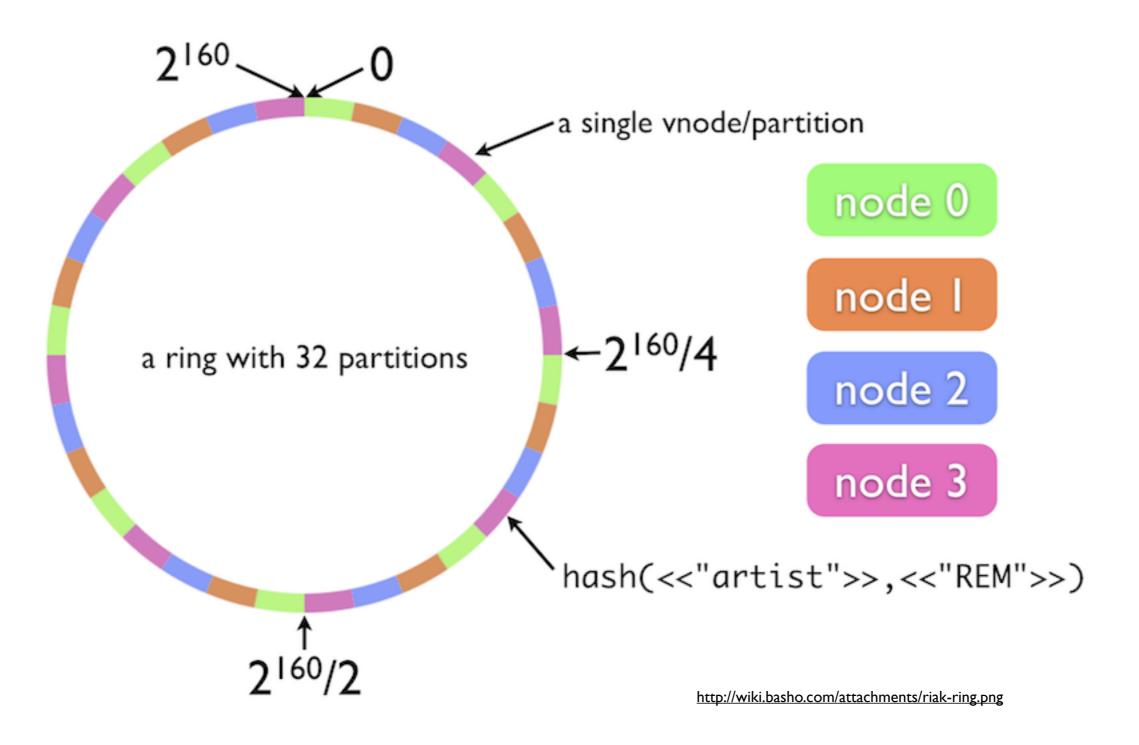
Cut

Returns an array of updated objects

Need to iterate over this array and PUT the object back to Riak

No in-place updates!

Clustering



Summary

You learned about ...

- using Riak as a key-value storage,
- storing the relational data in Riak, and
- using MapReduce for data aggregation.

Resources

Dynamo: Amazon's Highly Available Key-value Store:

http://s3.amazonaws.com/AllThingsDistributed/sosp/amazon-dynamo-sosp2007.pdf

Riak documentation:

http://wiki.basho.com/