

Android lecture 2

Basics, Activity

Agenda

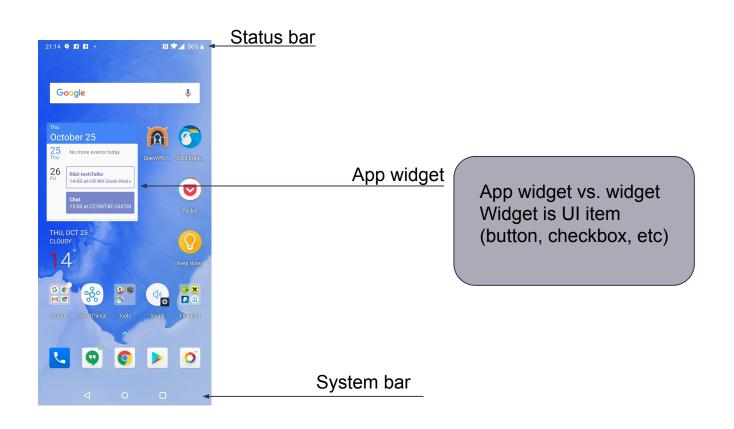
- Android UI overview
- Project structure
 - Gradle
 - Source code
 - Resources
- Android components
 - AndroidManifest
 - Activity
 - Service
 - Content provider
 - Broadcast receiver
 - Intent
- Activity





Android - UI overview

Launcher





Notifications



- Inform user (email, progress, etc)
- Actions in notifications since API-16
- Can be visible on lock screen
- Optional sound, vibration, LED light



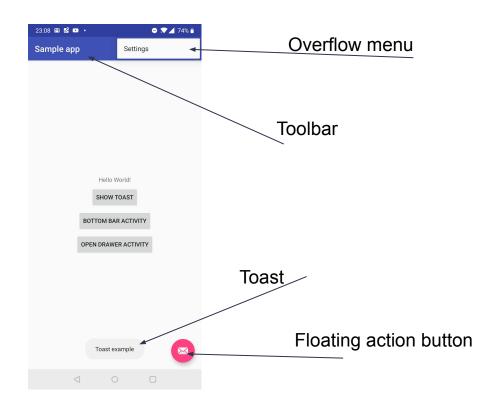
Quick settings



- Since API-16 part of AOSP
- Since API-24 custom actions



Navigation in app



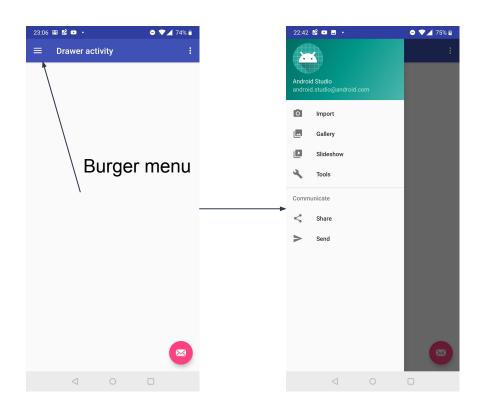


Navigation in app - bottom bar





Navigation in app - drawer





Material design

- Design language from Google
- Material is the metaphor
 - Inspired by physical world (reflecting light, cast shadow)
- Cross-platform (Android, iOS, Flutter, web)
- Material components available as library
- https://www.material.io/





Components

AndroidManifest.xml

- Essential information about app for OS
- Package name (application unique id)
- Describe components
- Permissions
- Min required API level
- Supported/required screens, features
- Target SDK
 - Compatibility modes
- Used for filtering in app store



Activity

- Screen with UI
- Single activity application is recommended by Google
- Activity stack
- Lifecycle
- Contains fragments and/or views



Service

- No UI
- Optional notification (mandatory for foreground services)
- Operations that are not tight to activity lifecycle
- Long running tasks
 - Download service
 - Music playback



Content provider

- Manage and share application data
- Doesn't specify storage implementation (db, file, web)
- Query or modify data
- Optional permissions
 - Custom permissions who can access data
- Used by system for
 - SMS
 - Contacts
 - Call log
- Initialized before Application



Broadcast receiver

- Listens for actions invoked by system or other application
- Static or dynamic registration
- System-wide
- Limited since API-26
 - Implicit broadcasts
- Examples
 - Incoming SMS
 - Low battery, battery percentage changed
 - Connectivity change
 - Headphones connected/disconnected



Intent

- Asynchronous message between component
- Start activities
- Start or bind services
- Send broadcast





Project setup

Consider

- Target audience
- Compatibility



MinSdk

- Lowest supported SDK
- New features are not available on older APIs
- Supporting old SDK can take a lot of resources to maintain compatibility
 - API levels checks
 - Testing
 - Value of these users



Compile Sdk

- Select newest available API at compile time
- Depracations
- Lint checks

Always compile with the latest SDK



Target sdk

- Way how system provide forward compatibility
- Change behaviour of the app
 - Runtime permissions handling
 - Menu button deprecation handling



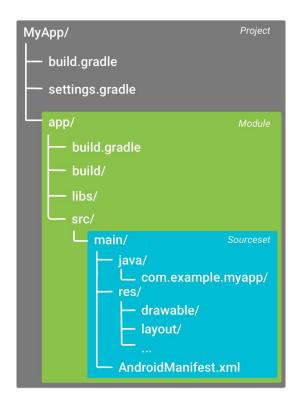




Project structure

Project structure - project

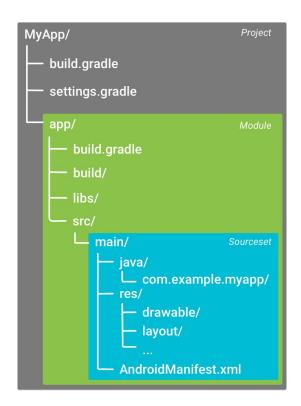
- Common configuration for modules
 - Common dependencies versions
 - 3rd party plugins configuration





Project structure - module

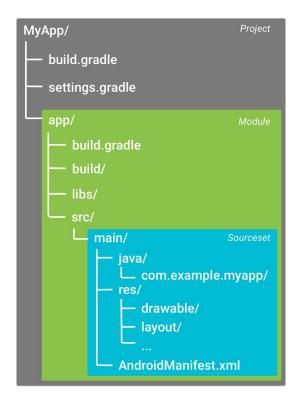
- Application or library
- Different module for phone/watch/tv app
- Multiple source sets (optional)
 - Different version of same app (paid vs. free)





Project structure - sourceset

- Source code and resources
- Source code from main source set available everywhere
- Resources can be overridden in different source set





Project files

build.gradle(.kts)

- Configuration that applies to all modules
- Defines android build plugin version
- List of repositories where to download dependencies and gradle build plugin

settings.gradle(.kts)

List of modules to build



Project files - gradle.properties

- Project wide gradle fields
- Customization of how it will run
 - Heap size
 - Daemon or not
 - Java_home and java arguments
 - Parallel run
 - Proxy
 - And much more



Project files - local.properties

- Contains paths to sdk and ndk
- Can't be shared between developers
- Generated during build, do not modify it manually

- Do not include this file in submitted projects
- .gitignore



Module files - build.gradle

- Configure build setting for specific module
- Defines build variants and their source sets
- applicationId
- Min and target SDK version
- compileSdkVersion and buildToolsVersion
- Dependencies
- https://developer.android.com/reference/tools/gradle-api



Module files - libs/

- *.jar libraries
- If it is possible use library as gradle dependency



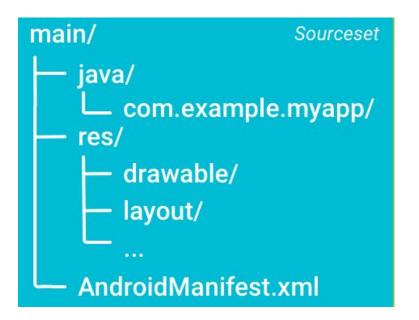
Module files - src/

- Source code
- Resources
- Assets
- Main default sourceset for all build variants
- Recommended to split code into packages



Source set

- java/
 - Source codes
- res/
 - Resources
 - Drawables
 - Layouts
 - Values
 - ...
- assets/
- AndroidManifest.xml





Resources

- Layout
- Strings
- Menu
- Animations
- Icons
- Dimensions
- Drawables
- Mipmap



Resource qualifiers

- Resources in different variants
- Drawable, drawable-mdpi...
- Values, values-cs, values-de
- Layout, layout-sw600dp



Resources - drawables

- Bitmaps
- 9-patch png
- State lists
- Vector drawables
 - Since API-21
 - Backward compatibility with support library



Resources - layout

Definition of UI



Resources units

- Dp density independent pixel
 - On 160dpi screen 1dp = 1px
- Sp scale independent pixel (fonts)
 - Similar to dp, but scaled by the user's font size preference
- Never use px



Binding between resources and java

- XML elements has id generated in R.java
- R.id.txt_headline
- R.layout.activity_main
- Binding
 - Manual
 - View binding
 - Data binding
 - Kotlin synthetics (deprecated)



Layouts

- Extends ViewGroup
- Defined in XML or programmatically
- Folder res/layout
- Options
 - FrameLayout
 - LinearLayout
 - RelativeLayout
 - TableLayout
 - GridLayout
 - ConstraintLayout
 - Google IO 2016
 - Available as support library



Layout - FrameLayout

- Places all items in top left corner
- Usage as placeholder for other view/fragment
- Fast



Layout - LinearLayout

- Places childs vertically or horizontally
- Possible to use weight to size item in some ratio
- Usually leads to layout nesting



Layout - RelativeLayout

- Place views relatively to each other
 - Item A is left of Item B
 - Item B is aligned to its parent
- Flatten hierarchy
- Till API 17 needs to be defined separately for RTL languages, API-17 is buggy
- For complex layouts faster than LinearLayout



Layout - Constraint layout

Available as dependency

```
implementation "androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:2.1.4"
```

- "Extended relative layout"
- Constraint is connection or alignment to another view/parent/guideline
- Recommended today



Jetpack Compose

- Modern toolkit for building native UI
- Intuitive Kotlin API

https://developer.android.com/jetpack/compose



Widgets

- Extends View
- width and height needs to be set
 - Can be replaced by weight
 - match_parent

Fills the whole width/height of parent

- wrap_content
 - Wraps around the content
- dimension



Widgets

- Button
- TextView
- EditText
- ImageView
- CheckBox
- RadioButton
- WebView
- AdapterView
 - ListView
 - Spinner
- RecyclerView







Activity & Back stack

Activity

- Presentation layer of application
- Only UI component
- Contains Views or Fragment
- Every activity defined in manifest
- Runs on UI thread
- All components run in one process by default
- Lifecycle
- Activity back stack



Starting activity

- Intent describes which activity to start
- Can contain data for new activity
- Flags manipulation with activity stack

```
val intent = Intent(activity, SecondActivity::class.java)
intent.putExtra("key", "value")
intent.putExtra("keyInt", 5)
startActivity(intent)
```



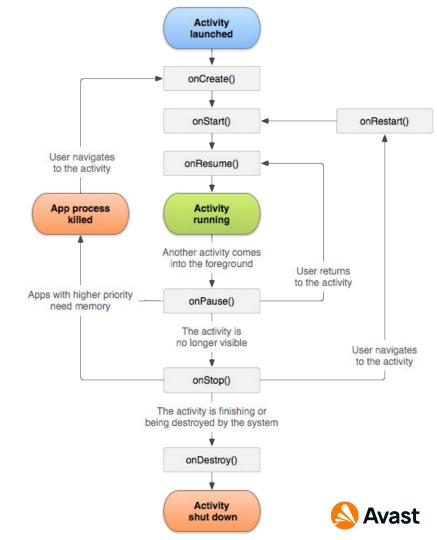
Explicit vs. implicit intent

- Explicit intent
 - Specify component by fully qualified class name
 - Typically component in our application
- Implicit intent
 - Just declare general action to perform
 - Enables multiple apps to handle that action
 - Examples
 - Send email ACTION_SEND
 - Open browser ACTION_VIEW
 - If multiple apps are capable to handle intent, system shows picker
 - Intent filters defined in manifest



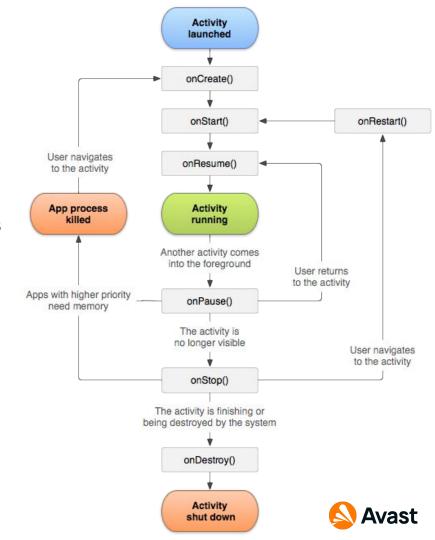
Activity - states

- Resumed
 - Running, is visible
- Paused
 - Partially visible, remains in memory
- Stopped
 - Different activity is on top
 - Moved to background
 - Still alive, remains in memory
 - Hosting process can be killed
- Destroyed



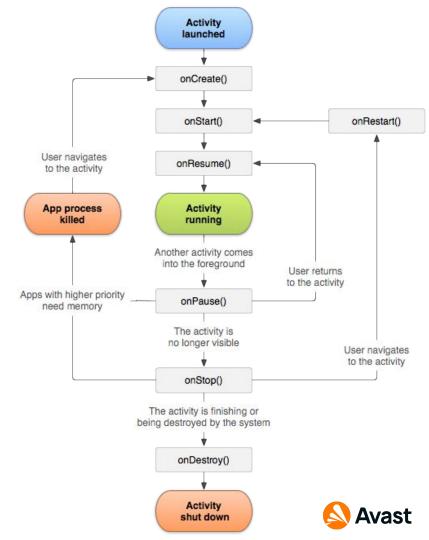
Activity#onCreate(Bundle)

- Activity is being created
- Create views
- Bind data to list
- Passed Bundle object contains activity previous state
- Read data from starting intent
- Always followed by #onStart()
- Called only once per instance



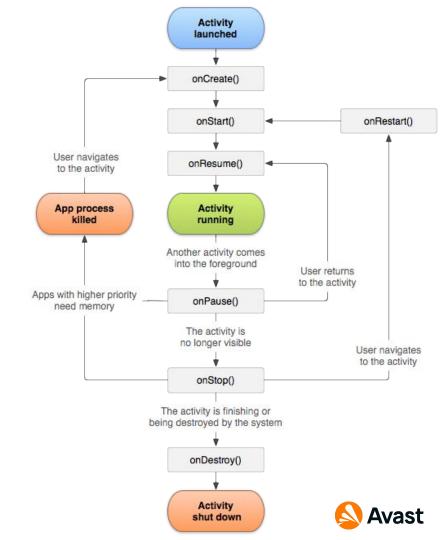
Activity#onStart()

- Called before the activity become visible to the user
- Can be called multiple times
- Followed by
 - onResume() if come to the foreground
 - onStop() if becomes hidden
- Activity is partially visible, register listeners for changing UI
- Register broadcast receivers



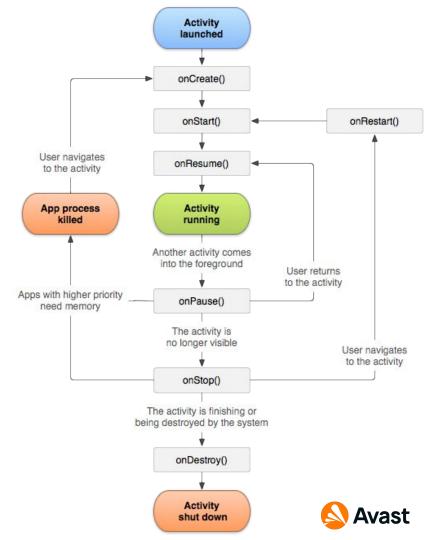
Activity#onResume()

- Called just before activity start interacts with user
- Activity is on top of activity stack
- Run stuff for user
- Always followed by onPause()



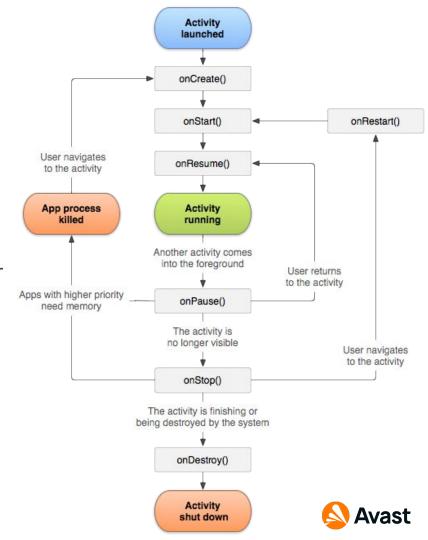
Activity#onPause()

- System is about to resume another activity
- Commit unsaved changes, persist data, stop animations and CPU intensive stuff
- Should be very fast, because another activity onResume() wait until this finish
- Followed by
 - onResume() if the activity returns back to the front
 - onStop() if became invisible to the user
- Activity can be killed by system



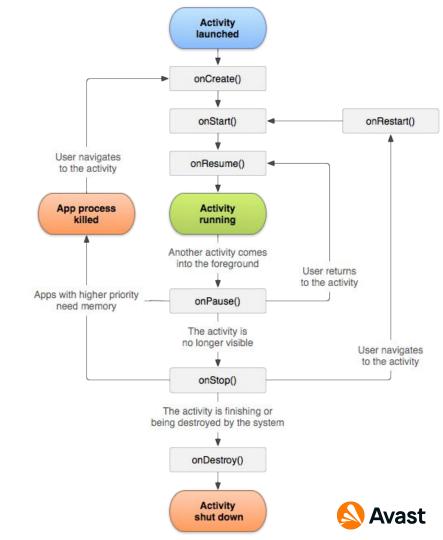
Activity#onStop()

- Called when is no longer visible to the user
- Being destroyed or another activity has been resumed and covering it.
- Finish stuff started in #onStart()
- Followed by
 - onRestart() coming back to interact with user
 - onDestroy() activity is going away
- Called when being minimized, navigate to another screen



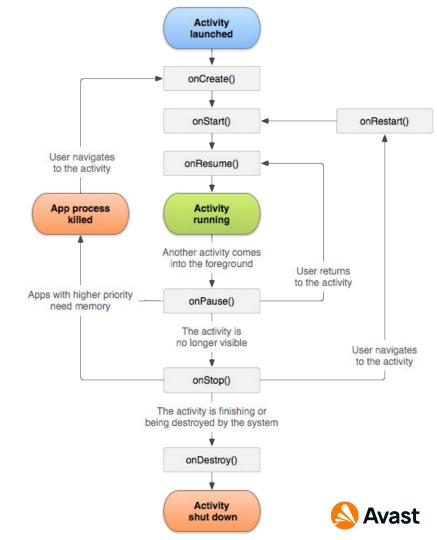
Activity#onDestroy()

- Called before activity is destroyed
- Activity is finished by #finish() method
- System needs more resources (RAM)



Activity#onRestart()

 Called after activity has been stopped, and before is started again

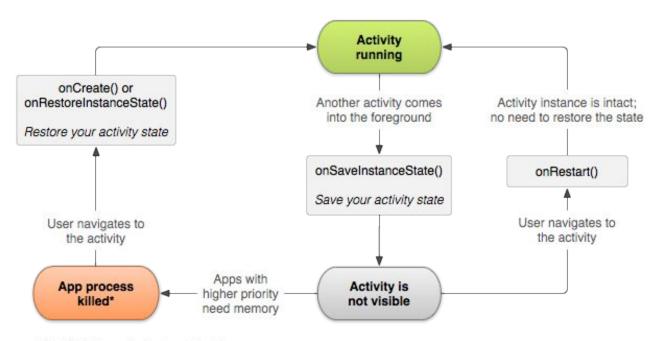


Configuration changes

- Activity is destroyed and recreated
 - Screen rotation
 - Language change
 - HW keyboard opens
 - Projector is connected
- Needs to be handled properly
 - Activity#onSaveInstanceState
 - Activity#onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?)
 - Activity#onRestoreInstanceState(savedInstanceState: Bundle)



Save activity state



*Activity instance is destroyed, but the state from onSaveInstanceState() is saved



Saving activity state

- System can kill background activity to free up resources => state of the activity is lost
- Implement #onSaveInstanceState
 - Called before activity is vulnerable to destruction
 - Passed Bundle is for remembering its state
 - Bundle with the stored state is passed into #onCreate and #onRestoreInstanceState (called before #onStart())
 - Default implementation takes care of widget with unique id (user input), but doesn't store state (enabled/disabled)



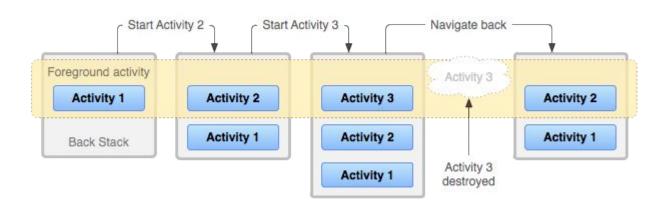
Bundle

- Mapping parcelable and serializable objects
- String keys
- #putString, #putInt
- #getString, #getInt
- Other java primitives



Tasks and back stack

- Task is collection of activities, to perform certain job
 - Activity in task can be from different application (send email)
- Activities arranged in a stack, in order in which there were opened
- Task has its own back stack





Tasks and back stack

- Sometimes is necessary to change behaviour of back stack
- Manifest attributes
 - o taskAffinity
 - launchMode
 - allowTaskReparenting
 - clearTaskOnLaunch
 - alwaysRetainTaskState
 - finishOnTaskLaunch
- Intent flags
 - FLAG_ACTIVITY_NEW_TASK
 - Start activity in new task, or bring task with that activity
 - FLAG_ACTIVITY_CLEAR_TOP
 - If the activity is in stack, pick them and destroy all other activities on top
 - FLAG_ACTIVITY_SINGLE_TOP
 - Do not start new instance of activity, if is already on top of stack



Task affinity

- If you need that flag FLAG_ACTIVITY_NEW_TASK open activity in new task you need to set different affinity for that activity
- It needs to be set for independent apps in one APK, we use it for debug tools (separate app which allows us to (re)set some values in main app)



Toast

- Simple non modal information
- Displayed for short period of time
- Doesn't have user focus
- android.widget.Toast

Toast.makeText(context, "Toast example", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show()





Log messages

- Static method in Log class
- android.util.Log
- Log.{v,d,i,w,e,wtf}(tag: String, message: String, e: Throwable)
- Verbose
- Debug
- Info
- Warning
- Error
- What a terrible failure





Context

Context

- Abstract class implemented by components
- android.content.Context

- Resources access
- Register/unregister BroadcastReceivers
- Run Activity, Services
- Binds Services



Context

- Application
 - Single instance
 - Extends Context
- Activity/Service
 - Multiple instances
 - Extends Context
 - Can be easily leaked
- BroadcastReceiver
 - Receive instance of Context in BroadcastReceiver#onReceive()
 - registerReceiver() and bindService() doesn't work
- ContentProvider
 - Not instance of Context
 - getContext() returns Context of application which called the receiver





Thank you Q&A

Feedback is appreciated

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Please use [mff-android] in subject