| Document: | List of APDU commands for F | iscal Smart Card |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
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1 OVERVIEW

In this document the protocol that enables the correct communication between the SDC and the Fiscal Smart Card (SAM) is described. The commands in this document are the ones exchanged during the regular operation, that is, after the card has been enrolled and provided with a valid identity: these other commands are supposed to be known only by the Avatar backbone (ATAX), and have higher security requirements: they are sent in encrypted form and some of them are authenticated with digital certificates.

2 PROTOCOL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Physical aspects

The interface between the SDC and the SAM follows the standard ISO 7816-3. Avatar SAM has been tested and is known to work with communication protocol T1, as defined in section 11 in the aforementioned norm.

2.2 Communication SDC-SAM

The communication between the SDC and the SAM follows a Command-Response model. All the commands are initiated by the SDC and no other command is sent until a response (or a timeout) is received from the SAM.

More specifically, the SDC and the SAM exchange commands and responses by using Application Protocol Data Units (APDU) in command-response pairs. The format of the APDU's is defined in ISO specifications 78163-3 and 7816-4.

2.3 Authentication

All the commands issued by the SDC must be authenticated with a Pin, that is an alphanumeric sequence. Currently (i.e. December 2016), the sequence has 6 characters.

The pin authentication mechanism works like this:

- 1. SDC sends to the SAM the command <u>VERIFY_PIN</u>, including the pin sequence. It is up to the SDC developer to decide how frequently it asks the user for the PIN.
- 2. If the pin is correct, the SAM returns a random 8 Byte sequence (<u>NONCE</u>) in response to the command; otherwise the SAM throws an exception and returns the error code SW UNAUTHORIZED (0x9C06).
- 3. After successful authentication, the SDC will append the nonce to all the subsequent commands.

2.4 Protocol overview

Before sending a command to the applet; the Avatar Applet has to be selected through the <u>SELECT_AVATAR_APPLET</u> command; several applications might be running inside the same physical secure element. If there is a power cycle of the card in the middle of a regular operation, the nonce is undefined, and therefore the authentication process has to be initiated again.

The SAM has two main functions:

- Digitally sign an piece of data provided by the SDC.
- Return to the SDC some internal data.

The set of commands described in <u>COMMAND DESCRIPTION</u> allow the SDC to ask the card to perform these two functions in different ways: there are commands that ask the SAM to sign an invoice; others that ask the SAM to provide its internal data, and also there are other commands for performing both functions at the same time.

Finally, there are other commands involved in the audit procedure. There is a limit in the card for the number of regular signing operations that it is allowed to perform with no further checks (except some basic ones). If this limit is reached, the card will stop signing and will reject all the signing command with exception SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRANSACTIONS (0x9C60). Therefore, some procedure is required for resuming the regular operations. The audit procedure works like this:

-The SDC sends <u>START_AUDIT</u> to the card. The SAM returns a random token together with its internal data.

-ATAX signs this token its private key. The SAM decodes it, and checks if the encrypted data contains the random token that it has previously issued.

3 COMMAND DESCRIPTION

In this section a description of all the commands that the SDC can send to the SAM is given. Any other combination will throw an exception, and the card will return an error code. Each command is divided into three components:

- COMMAND: APDU sent from the SDC to the SAM
- RESPONSE: Response from the SAM to the SDC when no error has arisen during the processing of the COMMAND.
- ERRORS: List of possible errors that can occur while processing the COMMAND.

The commands follow the APDU structure defined in ISO7816-3 and ISO7816-4. The type of command, according to section 12 in ISO7816-3, is also provided.

Notation: In the following sections, the operator || is used several times. It has to be interpreted as "Concatenation". As an example:

0x0102||0x0304 = 0x01020304

3.1 SELECT AVATAR APPLET

3.1.1 Description.

This command tells the SAM Card Manager to relay all the subsequent commands to the Avatar Applet. The Card Manager can be viewed as the resident operative system in the card. Different applications, each one having its own AID and cryptographic keys, can be present in the SAM.

3.1.2 Fields.

Command type = 3S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0x00 | 0xA4 | 0x04 | 0x00 | 0x09 | AID |

Table 3.1: SELECT AVATAR APPLET Command

RESPONSE

| SW1 | SW2 |
|------|------|
| 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.2: SELECT_AVATAR_APPLET Response

3.1.3 Formal description

```
SELECT_AVATAR_APPLET = {

COMMAND = {

CLA SELECT_CLA,

INS SELECT

SELECT_BY_NAME,

0x00,

Blength(AID),

AID
```

```
},
RESPONSE = {
      SUCCESS
},
ERRORS = {
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.1.4 Example
COMMAND =
Cla:
00
Ins:
Α4
Select by Name:
04
P2:
00
Length:
09
Avatar AID:
41 76 61 74 61 72 00 00 00
RESPONSE =
Success:
90 00
```

3.2 VERIFY_PIN

3.2.1 Description.

Login command, it's the mechanism whereby the SDC tries to establish an authenticated session with the secure element.

3.2.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0xB0 | 0x42 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x06 | PIN |

Table 3.3: VERIFY_PIN Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|--------------|------|------|
| <u>NONCE</u> | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.4: VERIFY_PIN Response

ERRORS

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x02 | SW_AUTH_FAILED | Incorrect pin |
| 0x9C | 0x0C | SW_IDENTITY_BLOCKED | Max number of login attempts reached |

Table 3.5: VERIFY_PIN Errors

3.2.3 Formal description

VERIFY_PIN = {
COMMAND = {

```
CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS VERIFY_PIN,
     IDENTITY_NUMBER,
      0x00,
     Blength(PIN),
     <u>PIN</u>
},
RESPONSE = {
     NONCE,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS = {
     IDENTITY_EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
           Example
3.2.4
This is the APDU for a login attempt with Pin 123456.
COMMAND =
Cla:
B0
Ins:
42
P1:
00
P2:
00
Length:
06
```

Pin:

31 32 33 34 35 36

RESPONSE =

Nonce:

B5 F1 B1 C3 BB 80 DF F3

Success:

90 00

3.3 SIGN_INVOICE

3.3.1 Description

This is one of the two methods for requesting the SAM to sign an invoice. The response to this command only contains the signature of the invoice, no other internal data present in the SAM is added to the response. The Lc in the command has the extended length format (3 Bytes long).

The data in the command is formed by concatenating several values.

- 0x000501 : Fixed values.
- 2 Bytes Length of the subsequent request
- request: also a composed value with these fields:
 - 1. Transaction type (sale or refund)
 - 2. Transaction mode (normal, training or proforma)
 - 3. Transaction values (amount and tax)
 - 4. Invoice.
- Nonce

3.3.2 Fields

Command type = 4E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | Key Num- ber | Op Type | Extended Lc | Data |
|------|------|--------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| 0xB0 | 0x38 | 0x00 | 0x04 | Variable | 0x000501 <u>SLENGTH(REQUEST) </u> REQUEST NONCE |

Table 3.6: SIGN INVOICE Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|-------------------|------|------|
| LSIMPLE_SIGNATURE | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.7: SIGN INVOICE Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x45 | SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE | A previous signature has not been read yet. |
| 0x9C | 0x60 | SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRA NSACTIONS | No more signatures allowed, audit pro- cedure needed. |
| 0x9C | 0x52 | SW_REFUND_NOT_AL- LOWED | The amount to be refunded exceed the total sales amount. |
| 0x9C | 0x51 | SW_OVERFLOW | Maximum value for a counter exceeded. |

Table 3.8: SIGN_INVOICE Errors

```
Formal description
 3.3.3
SIGN_INVOICE = {
COMMAND = {
         \underline{\mathsf{CLA}} = \mathsf{PIN}_{\mathsf{CLA}},
         INS = SIGN_INVOICE,
          \underline{KEY}\underline{NUMBER} = 0x00,
         OPERATION_{TYPE} = ONE_{STEP},
          Elength (DATA),
          DATA = {
                    \underline{\text{CIPHER} \, \text{MODE}} = \underline{\text{CM} \, \text{RSA} \, \text{NOPAD}}
                    OPERATION = SIGN,
                    \underline{\mathsf{DATA}} \underline{\mathsf{LOCATION}} = \underline{\mathsf{DL}} \underline{\mathsf{APDU}},
                    <u>SLENGTH(REQUEST)</u>,
                    REQUEST,
                    NONCE
          }
},
RESPONSE = {
```

```
LSIMPLE SIGNATURE,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     SIGNING EXCEPTIONS
     CRYPTOGRAPHIC EXCEPTIONS,
     TRANSACTION EXCEPTIONS,
     ARITHMETIC_EXCEPTIONS,
     APPLET EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.3.4
           Example
This is a SIGN_INVOICE command example having with the following arguments:
TRANSACTION_TYPE = SALE
TRANSACTION_MODE = NORMAL
TRANSACTION AMOUNT = 10.05
TAX AMOUNT = 1.25
INVOICE = "invoice"
NONCE = 0 \times B90EF2E40D7C8F5D
COMMAND =
Cla:
B0
Ins:
38
Key Number:
00
One Step Operation:
04
```

```
Extended Length:
00 00 21
Fixed data header:
00 05 01
Request length:
00 14
Request:
     Sale:
     00
     Normal mode:
     00
     Transaction value length:
     0A
     Amount:
     04 01 10 01 05
     Tax:
     04 01 01 01 25
     Invoice:
     69 6E 76 6F 69 63 65
Nonce:
B9 0E F2 E4 0D 7C 8F 5D
RESPONSE =
Signature length:
01 00
Signature:
4C 53 8C 6D 96 BC BD EF C9 EE C2 45 79 47 74 3D A9 21 C8 2A 11 6A 6C
19 CA 12 2F 94 AA DD 4F D3 A7 32 70 82 5C DF 8C 1E 91 99 46 1E 4E 4F
7F B2 7A 4C A2 C1 55 7C 2F D7 0F A7 D6 92 0A D1 DA 89 25 98 06 F6 A1
EB 87 88 EF 50 5D D2 3C 71 09 CO CO F8 D6 D0 30 29 06 83 B6 76 52 E8
43 11 92 07 5D F3 74 BA AF 2E 93 5F A6 5D F5 3C 7C 2E A8 74 0D 82 FA
02 96 1E 3A 64 4A 80 18 5C A6 AF A2 08 BA 28 68 AC 14 85 DC 84 D8 5D
```

46 C6 92 F6 F5 65 9A 94 D1 E1 A8 26 5C 48 5C 20 C3 FB 10 1B 2A 20 05 DA D9 9A EE F9 0E 0C 66 6E EE 97 2B F0 22 0A 6F DE 02 AC 9E 1B 71 27 D6 1E B8 52 42 A5 EF 99 F0 FA C8 B4 1D AA 9A 6E 5A 04 97 C4 F4 54 18 8F 49 E5 2B 05 DC C0 9F B3 D8 7E E1 7D 6E 01 20 9B 58 21 A7 76 A5 AF 86 8D 44 59 1F 04 60 31 00 24 9B CF C3 23 B9 62 4A 3C 9F 12 15 FD 64 7B B3 E1

Success:

90 00

3.4 SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT

3.4.1 Description

This is a variant of <u>SIGN_INVOICE</u> for devices not supporting extended length APDU's. The only difference in the COMMAND APDU is the LC field, that now is a single Byte long. The response however is completely different: instead of the signature itself, it returns the length of the signature. The latter can be retrieved afterwards with the command <u>READ_SIGNATURE</u>. No further signature command are processed until the signature reading is complete. In that case the exception SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE is thrown by the applet.

3.4.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | Key Num- ber | Op Type | Lc | Data |
|------|------|--------------------|------------|----------|--|
| 0xB0 | 0x38 | 0x00 | 0x04 | Variable | 0x000501 <u>SLENGTH(REQUEST</u>) <u>REQUEST NONCE</u> |

Table 3.9: SIGN INVOICE Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|
| SLENGTH (LSIMPLE_SIGNATURE) | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.10: SIGN_INVOICE Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x45 | SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE | A previous signature has not been read yet. |
| 0x9C | 0x60 | SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRA NSACTIONS | No more signatures allowed, audit pro- cedure needed. |
| 0x9C | 0x52 | SW_REFUND_NOT_AL- LOWED | The amount to be refunded exceed the total sales amount. |
| 0x9C | 0x51 | SW_OVERFLOW | Maximum value for a counter exceeded. |

Table 3.11: SIGN_INVOICE Errors

3.4.3 Formal description

```
SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT = {
COMMAND = {
         \underline{\mathsf{CLA}} = \mathsf{PIN}_{\mathsf{CLA}},
         INS = SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT,
          \underline{KEY}\underline{NUMBER} = 0x00,
         OPERATION_{TYPE} = ONE_{STEP},
          Blength (DATA),
          DATA = {
                    \underline{\text{CIPHER} \, \text{MODE}} = \underline{\text{CM} \, \text{RSA} \, \text{NOPAD}}
                    OPERATION = SIGN,
                    \underline{\mathsf{DATA}} \underline{\mathsf{LOCATION}} = \underline{\mathsf{DL}} \underline{\mathsf{APDU}},
                    SLENGTH(REQUEST),
                    REQUEST,
                    NONCE
          }
},
RESPONSE = {
```

```
SLENGTH(LSIMPLE_SIGNATURE),
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     SIGNING EXCEPTIONS
     CRYPTOGRAPHIC EXCEPTIONS,
     TRANSACTION EXCEPTIONS,
     ARITHMETIC_EXCEPTIONS,
     APPLET EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.4.4
           Example
This is a COMMAND with the following arguments:
INVOICE = "invoice"
TRANSACTION_TYPE = SALE
TRANSACTION MODE = NORMAL
TRANSACTION AMOUNT = 10.05
TAX AMOUNT = 1.25
NONCE = 0 \times B90EF2E40D7C8F5D
COMMAND =
CLA:
B0
INS:
38
Key Number:
00
One Step Operation:
04
```

```
Length:
21
Fixed Data Header:
00 05 01
Request Length:
00 14
Request:
     Sale:
     00
     Normal:
     00
     Transaction value length:
     ΘΑ
     Amount:
     04 01 10 01 05
     Tax:
     04 01 01 01 25
     Invoice:
     69 6E 76 6F 69 63 65
Nonce:
B9 0E F2 E4 0D 7C 8F 5D
RESPONSE =
Signature length:
01 02
Success:
90 00
```

3.5 SIGN INVOICE T

3.5.1 Description

This is a variant of the <u>SIGN_INVOICE</u> command. The only difference in the command is the INS field (0x39 instead of 0x38). This instruction code indicates the SAM that it has to perform a signature as in the previous command, but the response structure is completely different. The response contains a concatenation of the following fields:

- Global Counters (see <u>GLOBAL_COUNTERS</u>)
- SHA1(Counters) (see <u>COUNTERS</u>)
- Signature(Invoice||SHA1(Counters)) . The signature is done with the private key of the SAM.
- Encryption(Counters) (see <u>COUNTERS</u>)

3.5.2 Fields

Command type = 4E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | Key Num- ber | Op Type | Extended Lc | Data |
|------|------|--------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| 0xB0 | 0x39 | 0x00 | 0x04 | Variable | 0x000501 <u>SLENGTH(REQUEST</u>) <u>REQUEST NONCE</u> |

Table 3.12: SIGN_INVOICE_T Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|---|------|------|
| SLENGTH(FULL_SIGNATUR E) FULL_SIGNATURE | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.13: SIGN_INVOICE_T Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x45 | SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE | A previous signature has not been read yet. |
| 0x9C | 0x60 | SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRA NSACTIONS | No more signatures allowed, audit pro- cedure needed. |
| 0x9C | 0x52 | SW_REFUND_NOT_AL- LOWED | The amount to be refunded exceed the total sales amount. |
| 0x9C | 0x51 | SW_OVERFLOW | Maximum value for a counter exceeded. |

Table 3.14: SIGN_INVOICE_T Errors

3.5.3 Formal description

```
SIGN_INVOICE_T = {
COMMAND = {
         CLA PIN_CLA,
         INS SIGN_INVOICE_T,
         0x00,
         ONE_STEP,
         Elength (DATA),
         DATA = {
                   \underline{\text{CIPHER} \ \text{MODE}} = \underline{\text{CM} \ \text{RSA} \ \text{NOPAD}}
                   OPERATION = SIGN,
                   \underline{\mathsf{DATA}} \ \underline{\mathsf{LOCATION}} = \underline{\mathsf{DL}} \ \underline{\mathsf{APDU}},
                   SLENGTH (REQUEST),
                   REQUEST,
                   NONCE
         }
},
```

```
RESPONSE = {
     SLENGTH(FULL_SIGNATURE),
     FULL_SIGNATURE,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS = {
     SIGNING_EXCEPTIONS,
     CRYPTOGRAPHIC_EXCEPTIONS,
     TRANSACTION EXCEPTIONS,
     ARITHMETIC EXCEPTIONS,
     APPLET_EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
}
           Example
3.5.4
This example has with the following arguments:
INVOICE = "invoice"
TRANSACTION_TYPE = SALE
TRANSACTION_MODE = NORMAL
TRANSACTION_AMOUNT = 10.05
TAX\_AMOUNT = 1.25
NONCE = 0 \times B90EF2E40D7C8F5D
COMMAND =
Cla:
B0
Ins:
39
Key Number:
00
```

```
One Step Operation:
04
Extended Length:
00 00 21
Fixed Data Header:
00 05 01
Request length:
00 14
Request:
     Sale:
     00
     Normal:
     00
     Transaction value length:
     ΘΑ
     Amount:
     04 01 10 01 05
     Tax:
     04 01 01 01 25
     Invoice:
     69 6E 76 6F 69 63 65
Nonce:
B9 0E F2 E4 0D 7C 8F 5D
RESPONSE =
Response length:
02 28
Global Counters length:
00 OC
Global Counters:
```

00 00 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 00 00 02

Counters Hash length:

00 14

Counters Hash:

EB 1B 62 27 1A D9 CC C2 02 F6 82 C7 CE 8E 30 72 FE DF B7 07

Signature length:

01 00

Signature:

51 B8 E0 3F 81 FF F6 A4 C1 1B 69 6A F5 39 E2 46 D8 D1 33 27 8E 10 37 6D D7 61 88 3F 84 96 BD EA 17 70 E7 F1 4B 1C 3F 2E 23 7F F2 01 C4 CE 43 2B 5B 28 99 87 C3 52 19 2C BE 79 1B 1A 16 B8 C5 9A 2E 9A 15 8B 36 0B F4 95 AC AF 5A 74 0A 21 C2 1F EE 1C 19 6A B5 AE A8 CF D5 5A CE 24 45 A6 88 8F 06 77 5E EA 94 CE 17 66 4D AF 63 7E 0D AB 3F 11 E2 5D 9D FF E0 EA 44 96 F5 42 A6 9E 58 41 CB C7 37 63 32 54 99 B6 E6 7C D7 90 E2 C5 55 7D AD 5E 77 25 DD 3D B8 C1 14 CD 1C B3 69 C4 38 D7 92 1F 05 1C 1B BB 48 CD B2 13 BD 93 F6 59 59 8A 65 89 28 CA 55 01 AA 31 AD C0 AF B4 D0 40 CE 92 A4 E1 5C 13 A6 8C E5 78 08 2B 58 7C D3 FF 79 78 59 17 2B 70 62 B2 CE 06 F9 C0 54 20 E3 C8 C5 F3 FC 54 AD F6 41 62 5A 65 7B C8 83 C0 7F C0 57 8A 32 FA AD F4 3A AF AB 2C D2 5E 3D 0F 6F 42 FD 0C 56 2C

Encrypted Counters Length:

01 00

Encrypted Counters:

70 E1 DB D1 15 CF 81 A3 7F 39 9B 17 A9 BF 60 9E C2 4B 06 54 F9 38 7A 23 C6 5D 68 4B D4 A1 15 B2 DC 11 9E 4B 6C 8B EC E5 B6 A4 38 61 4F BA B9 FA 0A E1 71 02 B4 C3 EA F3 75 CA EE 0F 19 21 C2 2F 66 91 91 4C 30 2B C2 24 48 76 98 1E 11 8A 4F D9 D4 EE BC 65 0D F8 B6 D3 9E 21 BC 11 88 46 79 C6 F3 BF 63 95 A8 20 82 E5 72 27 BF 34 C8 9A BF 1F 3A 97 6F 52 65 7A 01 59 5E 77 C4 95 71 D7 2B EB F8 00 BF 39 A9 61 36 C7 D6 95 89 35 F3 83 49 22 6A B3 A6 38 B1 20 CE B0 DE D0 3A F9 28 99 C0 47 F7 D9 A9 FD 48 85 41 F0 E4 92 D8 B0 8E E0 4D 1B EA 64 90 AE 9D BE B3 22 CF F7 02 40 F3 05 DA F1 EF D6 97 30 CD B7 D6 36 B7 ED A9 0F BD B4 47 95 86 15 B1 5C E3 31 CA 92 30 C6 3A 5D F3 BD 8F D6 C1 ED A8 86 97 42 41 9A 3E 69 1E 23 17 57 D2 DC 7B F8 22 07 DF 4E A2 DE 5A 76 76 F1 59 31 92 6F

Success:

90 00

3.6 SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT

3.6.1 Description

This command is the short variant of SIGN_INVOICE_T for devices not supporting extended APDU's. See command <u>SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT</u> for details. The only difference with the <u>SIGN_INVOICE_T</u> command is the Lc field: in this command the field is only one Byte long. The difference comes is in the response: only the length of the full signature is provided; the SDC has to read it from the SAM by issuing one or more <u>READ_SIGNATURE</u> commands.

3.6.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | Key Num- ber | Op Type | Lc | Data |
|------|------|--------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| 0xB0 | 0x39 | 0x00 | 0x04 | Vari- able | 0x000501 <u>SLENGTH(REQUEST) </u> REQUEST <u>NONCE</u> |

Table 3.15: SIGN INVOICE T SHORT Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|-------------------------|------|------|
| SLENGTH(FULL_SIGNATURE) | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.16: SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x45 | SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE | A previous signature has not been read yet. |
| 0x9C | 0x60 | SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRA NSACTIONS | No more signatures allowed, audit pro- cedure needed. |
| 0x9C | 0x52 | SW_REFUND_NOT_AL- LOWED | The amount to be refunded exceed the total sales amount. |
| 0x9C | 0x51 | SW_OVERFLOW | Maximum value for a counter exceeded. |

Table 3.17: SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT Errors

3.6.3 Formal description

```
SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT = {
COMMAND = {
        CLA PIN_CLA,
        INS SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT,
         0x00,
         ONE_STEP,
         Blength(DATA),
         DATA = {
                  \underline{\text{CIPHER} \, \text{MODE}} = \underline{\text{CM} \, \text{RSA} \, \text{NOPAD}}
                  OPERATION = SIGN,
                  \underline{\mathsf{DATA}} \underline{\mathsf{LOCATION}} = \underline{\mathsf{DL}} \underline{\mathsf{APDU}},
                  SLENGTH (REQUEST),
                  REQUEST,
                  NONCE
         }
},
RESPONSE = {
```

```
SLENGTH(FULL_SIGNATURE),
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS = {
     SIGNING EXCEPTIONS,
     CRYPTOGRAPHIC EXCEPTIONS,
     TRANSACTION EXCEPTIONS,
     ARITHMETIC_EXCEPTIONS,
     APPLET EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.6.4
           Example
This is a COMMAND with the following arguments:
RSA\_KEY\_SIZE = 256 (0x0100)
INVOICE = "invoice"
TRANSACTION TYPE = SALE
TRANSACTION MODE = NORMAL
TRANSACTION AMOUNT = 10.05
TAX\_AMOUNT = 1.25
NONCE = 0xB5F1B1C3BB80DFF3
COMMAND =
Cla:
B0
Ins:
39
Key Number:
00
One Step Operation:
```

```
04
Length:
21
Fixed Data Header:
00 05 01
Request Length:
00 14
Request:
     Sale:
     00
     Normal:
     00
     Transaction Value Length:
     0Α
     Amount:
     04 01 10 01 05
     Tax:
     04 01 01 01 25
     Invoice:
     69 6E 76 6F 69 63 65
Nonce:
B5 F1 B1 C3 BB 80 DF F3
RESPONSE =
Full Signature Length:
02 2A
Success:
90 00
```

3.7 READ_SIGNATURE

3.7.1 Description

Some devices do not support the Extended APDU format; therefore some method is needed that enables the SDC to read the signature requested by the previous commands in small chunks. Reading of the last fragment is signaled by setting the field LAST_CHUNK to 0x01. In the Data field of the command, the SDC indicates the offset (expressed as a short) starting from which it wants to read a CHUNK_SIZE of the signature object. The SAM does not track this operation, it's the SDC responsibility to read all the data in the signature.

3.7.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | LAST_CHUNK | CHUNK_SIZE | Lc | Data |
|------|------|-------------|------------|------|------------------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x55 | True: 0x01 | Variable | 0x0A | (short)(Offset) NONCE |
| | | False: 0x00 | | | |

Table 3.18: READ_SIGNATURE Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| SIGNATURE_CHUNK | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.19: READ_SIGNATURE Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x46 | SW_SIGNATURE_READ_FO RBIDDEN | There is no signature to be read. |

Table 3.20: READ_SIGNATURE Errors

3.7.3 Formal description

```
READ_SIGNATURE = {
COMMAND = {
     CLA PIN CLA,
     INS READ SIGNATURE,
     LAST CHUNK,
     CHUNK SIZE,
     Blength(DATA),
     DATA = {
           SIGNATURE OFFSET,
           NONCE
     }
},
REPONSE = {
     SIGNATURE CHUNK,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     APPLET EXCEPTIONS,
     SIGNING EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
```

3.7.4 Example

In this example, the first step is to send a signature COMMAND using the same COMMAND as in the example for command <u>SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT</u>. The first response indicates the length of the signature object. Then the signature is retrieved in two chunks.

```
COMMAND 1 (SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT):

B0 38 00 04 21 00 05 01 00 14 00 00 0A 04 01 10 01 05 04 01 01 01 25 69 6E 76 6F 69 63 65 E9 6D D1 40 62 31 63 44
```

```
RESPONSE 1:
01 02 90 00
COMMAND 2 (READ_SIGNATURE; Initial chunk):
Cla:
B0
Ins:
55
No Last Chunk:
00
Chunk Size:
FA
Length:
0A
Offset:
00 00
Nonce:
E9 6D D1 40 62 31 63 44
RESPONSE 2:
Signature Chunk:
01 00
92 CE A0 4E F0 32 72 3B 07 CC B8 28 EB 41 B5 D6 EE 60 55 FA 4F 0A CC
E0 71 F8 98 9A 80 C8 0A 2E 73 5C DF E6 14 AC 9F 7E 6D 1C D5 C2 6F F0
2C B6 81 B3 BD 9E 03 5D 6A 17 5A D8 1A F7 3D 99 74 4B DB 1D 96 BE 41
4C CF E0 7E 8B C7 DE 11 64 8C 01 F2 16 5F 4B 8B 96 07 67 F8 4C 02 D5
87 F7 11 FB 3F DB B0 2A 35 54 4E 11 38 AA BE F7 1A EF 6B 50 AE 40 73
2C 32 C8 39 41 E5 C6 BB 07 2C 0F 3E 2F B7 A1 99 BC 8F 5C 19 3C 50 F4
B5 32 39 59 C1 10 03 BC 69 76 77 4E B5 87 64 CC E1 E5 83 09 75 56 A0
62 2B 63 50 78 B7 29 19 B6 FD 9A 89 46 78 46 30 78 4D 71 19 8C D4 10
FB 80 F6 88 94 74 1E B3 F7 6F 7A 23 A0 8A 3D 1D E0 74 4A 66 A2 97 74
B3 87 6E 09 1E BD 4D A8 8B 37 5E 01 34 73 9A C4 01 05 C3 AE 53 66 8E
9E 92 BA 16 41 28 98 CC 8E 15 86 77 94 C2 D7 3E 59 81
Success:
90 00
COMMAND 3 (READ SIGNATURE; Final chunk):
```

Cla: **B0** Ins: 55 Last Chunk: 01 Chunk Size: 80 Length: 0A Offset: 00 FA Nonce: E9 6D D1 40 62 31 63 44 **RESPONSE 3:** Signature Chunk: D4 95 F8 0B 3E BD CC 6B Success:

3.8 START_AUDIT

3.8.1 Description

This is the command that initiates a Proof Of Audit (PoA). Once the SAM receives the commad, and after making some initial checks, it starts building an object (audit-Data), composed by the following elements:

- -The SerialID of the certificate present in the card.
- -TRANSACTIONS_COUNTER.
- -LAST_AUDITED_TRANSACTION_COUNTER.
- -The **COUNTERS** object.
- -A random token of 32 Bytes.

This piece of information is returned to the card, although no directly. For privacy and integrity reasons it is encrypted and signed; the precise format is detailed in the next sections.

3.8.2 Fields

Command type = 4E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Extended LC | Data |
|------|------|------|------|-------------|--------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x78 | 0x00 | 0x00 | NONCE_SIZE | <u>NONCE</u> |

Table 3.21: START_AUDIT Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|--|------|------|
| Slength(AUDIT_DATA_RESPON SE) AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.22: START_AUDIT Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x61 | SW_START_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | No audit data in place. |

Table 3.23: START_AUDIT Errors

```
3.8.3
          Formal description
START_AUDIT = {
COMMAND =
            {
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS START_AUDIT
     00,
     00,
     NONCE_SIZE
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     Slength(AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE)||AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS,
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.8.4
          Example
COMMAND =
```

CLA:

B0 INS: 78 P1/P2: 00 00 **Extended Length:** 00 00 08 Nonce: BF 30 99 E5 E4 F8 D9 C5 02 06 RESPONSE = Total Audit Response Length: 02 04 Length of Encrypted Audit Data: 01 00 **Encrypted Audit Data:** 55 24 DB 61 F1 A9 66 66 73 5B 5D 1D A2 22 5A B3 E7 8B FE 3E C1 67 A4 41 A3 E0 35 A0 52 D0 51 82 13 34 27 DF 9D 0F 7B 14 42 19 E5 0B 26 6D 28 10 38 D6 B9 7F 8D 7B D6 4C 39 34 E0 37 36 60 FD 5A 7F A9 A7 DE E9 13 7A 6A 55 31 19 24 CD 79 31 F0 93 F7 6E 56 2E 02 D1 A4 0F 1E FE FA 95 B2 01 5D CD 49 EA A6 3B D6 95 C3 9F 50 10 7D DA 59 5A 2D F0 55 60 01 5F 4A 31 23 29 8D B0 9C 3E 25 F4 6F 2F 55 6B A5 3A D2 4B 0D F7 D5 88 3F 7E 55 FB 66 3A BB 92 F5 7B C5 38 2A 76 CE F9 F5 28 A6 39 01 FB 36 2D 12 6B 8A 14 43 97 4F 2D EB D8 9A D3 54 95 8C 2D 7A 63 B7 6C A2 C2 37 F2 2F 5D A4 53 E4 C7 1A B7 DF 51 48 47 21 32 A2 82 9F AD FE 82 E5 C5 B1 65 29 C7 70 20 CE E2 8C F9 8D 4C E2 24 F1 0A E3 FB B0 4D 3A 87 B2 31 AD 4F 7F E9 3F B3 43 17 B6 41 06 4D F9 60 A7 AE D3 BB 54 6E B9 27 66 Length of Signed Audit Data: 01 00 Signed Audit Data:

28 52 70 EF C1 2C 46 04 78 90 74 07 A7 73 43 6C 7F 5F E4 96 30 6D 83 44 8F 3F 42 C4 68 65 D5 32 FE 10 24 30 76 13 FE C5 98 1E 17 4F 6C 95 F7 BA 8E 40 CE 16 50 66 76 72 FA C2 10 E2 12 97 56 45 C9 CD 11 C4 FD D3 45 B2 83 A0 F5 45 93 68 E2 21 23 76 0C B2 32 9C B6 0D 0B A4 74 43 81 00 70 79 9C F1 D4 41 91 72 C5 42 ED EB C4 92 20 B5 BB 0D DA 5A 21 72 48 E9 70 EF 92 46 CF AE 42 CE 55 40 81 4F B8 2E F0 9B 6B 01 16 00 D2 3E 25 77 A7 68 A5 E7 15 8F 44 2E 4C C2 DC E4 C8 44 0A AA FC B3 BB 87 B1 5B 47 2F FB 83 7E AD 04 73 97 99 BB 76 5A FF 1D 96 29 6C 19 E0 71 70 E1 88 03 63 5A 12 2A 36 02 EB 1B 91 00 28 72 7F EC 39 21 AB B9 16 16 80 C8 FA C6 87 66 C0 31 4A 20 E5 AB 95 12 0F F5 FF 67 E7 68 39 F1 72 4C 4E 4F FF 72 CB BD 6E 2A 6D 1A 7D 37 23 02 52 8D 57 FF 65 F5 C9 20 ED

Success:

3.9 START_AUDIT_SHORT

3.9.1 Description

This is the short version of <u>START_AUDIT</u> for devices that do not support the extended APDU format. It works in a similar way as <u>SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT</u>. This command, instead of returning the full audit data, returns the its length. The SDC will be responsible of rebuilding it by sending to the SAM the required number of <u>READ_AUDIT</u> commands.

3.9.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | LC | Data |
|------|------|------|------|------------|--------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x80 | 0x00 | 0x00 | NONCE_SIZE | <u>NONCE</u> |

Table 3.24: START_AUDIT_SHORT Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|---------------------------|------|------|
| SHORT_AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.25: START_AUDIT_SHORT Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|--------------------------|--|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x61 | SW_START_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | There is an ongoing audit data read operation. |

Table 3.26: START_AUDIT Errors

```
3.9.3 Formal description
START_AUDIT_SHORT = {
COMMAND = {
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS START_AUDIT_SHORT
     00,
     00,
     NONCE SIZE
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     SHORT_AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS,
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.9.4 Example
COMMAND =
CLA
B0
INS
80
P1/P2
```

00 00

Lc

80

NONCE

7E 77 89 31 7D D5 2C B0

RESPONSE =

AuditData Length

02 06

SUCCESS

3.10 READ_AUDIT

3.10.1 Description

This command is equivalent to <u>READ_SIGNATURE</u>, but instead of reading the signature of a transaction, it reads the audit data built by the card after a successful <u>START_AUDIT_SHORT</u> command. This command has to be sent a number of times until the full audit data is retrieved from the SAM. The SDC is responsible of asking for the right piece of data at each request. It also has to indicate to the SAM when it is asking for the last piece of audit data. No other <u>START_AUDIT_SHORT</u> or <u>START_AUDIT_</u> is allowed while there is some piece of audit data not yet read. In that case, the command is rejected with the exception SW_START_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN. This command is not allowed when no previous <u>START_AUDIT_SHORT</u> has been sent to the SAM; in that case the exception thrown is SW_AUDIT_READ_FORBIDDEN.

3.10.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | LAST_CHUNK | CHUNK_SIZE | LC | Data |
|------|------|-------------|------------|------|-------------------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x80 | True: 0x01 | Variable | 0x0A | AUDITDATA_OFFSET NONCE |
| | | False: 0x00 | | | |

Table 3.27: READ_AUDIT Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|------------------|------|------|
| AUDIT_DATA_CHUNK | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.28: READ AUDIT Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x62 | SW_AUDIT_READ_FORBIDDEN | No audit data in place. |

Table 3.29: READ_AUDIT Errors

```
3.10.3 Formal description
READ_AUDIT = {
COMMAND =
             {
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS READ_AUDIT,
     LAST_CHUNK,
     CHUNK_SIZE,
     Blength(AUDITDATA_OFFSET||NONCE),
     AUDITDATA_OFFSET,
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     AUDIT_DATA_CHUNK,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS,
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
```

3.10.4 Example

COMMAND 1: START AUDIT SHORT

BO 80 00 00 08 DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74

RESPONSE 1:

Audit Data Length

02 06

Success

90 00

COMMAND 2: READ_AUDIT_DATA (Last Chunk = False; Offset = 0; Chunk size = 250)

BO 81 00 FA 0A 00 00 DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74

RESPONSE 2:

Audit Data Chunk:

02 04 01 00 66 5C 6C DF A3 9F C2 93 BB 1E 29 F4 BB 94 96 53 10 1C 91 E6 30 3C FA 9A F5 41 9C 1C CE EB 2B 91 B6 45 E7 42 10 B2 C1 5C 34 10 1C B5 C8 93 95 FE 84 2F 91 17 89 E2 C2 A1 C0 51 7B D6 AE 66 35 BC FF 6 9C 0D DF B2 80 86 32 6B 27 BE E3 AD 43 6E E0 F7 4D F8 F6 A7 F6 59 EC F0 07 EA 7D 82 0F 52 89 D2 B4 24 41 B9 FD E1 25 BC 12 8D AA 60 14 25 69 EF 11 F6 A0 58 A7 97 B4 D1 ED 22 E0 09 2D 43 D2 F8 6F 18 CD 4C 9B 72 52 DF 08 59 71 D0 68 13 C1 38 FD E9 7A 09 55 8B D7 0E 05 4A C7 26 5E F0 52 40 68 CE F2 C4 FA 93 9E 1F F2 AC 21 76 80 05 8C 63 60 CE C1 6B 56 B0 FD B0 57 64 F6 4E 4C 6A 33 87 07 50 41 5C 35 8A 69 59 83 DC 7E D1 B0 FD EA 77 BA A6 26 FF A5 0E D9 5E C2 1C CC 70 B2 E1 BF FF 39 CF AE C3 82 22 1C 2A FD 65 4E A0 A1 27 BC DB FE AD 39 E2

Success:

90 00

COMMAND 2: READ_AUDIT_DATA (Last Chunk = False; Offset = 250; Chunk
size = 250)

BO 81 00 FA 0A 00 FA DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74

RESPONSE 2:

Audit Data Chunk:

03 3F BB F0 97 F5 BA 85 A0 27 01 00 62 EF 05 5F 12 A7 F8 3F AF C5 99

65 1A 01 E3 36 2D E4 C1 91 4A BD F4 57 EB 68 84 F8 16 6D A8 7C 63 EB 07 5E 04 0B A8 10 D9 49 1A 37 84 CA F2 B4 FB 48 AD BF 2D 3B 3D 5F 10 DC 0B 9A BB 52 AC 82 CB 23 F2 49 34 1B 07 9C 1D 0D 17 AE EE 78 49 BA 08 78 2C 9B C1 C2 DC D3 F4 D8 2C 4F 3F 43 BD C6 E3 90 3D F1 36 C5 87 F5 CD 1C BA 14 CF 09 49 B0 6A F8 05 E2 A5 96 4C A4 7F C3 9A AE FB CA 65 74 F5 09 4F F4 D8 3B BA 7B A9 00 1C 85 92 B5 56 FF A1 C3 B3 1F A0 AC 67 64 C3 85 0D 62 0B 17 5E 97 79 05 9B 1A FF 8A DB 16 2A 8E 62 D0 26 D3 4B 69 91 AA CF B6 43 80 FE CB E7 19 C8 94 CF FF 18 E9 0B 3B F2 C2 12 3E 24 13 A7 07 B5 03 5B 5D 15 B7 E9 E7 18 E0 9E 68 77 E9 E7 5B 78 FB 8B 29 E1 D3 02 D2 1A 4D 9D E2 16 64 E7 19 B3 88 9B CB

Success:

90 00

COMMAND 3: READ_AUDIT_DATA (Last Chunk = True; Offset = 500; Chunk size = 18)
B0 81 01 12 0A 01 F4 DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74

RESPONSE 3:

Audit Data Chunk:

CE 2D 6C 16 07 A8 27 EB EC 04 08 03 1C 0C 98 30 2E 0C

Success:

3.11 VERIFY_AUDIT

3.11.1 Description

This command has to be initiated by ATAX, and it is the latest stage in a Proof of Audit (PoA) procedure. ATAX has received an <u>AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE</u> from the SAM. It makes some validations; and finally it sends this command to report the card the the audit data has been validated. The content of the command is the received <u>TOKEN</u> from the SAM in a response to a previous <u>AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE</u>, but signed with ATAX private key. It may happen that this validation process takes some time; and that during that lapse another audit process has been initiated; in that case the command will fail with exception SW WRONG PROOF.

This command will also fail if it is sent before a <u>START_AUDIT</u>, in this case the exception will be SW_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN.

3.11.2 Fields

Command type = 2E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Extended Lc | Data |
|------|------|------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x79 | 0x00 | 0x00 | Variable | STOKEN NONCE |

Table 3.30: VERIFY AUDIT Command

RESPONSE

| SW1 | SW2 |
|------|------|
| 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.31: VERIFY_AUDIT Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x66 | SW_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | No pending audit exists |
| 0x9C | 0x64 | SW_WRONG_PROOF | The challenge presented is incorrect. |

Table 3.32: VERIFY_AUDIT Errors

```
3.11.3
          Formal description
VERIFY_AUDIT =
COMMAND =
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS VERIFY_AUDIT,
     0x00,
     0x00,
     Elength(STOKEN),
     STOKEN
},
RESPONSE = {
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS
}
          Example
3.11.4
CLA:
B0
INS:
```

79

P1/P2:

00 00

Extended Length:

00 01 08

Signed Audit Token:

0A 86 E9 D3 91 1F 6B 72 B5 B3 74 36 FF 85 E1 1D 18 39 F0 39 BA BF F9 E4 B0 8E 58 40 47 E3 2F 54 C4 2F B9 A1 F5 FF 3D 2E 71 67 48 ED 38 24 D6 50 AB 3E 37 53 44 50 28 DF 21 BC 20 25 9A 89 77 96 87 25 1E 3B BB 04 CF 9D 99 BD 78 FF A6 BB CB 3C 4E B4 48 F7 98 7B 2D 0F 4A 55 12 B5 40 BD DE D0 BA FB 04 FD 40 9D 88 55 BD 33 AE CE 7F 96 D7 C9 E9 28 FB 06 A5 0B 14 6A 7A 1C DA 50 5D D8 85 91 2C 73 12 C4 49 B4 08 72 A9 F0 8D 2B 3C E8 E3 04 B4 ED AC A7 1B 49 01 44 0E FA 15 6D 25 7F E6 2D E3 84 42 33 B2 6E 9F D9 90 DC 36 AA C5 C0 42 A2 B0 89 AC 57 73 1E 7D A8 D4 D4 D2 B3 AB 91 17 0C 18 9B 59 BB D9 20 48 37 4C 0B F6 11 94 BC 42 BB BA 4E 23 4D C7 2F 8B 3F B0 6F 68 A8 41 1F 1D AD 87 CE 7A 2F 57 3F 58 B0 B4 0B 1A 9D DB 73 E7 91 E1 BA DF 3A 0F 4E DA 3C DB AB 4E 1E 08 02 62 C2

Nonce:

67 24 71 1F 16 E1 50 55

REPONSE =

Success:

3.12 VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT

3.12.1 Description

This is the short version of the <u>VERIFY_AUDIT</u> command, for devices that do not support the extended length APDU format. Instead of sending <u>STOKEN</u> in a unique chunk, ATAX fragments it into several smaller ones. A simple mechanism is provided for indicating whether or not the current chunk in the last one.

3.12.2 Fields

Command type = 2S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | LAST_CHUNK | CHUNK_SIZE | Lc | Data |
|--------|------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 0×B0 (| 0x80 | LAST_TOKEN_C HUNK | TOKEN_CHUNK_ SIZE | Vari- able | STOKEN_CHUNK NONCE |

Table 3.33: VERIFY AUDIT SHORT Command

RESPONSE

| SW1 | SW2 |
|------|------|
| 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.34: VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT Response

ERRORS

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x66 | SW_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | No pending audit exists |
| 0x9C | 0x64 | SW_WRONG_PROOF | The challenge presented is incorrect. |

Table 3.35: VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT Errors

3.12.3 Formal description

VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT =

COMMAND = {

```
CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT,
     LAST TOKEN CHUNK,
     TOKEN CHUNK SIZE,
     TOKEN_CHUNK_SIZE + NONCE_SIZE,
     STOKEN CHUNK,
},
RESPONSE = {
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS
}
          Example
3.12.4
COMMAND 1: Verify_Audit_Short (Last = false, offset = 0, length = 240)
CLA:
B0
INS:
82
Last Chunk = False
00
Signed Token Chunk Length:
F0
APDU Length:
FA
Signed Token Chunk Offset:
```

```
00 00
Signed Token Chunk:
0A 86 E9 D3 91 1F 6B 72 B5 B3 74 36 FF 85 E1 1D 18 39 F0 39 BA BF F9
E4 B0 8E 58 40 47 E3 2F 54 C4 2F B9 A1 F5 FF 3D 2E 71 67 48 ED 38 24
D6 50 AB 3E 37 53 44 50 28 DF 21 BC 20 25 9A 89 77 96 87 25 1E 3B BB
04 CF 9D 99 BD 78 FF A6 BB CB 3C 4E B4 48 F7 98 7B 2D 0F 4A 55 12 B5
40 BD DE D0 BA FB 04 FD 40 9D 88 55 BD 33 AE CE 7F 96 D7 C9 E9 28 FB
06 A5 0B 14 6A 7A 1C DA 50 5D D8 85 91 2C 73 12 C4 49 B4 08 72 A9 F0
8D 2B 3C E8 E3 04 B4 ED AC A7 1B 49 01 44 0E FA 15 6D 25 7F E6 2D E3
84 42 33 B2 6E 9F D9 90 DC 36 AA C5 C0 42 A2 B0 89 AC 57 73 1E 7D A8
D4 D4 D2 B3 AB 91 17 0C 18 9B 59 BB D9 20 48 37 4C 0B F6 11 94 BC 42
0B 1A 4E 23 4D C7 2F 8B 3F B0 6F 68 A8 41 1F 1D AD 87 CE 7A 2F 57 3F
5B B0 B4 0B 1A 9D DB 73 E7 91
Nonce:
DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74
RESPONSE 1:
Success:
90 00
COMMAND 2 Verify Audit Short (Last = true; offfset = 240, length = 16)
CLA:
B0
INS:
82
Last Chunk = True:
01
Signed Token Chunk Length:
10
APDU Length:
1A
```

Signed Token Chunk Offset:

00 F0

Signed Token Chunk:

E1 BA DF 3A OF 4E DA 3C DB AB 4E 1E 08 02 62 C2

Nonce:

DD 4D E4 3E 5A 9B 3D 74

REPONSE 2:

Success:

3.13 GET COUNTERS

3.13.1 Description

This command is used to retrieve the internal counters stored in the secure element. The card signs the counters object with ATAX public encryption key, and returns them to the SDC. The ATAX public key is stored in the SAM during the enrollment stage. This command does not require any argument. Obviously, only ATAX will be able to read the actual value of the internal counters.

3.13.2 Fields

Command type = 2E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data |
|------|------|------|------|----|--------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x76 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 8 | <u>NONCE</u> |

Table 3.36: GET_COUNTERS Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|------------------|------|------|
| <u>ECOUNTERS</u> | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.37: GET COUNTERS Response

ERRORS

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |

Table 3.38: GET_COUNTERS Errors

3.13.3 Formal description

GET COUNTERS =

```
COMMAND = {
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS GET_COUNTERS,
     0x00,
     0x00,
     0x08,
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     ECOUNTERS,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS = {
     CRYPTOGRAPHIC_EXCEPTIONS,
     APPLET_EXCEPTIONS,
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
3.13.4
          Example
COMMAND =
Cla:
B0
Ins:
76
P1:
00
P2:
00
Length:
```

08

Nonce:

62 91 BD E2 7A 57 5A 3C 00

RESPONSE:

06 D6 A4 D9 15 78 32 E2 1D 5D 1C 2B 0A 06 D9 75 1B 77 E5 6E 0B 5F D1 B5 D7 01 DD E2 AB B5 CD 77 23 B9 48 0A C9 5C AF 3F 4B 46 71 7D 1F 30 EE 5E A3 67 A6 97 6F C8 4E A3 CF 58 DC 3A 13 AB 43 4D 25 1A A4 73 1E FC 52 89 87 9D A5 18 9B 46 43 FE 11 16 67 1E 24 95 D1 B7 27 EB C3 88 14 48 31 F3 FE BC 77 73 6B 17 B0 E8 EF AA F7 91 12 B9 6F 5B 77 C3 0E 49 0D BE 05 EE AF BD AC EA 6E 88 8C 3E 1A E9 49 B3 A1 E6 9F 54 86 A8 35 2A E9 3E 86 63 8C 68 70 BD 99 F6 04 AD D1 03 B4 41 B5 39 DB 14 AF 4B F4 E0 21 63 88 95 72 A1 E5 24 93 52 A9 EE 80 51 30 0F E5 47 B3 AD FB 4E CF 02 32 DB 06 10 F7 C9 9D C4 82 9A C0 72 AB 84 82 56 95 0D 11 AE F4 4E BC CE EC BE E1 54 DE EC 57 C7 30 0B 73 8A 78 7E 42 89 F3 C6 92 96 C2 C2 72 D5 EE D3 C3 92 4F 1A 21 1B 35 6C 14 CF 33 63 15 1B D9 B4 BB B8 90 00

3.14 SIGN_DATA

3.14.1 Description

This command ask the SAM to sign with its private key a piece of data contained in the APDU.

3.14.2 Fields

Command type = 4E.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | ExtendedLC | Data |
|------|------|------|------|------------|-----------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x33 | 0x00 | 0x00 | Variable | RAW_DATA NONCE |

Table 3.39: SIGN_DATA Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|
| Slength(SIGNED_DATA) SIGNED_DATA | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.40: SIGN_DATA Response

ERRORS

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x70 | SW_SIGN_DATA_FORBIDDEN | There is an ongoing reading process |

Table 3.41: SIGN_DATA Errors

3.14.3 Formal description

```
SIGN_DATA = {
COMMAND = {
```

```
CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS SIGN_DATA,
     0x00,
     0x00,
     Elength(RAW_DATA||NONCE),
     RAW_DATA,
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     Slength(SIGNED_DATA),
     SIGNED_DATA
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS,
     DATA SIGNING EXCEPTIONS
}
}
           Example
3.14.4
Assuming that the raw data is "000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F":
COMMAND =
CLA
B0
INS
35
P1/P2
00 00
Extended Length
```

00 00 18

Raw Data

00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F

Nonce:

54 77 86 19 AF 9F FE 77

RESPONSE =

Signed Data Length:

01 00

Signed Data:

B8 7C 82 96 C7 4C F1 CA 81 BD 90 2D ED 6D 72 C8 D6 1C 15 64 29 F0 34 1C 07 34 8F 70 F4 C1 CA BD 46 55 D3 CA 3C B8 50 71 72 4C A9 6F 5E B3 1A DF D8 22 97 63 3B 4A 12 C8 34 2A 69 E5 DD 13 D9 60 2F FE DF A5 7F 2E 51 F6 7A F0 97 0E 54 68 BE CE 08 4F D5 45 3A BB 6E 55 C4 03 49 51 53 92 1F 17 6C F5 9D 8B D8 81 71 CA FA 02 45 3A 21 B0 36 5F 69 0A 3B 7C 0D 61 96 B4 1E 88 09 45 D2 F2 9D 25 F3 24 F2 E1 33 7A 6B 29 BA 18 D4 11 24 BC CE 3C B1 CD F5 36 D2 75 71 29 57 F5 8A D9 41 E1 00 E3 8C A8 A9 57 41 E3 B1 78 57 61 69 C4 C1 E1 EB DB 8E BE B6 31 2F 62 E2 63 EB EE 31 5F 91 8A D8 45 00 45 FE 1B 12 27 1E BD 54 35 BA 17 E9 20 C8 CC 7D 45 09 14 8C 78 90 82 28 F2 D5 48 E5 21 E4 FE 0C 7B 42 66 9B F9 DA 58 71 2C B3 CE 8A 91 17 ED 52 8C 6E 4D 74 E1 3E 68 E4 4F D3 1E 4B 2E 21 28

Success:

3.15 SIGN_DATA_SHORT

3.15.1 Description

Short version of <u>SIGN_DATA</u> for devices that do not support the extended APDU format. The response does not contain the actual signed data but its length. The SDC may read the signed data by using the required number of <u>READ_SIGNED_DATA</u> commands.

3.15.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | LC | Data |
|------|------|------|------|----------|-----------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x34 | 0x00 | 0x00 | Variable | RAW_DATA NONCE |

Table 3.42: SIGN_DATA_SHORT Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|----------------------|------|------|
| Slength(SIGNED_DATA) | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.43: SIGN_DATA_SHORT Response

ERRORS

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x | SW_SIGN_DATA_FORBIDDEN | Another reading process is ongoing |

Table 3.44: SIGN_DATA_SHORT Errors

3.15.3 Formal description

```
SIGN_DATA_SHORT = {
COMMAND =
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS SIGN_DATA_SHORT,
     0x00,
     0x00,
     Blength(RAW_DATA||NONCE),
     RAW DATA,
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     Slength(SIGNED_DATA),
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816 EXCEPTIONS,
     DATA SIGNING EXCEPTIONS
}
}
          Example
3.15.4
In this example the piece of data intended to sign is
"000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F"
COMMAND : SIGN_DATA_SHORT
CLA:
B0
INS:
34
P1/P2:
```

00 00
APDU length:
18
Data:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
Nonce:
C9 DE 69 B3 56 A7 F7 FF

RESPONSE 1:
Signed Data Length:
01 00
Success:

3.16 READ_SIGNED_DATA

3.16.1 Description

This command has to be sent a number of times until the full signed data resulting from a SIGN_DATA_SHORT command is retrieved. The SDC is responsible of asking for the right piece of data at each request. It also has to indicate to the SAM when it is asking for the last piece of signed data. No other SIGN_DATA_SHORT or SIGN_DATA_SHORT is allowed while there is some piece of signed data unread. In that case, the command is rejected with the exception SW_READ_SIGNED_DATA_FORBIDDEN. No other SIGN_DATA_SHORT is allowed while there is some piece of signed data not yet read. In that case, the command is rejected with the exception SW_SIGN_DATA_FORBIDDEN.

3.16.2 Fields

Command type = 4S.

COMMAND

| CLA | INS | LAST_CHUNK | CHUNK_SIZE | LC | Data |
|------|------|---------------------------|------------|------|-------------------------------|
| 0xB0 | 0x80 | True: 0x01 False: 0x00 | Variable | 0x0A | SIGNED_DATA_OFFSET NONCE |

Table 3.45: READ_SIGNED_DATA Command

RESPONSE

| Data | SW1 | SW2 |
|-------------------|------|------|
| SIGNED_DATA_CHUNK | 0x90 | 0x00 |

Table 3.46: READ_SIGNED_DATA Response

| SW1 | SW2 | Name | Info |
|------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0x9C | 0x06 | SW_UNAUTHORIZED | Incorrect nonce |
| 0x9C | 0x62 | SW_AUDIT_READ_FORBIDDEN | No audit data in place. |

Table 3.47: READ_SIGNED_DATA Errors

```
3.16.3 Formal description
READ_SIGNED_DATA = {
COMMAND =
             {
     CLA PIN_CLA,
     INS READ_SIGNED_DATA,
     LAST_CHUNK,
     CHUNK_SIZE,
     Blength(SIGNED_DATA_OFFSET||NONCE),
     SIGNED_DATA_OFFSET,
     NONCE
},
RESPONSE = {
     SIGNED_DATA_CHUNK,
     SUCCESS
},
ERRORS {
     ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS,
     AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS
}
}
```

3.16.4 Example

```
In this example the piece of data intended to sign is
"000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F"
COMMAND 1: SIGN_DATA_SHORT
CLA:
B0
INS:
34
P1/P2:
00 00
Apdu length:
18
Data:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
Nonce:
C9 DE 69 B3 56 A7 F7 FF
RESPONSE 1:
Signed Data Length:
01 00
Success:
90 00
COMMAND 2: READ SIGNED DATA (Last Chunk = false, offset = 0)
CLA:
B0
INS:
35
Last Chunk = False:
00
Requested Length:
```

```
FA
APDU Length:
0Α
Offset:
00 00
Nonce:
C9 DE 69 B3 56 A7 F7 FF
RESPONSE 2:
Signed Data Chunk:
20 68 B4 CB BB 2B F7 EF E1 95 F2 DA 36 A5 7B 6D B0 69 03 C6 E9 27 A3
91 B4 1C DC 59 93 8B 29 D6 C3 D7 E4 2D F5 D4 F4 16 3C 2E EE 5D 4D EE
CF F5 64 CF B5 3C E0 4C B6 B5 D3 3E D8 11 57 9D A8 D3 B4 BB 6A B5 C7
48 86 4B BF D9 35 9B 85 5C 8C 06 B8 B9 1D 4D 0F 10 F9 59 43 1A 91 F8
2C 51 8A 59 38 80 5E 83 21 D3 84 7A 96 5A EE DB 36 21 7B 2F DA 7C 83
D2 76 F4 F8 14 74 98 65 73 10 68 0B 46 43 DC 0C 75 77 E2 F4 AC 05 66
73 70 4F F3 9F 14 A1 B8 83 D6 B1 5A B9 7F C1 4D 85 55 2C E9 ED 2C C5
40 65 FD AE 32 F2 7F 34 8B 12 E0 E7 69 00 99 C0 31 B6 A6 55 E7 80 12
6C E6 F2 2E 8C 88 87 52 C6 93 EA 45 41 30 28 68 1D BC 5A 57 C4 35 0A
92 3C E7 BD 7F 38 58 22 14 C7 29 29 13 8E 11 4F 0A 10 2B 53 82 50 FC
F5 4A CA 0D 7C 57 8B B6 EF 0C 20 38 D9 ED C2 31 07 50 7B 2C
Success:
90 00
COMMAND 3:
CLA
B0
INS:
35
Last Chunk = True
01
Requested Length:
```

| APDU Length: |
|---|
| 0A |
| Offset: |
| 00 FA |
| Nonce: |
| C9 DE 69 B3 56 A7 F7 F |
| RESPONSE 3 |
| Signed Data Chunk: 99 97 76 B1 16 5A |
| Success: |

90 00

4 TYPE DEFINITIONS

4.1 Constants

These are some constant predefined values.

4.1.1 MAX

MAX = 1024

4.1.2 SELECT BY NAME

 $SELECT_BY_NAME = 0x04$

4.1.3 AID

Avatar Applet ID.

AID = 0x417661746172000000

4.1.4 SHA SIZE

Size of a sha1 hash.

 $SHA_SIZE = 0x14$

4.1.5 SHA256 SIZE

Size of a sha256 hash.

 $SHA256_SIZE = 0x20$

4.1.6 NONCE SIZE

Size of the nonce that the SAM replies after a successful login.

 $NONCE_SIZE = 8.$

4.1.7 MAX NUM KEYS

 $MAX_NUM_KEYS = 32$

4.1.8 SALE

A transaction of type sale.

SALE = 0x00

4.1.9 **REFUND**

A transaction of type refund.

REFUND = 0x01

4.1.10 CM_RSA_NOPAD

No padding.

 $CM_RSA_NOPAD = 0x00$

4.1.11 CM_RSA_PAD_PKCS1

Padding of data according to PKCS1.

CM RSA PAD PKCS1 = 0x01

4.1.12 NORMAL

Indicates a regular transaction.

NORMAL = 0x00

4.1.13 TRAINING

Indicates a training transaction.

TRAINING = 0x01

4.1.14 PROFORMA

Indicates a proforma transaction.

PROFORMA = 0x02

4.1.15 DL APDU

Input data for a transaction is contained in the APDU

 $DL_APDU = 0x01$

4.1.16 DL IOBUF

Input data for a transaction is contained in the IO Buffer of the applet.

 $DL_IOBUF = 0x02$

4.1.17 ENCRYPT

A cryptographic encryption is issued.

ENCRYPT = 0x03

4.1.18 **DECRYPT**

A cryptographic decryption is issued.

DECRYPT = 0x04

4.1.19 SIGN

A cryptographic signing is issued.

SIGN = 0x05

4.1.20 SUCCESS

An APDU COMMAND is performed without errors.

SUCCESS = 0x9000

4.1.21 IDENTITY_NUMBER

In the future, the applet might work for several identities simultaneously. As of now, it only support identity, therefore we define it as a constant.

 $IDENTITY_NUMBER = 0x00$

4.1.22 CIPHER INIT

CIPHER INIT = 0×01

4.1.23 CIPHER PROCESS

 $CIPHER_PROCESS = 0x02$

4.1.24 CIPHER FINAL

CIPHER FINAL = 0x03

4.1.25 CIPHER_ONE_STEP

CIPHER ONE STEP = 0x04

4.1.26 ICOUNTER SIZE

This is the fixed length of an integer counter.

ICOUNTER SIZE = 6

4.1.27 GLOBAL_COUNTERS_SIZE

This is the fixed length of the GLOBALCOUNTERS field in the response of a signing COMMAND.

GLOBAL_COUNTERS_SIZE = (Short)2xICOUNTER_SIZE

4.1.28 COUNTERS HASH SIZE

This is the size of the hash of the internal counters object hash. Currently the hash function used is shal.

COUNTERS HASH SIZE = SHA SIZE

4.1.29 SEED SIZE

Field contained in the <u>GEN_AUDIT_TOKEN</u> command indicating the size of the seed that the SAM will use for generating a random audit token.

SEED SIZE = 0x10

4.1.30 TOKEN_SIZE

Size of the token that the SDC command to the SAM.

TOKEN SIZE = 0x20

4.1.31 IDENTITY SIZE

Size of the identity field stored in the SAM.

IDENTITY_SIZE = SHA256_SIZE

4.1.32 MAX UNAUDITED

Maximum number of unaudited transactions in the SAM.

MAX_UNAUDITED = 1000

| MAX | Int | 1024 |
|----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| SHA_SIZE | Byte | 0x14 |
| SHA256_SIZE | Byte | 0x20 |
| NONCE_SIZE | Integer | 8 |
| AID | Byte[14] | 0x417661746172000000 |
| SALE | Byte | 0x00 |
| REFUND | Byte | 0x01 |
| CM_RSA_NOPAD | Byte | 0x00 |
| CM_RSA_PAD_PKCS1 | Byte | 0x01 |
| NORMAL | Byte | 0x00 |
| TRAINING | Byte | 0x01 |
| PROFORMA | Byte | 0x02 |
| DL_APDU | Byte | 0x01 |
| DL_IOBUF | Byte | 0x02 |
| ENCRYPT | Byte | 0x03 |
| DECRYPT | Byte | 0x04 |
| SIGN | Byte | 0x05 |
| SUCCESS | Byte[2] | 0x9000 |
| CIPHER_ONE_STEP | Byte | 0x04 |
| ICOUNTER_SIZE | Int | 6 |
| GLOBAL_COUNTERS_SIZE | Int | 2xICOUNTER_SIZE |
| COUNTERS_HASH_SIZE | Int | SHA_SIZE |
| SEED_SIZE | Byte | 0x10 |
| TOKEN_SIZE | Byte | 0x20 |

| MAX | Int | 1024 |
|---------------|------|-------------|
| | | |
| IDENTITY_SIZE | Byte | SHA256_SIZE |

Table 4.1: CONSTANTS

4.2 Primitive Data Types

4.2.1 Byte

4.2.2 Byte[]

Array of Bytes of undefined length. The length might go from 0 to MAX.

4.2.3 Byte[N]

Array of Bytes of length N.

4.2.4 Short

The short data type is a 16-bit signed two's complement integer. The Bytes are ordered from most significant to least significant.

4.2.5 Integer

Data type whose value is either 0 or a positive Integer from 1-255 or 0.

4.2.6 Int

Integer number.

4.2.7 Alphanumeric

Byte Alphanumeric = [0..9|a..z|A..Z].

4.3 Variable Data Types

4.3.1 CLA

This field represents the type of command sent to the SAM. These are the valid values.

- PIN_CLA: This type of command indicates that the user has to be logged in.
- SECURE_CLA: These commands require the existence of a Secure Channel between the SDC and the SAM. They are encrypted and Mac'ed.
- SELECT_CLA: Only used for selecting a particular AID.

| Name | Value |
|------------|-------|
| PIN_CLA | 0xB0 |
| SECURE_CLA | 0x84 |
| SELECT_CLA | 0x00 |

Table 4.2: CLA

4.3.2 INS

This field in an APDU COMMAND represents the instruction code. It can have one of these values.

| COMMAND | CODE |
|----------------------|------|
| SELECT_AVATAR_APPLET | 0xA4 |
| VERIFY_PIN | 0x42 |
| SIGN_INVOICE | 0x38 |
| SIGN_INVOICE_SHORT | 0x38 |
| SIGN_INVOICE_T | 0x39 |
| SIGN_INVOICE_T_SHORT | 0x39 |
| READ_SIGNATURE | 0x55 |
| START_AUDIT | 0x78 |
| START_AUDIT_SHORT | 0x80 |
| READ_AUDIT | 0x81 |
| VERIFY_AUDIT | 0x79 |
| VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT | 0x82 |
| GET_COUNTERS | 0x76 |
| SIGN_DATA | 0x33 |
| SIGN_DATA_SHORT | 0x34 |
| READ_SIGNED_DATA | 0x35 |

Table 4.3: INSTRUCTION CODES

4.3.3 PIN

An array of 6 ascii Bytes.

Byte[6] PIN = <u>Ascii</u>[Byte[6] <u>Alphanumeric</u>]

4.3.1 RSA_KEY_SIZE

It is common practice to express the length of RSA keys in bits. The current supported values are 1024 bits or 2048 bits. For consistency with the rest of the values in this document, this value is expressed in Bytes.

}

4.3.2 KEY NUMBER

The SAM can have several RSA keys. The maximum number of keys is <u>MAX_NUM_KEYS</u>. The keys having an odd index are the private keys, and the ones having an even index are the public ones. Private key with index 0 is tied to public key with index 1; private key 2 with public key 3, and so on.

The SDC won't be able to generate new keys. Currently, the SAM's are shipped with a single keypair with indexes 0 and 1.

4.3.3 OPERATION TYPE

Defined the type of cryptographic operation issued. It can have these values:

- CIPHER INIT : Initializes cipher
- · CIPHER PROCESS: Processes more data
- CIPHER FINAL: Processes last chunk of data.
- CIPHER ONE STEP: Same as Initialize and Final in one step.

| Name | Value |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| CIPHER_INIT | <u>CIPHER_INIT</u> |
| CIPHER_PROCESS | <u>CIPHER_PROCESS</u> |
| CIPHER_FINAL | <u>CIPHER_FINAL</u> |
| CIPHER_ONE_STEP | CIPHER_ONE_STEP |

Table 4.4: OPERATION TYPE

4.3.4 CIPHER_MODE

This field defines the type of padding to be applied to the data on which a cryptographic operation is going to be applied.

| Name | Value |
|------------------|------------------|
| CM_RSA_NO_PAD | CM_RSA_NOPAD |
| CM_RSA_PAD_PKCS1 | CM_RSA_PAD_PKCS1 |

Table 4.5: CIPHER_MODE

4.3.5 OPERATION

Cryptographic operation issued. It can have these values:

- ENCRYPT: Encryption of some input data using a specific key.
- DECRYPT: Decryption of some input data using a specific key.
- SIGN: Signature of some input data using one of the SAM private keys.

| Name | Value |
|---------|---------|
| ENCRYPT | ENCRYPT |
| DECRYPT | DECRYPT |
| SIGN | SIGN |

Table 4.6: OPERATION

4.3.6 DATA LOCATION

This field indicates the location of the input data to the cryptographic operation issued. It can have two values:

- DL_APDU: The input data is contained in the same APDU of the COMMAND.
- DL IOBUF: The input data is the in I/O buffer of the SAM.

| Name | Value |
|----------|----------------|
| DL_APDU | <u>DL_APDU</u> |
| DL_IOBUF | DL_IOBUF |

Table 4.7: DATA_LOCATION

4.3.7 TRANSACTION_TYPE

This type defines the type of transaction to be signed by the SAM. It can have these values:

| Name | Value |
|--------|--------|
| SALE | SALE |
| REFUND | REFUND |

Table 4.8: TRANSACTION_TYPE

4.3.8 TRANSACTION_MODE

This type defines the mode of the transaction to be signed. It can have three different values:

- NORMAL. Regular operation
- TRAINING. Test signature.
- PROFORMA.

| Name | Value |
|----------|----------|
| NORMAL | NORMAL |
| TRAINING | TRAINING |
| PROFORMA | PROFORMA |

Table 4.9: TRANSACTION_MODE

4.3.9 INTEGER COUNTER

These counters lack a decimal part. They have a fix length <u>ICOUNTER_SIZE</u>, and they encode the Integer part in BCD format.

Example:

C1 = [0x10, 0x46, 0x00, 0x01, 0x90, 0x50] represents the decimal value 104600019050.

As a consequence, the maximum value that an Integer counter can store is 9999999999, which should be enough for the card lifetime.

INTEGER COUNTER = Byte[ICOUNTER SIZE]

4.3.10 DECIMAL COUNTER

These are counters having both an Integer part and a decimal part. Each part uses the same encoding as an Integer Counter, but with variable length. The length is explicitly prepended to the value. The actual format is:

Byte[] DECIMAL COUNTER = {

TotalLength Integer,
IntegerPartLength Integer,

IntegerPart Byte[IntegerPartLength],

DecimalPartLength Integer,

DecimalPart Byte[DecimalPartLength]

}

4.3.11 TRANSACTION AMOUNT

In a transaction signing COMMAND, this field represents the amount of money of the transaction. It is expressed as a DECIMAL COUNTER.

DECIMAL COUNTER TRANSACTION AMOUNT

4.3.12 TAX AMOUNT

In a transaction signing COMMAND, this field represents the amount of taxes applied to the transaction. It is expressed as a DECIMAL COUNTER.

DECIMAL COUNTER TAX AMOUNT

4.3.13 TRANSACTION VALUES

This fields represents the whole amount of the transaction, concatenating the TRANSACTION_AMOUNT and the TAX_AMOUNT.

```
Byte[] TRANSACTION_VALUES = {
      (Byte)(Blength(TRANSACTION_AMOUNT) + Blength(TAX_AMOUNT)),
      TRANSACTION_AMOUNT,
      TAX_AMOUNT
```

4.3.14 INVOICE

From the point of view of the applet, the invoice is just an array of Bytes, and it's the actual piece of data that has to be signed using the private key present in the SAM.

Byte[] INVOICE

4.3.15 REQUEST

This is the full data that the SDC presents to the card for:

1) Signing

}

2) Updating the internal counters.

It is comprised of several fields.

4.3.16 NONCE

The nonce is an eight-Byte random value that the card replies after a successful login via the <u>VERIFY_PIN</u> command. This values has to be appended to all the subsequent commands sent to the SAM.

Byte[8] NONCE

4.3.17 TOTAL INVOICE COUNTER

This is the internal counter that stores the total number of invoices signed, independently of the transactions types and modes. It is represented as an INTEGER COUNTER.

INTEGER COUNTER TOTAL INVOICE COUNTER

4.3.18 NORMAL TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

Internal counter that stores the total number of transactions signed whose mode was <u>NORMAL</u>. It is represented as an INTEGER_COUNTER.

INTEGER COUNTER NORMAL TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

4.3.19 TRAINING TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

Internal counter that stores the total number of transactions signed whose mode was <u>TRAINING</u>. It is represented as an INTEGER COUNTER.

INTEGER COUNTER TRAINING TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

4.3.20 PROFORMA TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

Internal counter that stores the total number of transactions signed whose mode was <u>PROFORMA</u>. It is represented as an INTEGER_COUNTER.

INTEGER COUNTER PROFORMA TRANSACTIONS COUNTER

4.3.21 TRANSACTIONS_COUNTER

This field refers to different internal counters according to the mode of the transaction signed. Formally expressed:

```
INTEGER COUNTER TRANSACTIONS COUNTER = {
     SWITCH(TRANSACTION MODE) {
     CASE NORMAL:
          NORMAL TRANSACTIONS COUNTER;
     CASE TRAINING:
          TRAINING TRANSACTIONS COUNTER;
     CASE PROFORMA:
           PROFORMA TRANSACTIONS COUNTER
     }
}
4.3.22
          GLOBAL COUNTERS
This is field is composed by concatenating two counters:
1) TOTAL INVOICE COUNTER
2) TRANSACTIONS COUNTER
Byte[2*ICOUNTER SIZE] GLOBAL COUNTERS = {
     TOTAL INVOICE COUNTER,
     TRANSACTIONS COUNTER
}
4.3.23
          LGLOBAL COUNTERS
Byte[2*<u>ICOUNTER_SIZE</u> + 2] LGLOBAL_COUNTERS = {
     GLOBAL COUNTERS SIZE,
     GLOBAL COUNTERS
}
4.3.24
          SALES COUNTER
Number of valid sale transactions signed. It can't decrease.
INTEGER COUNTER SALES COUNTER
```

4.3.25 REFUNDS COUNTER

Number of valid refund transactions signed. It can't decrease.

INTEGER_COUNTER REFUNDS_COUNTER

4.3.26 SALES VALUE COUNTER

Sum of all the amounts in valid sale transactions. It is decreased after a valid refund in the refund amount signed.

DECIMAL COUNTER SALES VALUE COUNTER

4.3.27 REFUNDS VALUE COUNTER

Sum of all the amounts in valid refund transactions. It cant decrease.

DECIMAL COUNTER REFUNDS_VALUE_COUNTER

4.3.28 SALES TAX VALUE COUNTER

Sum of all the tax amounts in valid sale transactions. It is decreased after a valid refund in the refund tax amount signed.

DECIMAL COUNTER SALES TAX VALUE COUNTER

4.3.29 REFUNDS_TAX_VALUE_COUNTER

Sum of all the tax amounts in valid refund transactions. It can't decrease.

DECIMAL COUNTER REFUNDS_TAX_COUNTER

4.3.30 LAST_AUDITED_TRANSACTION_COUNTER

Id of the highest transaction Id audited so far. It can't decrease.

INTEGER COUNTER REFUNDS COUNTER

4.3.31 CURRENTLY AUDITED TRANSACTION COUNTER

If a proof of audit verification is pending, this counter stored the highest transaction ID for which an audit token was generated. Otherwise its value is 0.

INTEGER COUNTER REFUNDS COUNTER

4.3.32 INTERNAL COUNTERS

This is an object composed by a group of counters. Its definition is:

Byte[] InternalCounters = {

NORMAL TRANSACTIONS COUNTER,

SALES COUNTER,

REFUNDS COUNTER,

LAST AUDITED TRANSACTION COUNTER,

CURRENTLY AUDITED TRANSACTION COUNTER,

SALES VALUE COUNTER,

REFUNDS VALUE COUNTER,

SALES TAX VALUE COUNTER,

REFUNDS TAX VALUE COUNTER

}

4.3.33 INTEGER_COUNTERS_LENGTH

This is the combined length of all the internal counters of type <u>INTEGER_COUNTER</u>.

4.3.34 DECIMAL_COUNTERS_LENGTH

This is the combined length of all the internal counters of type <u>DECIMAL COUNTER</u>.

4.3.35 COUNTERS

Avatar applet builds this object and appends it to the signature; but not in plain. It is encoded with ATAX public encryption key. Therefore this object is never seen directly at the SDC. It has to be decrypted and interpreted in ATAX. The format of this object is the following:

Byte[] COUNTERS = {

INTEGER COUNTERS LENGTH,

TOTAL INVOICE COUNTER,

NORMAL TRANSACTIONS COUNTER,

```
SALES COUNTER,
       REFUNDS COUNTER,
       LAST AUDITED TRANSACTION COUNTER,
       CURRENTLY AUDITED TRANSACTION COUNTER,
       DECIMAL COUNTERS LENGTH,
       SALES VALUE COUNTER,
       REFUNDS VALUE COUNTER,
        SALES TAX VALUE COUNTER,
       REFUNDS TAX VALUE COUNTER
     }
4.3.36
          COUNTER HASH SIZE
Size of the hash of the <u>COUNTERS</u> object, expressed in two Bytes.
COUNTERS HASH SIZE = (Short)SHA1 SIZE
4.3.37
          COUNTERS HASH
This field contains the shall hash of the COUNTERS object.
Byte[SHA1 SIZE] COUNTERS HASH = sha1( COUNTERS)
4.3.38 HCOUNTERS
Byte[SHA1 SIZE + 2] HCOUNTERS = {
     COUNTER HASH SIZE,
     COUNTER HASH
}
```

4.3.39 SIMPLE SIGNATURE

This is the signature of the <u>INVOICE</u> object obtained by using algorithm ALG_RSA_SHA_PKCS1. First the algorithm generates a 20-Byte SHA1 digest of the data, pads the digest according to the PKCS#1 (v1.5) scheme, and finally encrypts it

using the RSA private key present in the SAM. The size of the signature is the same as the length of the key used.

```
4.3.40 LSIMPLE_SIGNATURE

Byte[RSA_KEY_SIZE + 2] LSIMPLE_SIGNATURE = {

    RSA_KEY_SIZE,

    SIMPLE_SIGNATURE
}
```

4.3.41 SIGNATURE

This is the signature of the <u>INVOICE</u> object concatenated with the <u>COUNTERS_HASH</u> object using algorithm ALG_RSA_SHA_PKCS1. First the algorithm generates a 20-Byte SHA1 digest of the data, pads the digest according to the PKCS#1 (v1.5) scheme, and finally encrypts it using the RSA private key present in the SAM. The size of the signature depends on the length of the keys.

4.3.43 ENCRYPTED COUNTERS SIZE

This is the length of the **ENCRYPTED COUNTERS** object, expressed in two Bytes.

Short ENCRYPTED_COUNTERS_SIZE

4.3.44 ENCRYPTED_COUNTERS

This object is created by encrypting the <u>COUNTERS</u> object using ATAX public key.

Byte[RSA KEY SIZE] ENCRYPTED COUNTERS = $Enc_{KATAXPub}(COUNTERS)$

```
4.3.45 ECOUNTERS
```

```
Byte[RSA_KEY_SIZE + 2] ECOUNTERS = {
          ENCRYPTED_COUNTERS_SIZE,
          ENCRYPTED_COUNTERS
}
```

```
4.3.46 FULL SIGNATURE
```

```
FULL_SIGNATURE = {
    LGLOBAL_COUNTERS,
    HCOUNTERS,
    LSIGNATURE,
    ECOUNTERS
}
```

4.3.47 LAST CHUNK

Field that indicates whether or nor the SDC is requesting to read the last piece of a piece of data.

0x00 : Not last chunk

0x01 : Last chunk

4.3.48 CHUNK SIZE

Field indicating the number of Bytes requested from a piece of data.

Integer CHUNK_SIZE

4.3.49 SIGNATURE OFFSET

Field present in the <u>READ_SIGNATURE</u> command that indicates the initial Byte of the slice of the signature that the SDC wants to read. The offset starts at 0 and is incremented in <u>CHUNK_SIZE</u> Bytes until all the Bytes if the signature are read.

Short SIGNATURE_OFFSET

4.3.50 SIGNATURE CHUNK

Field present in the <u>READ_SIGNATURE</u> response that contains the piece of the signature object issued.

Byte[] SIGNATURE CHUNK

4.3.51 NOW

Now is the current timestamp expressed in unix time (**milliseconds** since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC).

4.3.52 SEED

The seed is sent in the <u>GEN_AUDIT_TOKEN</u> command, and it is used internally by the SAM as the seed for the generating a random sequence of Bytes of size <u>TOKEN_SIZE</u>. The formula for obtaining this value is:

This field in sent in the <u>GEN_AUDIT_TOKEN</u> command, and it indicates the number of transaction that the backbone wants to audit. That is, this transaction and all the unaudited previous ones are intended to be audited.

INTEGER COUNTER CURRENTLY AUDITED TID

4.3.54 CertID

Serial Number of the X509 certificate present in the SAM.

Byte[4] CertID

4.3.55 AUDIT DATA

This is the object built by the SAM when a PoA process is initiated by an external agent.

```
Byte[] = {
    SLENGTH(CertID) ,
    CertID ,
    SLENGTH(TID),
    TID,
    SLENGTH(LAST_AUDITED_TID),
    LAST_AUDITED_TID,
    SLENGTH(COUNTERS),
    COUNTERS,
    SLENGTH(TOKEN),
    TOKEN
}
```

4.3.56 EAUDIT DATA

Encyrpted <u>AUDIT_DATA</u> with the public key of ATAX. Byte[RSA_KEY_SIZE] = $Enc_{KATAXPub}(AUDIT_DATA)$

4.3.57 SAUDIT DATA

Signed <u>AUDIT_DATA</u> with the private RSA key present in the SAM. The signing algorithm is **RSA_SHA_PKCS1.**

```
Byte[RSA KEY SIZE] = Sign_{SAMPrivate}(AUDIT DATA)
4.3.58
           TOKEN
A token is a random array of <u>TOKEN SIZE</u> length.
Byte[TOKEN SIZE] TOKEN
4.3.59 AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE
This is the response from the SAM to the <u>START_AUDIT</u> command.
Byte[] AUDIT DATA RESPONSE = {
      SLENGTH(EAUDIT DATA),
      EAUDIT DATA,
      SLENGTH(SAUDIT_DATA),
      SAUDIT_DATA
}
4.3.60
           SHORT AUDIT DATA RESPONSE
This is the response from the SAM to the <u>START_AUDIT_SHORT</u> command.
Byte[] AUX = {
      SLENGTH(EAUDIT DATA),
      EAUDIT DATA,
      SLENGTH(SAUDIT_DATA),
      SAUDIT DATA
}
Byte[] AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE = {
      SLENGTH(AUX)
```

4.3.61 AUDIT DATA OFFSET

In the <u>READ_AUDIT</u> command, this parameter represents the offset of the piece of <u>AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE</u> requested by the SDC.

4.3.62 AUDIT_DATA_CHUNK

Field present in the <u>READ_AUDIT</u> response that contains the piece of the <u>AUDIT_DATA_RESPONSE</u> object issued.

Byte[] AUDIT_DATA_CHUNK

4.3.63 STOKEN

<u>TOKEN</u> signed by Atax, using algorithm **RSA_SHA_PKCS1.**

Byte[RSA KEY SIZE] STOKEN = $Sign_{KATAXPRIVATE}(TOKEN)$

4.3.64 IDENTITY

A SAM has an identity given to it by the Avatar backbone during the enrollment stage. The identity is not stored itself, but its sha256 hash. The filed is an ASN1 encoded string by formed by the concatenations of these fields, also encoded in ASN1:

- userid: the user to to which the SAM is delivered.
- serial: the serial number of the card
- certid: the serial number of the certificate stored in the card.
- Issuer: "Avatar Inc."
- Creation Date: The timestamp at the enrollment stage.

Byte[SHA256 SIZE] IDENTITY

4.3.65 CHALLENGE

This field in sent in the <u>VERIFY_AUDIT_PROOF</u> command. The challenge is obtained by encrypting with ATAX private key an array of Bytes obtained after concatenating the following fields:

4.3.66 LAST_TOKEN_CHUNK

In <u>VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT</u>, this parameter indicates whether or not this chunk of the STOKEN is the last one.

```
Byte[1] LAST_TOKEN_CHUNK := CHOICE {
      0x00 False,
      0x01 True
}
```

4.3.67 TOKEN CHUNK SIZE

In <u>VERIFY_AUDIT_SHORT</u>, this parameter indicates the length of the <u>STOKEN</u> fragment that is carried as data.

```
Byte[1] = TOKEN_CHUNK_SIZE
```

4.3.68 STOKEN_CHUNK

Fragment of STOKEN

Byte[] STOKEN_CHUNK

4.3.69 RAW DATA

In <u>SIGN_DATA</u>, it is the piece of data to be signed.

Byte[] RAW_DATA

4.3.70 SIGNED DATA

Present in <u>SIGN_DATA</u>, it is the signature of <u>RAW_DATA</u>.

Byte[RSA_KEY_SIZE] RAW_DATA

4.3.71 SIGNED DATA OFFSET

In the <u>READ_SIGNED_DATA</u> command, this parameter represents the offset of the piece of <u>SIGNED_DATA</u> requested by the SDC.

4.3.72 SIGNED_DATA_CHUNK

Fragment of <u>SIGNED_DATA</u>

Byte[] SIGNED_DATA_CHUNK

4.4 Exceptions

All the exceptions generated within the card or the applet are conveyed to the SDC with a Status Code different from 0x9000 in response to an APDU COMMAND. The exceptions are divided into different groups.

4.4.1 ISO7816_EXCEPTIONS

See:

http://www.win.tue.nl/pinpasjc/docs/apis/jc222/javacard/framework/ISO7816.html

4.4.2 CRYPTOGRAPHIC EXCEPTIONS

Exceptions related to cryptographic operations. These are the possible values.

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| SW_CRYPTO_ILLEGAL_VALUE | 0x9C30 |
| SW_CRYPTO_ILLEGAL_USE | 0x9C31 |
| SW_CRYPTO_INVALID_INIT | 0x9C32 |
| SW_CRYPTO_NO_SUCH_ALGORTIHM | 0x9C33 |
| SW_CRYPTO_UNINITIALIZED_KEY | 0x9C34 |
| SW_CRYPTO_INCONSISTENT_KEY_ALG_PAIR | 0x9C35 |
| SW_CRYPTO_UNDEFINED | 0x9C36 |
| SW_DIRECTION_UNSUPPORTED | 0x9C13 |
| SW_LOCATION_INVALID | 0x9C14 |
| SW_KEY_SIZE_UNSUPPORTED | 0x9C16 |
| SW_KEY_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED | 0x9C17 |
| SW_KEY_TYPE_INVALID | 0x9C18 |
| SW_INVALID_KEY_ID | 0x9C19 |
| SW_CIPH_MODE_INVALID | 0x9C1C |
| SW_INCONSTANT_KEYPAIRING | 0x9C1E |
| SW_CRYPTO_OPERATION_UNSUPPORTED | 0x9C27 |

Table 4.10: CRYPTOGRAPHIC_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.3 AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS

These is a group of exceptions that might arise when asking for a new audit token or in the verification stage.

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------|--------|
| SW_START_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C61 |
| SW_AUDIT_READ_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C62 |
| SW_WRONG_PROOF | 0x9C64 |
| SW_AUDIT_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C66 |

Table 4.11: AUDIT_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.4 TRANSACTION EXCEPTIONS

Some of the operations in the applet run inside a transaction in order to preserve the integrity of the data inside the card. This group of exceptions are related to these transactions.

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| SW_TRANSACTION_IN_PROGRESS | 0x9C41 |
| SW_TRANSACTION_NOT_IN_PROGRESS | 0x9C42 |
| SW_TRANSACTION_PROBLEM | 0x9C43 |
| SW_TRANSACTION_UNDEFINED | 0x9C44 |

Table 4.12: TRANSACTION_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.5 APPLET EXCEPTIONS

Group of custom exceptions throwable by the applet during its regular operation upon executing an APDU COMMAND.

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------|--------|
| SW_NO_MEMORY_LEFT | 0x9C01 |
| SW_AUTH_FAILED | 0x9C02 |
| SW_OPERATION_NOT_ALLOWED | 0x9C03 |
| SW_UNSUPPORTED_FEATURE | 0x9C05 |
| SW_UNAUTHORIZED | 0x9C06 |
| SW_OBJECT_NOT_FOUND | 0x9C07 |
| SW_OBJECT_EXISTS | 0x9C08 |
| SW_INVALID_PARAMETER | 0x9C0F |
| SW_INCORRECT_P1 | 0x9C10 |
| SW_INCORRECT_P2 | 0x9C11 |
| SW_SEQUENCE_END | 0x9C12 |

Table 4.13: APPLET_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.6 IDENTITY_EXCEPTIONS

Exception thrown when the maximum number of pin attempts has been reached.

| Name | Value |
|---------------------|--------|
| SW_IDENTITY_BLOCKED | 0x9C0C |
| SW_AUTH_FAILED | 0x9C02 |

Table 4.14: IDENTITY_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.7 ARITHMETIC_EXCEPTIONS

Exceptions thrown when an arithmetic operations overflows.

| Name | Value |
|-------------|--------|
| SW_OVERFLOW | 0x9C51 |

Table 4.15: ARITHMETIC_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.8 SIGNING_EXCEPTIONS

Exceptions thrown by the applet when trying to perform the signature of a piece of data.

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| SW_MAX_UNAUDITED_TRANSACTIONS | 0x9C60 |
| SW_INVALID_COMMAND_LENGTH | 0x9C28 |
| SW_INVALID_TRANSACTION_TYPE | 0x9C29 |
| SW_PENDING_SIGNATURE | 0x9C45 |
| SW_SIGNATURE_READ_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C46 |

Table 4.16: SIGNING_EXCEPTIONS

4.4.9 DATA_SIGNING_EXCEPTIONS

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| SW_SIGN_DATA_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C70 |
| SW_READ_SIGNED_DATA_FORBIDDEN | 0x9C71 |

Table 4.17: DATA_SIGNING_EXCEPTIONS

4.5 Operations

In this section, operations that can be applied to the data types defined in the previous sections are described.

4.5.1 Blength(Byte[] A)

Length of an array of Bytes expressed in a single Byte.

Integer Blength(Byte[]A) = (Byte)A.length

4.5.2 Slength(Byte[] A)

Length of an array of Bytes expressed in a short type.

Short Slength(Byte[] A) = (short)A.length

4.5.3 Elength(Byte∏ A)

Extended length. It calculates Slength(A) and then Byte 0x00 is concatenated with the result.

```
Byte[3] ELength(A) = {
      0x00,
      Slength(A)
}
```

4.5.4 Ascii(Byte[] A)

This operations takes an array of characters and returns an array of the same length with the ascii value of each character.

Example: Ascii([1,2]) = [31,32]

4.5.5 Split(S)

This operations takes a string as input and return and array containing all the characters in the string.

```
Byte[S.length] = Split(S)
```

Example: Split("1234") = [1,2,3,4]