

ChemLAB
COMS W4115 - Programming Languages & Translators
Professor Stephen Edwards

Alice Chang (avc2120) Gabe Lu (ggl2110) Martin Ong (mo2454)

December 14, 2014

Contents

Introduction	2
1 Language Tutorial	3
1.1 Program Execution	3
1.2 Variables	3
1.3 Control Flow	3
1.4 Functions	4
1.5 Printing to stdout	4
2 Language Reference Manual	5
3 Project Plan	6
3.1 Proposed Plan	6
3.2 What Actually Happened	7
3.3 Team Responsibilities	7
3.4 Project Log	8
4 Architectural Design	9
5 Test Plan	10
6 Lessons Learned	11
A Code Listing	12

Introduction

ChemLab is a language that will allow users to conveniently manipulate chemical elements. It can be used to solve chemistry and organic chemistry problems including, but not limited to, stoichiometric calculations, oxidation-reduction reactions, acid-base reactions, gas stoichiometry, chemical equilibrium, thermodynamics, stereochemistry, and electrochemistry. It may also be used for intensive study of a molecule's properties such as chirality or aromaticity. These questions are mostly procedural and there is a general approach to solving each specific type of problem. For example, to determine the molecular formula of a compound: 1) use the mass percents and molar mass to determine the mass of each element present in 1 mole of compound 2) determine the number of moles of each element present in 1 mole of compound. Albeit these problems can generally be distilled down to a series of plug-and-chug math calculations, these calculations can become extremely tedious to work out by hand as molecules and compounds become more complex (imagine having to balance a chemical equation with Botox: $C_{6760}H_{10447}N_{1743}O_{2010}S_{32}$). Our language can be used to easily create programs to solve such problems through the use of our specially designed data types and utilities.

Chapter 1

Language Tutorial

1.1 Program Execution

To compile a `.chem` program, simply use the compilation shell script with your `.chem` file as the only argument. `./compile.sh yourProgram.chem`

After compilation, if there are no errors, there will be a Java program that gets created. One can then compile the Java program into an executable using `javac`.

1.2 Variables

Variables in ChemLAB must be declared as a specific type. To use a variable, declare the type of the variable, and assign it to the value that you want like this:

```
int myNum = 5;
String hello = "World";
```

1.3 Control Flow

ChemLAB supports "if/else" statements:

```
if(10>6){
print("inside the if");
else{
print("inside the else");
}
```

```
}
```

ChemLAB supports "while loops":

```
while(i > 0){  
  print(i);  
  i = i-1;  
}
```

1.4 Functions

Functions are the basis of ChemLAB. Functions can be passed any amount of parameters and are declared using the function keyword. The parameters within a function declaration must have type specifications.

This is a function that takes in two parameters:

```
function add (int a, int b){  
  return a+b;  
}
```

This is a function that takes in no parameters:

```
function noParam(){  
  print("Hello World");  
  return 1;  
}
```

1.5 Printing to stdout

To print to stdout, simply use the built-in function "print"

```
print(6);  
print("Hello World");
```

Chapter 2

Language Reference Manual

Chapter 3

Project Plan

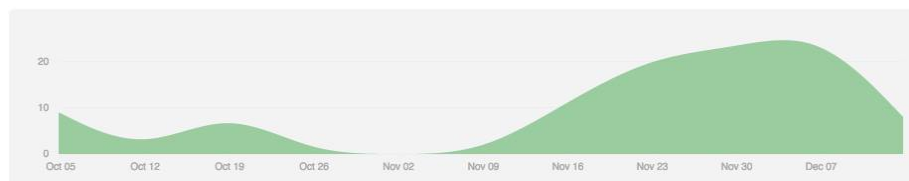
Like any project, careful planning and organization is paramount to the success of the project. More importantly however, is the methodical execution of the plan. Although we originally developed a roadmap for success as well as implemented a number of project management systems, we did not follow the plan as intended. This section outlines our proposed plans for making ChemLAB happen and the actual process that we went through.

3.1 Proposed Plan

We had originally planned to use the waterfall model in our software development process in which we would first develop a design for our language, followed by implementation, and finally testing. The idea was for all team members to dedicate complete focus to each stage in the project. Especially since we only had three members on our team, our roles were not as distinct and everyone had the chance to work, at least in some capacity, in all the roles. We intended to meet consistently each week on for at least two hours. During our meetings, each member was suppose to give an update about what he or she had been working on the past week as well as plans for the upcoming week and any challenges he or she faced that required the attention of the rest of the group. To help facilitate communication and the planning of meetings, we used Doodle to vote on what times were best for meetings. Also, in order to improve team dynamics, we planned to meet at least once every two weeks outside the context of school in order to hang out and have fun. Development would occur mostly on Mac OS and Windows 7, using the latest versions of OCaml, Ocamllex, and OCaml yacc for the compiler. We used Github for version control and makefiles to ease the work of compiling and testing code. The project timeline that we had laid out at the beginning was as follows:

- Sept 24th: Proposal Due Date
- Oct 2nd: ChemLAB syntax roughly decided upon
- Oct 23th: Scanner/Parser/AST unambiguous and working
- Oct 27th: LRM Due Date
- Nov 9th: Architectural design finalized
- Dec 5th: Compile works, all tests passed
- Dec 12th: Project report and slides completed
- Dec 17th: Final Project Due Date

3.2 What Actually Happened



This graph was pulled from Github reflecting the number of commits being made over the span of this semester. Due to schedule conflicts and a false sense of security, we did not start intensely working on the project until after Thanksgiving break. Since we did not coordinate the development of the Scanner, AST, and parser with the writing of the LRM, our language did not have as concrete a structure as we had hoped. Furthermore, we did not have enough time to implement some of the features in our language such as object-orientation or more built-in functions. As we were developing the software, we did make sure to allow testing at all steps in the design process. In the test script, we had identifiers for how far in the compilation process we wanted the program to run. Thus, we were able to maintain testing capabilities even before all of our code was ready. We discuss the testing procedure in more detail in a subsequent section.

3.3 Team Responsibilities

This subsection describes the contributions made by each team member:

- Project Proposal - Gabriel L/Alice C/Martin O

- Scanner - Gabriel L
- AST - Alice C/Gabriel L/Martin O
- Parser - Alice C/Martin O
- LRM - Gabriel L
- Code Generation - Alice C
- Semantic Analyzer -Gabriel L/Martin O
- Testing - Martin O
- Final Report - Gabriel L/Martin O

3.4 Project Log

We add later

Chapter 4

Architectural Design

Chapter 5

Test Plan

Chapter 6

Lessons Learned

Appendix A

Code Listing

../ast.ml

```
1 type operator = Add | Sub | Mul | Div | Equal | Neq | Lt | Leq | Gt | Geq
2 type re = And | Or
3 type bool = True | False
4 type data_type = IntType | BooleanType | StringType | DoubleType |
   ElementType | MoleculeType | EquationType
5
6 type variable =
7   Var of string
8
9 type expr =
10   Binop of expr * operator * expr
11   | Brela of expr * re * expr
12   | Int of int
13   | String of string
14   | Boolean of bool
15   | Double of float
16   | Asn of string * expr
17   | Equation of string * variable list * variable list
18   | Concat of expr * expr
19   | Seq of expr * expr
20   | Print of expr
21   | List of expr list
22   | Call of string * expr list
23   | Access of expr * string
24   | Draw of string * int * int * int * int * int * int * int * int
25   | Null
26   | Noexpr
27
28 type stmt =
29   Block of stmt list
30   | Expr of expr
```

```

31 | Return of expr
32 | If of expr * stmt * stmt
33 | For of expr * expr * expr * stmt
34 | While of expr * stmt
35 | Print of expr
36
37 type variable_decl = {
38   vname : string;
39   vtype : data_type;
40 }
41
42 type element_decl = {
43   name : string;
44   mass : int;
45   electrons : int;
46   charge : int;
47 }
48
49 type molecule_decl = {
50   mname : string;
51   elements: variable list;
52 }
53
54 type rule =
55   Balance of string
56   | Mass of string
57
58 type par_decl = {
59   paramname : string; (* Name of the variable *)
60   paramtype : data_type; (* Name of variable type *)
61 }
62
63 type func_decl = {
64   fname : string;
65   formals : par_decl list;
66   locals: variable_decl list;
67   elements : element_decl list;
68   molecules : molecule_decl list;
69   rules : rule list;
70   body : stmt list;
71 }
72
73 (* type program = {
74   gdecls : var_decl list;
75   fdecls : func_decl list
76 }
77 *)
78 type program = func_decl list

```

```

1 { open Parser }
2
3 rule token = parse
4   [ ' ' '\t' '\r' '\n' ]           { token lexbuf }
5   | "/*"                          { comment lexbuf }
6   | "("                            { LPAREN }
7   | )                              { RPAREN }
8   | "["                            { LBRACKET }
9   | "]"                             { RBRACKET }
10  | "{"                             { LCURLY }
11  | "}"                             { RCURLY }
12  | "\""                             { STRINGDECL }
13  | ";"                             { SEMI }
14  | ":"                             { COLON }
15  | ","                             { COMMA }
16  | "."                             { ACCESS }
17  | "+"                            { PLUS }
18  | "-"                             { MINUS }
19  | "*"                             { TIMES }
20  | "/"                             { DIVIDE }
21  | "%"                             { MOD }
22  | "="                             { ASSIGN }
23  | "_"                             { ARROW }
24  | "^"                             { CONCAT }
25  | "=="                            { EQ }
26  | "!="                            { NEQ }
27  | "<"                             { LT }
28  | "<="                            { LEQ }
29  | ">"                             { GT }
30  | ">="                            { GEQ }
31  | "&&"                             { AND }
32  | "||"                             { OR }
33  | "!"                             { NOT }
34  | "if"                             { IF }
35  | "else"                           { ELSE }
36  | "while"                           { WHILE }
37  | "for"                             { FOR }
38  | "int"                             { INT }
39  | "double"                           { DOUBLE }
40  | "string"                           { STRING }
41  | "boolean"                           { BOOLEAN }
42  | "element"                           { ELEMENT }
43  | "molecule"                           { MOLECULE }
44  | "equation"                           { EQUATION }
45  | "Balance"                           { BALANCE }
46  | "mass" as attr                     { ATTRIBUTE(attr) }
47  | "charge" as attr                   { ATTRIBUTE(attr) }
48  | "electrons" as attr                 { ATTRIBUTE(attr) }
49  | "function"                         { FUNCTION }

```

```

50 | "object"           { OBJECT }
51 | "return"          { RETURN }
52 | "true"            { BOOLEAN_LIT(true) }
53 | "false"           { BOOLEAN_LIT(false) }
54 | "print"           { PRINT }
55 | "Call"            { CALL }
56 | "Draw"            { DRAW }
57 | ['0'-'9']+ as lxm { INT_LIT(int_of_string lxm) }
58 | ('0' | ['1'-'9']+['0'-'9']*)(['.']['0'-'9']+)? as lxm { DOUBLE_LIT(
    float_of_string lxm) }
59 | ['A'-'Z' 'a'-'z' '0'-'9']+ as lxm { ID(lxm) }
60 | '"' ['\"']* '"' as lxm { STRING_LIT(lxm) }
61 | ['A'-'Z' 'a'-'z']* as lxm { ELEMENT_LIT(lxm) }
62 | (['A'-'Z' 'a'-'z']* ['0'-'9']*)+ as lxm { MOLECULE_LIT(lxm) }
63 | eof { EOF }
64 | - as char { raise (Failure("illegal character " ^
65 |                               Char.escaped char)) }
66
67 and comment = parse
68   "*/" { token lexbuf }
69 | - { comment lexbuf }

```

../parser.mly

```

1  %{ open Ast
2    let parse_error s = (* Called by parser on error *)
3      print_endline s;
4      flush stdout
5  %{
6
7  %token SEMI LPAREN RPAREN LBRACKET RBRACKET LCURLY RCURLY COMMA STRINGDECL
8    COLON ACCESS CONCAT NOT OBJECT ARROW
9  %token PLUS MINUS TIMES DIVIDE MOD PRINT ASSIGN
10 %token EQ NEQ LT LEQ GT GEQ EQUAL
11 %token RETURN IF ELSE FOR WHILE INT DOUBLE STRING BOOLEAN ELEMENT MOLECULE
12   EQUATION FUNCTION
13 %token INT DOUBLE STRING BOOLEAN ELEMENT MOLECULE EQUATION FUNCTION
14 %token CALL ACCESS DRAW
15 %token BALANCE MASS CHARGE ELECTRONS
16 %token AND OR
17 %token INT BOOLEAN STRING DOUBLE
18 %token <string> DATATYPE ATTRIBUTE
19 %token <bool> BOOLEAN_LIT
20 %token <string> ELEMENT_LIT
21 %token <string> MOLECULE_LIT
22 %token <string> STRING_LIT
23 %token <string> ID
24 %token <int> INT_LIT
25 %token <float> DOUBLE_LIT

```



```

25 %token EOF
26
27 %nonassoc NOELSE
28 %nonassoc ELSE
29 %right ASSIGN
30 %left ACCESS
31 %left OR
32 %left AND
33 %left EQ NEQ
34 %left LT GT LEQ GEQ
35 %left PLUS MINUS
36 %left TIMES DIVIDE
37
38 %start program
39 %type <Ast.program> program
40
41 %%
42 program:
43     { [] }
44     | program fdecl { ($2 :: $1) }
45
46 id:
47     ID { $1 }
48     | STRING_LIT { $1 }
49     | ELEMENT_LIT { $1 }
50     | MOLECULE_LIT { $1 }
51
52 var:
53     id {Var($1)}
54
55
56 vdecl:
57     datatype ID SEMI
58     { { vname = $2;
59       vtype = $1;
60     } }
61
62 vdecl_list:
63     {[]}
64     | vdecl_list vdecl {($2::$1)}
65
66 stmt:
67     expr SEMI { Expr($1) }
68     | RETURN expr SEMI { Return($2)}
69     | LCURLY stmt_list RCURLY { Block(List.rev $2) }
70     | IF LPAREN expr RPAREN stmt %prec NOELSE { If($3, $5, Block([]) ) }
71     | IF LPAREN expr RPAREN stmt ELSE stmt { If($3, $5, $7) }
72     | FOR LPAREN expr SEMI expr SEMI expr RPAREN stmt { For($3, $5, $7, $9) }
73     | WHILE LPAREN expr RPAREN stmt { While($3, $5) }
74     | PRINT expr SEMI { Print($2)}

```

```

75
76 stmt_list:
77     /* nothing */ { [] }
78     | stmt_list stmt { ($2 :: $1) }
79
80 datatype:
81     INT { IntType }
82     | BOOLEAN { BooleanType }
83     | STRING { StringType }
84     | DOUBLE { DoubleType }
85
86 expr:
87     INT_LIT { Int($1) }
88     | id { String($1) }
89     | PRINT expr SEMI { Print($2)}
90     | EQUATION id LCURLY element_list ARROW element_list RCURLY { Equation($2
91         , $4, $6) }
92     | expr PLUS expr { Binop($1, Add, $3) }
93     | expr MINUS expr { Binop($1, Sub, $3) }
94     | expr TIMES expr { Binop($1, Mul, $3) }
95     | expr DIVIDE expr { Binop($1, Div, $3) }
96     | expr LT expr { Binop($1, Lt, $3) }
97     | expr GT expr { Binop($1, Gt, $3) }
98     | expr LEQ expr { Binop($1, Leq, $3) }
99     | expr AND expr { Brela($1, And, $3) }
100    | expr OR expr { Brela($1, Or, $3) }
101    | id ASSIGN expr { Asn($1, $3) }
102    | expr CONCAT expr { Concat($1, $3) }
103    | CALL id LPAREN actuals_opt RPAREN { Call($2, $4) }
104    | expr ACCESS ATTRIBUTE { Access($1, $3) }
105    | DRAW LPAREN STRING_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA
106        INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT RPAREN
107        { Draw($3, $5, $7, $9, $11, $13, $15, $17, $19) }
108
109 edecl:
110     ELEMENT id LPAREN INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT COMMA INT_LIT RPAREN SEMI
111     {{
112         name = $2;
113         mass = $4;
114         electrons = $6;
115         charge = $8
116     }}
117
118 edecl_list:
119     { [] }
120     | edecl_list edecl { List.rev ($2 :: $1)}
121

```

```

122
123 mdecl:
124     MOLECULE id LCURLY element_list RCURLY SEMI
125     {{
126         mname = $2;
127         elements = $4;
128     }}
129
130 mdecl_list:
131     { [] }
132     | mdecl_list mdecl          { ($2 :: $1) }
133
134 element_list:
135     var          { [$1] }
136     | element_list COMMA var      { ($3 :: $1)}
137
138 rule:
139     BALANCE LPAREN id RPAREN SEMI {Balance($3)}
140
141
142 rule_list:
143     {[]}
144     | rule_list rule          { ($2 :: $1)}
145
146 formals_opt:
147     /* nothing */          { [] }
148     | formal_list          { List.rev $1 }
149
150 formal_list:
151     param_decl          { [$1] }
152     | formal_list COMMA param_decl { $3 :: $1 }
153
154 actuals_opt:
155     /* nothing */          { [] }
156     | actuals_list          { List.rev $1 }
157
158 actuals_list:
159     expr          { [$1] }
160     | actuals_list COMMA expr      { $3 :: $1 }
161
162 param_decl:
163     datatype id
164     { { paramname = $2;
165       paramtype = $1 } }
166
167 fdecl:
168     FUNCTION id LPAREN formals_opt RPAREN LCURLY vdecl_list edecl_list
169     mdecl_list rule_list stmt_list RCURLY
170     { {
171         fname = $2;

```

```

171     formals = $4;
172     locals = List.rev $7;
173     elements = List.rev $8;
174     molecules = List.rev $9;
175     rules = List.rev $10;
176     body = List.rev $11
177 } }

```

../semantic.ml

```

1  open Ast
2  open Str
3
4  type env = {
5      mutable functions : func_decl list;
6  }
7
8  let function_equal_name name = function
9      func-> func.fname = name
10
11 let function_fparam_name name = function
12     par -> par.paramname = name
13
14 let function_var_name name = function
15     variable -> variable.vname = name
16
17 (* Checks whether a function has been defined duplicately *)
18 let function_exist func env =
19     let name = func.fname in
20     try
21         let _ = List.find (function_equal_name name) env.functions in
22         let e = "Duplicate function: " ^ name ^ " has been defined more than
23             once" in
24             raise (Failure e)
25     with Not_found -> false
26
27 (*Checks if function has been declared*)
28 let exist_function_name name env = List.exists (function_equal_name name) env
29     .functions
30
31 let get_function_by_name name env =
32     try
33         let result = List.find (function_equal_name name) env.functions in
34             result
35     with Not_found -> raise(Failure("Function " ^ name ^ " has not been declared
36         !"))
37

```

```

38 let get_formal_by_name name func =
39   try
40     let result = List.find(function fparam_name name) func.formals in
41     result
42   with Not_found -> raise(Failure("Formal Param" ^ name ^ " has not been
    declared!"))
43
44 let get_variable_by_name name func =
45   try
46     let result = List.find(function var_name name) func.locals in
47     result
48   with Not_found -> raise(Failure("Local Variable " ^ name ^ " has not been
    declared!"))
49
50
51 let count_function_params func = function
52   a -> let f count b =
53     if b = a
54       then count+1
55       else count
56 in
57   let count = List.fold_left f 0 func.formals in
58   if count > 0
59     then raise (Failure("Duplicate parameter in function " ^ func.fname))
60     else count
61
62
63 let count_function_variables func = function
64   a -> let f count b =
65     if b = a
66       then count+1
67       else count
68 in
69   let count = List.fold_left f 0 func.locals in
70   if count > 0
71     then raise (Failure("Duplicate variable in function " ^ func.fname))
72     else count
73
74 (*Determines if a formal paramter with the given name  fname  exits in
    the given function*)
75
76 let exists_formal_param func fname =
77   try
78     List.exists (function fparam_name fname) func.formals
79   with Not_found -> raise (Failure ("Formal Parameter " ^ fname ^ " should
    exist but was not found in function " ^ func.fname))
80
81
82 (*Determines if a variable declaration with the given name  vname  exists
    in the given function*)

```

```

83
84 let exists_variable_decl func vname =
85 try
86   List.exists (function var_name vname) func.locals
87 with Not_found -> raise (Failure ("Variable " ^ vname ^ " should exist but
      was not found in function " ^ func.fname))
88
89
90
91
92 let dup_param_name func fpname =
93   let name = func.formals in
94   try
95     List.find (function name -> name.paramname = fpname.paramname ) name
96 with Not_found -> raise (Failure ("Duplicate param names"))
97
98
99
100 let get_fparam_type func fpname =
101   let name = func.formals in
102   try
103     let fparam = List.find(function fparam_name fpname) name in
104     fparam.paramtype
105 with Not_found -> raise (Failure ("Formal param should exist but not
      found"))
106
107
108 (*given variable name, get type*)
109 let get_var_type func vname =
110   let name = func.locals in
111   try
112     let var = List.find(function var_name vname) name in
113     var.vtype
114 with Not_found -> raise (Failure ("Variable should exist but not found"))
115
116
117 (*
118 let param_exist func =
119   let name = func.formals in
120   try
121     let _ = List.iter (fun f -> List.find (exists_formal_param func f) ) name
122     in
123     let e = "Duplicate param: " ^ name ^ "has been defined more than once" in
124     raise (Failure e)
125 with Not_found -> false
126
127 let get_fparam_type func fpname =
128   try
129     let fparam =

```

```

130 (*Determines if the given identifier exists*)
131 let exists_id name func = (exists_variable_decl func name) || (
    exists_formal_param func name)
132
133 (*see if there is a function with given name*)
134 let find_function func env =
135   try
136     let _ = List.find (function_equal_name func) env.functions in
137     true (*return true on success*)
138   with Not_found -> raise Not_found
139
140 let is_int s =
141   try ignore (int_of_string s); true
142   with _ -> false
143
144 let is_float s =
145   try ignore (float_of_string s); true
146   with _ -> false
147
148 let is_letter s = string_match (regexp "[A-Za-z]") s 0
149
150 let is_string s = string_match (regexp "\\\".*\\\"") s 0
151
152 let is_string_bool = function "true" -> true | "false" -> true | _ -> false
153
154 let rec is_num func = function
155   Int(_) -> true
156   | Double(_) -> true
157   | Binop(e1,_,e2) -> (is_num func e1) && (is_num func e2)
158   | _ -> false
159
160 let rec is_boolean func = function
161   Boolean(_) -> true
162   | _ -> false
163
164 (*check if variable declation is valid*)
165
166 (*
167
168 let valid_vdecl func =
169   let _ = List.map (function func.locals) ->
170     let e = "Invalid variable declaration for '" ^ nm ^ "' in compute function
171       " ^ func.fname ^ "\n" in
172       let be = e ^ "The only allowed values for initializing boolean
173         variables are 'true' and 'false.'" ^ "\n" in
174       match vtype with
175       "Int" -> if is_string value then true else raise (Failure e)
176       | "Double" -> if is_float value then true else raise (Failure e)
177       | "String" -> if is_int value then true else raise (Failure e)
178       )

```

```

176         | "Boolean" -> if is_string_bool value then true else raise (
177             Failure be)) func.locals
178     in
179         true
180 *)
181
182 let rec get_expr_type e func =
183     match e with
184     | String(s) -> StringType
185     | Int(s) -> IntType
186     | Double(f) -> DoubleType
187     | Boolean(b) -> BooleanType
188     | Binop(e1,op,e2) -> let t1 = get_expr_type e1 func and t2 =
189         get_expr_type e2 func in
190         begin
191             match t1, t2 with
192             | DoubleType, DoubleType -> DoubleType
193             | IntType, IntType -> IntType
194             | _,- -> raise (Failure "Invalid types for binary expression")
195         end
196     | Brela(e1, re, e2) -> let t1 = get_expr_type e1 func and t2 =
197         get_expr_type e2 func in
198         begin
199             match t1, t2 with
200             | BooleanType, BooleanType -> BooleanType
201             | _,- -> raise (Failure "Invalid type for AND, OR expression")
202         end
203     | Asn(expr, expr2) -> get_expr_type expr2 func
204     | Equation (s, vlist, vlist2) -> EquationType
205     | Concat(s, s2) -> let s_type = get_expr_type s func in
206         let s2_type = get_expr_type s2 func in
207         begin
208             match s_type, s2_type with
209             | StringType, StringType -> StringType
210             | _,- -> raise (Failure "concatentation needs to be with two
211                 strings")
212         end
213     | _ -> raise( Failure("!!! Need to implement in get_expr_type: Seq, List,
214         Call, Null, Noexpr !!!") )
215
216 let rec valid_expr (func : Ast.func_decl) expr env =
217     match expr with
218     | Int(_) -> true
219     | Double(_) -> true
220     | Boolean(_) -> true
221     | String(_) -> true
222     | Binop(e1,_,e2) -> (is_num func e1) && (is_num func e2)
223     | Brela (e1,_,e2) -> (is_boolean func e1) && (is_boolean func e2)
224     | Asn(id, expr2) ->

```



```

221   begin
222     let t1 = get_var_type func id and t2 = get_expr_type expr2 func in
223     match t1,t2 with
224     | StringType, StringType -> true
225     | IntType, IntType -> true
226     | DoubleType, DoubleType -> true
227     | ElementType, ElementType -> true (*allow int to double conversion*)
228     | MoleculeType, MoleculeType -> true
229     | EquationType, EquationType -> true
230     | _,- -> raise(Failure ("DataTypes do not match up in an assignment
                                expression to variable "))
231   end
232 | _ -> raise( Failure("!!! Need to implement in valid_expr: Equation,
                        Concat, Seq, List, Call, Null, Noexpr !!!") )

233
234 (*Print(e1) ->
235   let t1 = get_expr_type expr func in
236   match t1 with
237   | "String" -> true
238   | "int" -> true
239   | "double" -> true
240   | "boolean" -> true
241   | "element" -> true
242   | "molecule" -> true
243   | "equation" -> true
244   | _ -> raise(Failure("Can't print type"))*)
245
246
247
248 let has_return_stmt list =
249   if List.length list = 0
250   then false
251   else match (List.hd (List.rev list)) with
252   | Return(_) -> true
253   | _ -> false
254
255
256 (* let if_else_has_return_stmt stmt_list =
257   let if_stmts = List.filter (function If(_,-,-) -> true | _ -> false)
258   stmt_list in
259   let rets = List.map (
260     function
261       If(_,s1,s2) ->
262         begin
263           match s1,s2 with
264           | Block(lst1),Block(lst2) -> (has_return_stmt lst1) && (
265             has_return_stmt lst2)
266           | _ -> raise(Failure("Error"))
267         end
268     )
269   in
270   let has_return_stmt = List.exists (fun s -> has_return_stmt s) rets
271   in
272   if_stmts <=> has_return_stmt *)

```

```

267     ) if_stmts in
268     List.fold_left (fun b v -> b || v) false rets *)
269
270 let has_return_stmt func =
271   let stmt_list = func.body in
272   if List.length stmt_list = 0
273   then false
274   else match List.hd (List.rev stmt_list), func.fname with
275     | Return(e), "main" -> raise (Failure("Return statement not permitted in
276       main method"))
277     | -, "main" -> false
278     | Return(e), _ -> true
279     | _, _ -> false
280
281 (*Returns the type of a given variable name *)
282 let get_type func name =
283   if exists_variable_decl func name (* True if there exists a var of that
284     name *)
285   then get_var_type func name
286   else
287     if exists_formal_param func name
288     then get_fparam_type func name
289     else (*Variable has not been declared as it was not found*)
290       let e = "Variable \" ^ name ^ "\" is being used without being
291         declared in function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\" in
292         raise (Failure e)
293
294 (* Check that the body is valid *)
295 let valid_body func env =
296   (* Check all statements in a block recursively, will throw error for an
297     invalid stmt *)
298   let rec check_stmt = function
299     | Block(stmt_list) -> let _ = List.map(fun s -> check_stmt s) stmt_list
300     in
301     true
302   | Expr(expr) -> let _ = valid_expr func expr env in
303     true
304   | Return(expr) -> let _ = valid_expr func expr env in
305     true
306   | If(condition, then_stmts, else_stmts) -> let cond_type = get_expr_type
307     condition func in
308     begin
309       match cond_type with
310       | BooleanType ->
311         if (check_stmt then_stmts) && (check_stmt else_stmts)
312         then true
313         else raise (Failure("Invalid statements in If statement
314           within function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"))

```

```

310         | - -> raise( Failure("Condition of If statement is not a valid
311             boolean expression within function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"") )
312     end
313 | For(init, condition, do_expr, stmts) -> let cond_type = get_expr_type
314     condition func in
315     let _ = valid_expr func do_expr env in
316     let _ = valid_expr func init env in
317     begin
318         match cond_type with
319         BooleanType ->
320             if check_stmt stmts
321             then true
322             else raise( Failure("Invalid statements in For loop
323                 within function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"") )
324         | - -> raise( Failure("Condition of For loop is not a valid
325             boolean expression within function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"")
326             )
327     end
328 | While(condition, stmts) -> let cond_type = get_expr_type condition func
329     in
330     begin
331         match cond_type with
332         BooleanType ->
333             if check_stmt stmts
334             then true
335             else raise( Failure("Invalid statments in While loop within
336                 function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"") )
337         | - -> raise( Failure("Condition of While loop is not a valid
338             boolean expression within function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"") )
339     end
340 | Print(expr) -> let expr_type = get_expr_type expr func in
341     begin
342         match expr_type with
343         StringType -> true
344         | - -> raise( Failure("Print in function \" ^ func.fname ^ "\"
345             does not match string type") )
346     end
347 in
348     let _ = List.map(fun s -> check_stmt s) func.body in
349     true
350
351 let valid_func env f =
352     let duplicate_functions = function_exist f env in
353     (* let duplicate_parameters = count_function_params f in *)
354     let v_body = valid_body f env in
355     let _ = env.functions <- f :: env.functions (* Adding function to
356         environment *) in
357     (not duplicate_functions) && (* (not duplicate_parameters) && *)
358     v_body

```

```

349 let check_program flist =
350   let (environment : env) = { functions = [] (* ; variables = [] *) } in
351   let _validate = List.map ( fun f -> valid_func environment f ) flist in
352   let _ = print_endline "\nSemantic analysis completed successfully.\nCompiling...\n" in
353   true

```

../compile.ml

```

1  open Ast
2  open Str
3  open Printf
4  open Parser
5  module StringMap = Map.Make(String);;
6
7  let string_of_type = function
8    | IntType -> "int"
9    | BooleanType -> "Boolean"
10   | StringType -> "String"
11   | DoubleType -> "double"
12   | _ -> ""
13
14  let string_of_op = function
15    | Add -> "+"
16    | Sub -> "-"
17    | Mul -> "*"
18    | Div -> "/"
19    | Gt -> ">"
20    | Geq -> ">="
21    | Lt -> "<"
22    | Leq -> "<="
23    | Equal -> "=="
24    | Neq -> "!="
25
26  let string_of_re = function
27    | And -> "&&"
28    | Or -> "||"
29
30  let string_of_boolean = function
31    | True -> string_of_bool true
32    | False -> string_of_bool false
33
34  let string_of_var = function
35    | Var(v)-> v
36
37
38  let string_of_rule = function
39    | Balance(equation) -> "Balance(" ^ equation ^ ");"
40    | Mass(equation)-> "Mass(" ^ equation ^ ");"
41

```

```

42 let rec string_of_expr = function
43   Int(i) -> string_of_int i
44   | Double(d) -> string_of_float d
45   | Boolean(b) -> string_of_boolean b
46   | String (s) -> s
47   | Asn(id, left) -> id ^ " = " ^ (string_of_expr left)
48   | Seq(s1, s2) -> (string_of_expr s1) ^ " ; " ^ (string_of_expr s2)
49   | Call(s,l) -> s ^ "(" ^ String.concat "" (List.map string_of_expr l) ^ ")"
50   | Access(o,m) -> (string_of_expr o) ^ "." ^ m ^ "(" ^ " ";
51   | Draw(s, e1, e2, e3, e4, e5, e6, e7, e8) -> "randx = (int) (Math.random()
      *400); randy = (int) (Math.random()*400); scene.add(new AtomShape(randx
      , randy, " ^ s ^ " , " ^
52   (string_of_int e1) ^ " , " ^
53   (string_of_int e2) ^ " , " ^
54   (string_of_int e3) ^ " , " ^
55   (string_of_int e4) ^ " , " ^
56   (string_of_int e5) ^ " , " ^
57   (string_of_int e6) ^ " , " ^
58   (string_of_int e7) ^ " , " ^
59   (string_of_int e8) ^ " ) )";
60   | Binop (e1, op, e2) ->
61   (string_of_expr e1) ^ " " ^ (match op with
62     Add -> "+"
63     | Sub -> "-"
64     | Mul -> "*"
65     | Div -> "/"
66     | Gt -> ">"
67     | Geq -> ">="
68     | Lt -> "<"
69     | Leq -> "<="
70     | Equal -> "=="
71     | Neq -> "!=")
72   ^ " " ^ (string_of_expr e2)
73   | Brela (e1, op, e2) ->
74   (string_of_expr e1) ^ " " ^ (match op with
75     And -> "&&"
76     | Or -> "||")
77   ^ " " ^ (string_of_expr e2)
78   | Noexpr -> ""
79   | Null -> "NULL"
80   | Concat(s1, s2) -> string_of_expr s1 ^ "+" ^ string_of_expr s2
81   | List(elist) -> "[" ^ String.concat ", " (List.map string_of_expr elist
      ) ^ "]"
82   | Print(s) -> "System.out.println(" ^ string_of_expr s ^ " );"
83   | Equation(name, rlist, plist) -> "equation" ^ name ^ "{ " ^ String.
      concat ", " (List.map string_of_var rlist) ^ " — " ^ String.concat ", "
      (List.map string_of_var plist) ^ " }"
84
85 (*   | Element(name, mass, electron, charge) -> "element " ^ name ^ "(" ^ (
      string_of_int mass) ^ " , " ^ (string_of_int electron) ^ " , " ^ (

```

```

86     string_of_int charge) ^ ")"
    | Molecule(name ,elist) -> "molecule " ^ name ^ "{" ^ String.concat "," (
      List.map string_of_var elist) ^ "}" *)
87 let string_of_edekl edekl = "Element " ^ edekl.name ^ "= new Element(" ^ (
  string_of_int edekl.mass) ^ "," ^ (string_of_int edekl.electrons) ^ "," ^
  (string_of_int edekl.charge) ^ ");"
88 let string_of_mdecl mdecl = "ArrayList<Element> " ^ mdecl.mname ^ "1 = new
  ArrayList<Element>(Arrays.asList(" ^ String.concat "," (List.map
    string_of_var mdecl.elements) ^ "));" ^
89 "Molecule " ^ mdecl.mname ^ "= new Molecule(" ^ mdecl.mname ^ "1);"
90
91 let string_of_pdecl pdecl = string_of_type pdecl.paramtype ^ " " ^ pdecl.
  paramname
92 let string_of_pdecl_list pdecl_list = String.concat "" (List.map
  string_of_pdecl pdecl_list)
93 let string_of_vdecl vdecl = string_of_type vdecl.vtype ^ " " ^ vdecl.vname ^
  ";\n"
94
95 let rec string_of_stmt = function
96   Block(stmts) ->
97     "{\n" ^ String.concat "" (List.map string_of_stmt stmts) ^ "}\n"
98   | Expr(expr) -> string_of_expr expr ^ ";\n"
99   | Return(expr) -> "return " ^ string_of_expr expr ^ ";\n"
100  | If(e, s, Block([])) -> "if (" ^ string_of_expr e ^ ")\n{" ^ (
    string_of_stmt s) ^ "}"
101  | If(e, s1, s2) -> "if (" ^ string_of_expr e ^ ")\n{" ^ (string_of_stmt
    s1) ^ "}" ^ "\n" ^ "else\n{" ^ (string_of_stmt s2) ^ "}"
102  | For(e1, e2, e3, s) ->
    "for (" ^ string_of_expr e1 ^ " ; " ^ string_of_expr e2 ^ " ; " ^
    string_of_expr e3 ^ ") " ^ string_of_stmt s
103  | While(e, s) -> "while (" ^ string_of_expr e ^ ") {" ^ (string_of_stmt s
    ) ^ "}"
104  | Print(s) -> "System.out.println(" ^ string_of_expr s ^ ");"
105
106
107
108
109
110 let string_of_vdecl vdecl =
111   string_of_type vdecl.vtype ^ " " ^ vdecl.vname ^ ";";
112
113 let string_of_fdecl fdecl =
114   if fdecl.fname = "main" then "public static void main(String args[])\n{\n
    " ^
115   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_vdecl fdecl.locals) ^
116   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_edekl fdecl.elements) ^
117   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_mdecl fdecl.molecules) ^
118   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_rule fdecl.rules) ^
119   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_stmt fdecl.body) ^
120   "}\n"
121 else

```

```

122   "public static void " ^ fdecl.fname ^ "(" ^ String.concat ", " (List.map
      string_of_pdecl fdecl.formals) ^ ")\n{\n" ^
123   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_vdecl fdecl.locals) ^
124   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_eddecl fdecl.elements) ^
125   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_mdecl fdecl.molecules) ^
126   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_rule fdecl.rules) ^
127   String.concat "" (List.map string_of_stmt fdecl.body) ^
128   "}\n"
129
130   let string_of_fdecl_list fdecl_list =
131     String.concat "" (List.map string_of_fdecl fdecl_list)
132
133   let string_of_program (vars, funcs) =
134     String.concat "" (List.map string_of_vdecl (List.rev vars)) ^ "\n" ^
135     String.concat "\n" (List.map string_of_fdecl (List.rev funcs)) ^ "\n"
136
137
138   let rec mass_sum element_list = match element_list with
139   | [] -> 0
140   | hd :: tl -> hd.mass + mass_sum tl;;
141
142
143   let rec charge_sum molecule = match molecule with
144   | [] -> 0
145   | hd :: tl -> hd.charge + charge_sum tl;;
146
147
148   let contains s1 s2 =
149     let re = Str.regexp_string s2
150     in
151     try ignore (Str.search_forward re s1 0); true
152     with Not_found -> false
153
154
155
156   let program program prog_name =
157     let jframe a b =
158       if contains (string_of_fdecl_list program) "graphics" then a else b in
159     let out_chan = open_out ("ChemLAB" ^ ".java") in
160     ignore(Printf.fprintf out_chan
161 "
162 import com.graphics.*;
163 import java.util.*;
164 import java.awt.*;
165 import java.awt.event.*;
166 import java.util.ArrayList;
167 import javax.swing.*;
168
169 public class ChemLAB %s
170 {

```

```

171 %s
172 public static boolean debug = false;
173 public static int randx;
174 public static int randy;
175
176 public ChemLAB()
177 {
178     %s
179 }
180
181 public static void Balance(String s)
182 {
183     String [] r = s.split("\\(", "\\)|(|( ' ' )\\");
184     String [] r1 = s.split("\\\\\\s*(,\\\\\\\\s)\\\\\\\\s*\\");
185     String [] r2 = s.split("\\(", "\\)|(|( ' ' )\\");
186     String [] individual = s.split("\\(", "\\)|(|(=?\\\\\\\\p{Upper})|(|( ' ' )\\");
187
188     ArrayList<String> elements = new ArrayList<String>();
189
190     int counter = 0;
191     for (int i=0; i<r2.length; i++){
192         if (r2[i].contains("\\="\\"))
193             counter = i;
194     }
195     counter++;
196
197     for (int i = 0; i < individual.length; i++) {
198         String x = "\\\\";
199         for (int j = 0; j < individual[i].length(); j++) {
200             if (Character.isLetter(individual[i].charAt(j)))
201                 x = x + individual[i].charAt(j);
202         }
203         if (!elements.contains(x) && (x != "\\\\"))
204             elements.add(x);
205     }
206
207     double [][] matrix = new double [elements.size()][r.length];
208
209     for (int i = 0; i < elements.size(); i++) {
210         String temp = elements.get(i);
211         for (int j = 0; j < r.length; j++) {
212             if (r[j].contains(temp)) {
213                 int k = r[j].indexOf(temp) + temp.length();
214                 if (k >= r[j].length()) {
215                     k = 0;
216                 }
217                 if (Character.isDigit(r[j].charAt(k))) {
218                     int dig = Integer.parseInt(r[j].substring(k, k + 1));
219                     matrix[i][j] = dig;
220                 } else {

```



```

221         matrix[i][j] = 1;
222     }
223     } else {
224         matrix[i][j] = 0;
225     }
226 }
227 }
228
229
230
231 double [][] A = new double[matrix.length][matrix[0].length - 1];
232 double [][] B = new double[matrix.length][1];
233
234 for (int i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++) {
235     for (int j = 0; j < matrix[i].length - 1; j++) {
236         A[i][j] = matrix[i][j];
237     }
238 }
239
240 int n = A[0].length < A.length ? A.length : A[0].length;
241 int difference = Math.abs(A.length - A[0].length);
242 double [][] A1 = new double[n][n];
243
244 for (int i = 0; i < B.length; i++) {
245     B[i][0] = matrix[i][matrix[i].length - 1];
246 }
247
248
249 for (int i = 0; i < A.length; i++)
250 {
251     for (int j = 0; j < A[0].length; j++)
252     {
253         A1[i][j] = A[i][j];
254     }
255 }
256
257 if (A[0].length < A.length) {
258     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
259         for (int j = n - difference; j < n; j++)
260         {
261             A1[i][j] = 1;
262         }
263     }
264 }
265 else if (A[0].length > A.length)
266 {
267     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
268         for (int j = n - difference; j < n; j++)
269         {
270             A1[j][i] = 1;

```

```

271         }
272     }
273 }
274
275 for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
276 {
277     for(int j=counter; j<n; j++){
278         matrix[i][j] = matrix[i][j] * -1;
279     }
280 }
281
282 double det = determinant(A1, n);
283 double inverse [][] = invert(A1);
284 double [][] prod = product(inverse , B, det);
285
286 double factor = 0;
287 boolean simplified = true;
288 for(int i = 0; i < prod.length; i++)
289 {
290     for(int j = i; j < prod.length; j++)
291     {
292         if(mod(prod[i][0], prod[j][0]))
293         {
294             simplified = false;
295             break;
296         }
297     }
298 }
299
300 if (simplified == false)
301 {
302     factor = findSmallest(prod);
303     simplify(prod, factor);
304 }
305
306 boolean subtract = false;
307
308 for(int j = 0; j < r1.length; j++)
309 {
310     if(j == r1.length-1)
311     {
312         int sum = 0;
313         int count = 0;
314         for(int m = 0; m < B[0].length; m++)
315         {
316             if(B[m][0] == 0)
317             {
318                 count++;
319             }
320         }

```

```

321         for(int k = 0; k < n; k++)
322         {
323             sum += Math.round(matrix[count][k]*Math.abs(prod[k][0]));
324
325         }
326
327         if(B[count][0] == 0)
328         {
329
330             System.out.println(1 + "\ " + r2[j-2]);
331         }
332         else
333         {
334
335             System.out.println(Math.abs(sum/(int)B[count][0]) + "\ "
336                                 + r2[j-2]);
337         }
338         else if(r1[j].equals("\")=="\")
339         {
340             System.out.print("\--> ");
341             subtract = true;
342         }
343         else if (subtract == true)
344         {
345             int coeff = (int)Math.round(Math.abs(prod[j-1][0]));
346             System.out.print(coeff + "\ " + r1[j] + "\ ");
347         }
348         else
349         {
350             int coeff = (int)Math.round(Math.abs(prod[j][0]));
351             System.out.print(coeff + "\ " + r1[j] + "\ ");
352         }
353     }
354 }
355
356
357 public static boolean mod(double a, double b)
358 {
359
360     int c = (int)(a)/(int)(b);
361     if (c*b == a)
362         return true;
363     else
364         return false;
365 }
366
367 public static void printMatrix(double[][] matrix)
368 {
369     for (int i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++)

```

```

370     {
371         for (int j = 0; j < matrix[0].length; j++)
372         {
373             System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");
374         }
375         System.out.print("\n\n");
376     }
377 }
378
379 public static double findSmallest(double a[][])
380 {
381     double smallest = a[0][0];
382     for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
383     {
384         if (Math.abs(a[i][0]) < Math.abs(smallest))
385             smallest = a[i][0];
386     }
387     return smallest;
388 }
389
390 public static double[][] simplify(double a[][], double smallest)
391 {
392     int largest = 0;
393     boolean all = true;
394     for (int i = 1; i <= Math.abs(smallest); i++)
395     {
396         all = true;
397         for (int j = 0; j < a.length; j++)
398         {
399             if (!mod(a[j][0], i) )
400             {
401                 all = false;
402             }
403         }
404         if (Math.abs(i) > Math.abs(largest) && all == true)
405             largest = i;
406     }
407     if (debug == true)
408         System.out.println(largest);
409     if (largest != 0)
410     {
411         for (int k = 0; k < a.length; k++)
412         {
413             a[k][0] = a[k][0] / largest;
414         }
415     }
416     return a;
417 }
418
419 public static double[][] product(double a[][], double b[][], double det)

```

```

420     {
421         int rowsInA = a.length;
422         int columnsInA = a[0].length; // same as rows in B
423         int columnsInB = b[0].length;
424         double [][] c = new double[rowsInA][columnsInB];
425         for (int i = 0; i < rowsInA; i++) {
426             for (int j = 0; j < columnsInB; j++) {
427                 for (int k = 0; k < columnsInA; k++) {
428                     c[i][j] = c[i][j] + a[i][k] * b[k][j];
429                 }
430             }
431         }
432
433         for(int i = 0; i < rowsInA; i++)
434         {
435             c[i][0] = c[i][0]*det;
436         }
437         return c;
438     }
439     public static double determinant(double A[][], int N)
440     {
441         double det=0;
442         if(N == 1)
443         {
444             det = A[0][0];
445         }
446         else if (N == 2)
447         {
448             det = A[0][0]*A[1][1] - A[1][0]*A[0][1];
449         }
450         else
451         {
452             det=0;
453             for (int j1=0;j1<N;j1++)
454             {
455                 double [][] m = new double[N-1][];
456                 for (int k=0;k<(N-1);k++)
457                 {
458                     m[k] = new double[N-1];
459                 }
460                 for (int i=1;i<N;i++)
461                 {
462                     int j2=0;
463                     for (int j=0;j<N;j++)
464                     {
465                         if(j == j1)
466                             continue;
467                         m[i-1][j2] = A[i][j];
468                         j2++;
469                     }

```

```

470         }
471         det += Math.pow(-1.0,1.0+j1+1.0)* A[0][j1] * determinant(m,N-1);
472     }
473 }
474 return det;
475 }
476 public static double[][] invert(double a[][])
477 {
478     int n = a.length;
479     double x[][] = new double[n][n];
480     double b[][] = new double[n][n];
481     int index[] = new int[n];
482     for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
483         b[i][i] = 1;
484
485     gaussian(a, index);
486
487     for (int i=0; i<n-1; ++i)
488         for (int j=i+1; j<n; ++j)
489             for (int k=0; k<n; ++k)
490                 b[index[j]][k]
491                 -= a[index[j]][i]*b[index[i]][k];
492
493     for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
494     {
495         x[n-1][i] = b[index[n-1]][i]/a[index[n-1]][n-1];
496         for (int j=n-2; j>=0; --j)
497         {
498             x[j][i] = b[index[j]][i];
499             for (int k=j+1; k<n; ++k)
500             {
501                 x[j][i] -= a[index[j]][k]*x[k][i];
502             }
503             x[j][i] /= a[index[j]][j];
504         }
505     }
506     return x;
507 }
508
509 // Method to carry out the partial-pivoting Gaussian
510 // elimination. Here index[] stores pivoting order.
511
512 public static void gaussian(double a[][], int index[])
513 {
514     int n = index.length;
515     double c[] = new double[n];
516
517     // Initialize the index
518     for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
519         index[i] = i;

```

```

520
521 // Find the rescaling factors , one from each row
522     for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
523     {
524         double c1 = 0;
525         for (int j=0; j<n; ++j)
526         {
527             double c0 = Math.abs(a[i][j]);
528             if (c0 > c1) c1 = c0;
529         }
530         c[i] = c1;
531     }
532
533 // Search the pivoting element from each column
534     int k = 0;
535     for (int j=0; j<n-1; ++j)
536     {
537         double pi1 = 0;
538         for (int i=j; i<n; ++i)
539         {
540             double pi0 = Math.abs(a[index[i]][j]);
541             pi0 /= c[index[i]];
542             if (pi0 > pi1)
543             {
544                 pi1 = pi0;
545                 k = i;
546             }
547         }
548
549         // Interchange rows according to the pivoting order
550         int itmp = index[j];
551         index[j] = index[k];
552         index[k] = itmp;
553         for (int i=j+1; i<n; ++i)
554         {
555             double pj = a[index[i]][j]/a[index[j]][j];
556
557 // Record pivoting ratios below the diagonal
558             a[index[i]][j] = pj;
559
560 // Modify other elements accordingly
561             for (int l=j+1; l<n; ++l)
562                 a[index[i]][l] -= pj*a[index[j]][l];
563         }
564     }
565 }
566 %s
567 }" (jframe "extends JFrame" "") (jframe "final static SceneComponent
    scene = new SceneComponent();" "")

```

```

568 (jframe "setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE); setSize(500,
      500); add(scene, BorderLayout.CENTER);" "") (string_of_fdecl_list
      program ) );
569 close_out out_chan;
570 ignore(Sys.command ("javac ChemLAB.java"));
571 ignore(Sys.command (Printf.sprintf "java %s" "ChemLAB"));
572 let contains s1 s2 =
573 let re = Str.regexp_string s2
574 in
575 try ignore (Str.search_forward re s1 0); true
576 with Not_found -> false
577 in
578 if (contains (string_of_fdecl_list program) "graphics") then
      (ignore(Sys.command ("javac ChemLAB.java SceneEditor.java
      ")); ignore(Sys.command("java SceneEditor")));

```

../chemlab.ml

```

1 exception NoInputFile
2 exception InvalidProgram
3
4 let usage = Printf.sprintf "Usage: chemlab FILE_NAME"
5 (* Get the name of the program from the file name. *)
6 let get_prog_name source_file_path =
7   let split_path = (Str.split (Str.regexp_string "/" ) source_file_path) in
8   let file_name = List.nth split_path ((List.length split_path) - 1) in
9   let split_name = (Str.split (Str.regexp_string "." ) file_name) in
10   List.nth split_name ((List.length split_name) - 2)
11
12 (* Entry Point: starts here *)
13 let _ =
14   try
15     let prog_name =
16       if Array.length Sys.argv > 1 then
17         get_prog_name Sys.argv.(1)
18       else raise NoInputFile in
19
20     let input_channel = open_in Sys.argv.(1) in
21
22     let lexbuf = Lexing.from_channel input_channel in
23     let prog = Parser.program Scanner.token lexbuf in
24     (* if Semantic.check_program prog
25       then *) Compile.program prog prog_name
26     (* else raise InvalidProgram *)
27   with (* Not sure why this wants an int instead of unit *)
28     | NoInputFile -> ignore(Printf.printf "Please provide a name for a
29       ChemLAB file\n"); print_endline ""
30     | InvalidProgram -> ignore(Printf.printf "Invalid program\n");
31       print_endline ""

```


../test.sh

```
1  #!/bin/bash
2
3  make
4  #javac ChemLAB.java
5  #java ChemLAB
6
7  FILES="test/*.chem"
8
9  #for f in $FILES
10 #do
11 # testname=${f%.chem}
12 # echo
13 # echo -ne "##### Testing " #-ne means no new line
14 # echo $testname
15 # ./chemlab $f
16 #done
17 #./chemlab test/test1.chem
18 ./chemlab test/test9.chem
19 ./chemlab test/test1.chem
20 # echo
21 # echo "Cleaning up..."
22 # make clean
```