



# AWS Security



CLARUSWAY  
WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF

## Today's Topics



- ▶ General Cyber Security Concepts
- ▶ Cyber Security Tools & Technology
- ▶ AWS Security Tools & Technology

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# Outcomes

By the end of the class, you should be able to ...

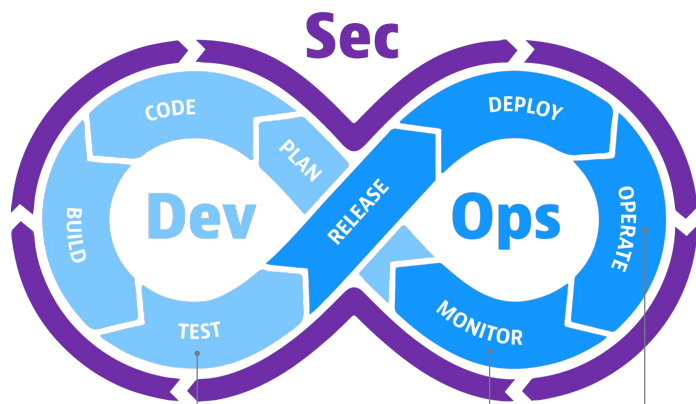
- ▶ Explain defense-in-depth
- ▶ Describe various security tools and what purpose they serve
- ▶ Explain AWS security tooling and how it supports defense-in-depth



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## General Cyber Security Concepts

# DevSecOps



- "DevOps" has extended to "**DevSecOps**"
- **Security is integrated** with development and operations
- It's important to understand **security concepts and tooling**

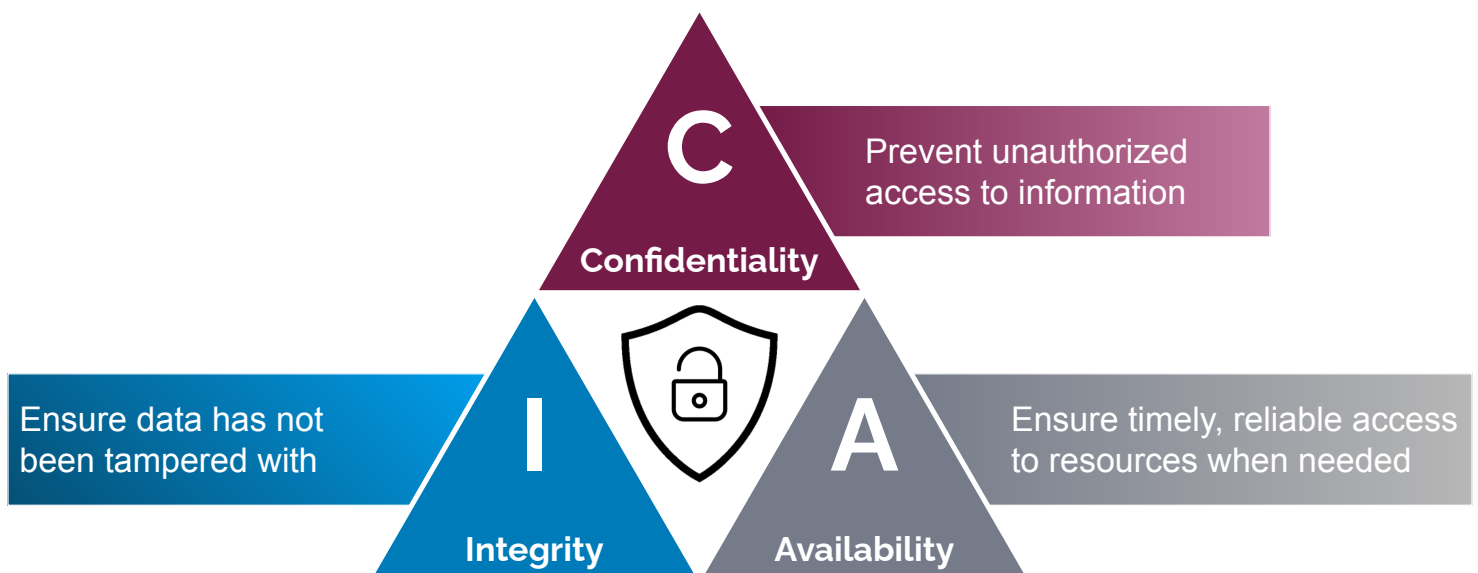
- Enforce configuration  
e.g. Firewall rules

- Monitor for security incidents  
e.g. Botnets

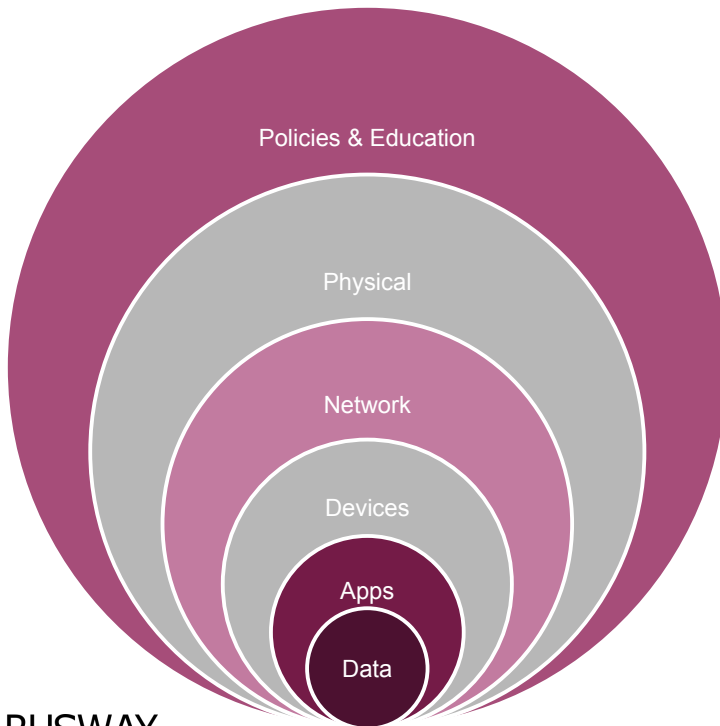
- Add security testing to code tests  
e.g. SQL Injection

examples of security integrated with development and operations

# CIA Principles of Cyber Security

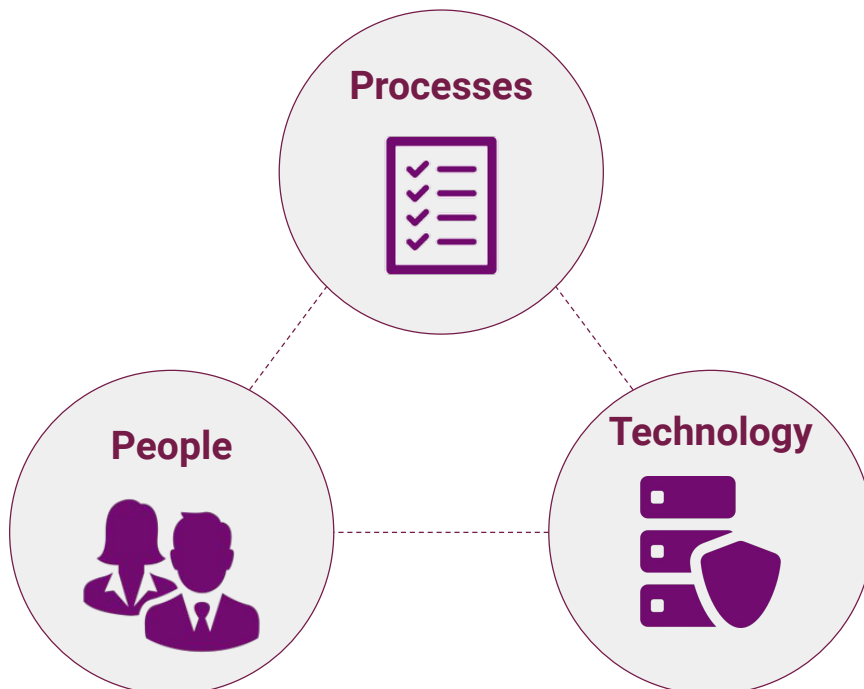


# Defense-in-Depth



- Best practice for information security
- Layered approach
- No silver bullet at any layer

# Cyber Security: More Than Technology



- **Technology plays a part** in cyber security
- Must be **complemented with policies and procedures**
- **Educating** people is also key

# Preventative vs. Detective Controls

A security control is a **safeguard** for an information system designed to **protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability** of its information and to meet a set of defined **security requirements**

## Detective

- **Identifies** threats, **logs** events and sends **alerts**
- Requires **manual or automated remediation**

## Preventative

- Automatically **disallows** actions
- Can lead to **stopping legitimate** behavior

# Compliance Regulations



- Cyber security and data protection regulations are defined sets of **policies, procedures and controls**
- They can be **industry specific** or more **generic**
- Organizations must undergo **audits** to prove compliance

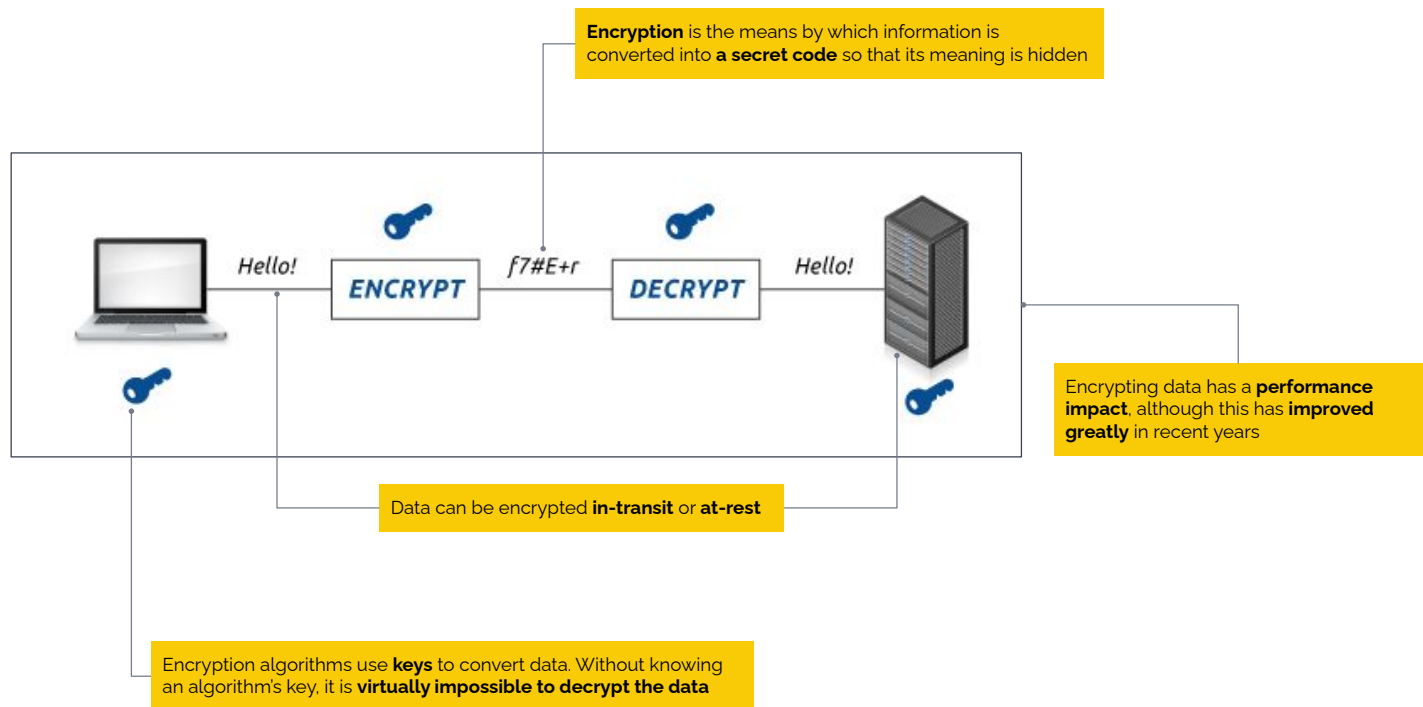


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# Security Solutions

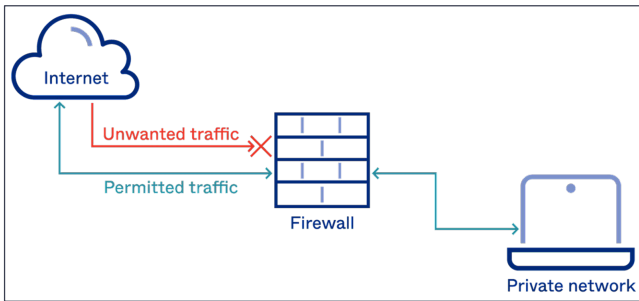
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## Encryption



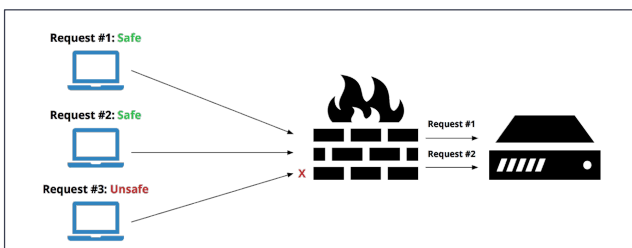
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# Firewall



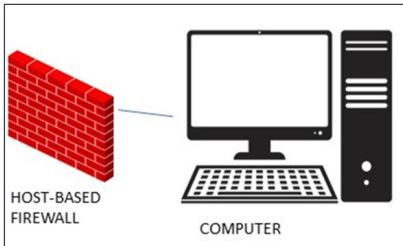
- **Network device** that controls inbound and outbound network traffic based on a set of security rules
- Typically control which traffic can ingress to or egress from an **internal network to an external network** (e.g. Internet)
- Can be an **appliance** (HW+SW) or just SW
- Today's firewalls are quite sophisticated and control traffic based on many factors:
  - **IP, port and protocol**
  - **Packet inspection**
  - **Anti-virus modules**
  - **Known bad IPs and domains**

# Web Application Firewall (WAF)



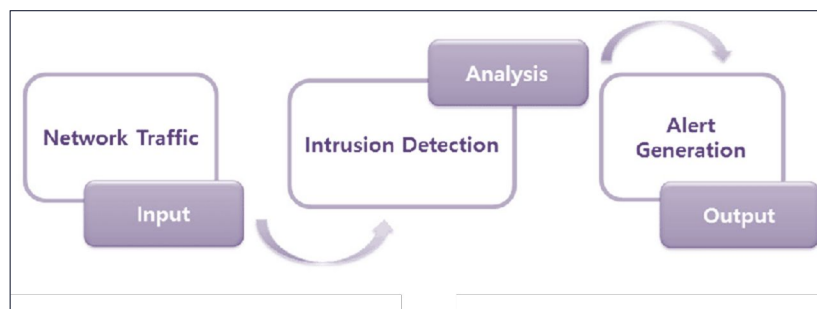
- Network device that operates specifically at protocol **layer 7** and monitors **HTTP traffic**
- Typically protects web applications against specific attacks:
  - **cross-site forgery**
  - **cross-site-scripting (XSS)**
  - **SQL injection**
  - **distributed-denial-of-service (DDOS)**
- Operates via a **set of rules** (policies)

# Host-Based Firewall



- A **software-based** firewall **installed on a host** to monitor and control incoming and outgoing network traffic
- Operates at layers 3 & 4 of the OSI model
  - i.e. **IP, port and protocol**
- Examples:
  - **Windows Defender**
  - **IPTables**

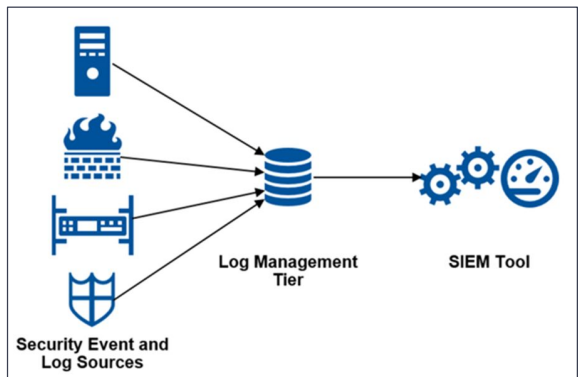
# Intrusion Detection and Prevention



- Intrusion detection systems (**IDS**) **monitor and analyze** network traffic for signs of imminent threats
- Intrusion prevention systems (**IPS**) go **one step further** and **block traffic** that pose such threats
- Together, IDS/IPS solutions are typically a module in a "**Next Generation Firewall**" (**NGFW**)
- Typically use 4 types of algorithms:
  - **signature-based** detection
  - **anomaly-based** detection
  - **stateful protocol** analysis
  - **reputation** analysis
- These are **dynamic rules** applied to network packets

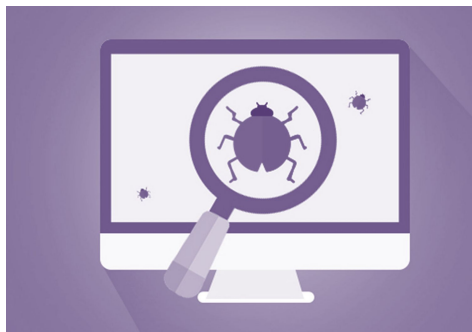


## Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) »



- A **SIEM** is a device that **ingests and aggregates logs**, including network log information
- Can perform analysis by cross-referencing various log information to **identify network-related threats**
- Unlike IDS/IPS, this type of **analysis is based on logs**, rather than traffic packets

## Vulnerability Scanners »



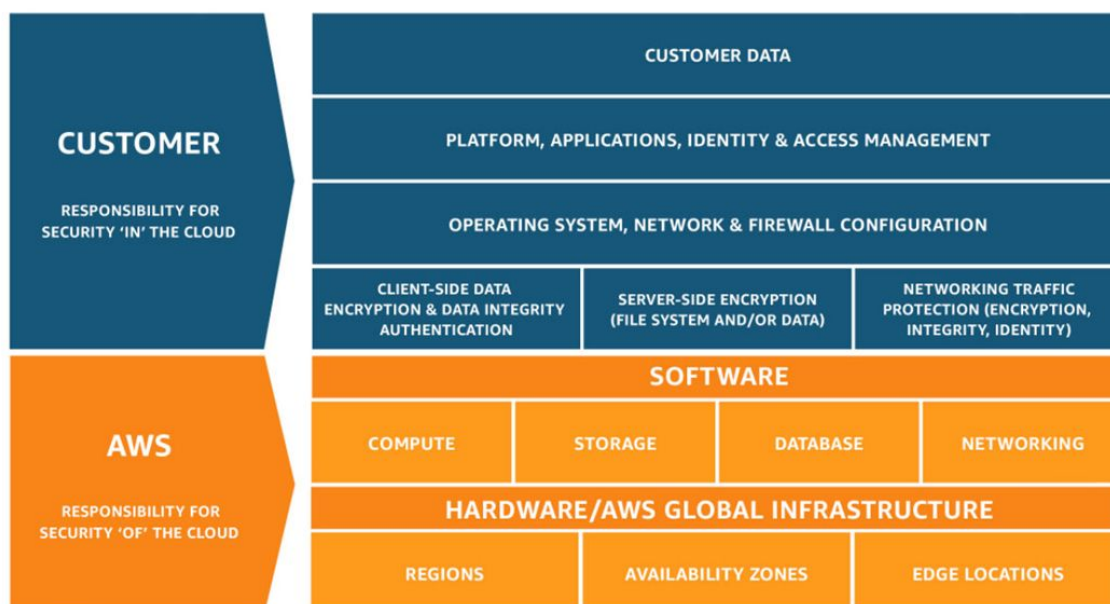
- After operating systems and software is released into the market, quite often **security vulnerabilities** are identified
- These vulnerabilities can be **exploited by hackers** in order to gain access to systems
- A publicly available **CVE ("common vulnerabilities and exposures") database** lists the vulnerabilities and remedies
- A vulnerability scanner **identifies unremediated exposures in hosts** within your environment



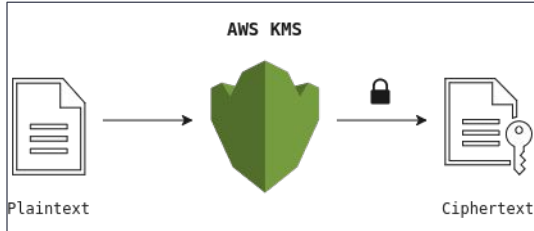
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# AWS Security Services

## Shared responsibility model



# AWS Key Management Service (KMS)



- Encrypts **data at rest**
  - EBS, S3, EFS, RDS, DynamoDB, more
- **Centralized management**
  - create, delete, view, set policies
  - Automatic **key rotation**
- Performance impact is **negligible**
- Permissions governed by **IAM and Key Policies**
- Must be cautious about **permissions and protecting keys from deletion**

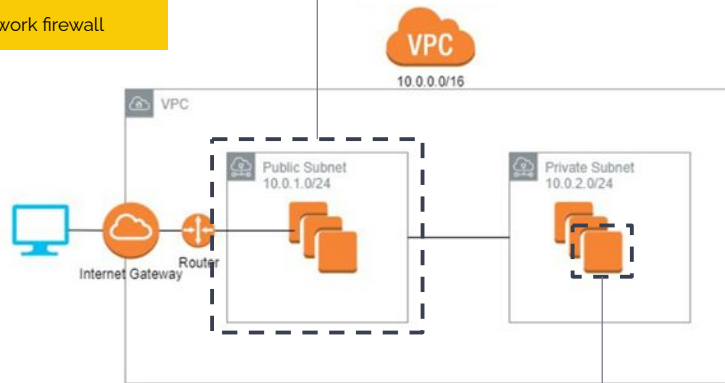
## KMS Key Types



Type of KMS Key	Specific to Account?	Customer Manages?	Automatic Rotation	Key Policy Possible?
<u>Customer Managed Key</u>	Yes	Yes	Optional	Yes
<u>AWS Managed Key</u>	Yes	No	Every 3 yrs.	No
<u>AWS Owned Key</u>	No	No	AWS Dependent	No

# Security Groups and NACLs

- NACLs are firewall rules applied at the subnet level
- IP, Port & Protocol (i.e. layers 3, 4 protection)
- **Similar** to a basic network firewall



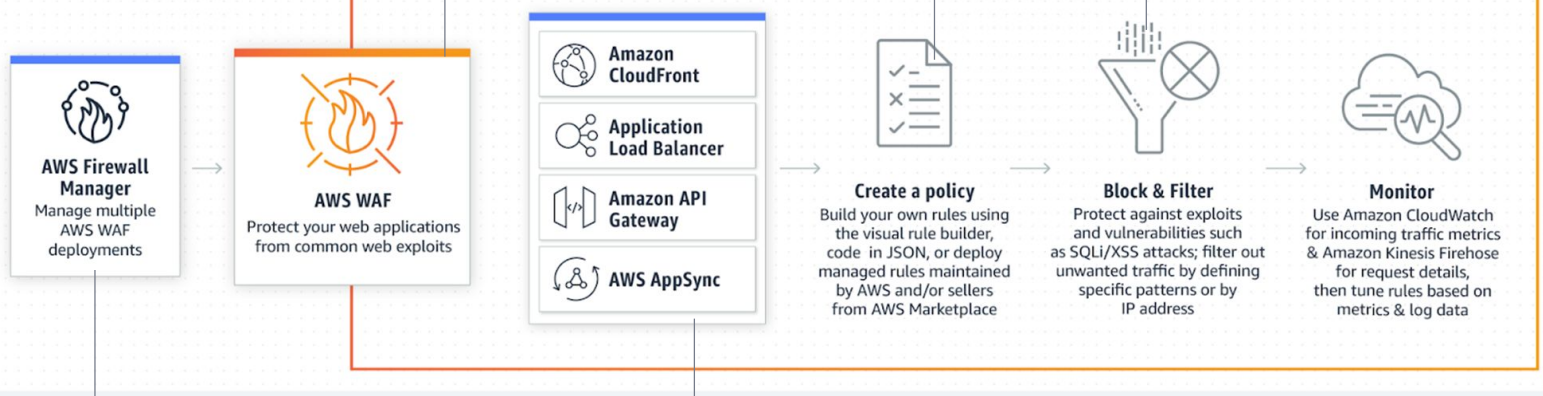
- Security Groups are firewall rules applied at the instance level
- IP, Port & Protocol (i.e. layers 3, 4 protection)
- **Similar** to a host-based firewall
- However, they do not belong to or run on the host

# AWS WAF

- Functionality is same as a standard web application firewall
  - protect against web exploits
  - SQL injection, cross-site scripting, etc...

- Has available "rule packages"
  - AWS Managed
  - 3rd Party Vendors

- Can run in detective or preventative mode



- Can manage rules centrally and apply to all endpoints in an organization

- Works with AWS endpoints

# AWS Network Firewall



Going beyond  
IP/Port/Protocol filtering



## Intrusion Prevention (IPS)

*Preventative*

*Signature based IPS, centralized threat intelligence*



## FQDN & IP Blacklisting

*Preventative*

*Guard against botnets, misuse*



## Stateful Packet Inspection

*Preventative*

*Improved security through dynamic/deeper packet inspection*

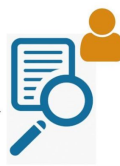
# AWS Inspector



Install Inspector Agent  
on EC2 Instances



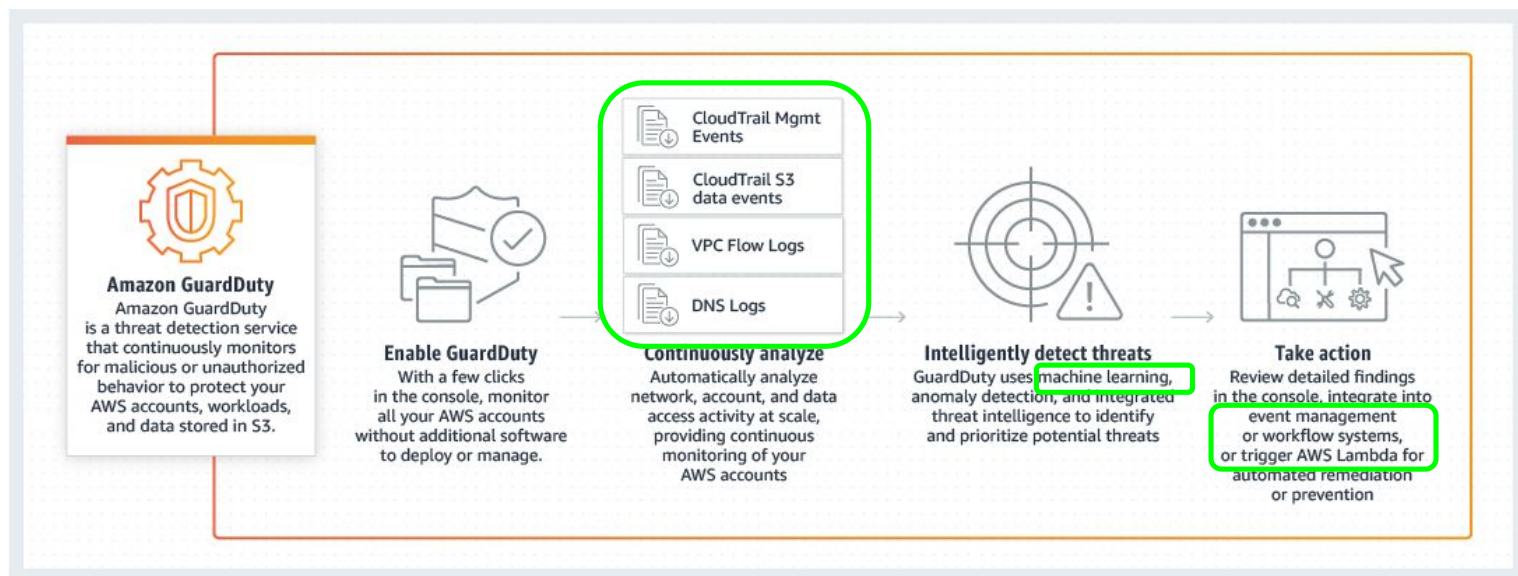
AWS Inspector  
Create Assessment Targets  
and Run the template



Review findings and  
resolve issues

- **Vulnerability management**  
service that can continuously scans  
AWS workloads for vulnerabilities
  - EC2 and ECR
- Creates **findings** AND provides  
**remediation recommendations**
- Customer responsibility to  
remediate any issues

# Guard Duty



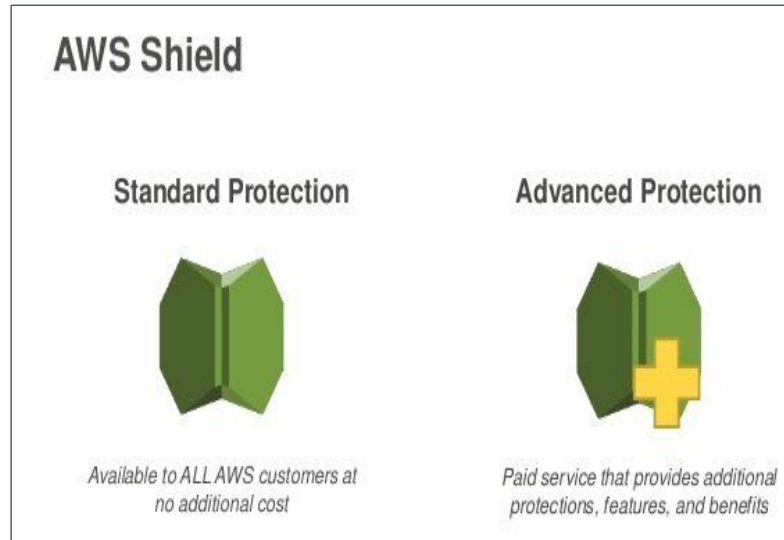
# Security Hub



## AWS Security Hub

- **Integrates** with other AWS & 3rd party security services
  - Guard Duty
  - Inspector
  - Firewall manager
  - and more ...
- Provides a comprehensive view of security state
  - **"single pane of glass"**
- Also **creates alerts** based on security best practices

# AWS Shield



Although AWS WAF minimize the effect of DDoS attack you can use **AWS Shield Standard** and **AWS Shield Advanced** for additional protection.

# Summary of AWS Security Services

## AWS WAF / Web App. Firewall

**Preventative**

L7 protection on AWS APIGW, AWS ALBs, and AWS CloudFront

## Security Groups / Host-Based Firewall

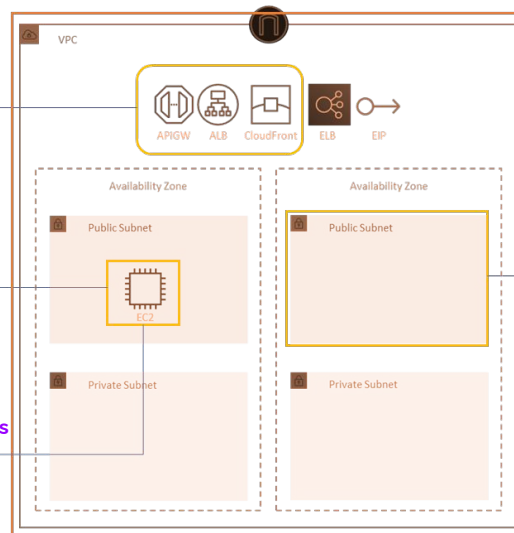
**Preventative**

IP/Port/Protocol filtering protection on instances

## AWS Inspector / Vulnerability Scanners

**Detective**

Rule-based vulnerability detection



## AWS Network Firewall

**Preventative**

IP/Port/Protocol filtering at VPC

/ Intrusion Prevention/Detection System

## Network Access Control List (NACL) / Network Firewall

**Preventative**

IP/Port/Protocol filtering at subnet level

## GuardDuty / Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)

**Detective**

Log monitoring and alerting



# Summary of AWS Security Services

AWS Security Service	Protects Against	Applies To	Similar To
Security Groups	Unauthorized access to VPC resources	Instance @ Layer 3, 4 (IP, Port, Protocol)	Host-based Firewall
Network Access Control List (NACL)	Unauthorized access to VPC resources	Subnet @ Layer 3, 4 (IP, Port, Protocol)	Network Firewall
AWS WAF	Web attacks e.g. SQL Injection, cross-site scripting	Layer 7 (HTTP)	WAF
AWS Network Firewall	Malicious network intrusion	Layer 3, 4, 7	IPS / IDS
Guard Duty	Malicious network traffic	Log analysis	SIEM
AWS Inspector	Exploitable vulnerabilities	EC2, ECR	Vulnerability scanner
SecurityHub	Provides single pane of glass view	Network, accounts	SIEM

# THANKS!

## Any questions?

