

X Education – LeadScoring Case Study

Submitted by

- 1) **Avdhut Mahadik**
- 2) **Akash Kumar**
- 3) **Saumya**

Background

X Education Company

1. X Education, an education company named sells online courses to industry professionals
2. Many interested professionals land on their website
3. The company markets its courses on several websites like Google. Once these people land on the website, they might browse the courses or fill up a form for the course or watch some videos.
4. When these people fill up a form providing their email address or phone number, they are classified to be a lead

Background X Education Company

5. Once these leads are acquired, employees from the sales team start making calls, writing emails, etc. Through this process, some of the leads get converted while most do not ↓ The typical lead conversion rate at X education is around 30%.

Problem Statement

X Education Company's Problem

1. X Education gets a lot of leads but its lead conversion rate is very poor
2. To make this process more efficient, the company wishes to identify the most potential leads, also known as 'Hot Leads'
3. If they successfully identify this set of leads, the lead conversion rate should go up as the sales team will now be focusing more on communicating with the potential leads rather than making calls to everyone

Problem Statement

X Education Company's Problem

- 3. We will help them to select the most promising leads, i.e. the leads that are most likely to convert into paying customers.
- 4. We are required to build a model wherein we need to assign a lead score to each of the leads such that the customers with higher lead score have a higher conversion chance
- 5. The CEO, in particular, has given a ballpark of the target lead conversion rate to be 80%.

Lead- Conversion Process



Proposed Solution

Selection of
Hot Leads

Communicating
with Hot Leads

Conversion of
Hot Leads

Leads Clustering

We cluster the leads into certain categories based on their tendency or probability to convert, thus, getting a smaller section of hot leads to focus more on.

Focus Communication

Since we would have a smaller set of leads to have communication with, we might make more impact with effective communication.

Increase conversion

Since we focused on hot leads, which were more probable to convert, we would have a better conversion rate, and hence we can achieve the 80% target.

Solution

Selection of Hot Leads

- For our Problem Solution, the crucial part is to accurately identify hot leads.
- The more accurate we obtain the hotlead, the more chance we get of higher conversion ratio.
- Since we have a target of 80% conversion rate, we would want to obtain a high accuracy in obtaininghot leads.

Implementation

Loading &
Observing the
past data
provided by the
Company

Univariate,
Bivariate, and
Heatmap for
numerical
and
categorical
columns

Performing
pre-requisites
for RFE and
Logistic
Regression

Data Gathering

Data
Cleaning

Performing
EDA

Data
Preparation

Model
Building

Duplicate
removal, null
value treatment,
unnecessary
column
elimination, etc.

Outlier
Treatment,
Feature-
Standardization

Implementation

Selection of
top 25 features
using RFE

Reduction of
columns and
Modelre-
building

Verifying our
Final Model
~~Accuracy etc.~~
with model
built with
PCA

Features Selection

Model
Building

Model
Improvement

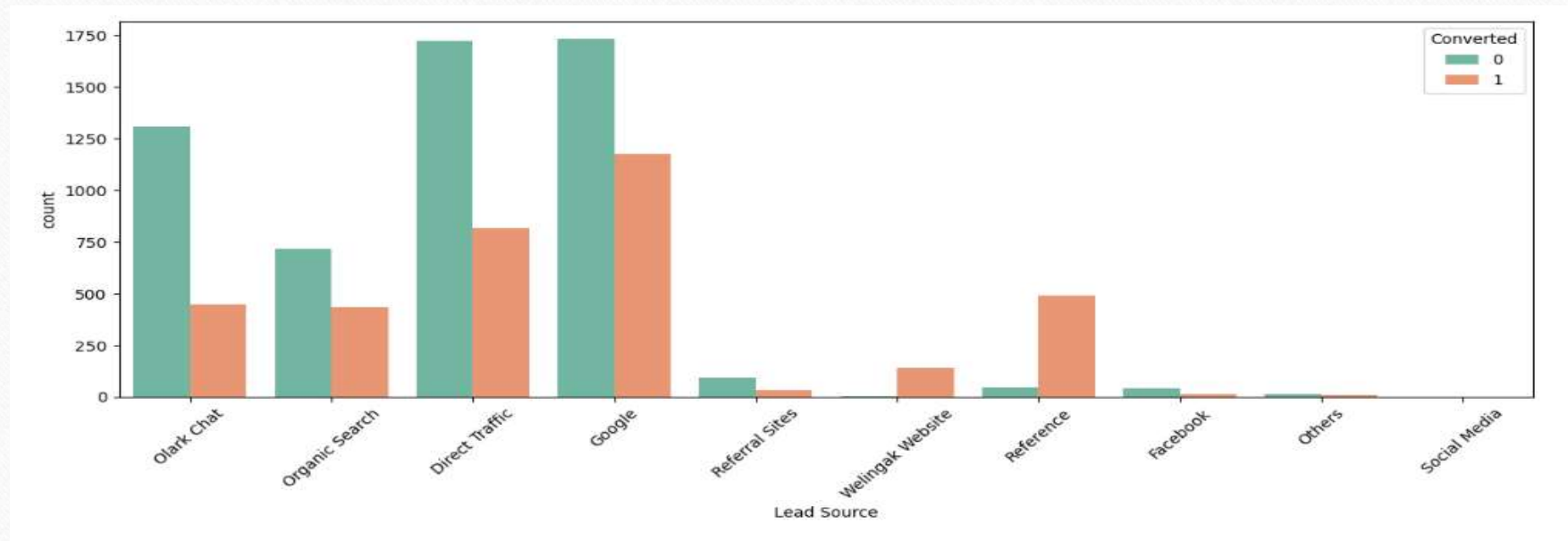
Final Model

Verifying with
PCA

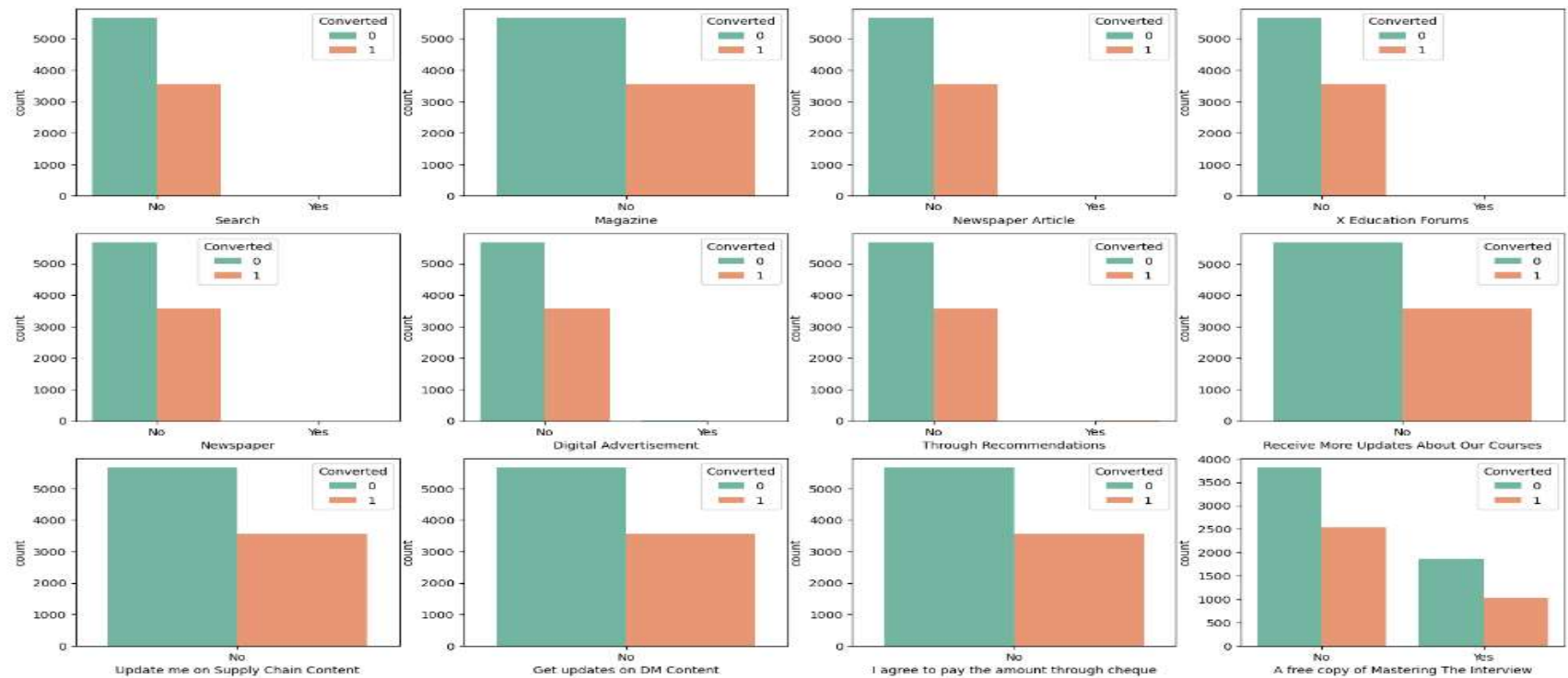
Model Building
using RFE for
selected
columns

Final Model
Analysis and
performance on
Test Data

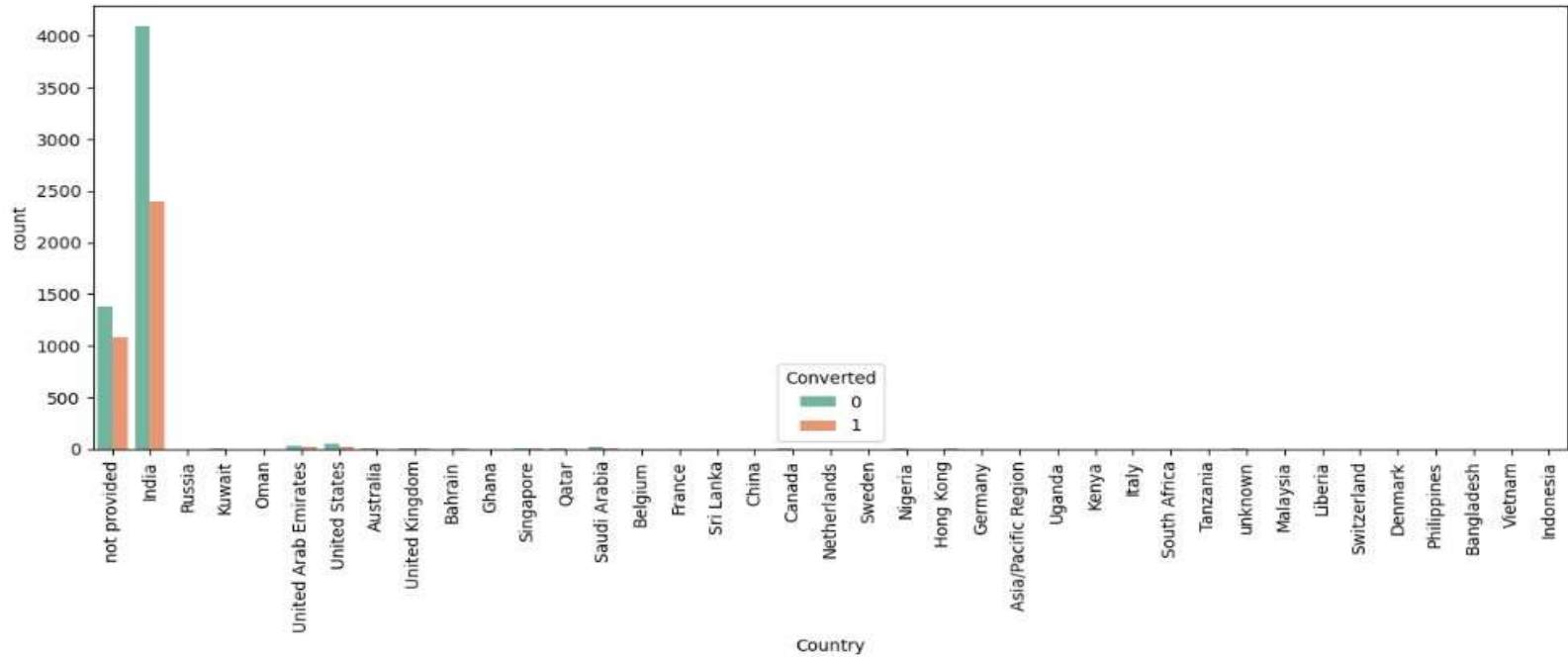
Plot Visualization



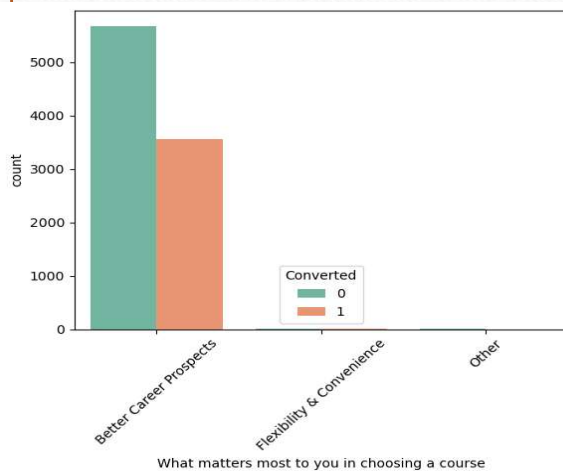
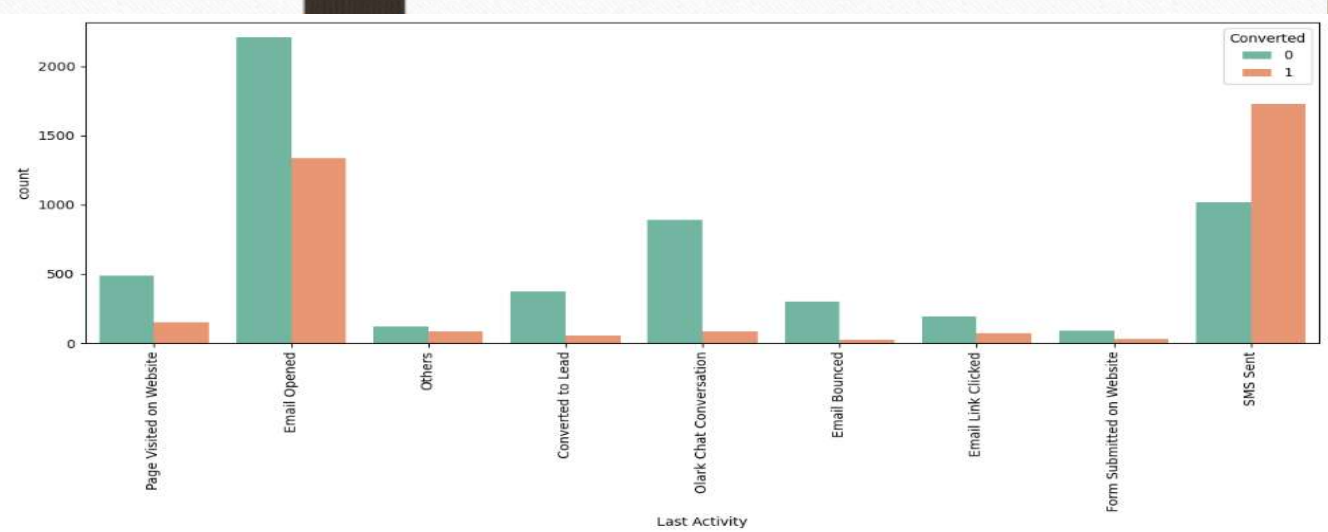
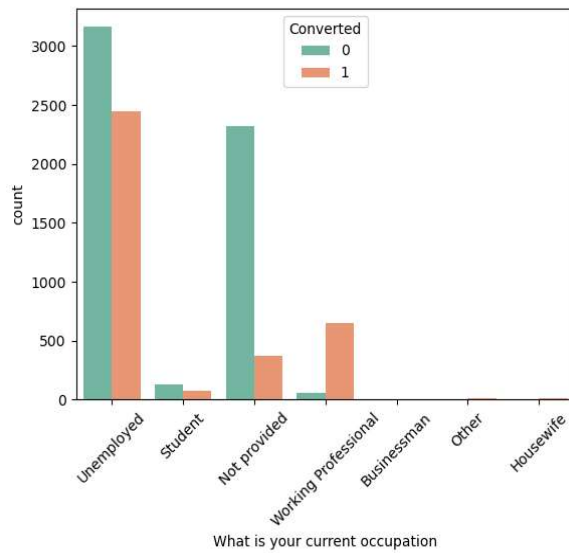
EDA plots depicting variation in categorical column for those who converted and those who didn't



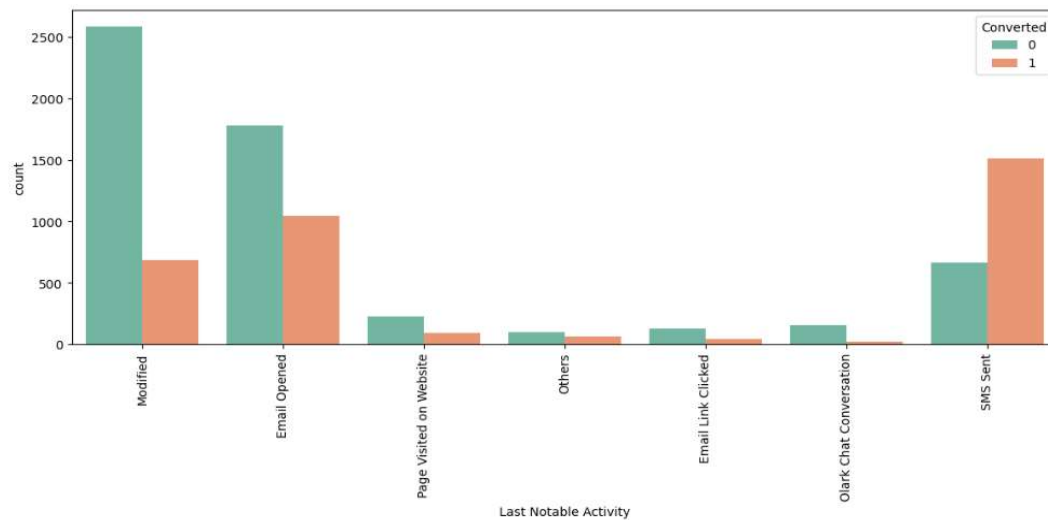
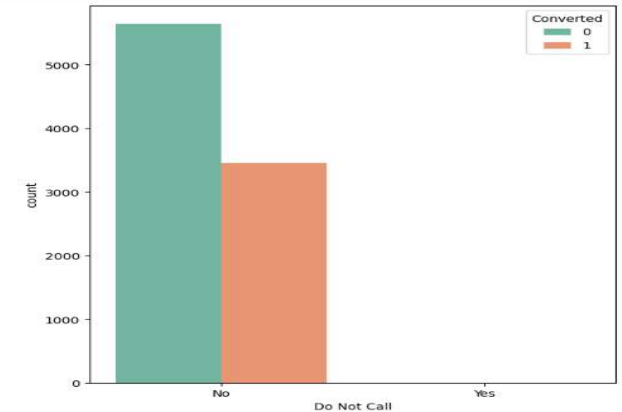
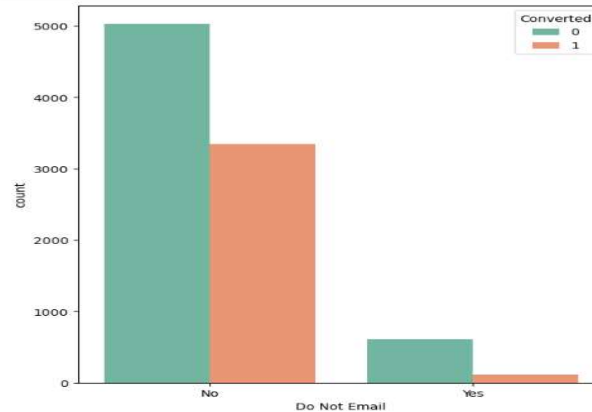
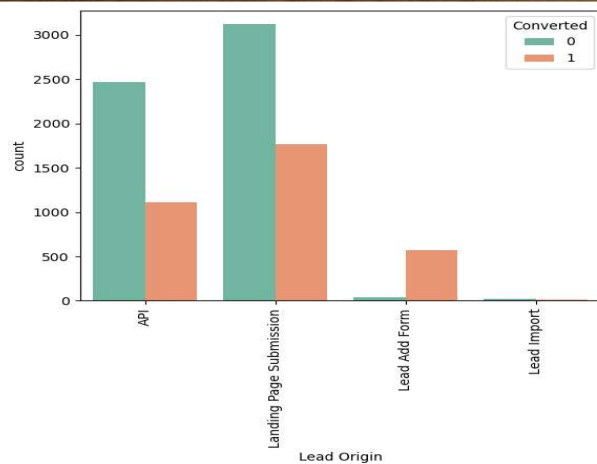
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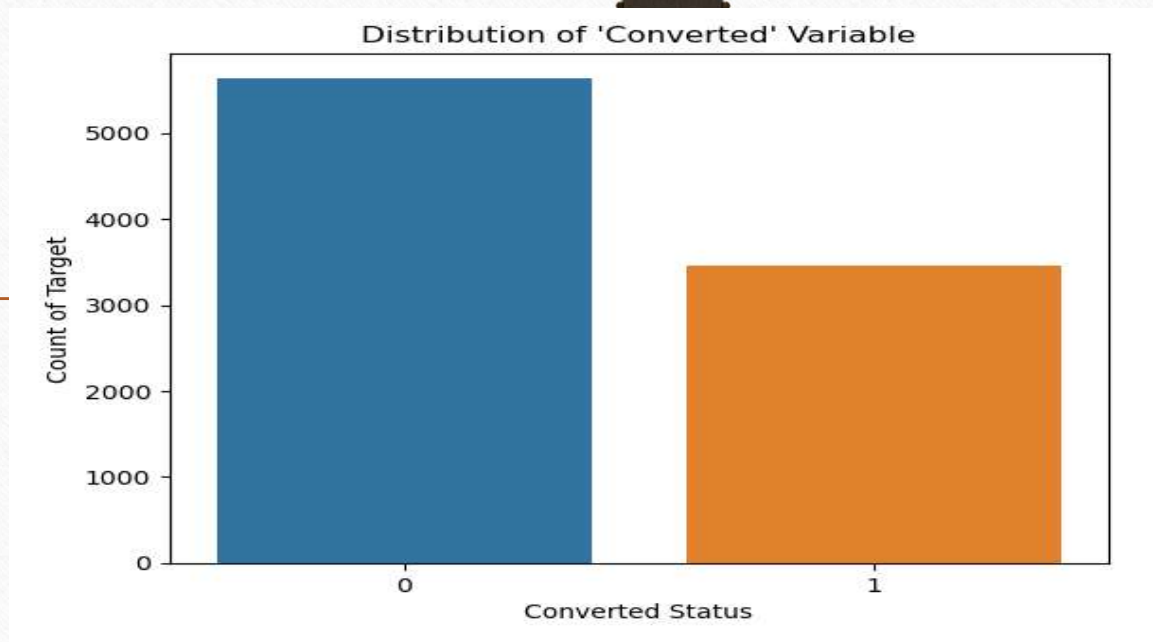
EDA plots depicting variation in categorical column for those who converted and those who didn't.



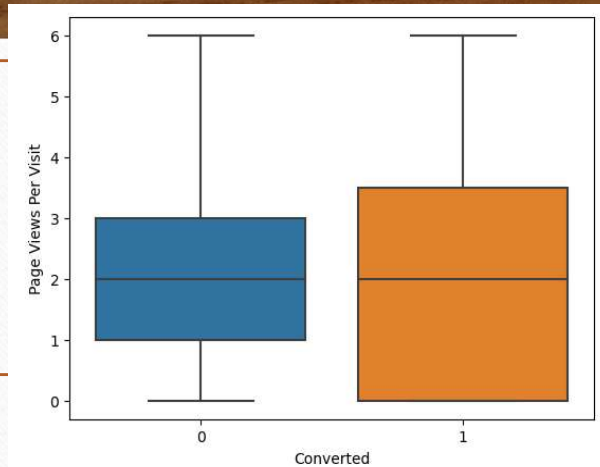
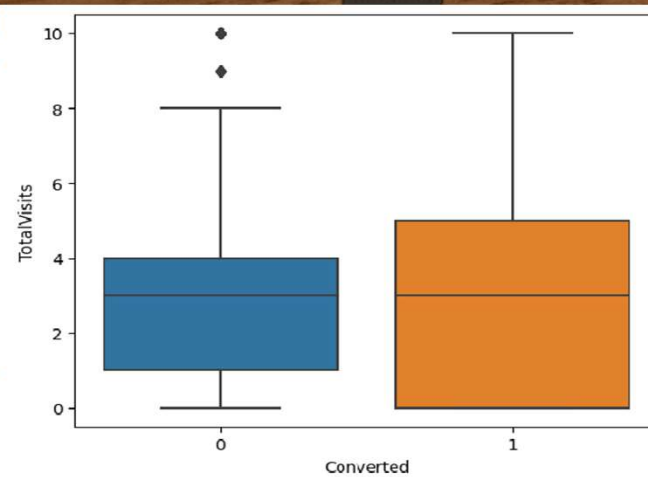
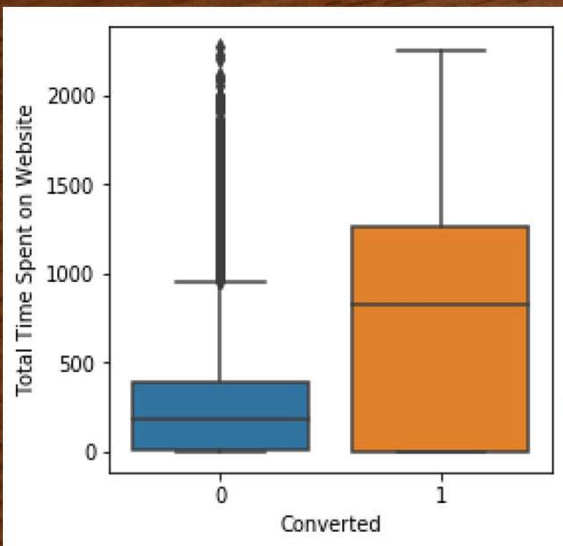
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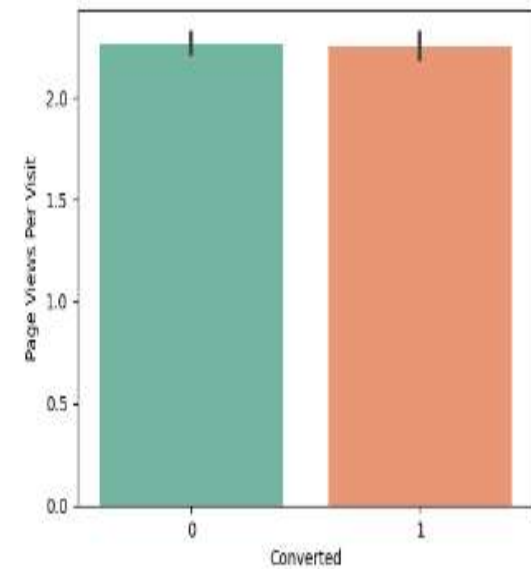
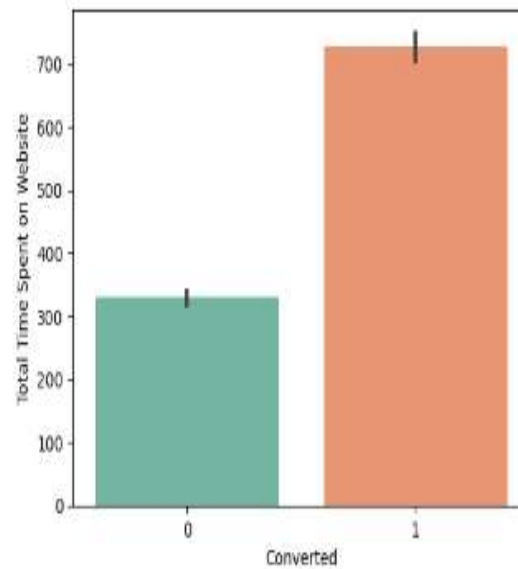
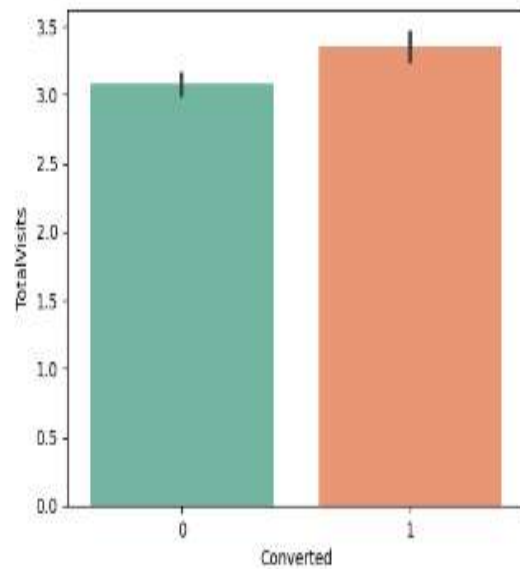
EDA plots depicting variation in categorical column for those who converted and those who didn't.



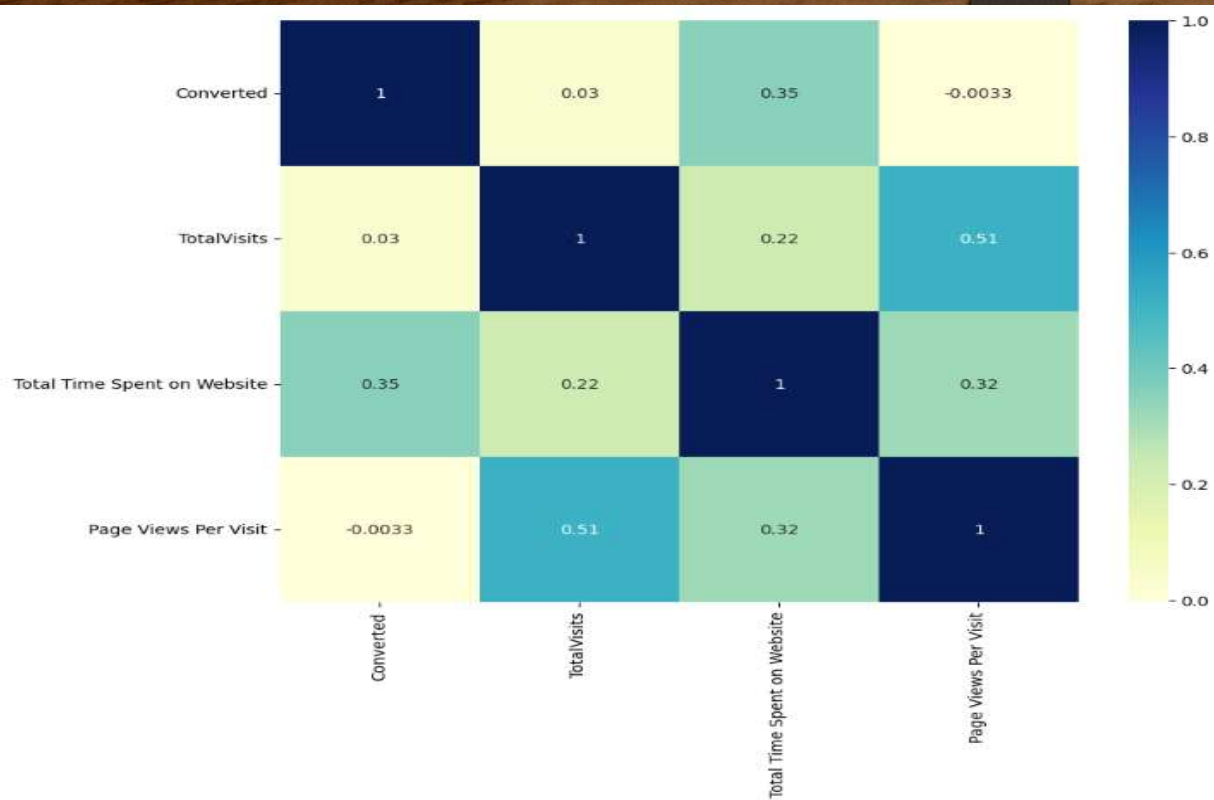
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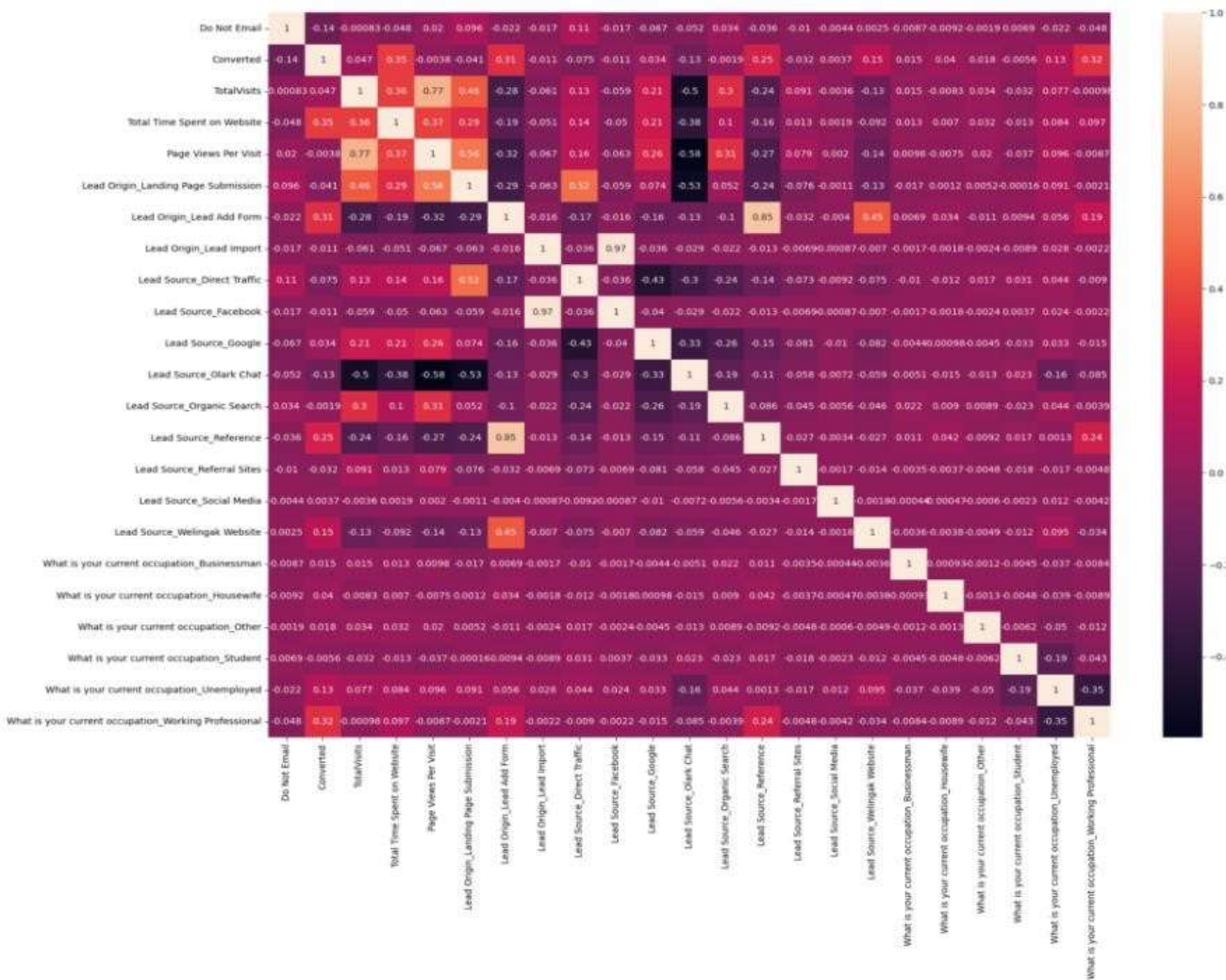
EDA plots depicting variation in categorical column for those who converted and those who didn't.



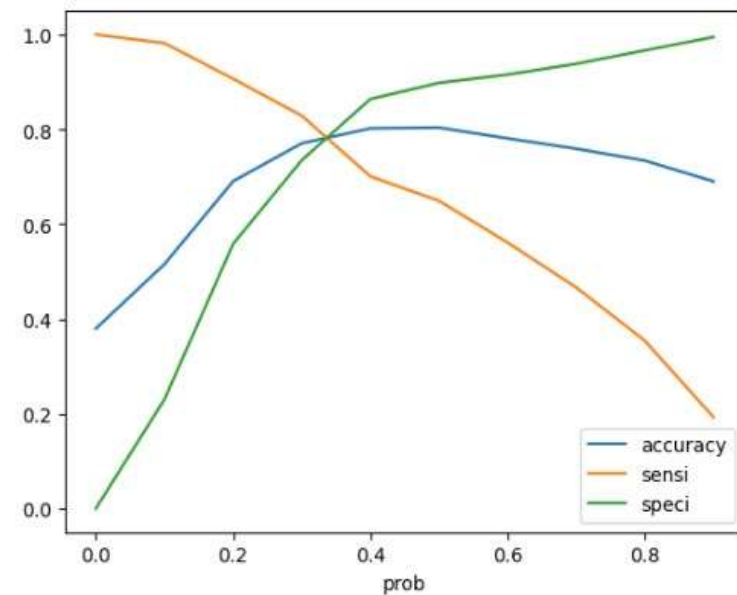
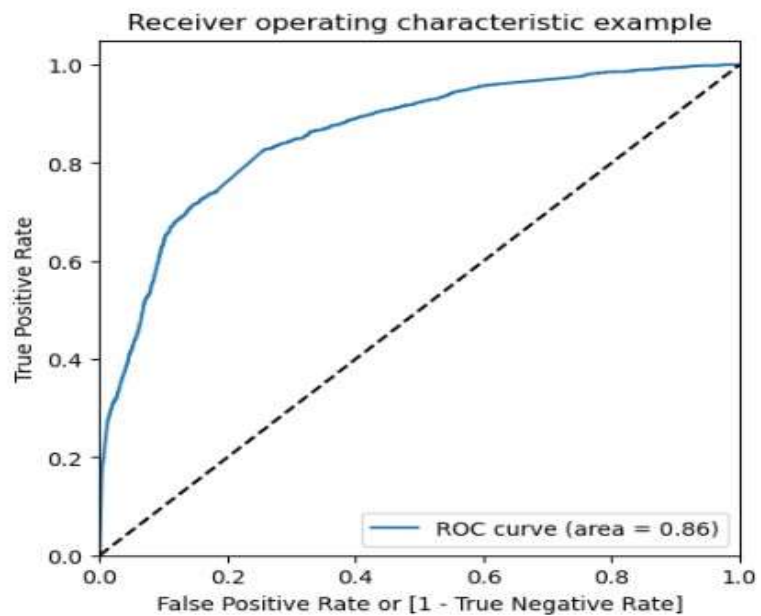
EDA plots depicting variation in categorical column for those who converted and those who didn't.



EDA plots depicting correlation (Heat Map) of all selected numerical columns.



EDA plots depicting correlation (Heat Map) of all selected columns (numerical columns and dummy columns).



Linear Regression Final Model Parameters

Area under ROC = 0.86

Optimum point for cut-off = 0.30



Inference / Conclusion

Model Analysis

Performance of our Final Model

Overall accuracy on Test set: 77.52 %

Sensitivity of our logistic regressionmodel: 83.01%

Specificity of our logistic regressionmodel: 74.13%

Inferences from Model

Business Insights Derived from our Model

Top 3 variables in model, that contribute towards lead conversion are:

- 1.Total Time Spent on Website
2. Last Notable Activity SMS Sent
- 3.Total Visits

Top 3 variables in my model, that should be focused are:

1. Last Activity_SMS Sent (positively impacting)
2. Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation (negatively impacting)
3. Lead Source_Olark Chat (negatively impacting)

Conclusion (LR Model)

- 1. OUR LOGISTIC REGRESSION MODEL IS DECENT AND ACCURATE ENOUGH, WHEN COMPARED TO THE MODEL DERIVED USING PCA, WITH 77% ACCURACY ON TEST SET, 83 % SENSITIVITY AND 74 % SPECIFICITY.
- 2. WE CAN VARY THESE PARAMETERS BY VARYING THE CUT-OFF VALUE AND THUS PREDICT HOT LEADS BASED ON SCENARIOS LIKE AVAILABILITY OF EXTRA RESOURCES AND VICE- VERSA.
- 3. LEAD SCORE CALCULATED IN THE TRAINED SET OF DATA SHOWS THE CONVERSION RATE ON THE FINAL PREDICTED MODEL IS AROUND 80%