LATEX HOMEWORK 9TH GRADE UNIT 1 - METHODS OF PROOF - FORMAL STYLE OF A PROOF WEEK 2 - STRUCTURE AND STYLE OF PROOF

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1

Explain what is wrong with the following proof:

Theorem: 2 = 1

Proof: Let a = b. Then $a^2 = ab$ so $a^2 - b^2 = ab - b^2$ which we can factor as (a - b)(a + b) = (a - b)b. Canceling gives a + b = b and since a = b we get b + b = b. Dividing both sides by b gives b = b.

List of potential issues:

- What is being canceled is not stated
- \bullet a and b are not defined
- They never state why $a^2 = ab$ is necessary

2

Prove that for any natural numbers a, b, there exists an n with an + b composite.

Proof. Theorem: $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{N}$, there exists an n with an + b composite. Proof:

3

For each of the following, give an example and a counterexample:

- n! 1 is prime for $n \ge 3$
- Any 3 distinct lines separate the plane into seven regions. What additional assumptions are needed in order for this to be a true statement?

• If a rational function is bounded, then it is constant.

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1