## Stat Computing - Exercises 02 - Gradebook

There is a dataset in datasets/grade\_book.csv containing simulated grades for Statistical Computing. From the exercises directory, you can read in the dataset by running

```
dat <- read.csv("../datasets/grade_book.csv")</pre>
```

Complete the following exercises related to the grade book.

- 1. Randomly generate with replacement a birth date for each student between 2002-01-01 and 2006-12-31. Print out how many unique birth dates there are (year-month-date) and how many unique birthdays there are (month-date). Is this surprising?
- 2. Add the birthdate column to the data frame in 3 different ways: using cbind, \$, and [[]].
- 3. Print out the column names.
- 4. Remove the birthdate column and show that it's gone.
- 5. Print out which column number has the netIDs.
- 6. Print out the column numbers that contain quiz grades. You might find the grep function useful.
- 7. Print out the column numbers that contain exercise grades.
- 8. What happens when you try to convert the data frame to a matrix with as.matrix?
- 9. Extract the exercise columns and convert to a matrix. Why does this work as intended?
- 10. Add a column to the data frame containing each student's average exercise grade. Treat missing values as a grade of 0. You can do this in a couple of lines with rowSums or rowMeans. Exercises are out of 20. Print out the average exercise grades for the first 10 students.
- 11. Calculate each student's exercise average again, this time using the average of the non-missing values. Print out the average exercise grades for the first 10 students.
- 12. Print out the number of missing exercises for each exercise.
- 13. Calculate each student's quiz average, and add to the data frame. Quizzes are out of 20. Print out the average quiz grades for the first 10 students.
- 14. Using the formula in the syllabus, add a column containing each student's overall numeric grade. Treat missing assignments as 0. Project is out of 100.
- 15. Using the guidelines in the syllabus, add a column containing each student's letter grade.
- 16. Print out the netID, numeric average, and letter grade for the top 10 scorers. You may want to look at the order function.