

# Capstone Starter Project

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## Database

Inside the `<project-root>/database/` directory, you'll find an SQL scripts (`.sql` file). These can be used to build and rebuild the authentication tables and users in a PostgreSQL database for the capstone project.

From a Windows terminal session (NOT GitBase), execute the following command to create `final_capstone` database:

```
createdb -U postgres final_capstone
```

When prompted for a password, enter `postgres1`

You should create a database connection in dbVisualizer for the `final_capstone` database.

Any SQL associated with your project, including the SQL mentioned above to set up the authentication tables should be run in dbVisualizer.

## Spring Boot

### Datasource

A Datasource has been configured for you in `/src/resources/application.properties`. It connects to a database named `final_capstone`. You can use a different database name if you want, but remember to change it here so the server can find the database:

```
# datasource connection properties
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/final_capstone
spring.datasource.name=final_capstone
spring.datasource.username=postgres
spring.datasource.password=postgres1
```

Put all your application tables in the `final_capstone` data base.

DO NOT MAKE ANY CHANGES TO THE AUTHENTICATION TABLES PROVIDED!

DOING SO MAY RENDER THE AUTHENTICATION CODE GIVEN UNUSABLE.

IF YOU NEED TO STORE USER INFORMATION FOR YOUR APPLICATION CONSIDER CREATING A NEW TABLE AND LINKING IT TO THE AUTHENTICATION USERS TABLE IF YOU NEED THE USER NAME.

## JdbcTemplate

If you look in `/src/main/java/com/techelevator/dao`, you'll see `UserSqlDAO`. This is an example of how to get an instance of `JdbcTemplate` in your DAOs. If you declare a field of type `JdbcTemplate` and add it as an argument to the constructor, Spring automatically injects an instance for you:

```
@Service
public class UserSqlDAO implements UserDAO {

    private JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;

    public UserSqlDAO(JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate) {
        this.jdbcTemplate = jdbcTemplate;
    }
}
```

## CORS

Any controller that'll be accessed from a client like the Vue Starter application needs the `@CrossOrigin` annotation. This tells the browser that you're allowing the client application to access this resource:

```
@RestController
@CrossOrigin
public class AuthenticationController {
    // ...
}
```

## Security

Most of the functionality related to Security is located in the `/src/main/java/com/techelevator/security` package. You shouldn't have to modify anything here, but feel free to go through the code if you want to see how things work.

### Authentication Controller

There is a single controller in the `com.techelevator.controller` package called `AuthenticationController.java`.

This controller contains the `/login` and `/register` routes and works with the Vue starter as is. If you need to modify the user registration form, start here.

The authentication controller uses the `UserSqlDAO` to read and write data from the users table.

## Testing

### DAO integration tests

[com.techelevator.security.dao.DAOIntegrationTest](#) has been provided for you to use as a base class for any DAO integration test. It initializes a Datasource for testing and manages rollback of database changes between tests.

The following is an example of extending this class for writing your own DAO integration tests:

```
package com.techelevator.security.dao;

import com.techelevator.security.model.User;
import org.junit.Assert;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate;

import javax.sql.DataSource;

public class UserSqlDaoIntegrationTest extends DAOIntegrationTest {

    private UserSqlDAO userSqlDAO;

    @Before
    public void setup() {
        DataSource dataSource = this.getDataSource();
        JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate = new JdbcTemplate(dataSource);
        userSqlDAO = new UserSqlDAO(jdbcTemplate);
    }

    @Test
    public void createNewUser() {
        boolean userCreated =
userSqlDAO.create("TEST_USER", "test_password", "user");
        Assert.assertTrue(userCreated);
        User user = userSqlDAO.findByUsername("TEST_USER");
        Assert.assertEquals("TEST_USER", user.getUsername());
    }

}
```