# System-level Programming

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### 1 Learning C

#### 1.1 C Primitive Variable Types

- 1. All C primitives are numeric, divided purely based on variable size, and integer or floating point
  - (a) C variables have sizes based on the platform they were compiled by and for, such that size of (type) can be used to determine the size in bytes
  - (b) On a standard computer, int = 4, short = 2, long = 8, float = 4, double = 8, and char = 1 bytes (8 bits to a byte)
  - (c) Types can also be specified as unsigned, such that it is not able to be given a negative value
- 2. Boolean values are numbers, such that 0 is false, and all nonzero numbers are considered true
- 3. Character literals can be represented inside single quotes rather than use a number, and Strings, though not an object, can use a double quotes literal
  - (a) Strings are created by character arrays, using a null character (value 0), to show the end of the array, allowing it to be modified easier
- 4. Variables are able to be initialized within a for loop, but are not able to be declared, such that it must be before the loop

#### 1.2 C Programming

- 1. All C programs are made up of a series of functions, run within the main function, which returns an integer (typically 0, or other values for errors)
  - (a) They are compiled through "gcc file.c -o program\_name", then run through "./program\_name"
- 2. Libraries are added, either .h files from the current directory through #include "file.h" or through premade libraries by #include <file.h>
  - (a) All files typically start with calling the C library with #include<stdio.c> and <stdlib.h>

#### 1.3 C Structures

- 1. "printf(text, var1, var2)" is used to print a String in terminal, where the text is a formatted string, with placeholders for variables following
  - (a) %f is a placeholder for a float, %d for double, %c for char, %s for string, %f for pointer, %lf for double, %ld for long, and %d for int