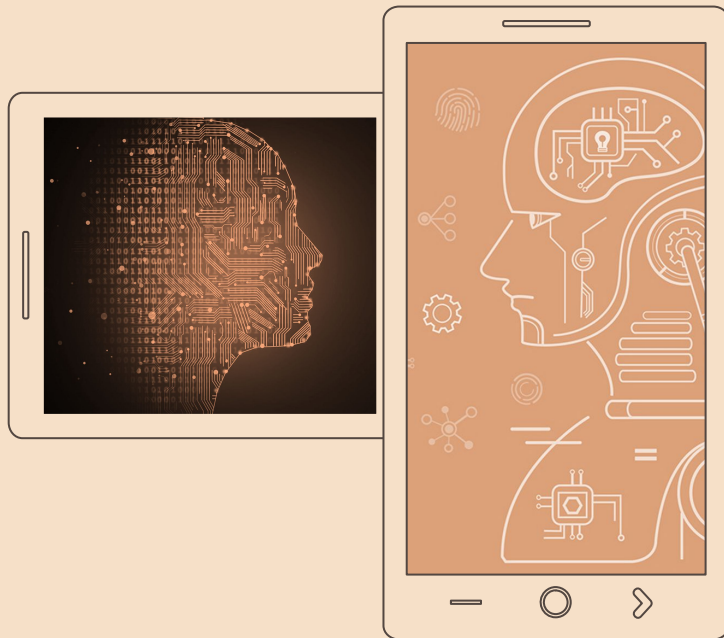


Machine



Machine Learning

Use Overfitting To Evaluate
Different Models

Learning

Project Explanation:

Determining which model is the better model.

Suppose we collect a set of sample data and distribute the sample data by

Training phase: 50%, Validation phase: 25%, Test phase: 25%

Training Phase				Validation Phase				Test Phase	
Real Data Set 1 50% of the collected data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression	Real Data Set 2 25% of the collected data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression	Real Data Set 3 25% of the collected data	The better model
x	y	$\hat{y} = a_1 + b_1 * x$	$\hat{y} = a_2 + b_2 * x^2$	x	y	$\hat{y} = a_1 + b_1 * x$	$\hat{y} = a_2 + b_2 * x^2$	x	
1	1.8			1.5	1.7			1.4	
2	2.4	Find Y values		2.9	2.7			2.5	
3.3	2.3			3.7	2.5			3.6	
4.3	3.8			4.7	2.8			4.5	
5.3	5.3			5.1	5.5			5.4	
1.4	1.5			X	X	X	X	X	X
2.5	2.2			X	X	X	X	X	X
2.8	3.8			X	X	X	X	X	X
4.1	4			X	X	X	X	X	X
5.1	5.4			X	X	X	X	X	X

Model 1: Linear Regression

Find Y values

01**N = 10**

Count the number of values.

02

Find
 $X * Y$ and $X * X$.

Real Data $X * Y$ and $X * X$.

03

Find
 $\Sigma X, \Sigma Y, \Sigma XY, \Sigma P$.

$\Sigma P = \Sigma X * X = 121.34$,
 $\Sigma X = 31.8$, $\Sigma Y = 32.5$,
 $\Sigma XY = 120.8$.

04

Slope(b) =
0.863177681

$(N \Sigma XY - (\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y)) / (N \Sigma X^2 - (\Sigma X)^2)$

05

Intercept(a) =
0.505094974

$(\Sigma Y - b(\Sigma X)) / N$

06

Regression Equation(y)
= a + bx

Use real data X to calculate.

Model 2: Non-Linear Regression

01**N = 10**

Count the number of values.

02

**Find
 $X * Y$ and $X * X$.**

Real Data $X * Y$ and $X * X$.

03

**Find
 $\Sigma X, \Sigma Y, \Sigma XY, \Sigma P, \Sigma PY, \Sigma P^2$**

$\Sigma P = \Sigma X * X = 121.34, \Sigma X = 31.8,$
 $\Sigma Y = 32.5, \Sigma XY = 120.8,$
 $\Sigma PY = 509.762,$
 $\Sigma PP = 2329.9862$

04

**Slope(b) =
0.134562411**

$(N\Sigma PY - (\Sigma P)(\Sigma Y)) / (N\Sigma P^2 - (\Sigma P)^2)$

05

**Intercept(a) =
1.6172197**

$(\Sigma Y - b(\Sigma P)) / N$

06

**Regression Equation(y)
= $a + bx^2$**

Use real data X to calculate.

Data Table:

After used both linear and non-linear regression to calculate the Y value. Next step is to determining which model is the better model.

Training Phase				Validation Phase			
Real Data Set 1 50% of the collcted data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression	Real Data Set 2 25% of the collcted data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression
x	y	$\hat{y} = a1 + b1 * x$	$\hat{y}=a2 + b2 * x^2$	x	y	$\hat{y}=a1 + b1 * x$	$\hat{y}=a2 + b2 * x^2$
$\Sigma X = 31.8$, $\Sigma Y = 32.5$, $\Sigma XY = 120.8$, $\Sigma P = 121.34$, $\Sigma PY = 509.762$, $\Sigma PP = 2329.9862$		a = 0.505094974 b = 0.863177681	a = 1.6172197 b = 0.134562411			a = 0.505094974 b = 0.863177681	a = 1.6172197 b = 0.134562411
1	1.8	1.3683	1.7518	1.5	1.7	1.7999	1.9200
2	2.4	2.2315	2.1555	2.9	2.7	3.0083	2.7489
3.3	2.3	3.3536	3.0826	3.7	2.5	3.6989	3.4594
4.3	3.8	4.2168	4.1053	4.7	2.8	4.5620	4.5897
5.3	5.3	5.0799	5.3971	5.1	5.5	4.9073	5.1172
1.4	1.5	1.7135	1.8810	X	X	X	X
2.5	2.2	2.6630	2.4582	X	X	X	X
2.8	3.8	2.9220	2.6722	X	X	X	X
4.1	4	4.0441	3.8792	X	X	X	X
5.1	5.4	4.9073	5.1172	X	X	X	X

Use Overfitting To Evaluate Different Models

$$\max(\text{Training_Set_MSE}, \text{Validation_Set_MSE}) / \min(\text{Training_Set_MSE}, \text{Validation_Set_MSE})$$

Training Set

Validation Set

Model 1

$$\begin{aligned} & ((1.3686-1.8)^2 + (2.2315-2.4)^2 + \\ & (3.3536-2.3)^2 + (4.2168-3.8)^2 + \\ & (5.0799-5.3)^2 + (1.7135-1.5)^2 + \\ & (2.6630-2.2)^2 + (2.9220-3.8)^2 + \\ & (4.0441-4)^2 + (4.9073-5.4)^2) / 10 = \\ & 0.282227077 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((1.7999-1.7)^2 + (3.0083-2.7)^2 \\ & + (3.6989-2.5)^2 + (4.5620-2.8)^2 \\ & + (4.9073-5.5)^2) / 5 = \\ & 0.999966548 \end{aligned}$$

Better

0.999966548

0.282227077

= 3.542060849

Model 2

$$\begin{aligned} & ((1.7518-1.8)^2 + (2.1555-2.4)^2 + \\ & (3.0826-2.3)^2 + (4.1053-3.8)^2 + \\ & (5.3971-5.3)^2 + (1.8810-1.5)^2 + \\ & (2.4582-2.2)^2 + (2.6722-3.8)^2 + \\ & (3.8792-4)^2 + (5.1172-5.4)^2) / 10 = \\ & 0.235553231 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((1.9200-1.7)^2 + (2.7489-2.7)^2 \\ & + (3.4594-2.5)^2 + (4.5897-2.8)^2 \\ & + (5.1172-5.5)^2) / 5 = \\ & 0.8641603 \end{aligned}$$

0.8641603

0.235553231

= 3.668641251

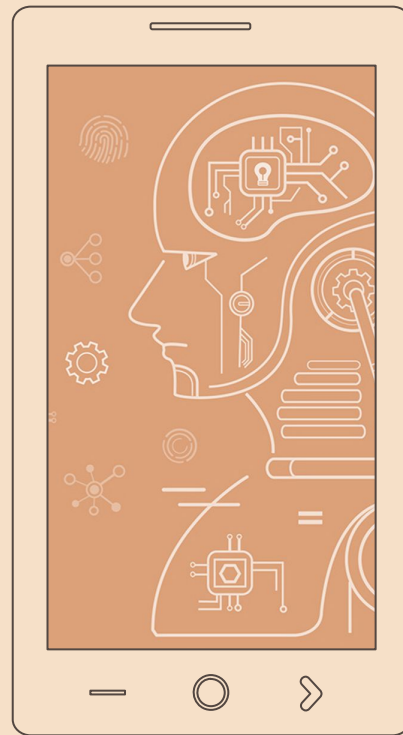
Machine

Training Phase				Validation Phase				Test Phase	
Real Data Set 1 50% of the collected data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression	Real Data Set 2 25% of the collected data		Model 1: Linear Regression	Model 2: Non-Linear Regression	Real Data Set 3 25% of the collected data	The better model selected depending on the analysis of overfitting
x	y	$\hat{y} = a1 + b1 * x$	$\hat{y} = a2 + b2 * x^2$	x	y	$\hat{y} = a1 + b1 * x$	$\hat{y} = a2 + b2 * x^2$	x	Use Model 1: $\hat{y} = a1 + b1 * x$
1	1.8	1.3683	1.7518	1.5	1.7	1.7999	1.9200	1.4	1.7135
2	2.4	2.2315	2.1555	2.9	2.7	3.0083	2.7489	2.5	2.6630
3.3	2.3	3.3536	3.0826	3.7	2.5	3.6989	3.4594	3.6	3.6125
4.3	3.8	4.2168	4.1053	4.7	2.8	4.5620	4.5897	4.5	4.3894
5.3	5.3	5.0799	5.3971	5.1	5.5	4.9073	5.1172	5.4	5.1663
1.4	1.5	1.7135	1.8810	X	X	X	X	X	X
2.5	2.2	2.6630	2.4582	X	X	X	X	X	X
2.8	3.8	2.9220	2.6722	X	X	X	X	X	X
4.1	4	4.0441	3.8792	X	X	X	X	X	X
5.1	5.4	4.9073	5.1172	X	X	X	X	X	X

Learning

Machine

THANKS!



Learning