

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Do Now: Graphing inequalities

Show your work. For graphs, use a pencil and straight edge. Graph the inequality after filling in the values in the blanks and circling the correct types.

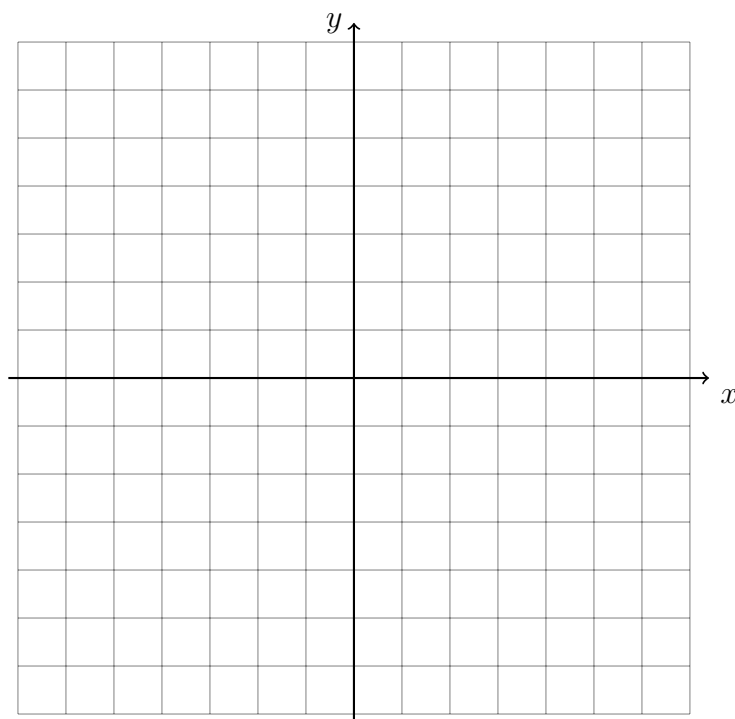
1.  $y > -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )



2. Solve for  $y$ , then complete.  $\frac{1}{2}x + y \geq -4$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

3. Graph the two lines after filling in the values in the blanks.

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.

$$y = 2x - 5$$

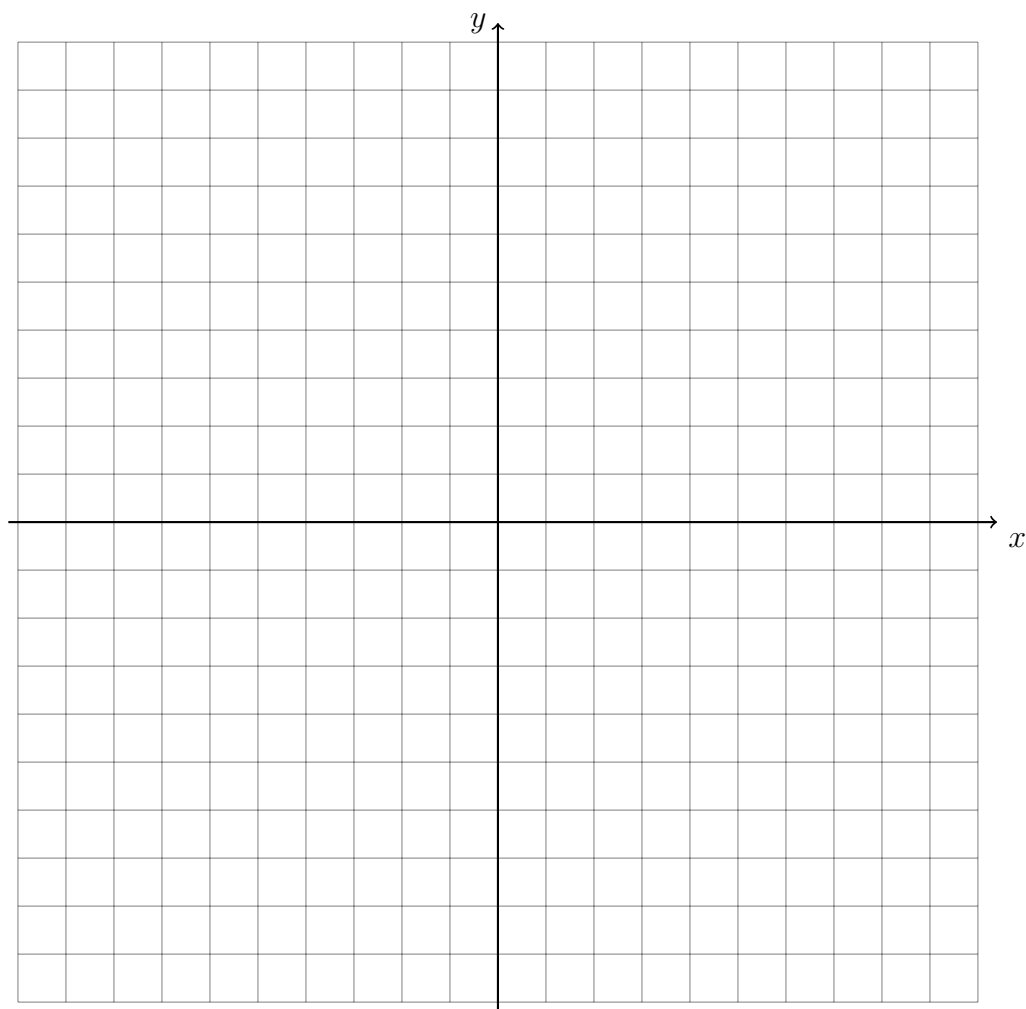
(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_



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### Do Now: Graphing inequalities

Show your work. For graphs, use a pencil and straight edge. Graph the inequality after filling in the values in the blanks and circling the correct types.

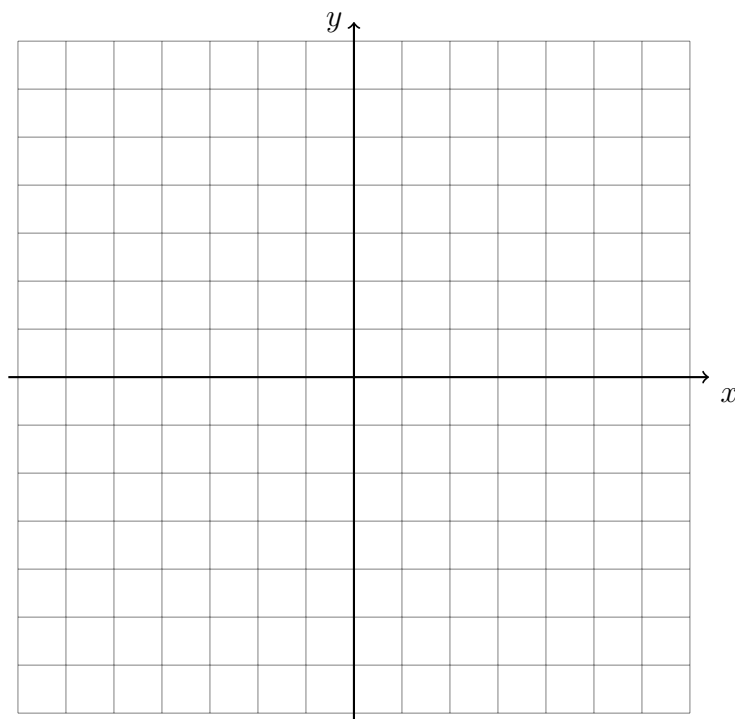
1.  $\frac{3}{2}x - 2y \leq +2$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )



2. Solve for  $y$ , then complete.  $\frac{3}{2}x - 3y \geq 6$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

3. Graph the two inequalities after filling in the values in the blanks.

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.

$$y \geq -3x + 1$$

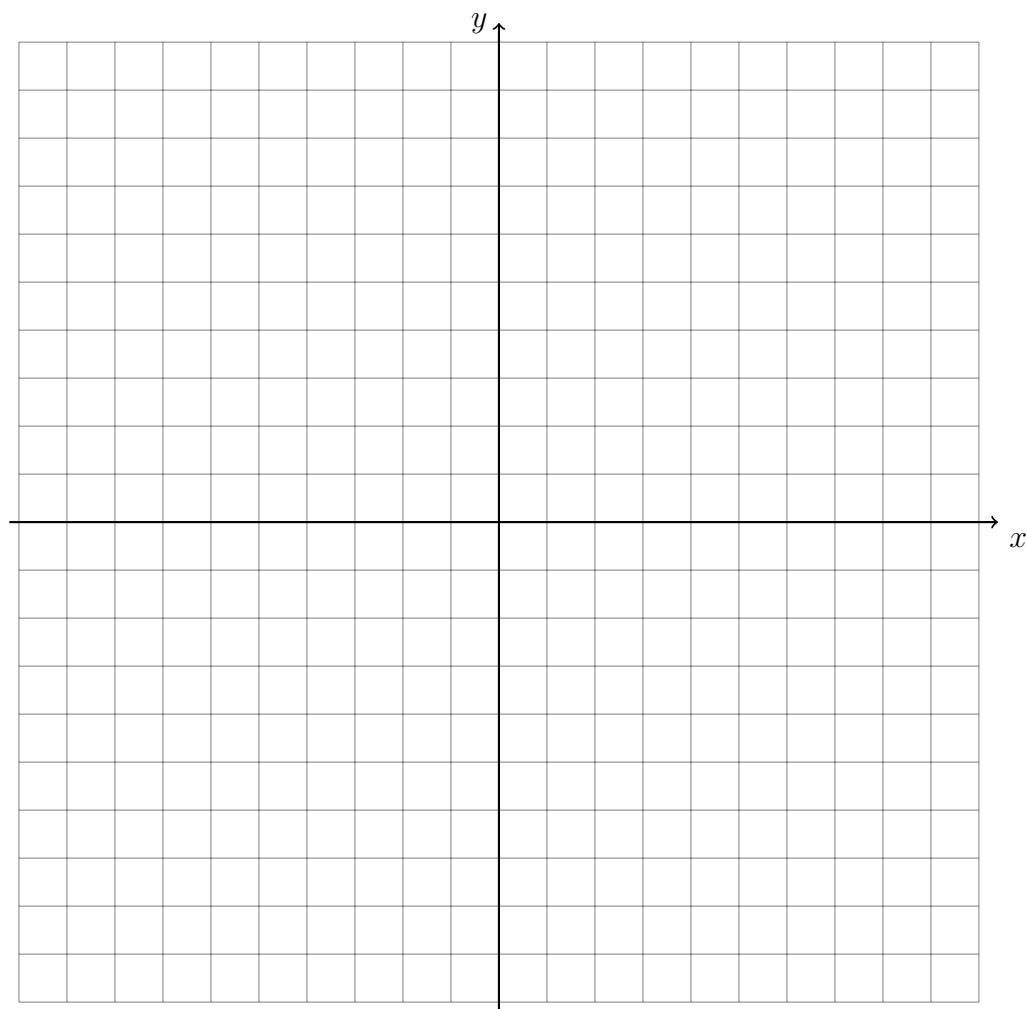
(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$y < -\frac{3}{2}x - 2$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_



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## Rate of change

4. Find the slope of the function from the ratio of the line differences.

(a)

$x$	$f(x)$
-2	-2
-1	0
0	2
1	4
2	6

Change in  $y$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Change in  $x$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Slope  $m$  = \_\_\_\_\_

(b)

$x$	$f(x)$
-4	9
-2	6
0	3
2	0
4	-3

Change in  $y$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Change in  $x$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Slope  $m$  = \_\_\_\_\_

5. Find the slope of the function. If the rate of change is not constant, write, "Non-linear. The rate of change is not constant."

(a)

$x$	$f(x)$
-3	0
-1	-2
0	-3
1	-4
3	-6

Slope  $m$  = \_\_\_\_\_

(b)

$x$	$f(x)$
-4	7
-2	5
0	3
2	5
4	7

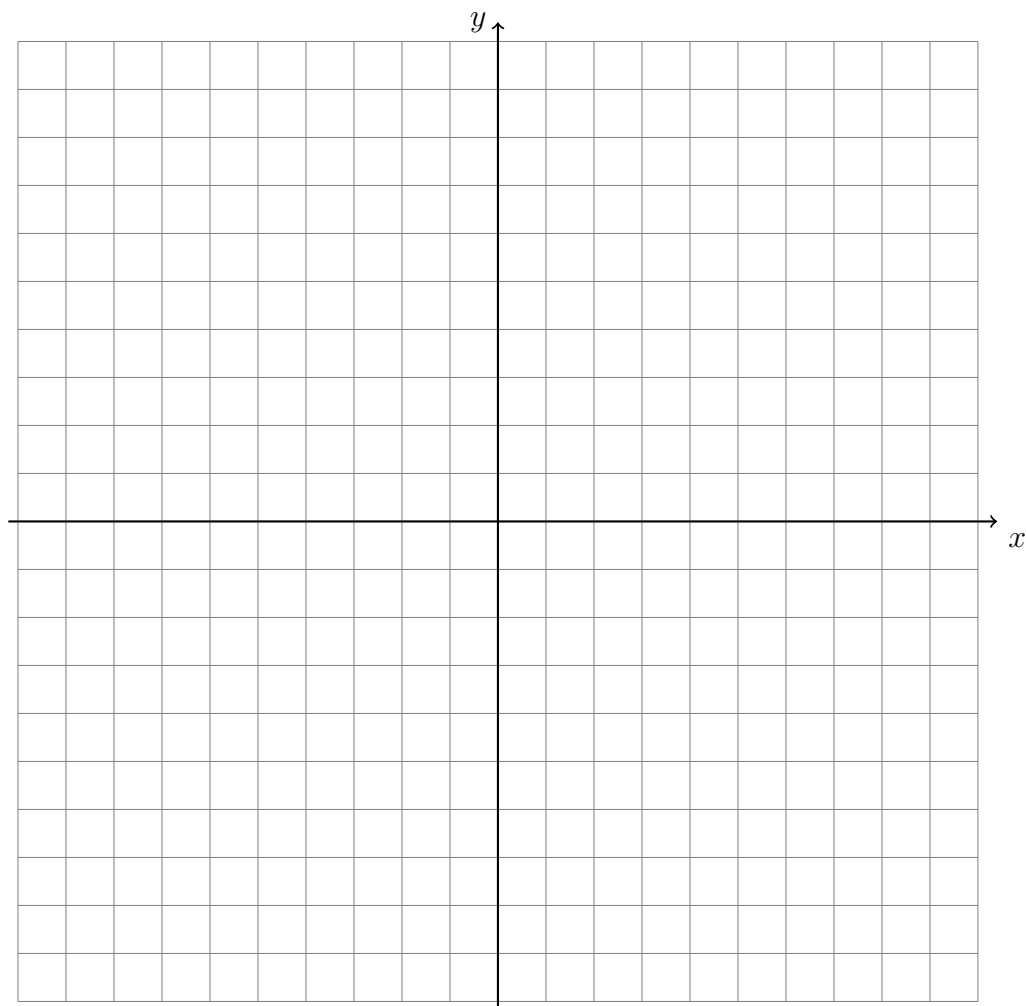
Slope  $m$  = \_\_\_\_\_

### Graphing quadratic functions

6. Given the quadratic function  $f(x) = x^2 - 2$ , find the row differences.

$x$	$f(x)$
-3	7
-2	2
-1	-1
0	-2
1	-1
2	2
3	7

Graph the function as a line over the domain  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ .



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### Pop Quiz: Graphing inequalities

Fill in the values in the blanks and circling the correct types.

1.  $y < \frac{1}{2}x + 3$

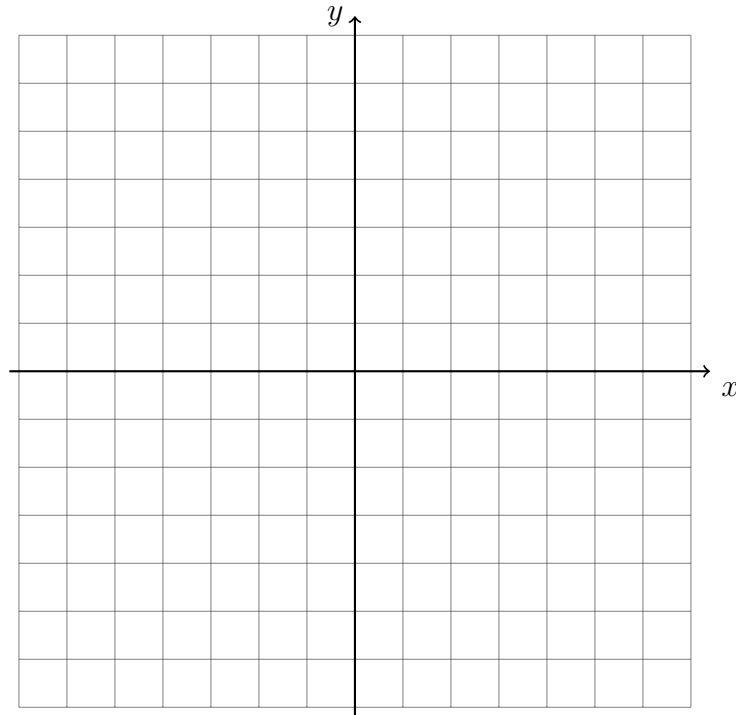
$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

Graph the inequality (use a pencil and straight edge - 1 point)



2. Solve for  $y$ , then complete.  $2x + y \geq -4$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:      Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope       $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

3. Graph the two lines after filling in the values in the blanks.

$$y = x - 2$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

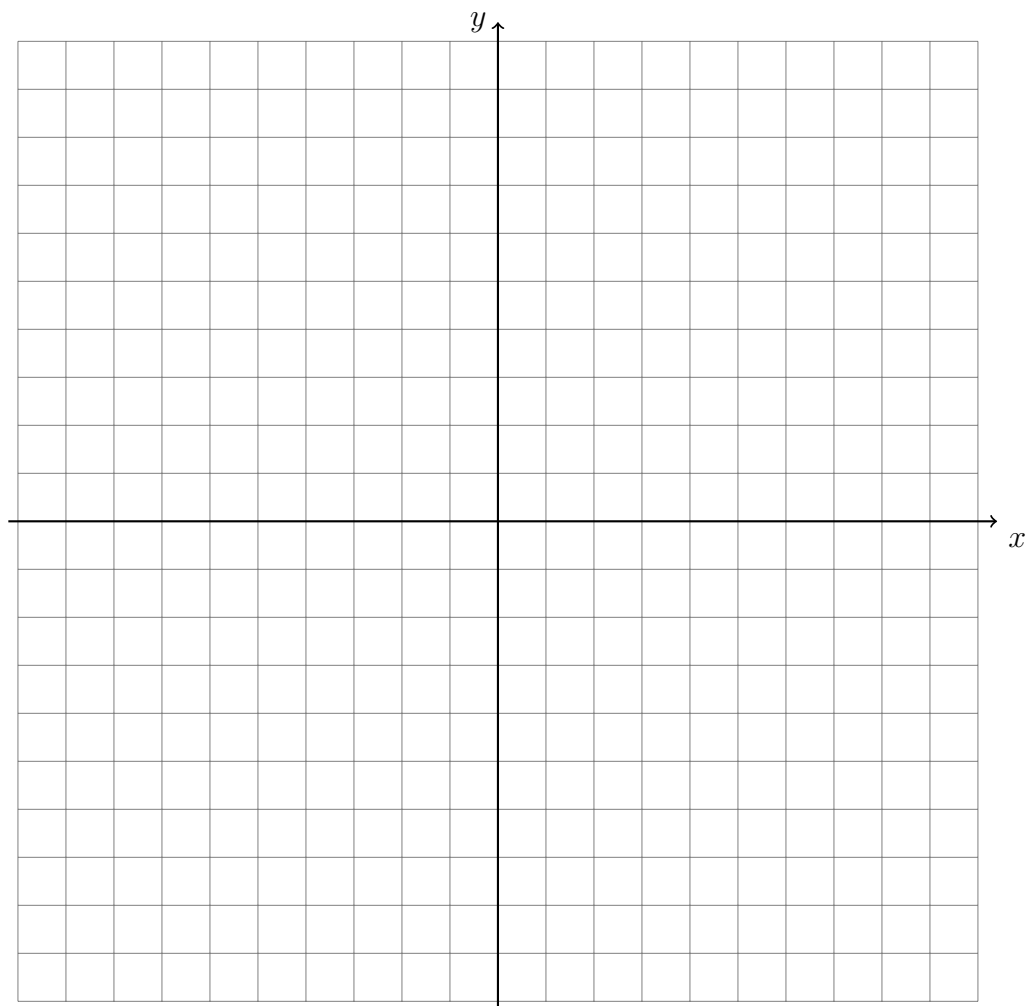
(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.  
(3 points) Use pencil for graph (1 point)





Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Homework: Graphing systems of equations

1. Graph the two lines after filling in the values in the blanks.

$$y = x - 2$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

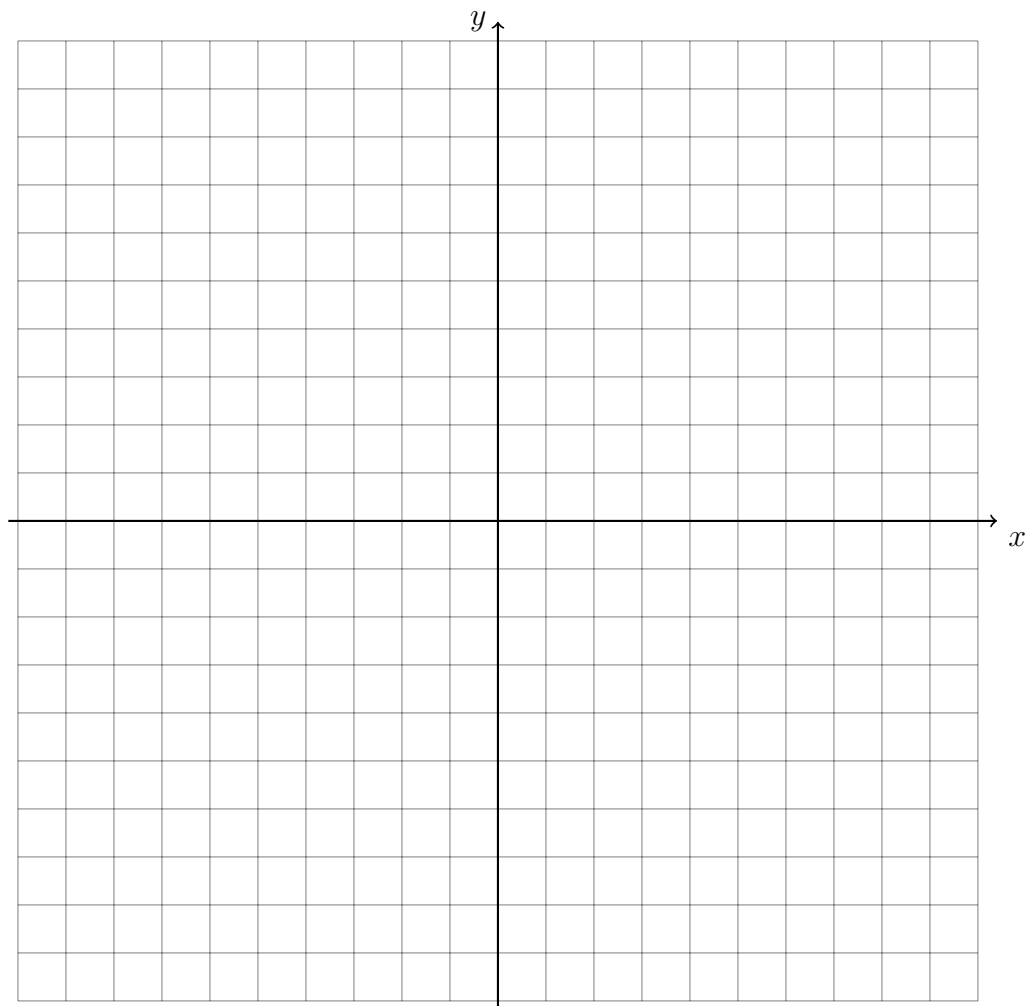
(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.  
(3 points) Use pencil for graph (1 point)



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**Classwork: Happy New Year!**  
**Due at the end of the period.**

Fill in the values in the blanks and circling the correct types.

1.  $y \leq \frac{2}{3}x + 1$

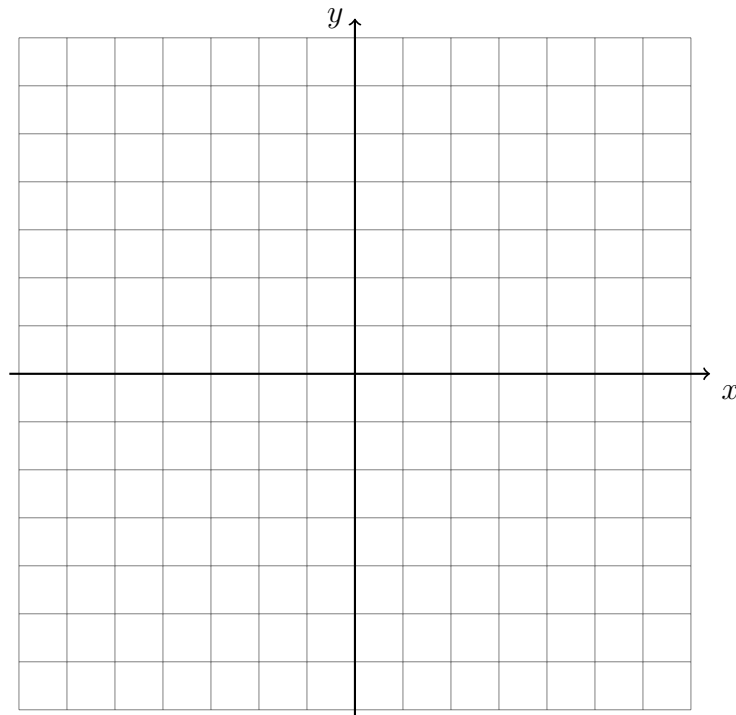
$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:          Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope           $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

Graph the inequality (use a pencil and straight edge - 1 point)



2. Solve for  $y$ , then complete.  $x + 2y > 3$

$y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Line:          Solid (=)      Dashed ( $\neq$ )

Slope           $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Shading:      Above ( $y >$ )      Below ( $y <$ )

3. Graph the two lines after filling in the values in the blanks.

$$y = 2x - 3$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

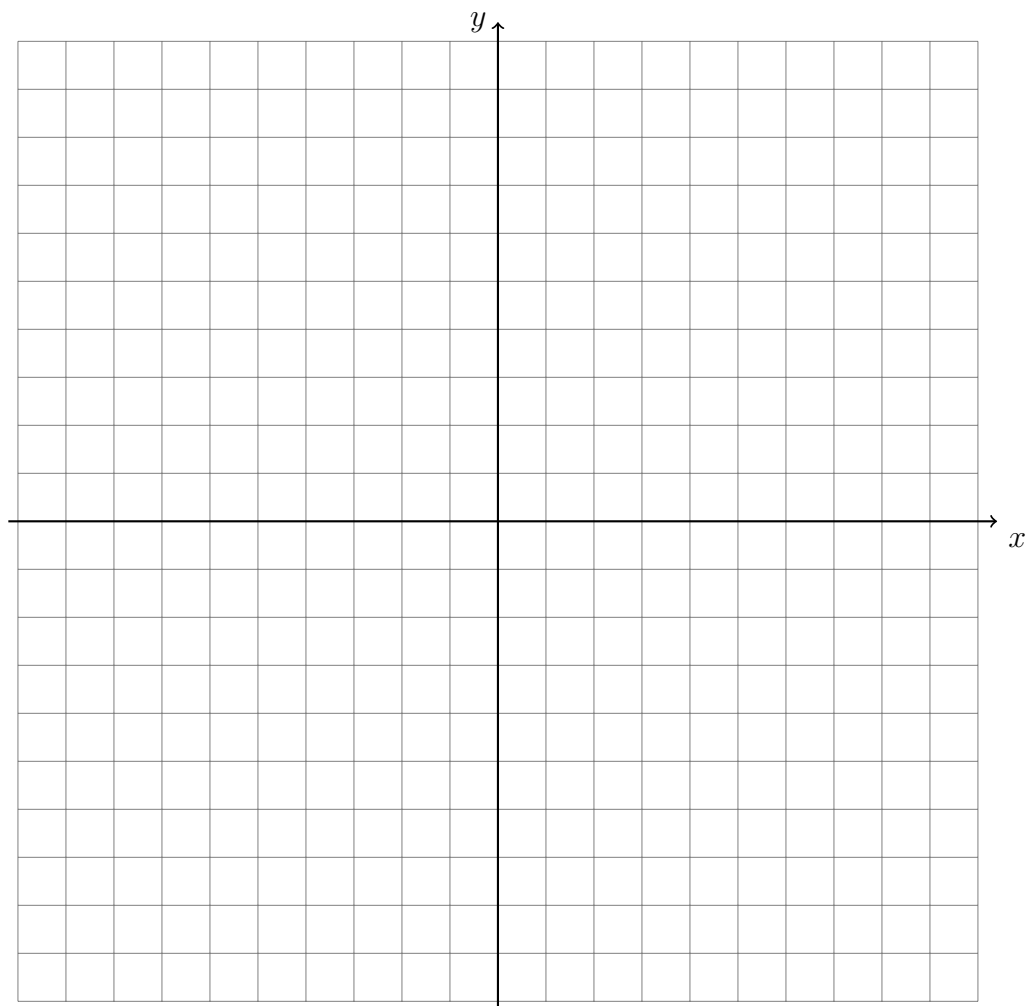
(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 4$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.  
(3 points) Use pencil for graph (1 point)



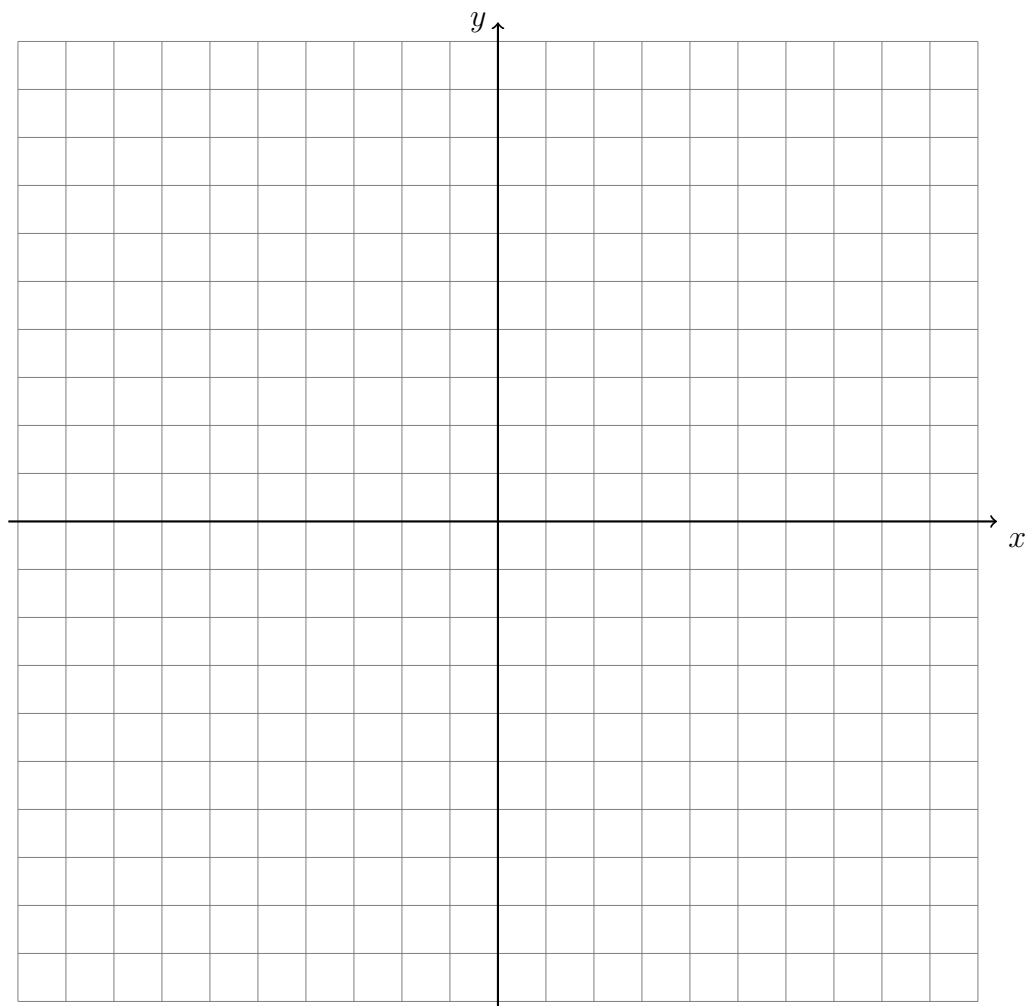
Name:

### Graphing quadratic functions

4. Given the quadratic function  $f(x) = x^2 - 3$ , find the row differences.

$x$	$f(x)$
-3	6
-2	1
-1	-2
0	-3
1	-2
2	1
3	6

Graph the function as a line over the domain  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ .



5. Graph the two lines after filling in the values in the blanks.

$$y = x - 3$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$x + y = 1$$

(a)  $y$ -intercept  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Slope  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Label both lines and the solution to the system, the intersection, as a coordinate pair.  
(3 points) Use pencil for graph (1 point)

