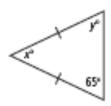
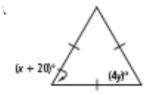
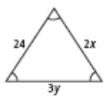
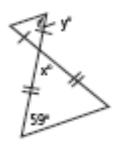
4.1 Homework: Isosceles & Equilateral Triangles

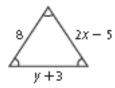
Find the value of x and y.

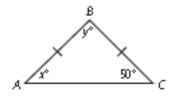




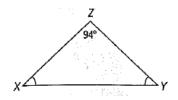




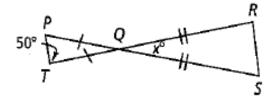




What is $m \angle X$?

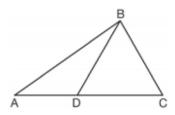


What is the value of x? What is the value of <R?



For the following problems, you **must** mark up the diagram or **draw** a diagram representing the question before you answer the question.

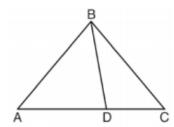
In the diagram of $\triangle ABC$ below, \overline{BD} is drawn to side AC.



If $m\angle A = 35$, $m\angle ABD = 25$, and $m\angle C = 60$, which type of triangle is $\triangle BCD$?

- 1) equilateral
- scalene
- obtuse
- right

In the diagram below, $m\angle BDC = 100^{\circ}$, $m\angle A = 50^{\circ}$, and $m\angle DBC = 30^{\circ}$.



Which statement is true?

- △ABD is obtuse.
- △ABC is isosceles.
- m∠ABD = 80°
- △ABD is scalene.

If the measures of the angles of a triangle are represented by 2x, 3x - 15, and 7x + 15, the triangle $m\angle B = y + 40$, and $m\angle A = 90$. What type of right is

- 1) an isosceles triangle
- a right triangle
- 3) an acute triangle
- 4) an equiangular triangle

In right triangle ABC, $m\angle C = 3y - 10$, triangle is triangle ABC?

- scalene
- isosceles
- equilateral
- obtuse 4)

In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = 3x + 1$, m $\angle B = 4x - 17$, and $m\angle C = 5x - 20$. Which type of triangle is $\triangle ABC$?

- 1) right
- scalene
- isosceles
- equilateral

In $\triangle DEF$, m $\angle D = 3x + 5$, m $\angle E = 4x - 15$, and $m\angle F = 2x + 10$. Which statement is true?

- 1) DF = FE
- 2) DE = FE
- m∠E = m∠F
- m∠D = m∠F