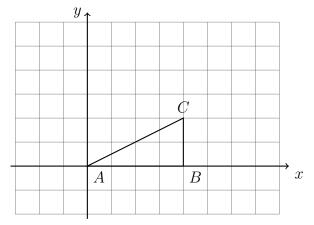
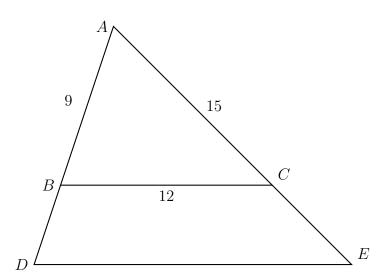
5.4 Do Now: Similar triangles, dilation ratios

1. On the graph below, dilate the triangle ABC by a factor of $\frac{3}{2}$ centered on the origin.



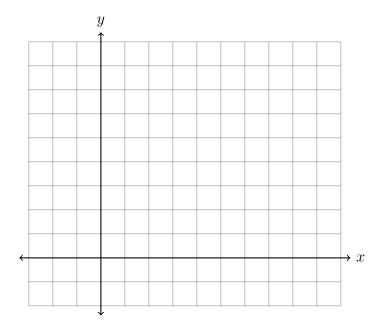
2. Triangle ABC is dilated with a factor of $\frac{5}{3}$ centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given AB = 9, BC = 12, and AC = 15.

Find AD, AE, and DE.



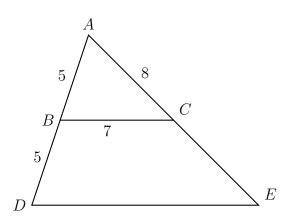
3. The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{AB} are A(1,2) and B(4,2). Determine the length of $\overline{A'B'}$, the image of \overline{AB} , after a dilation of k=2 centered at the origin.

Draw and label the two line segments, \overline{AB} and $\overline{A'B'}$, on the set of axes below.



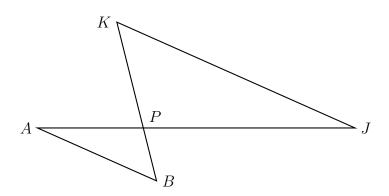
4. Triangle ADE is drawn with $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{DE}$, as shown. Given AB=5, BC=7, AC=8, and BD=5.

Find CE, AE, and DE.

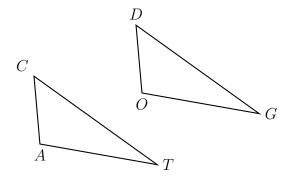


5. Given $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. $m \angle A = 40^\circ$ and $m \angle E = 35^\circ$. Find the measure of $\angle C$.

6. Given $\triangle ABP$ and $\triangle JKP$ as shown below. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{JK}$. $AP=5.7,\ JP=11.4,$ and JK=14.8. Find AB.



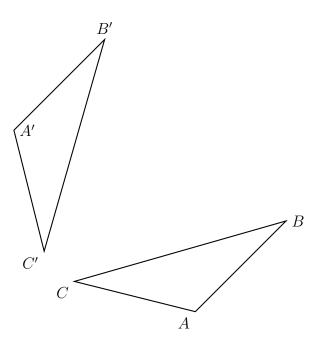
7. A translation maps triangle CAT onto triangle DOG.



Fill in the blank with the corresponding object.

- (a) $A \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (b) ∠CTA ≅ _____
- (c) $\cong \overline{DG}$
- (d) Justify $\triangle CAT \cong \triangle DOG$.

8. Using a compass and straightedge, construct the perpendicular bisector of $\overline{BB'}$ What transformation has been applied to map $\triangle ABC$ on to $\triangle A'B'C'$?



9. Triangle ABC is dilated with a factor of $\frac{3}{2}$ centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given $AB=10,\ BC=12,\ \text{and}\ AC=14.$ Find $AD,\ AE,\ \text{and}\ DE.$

