

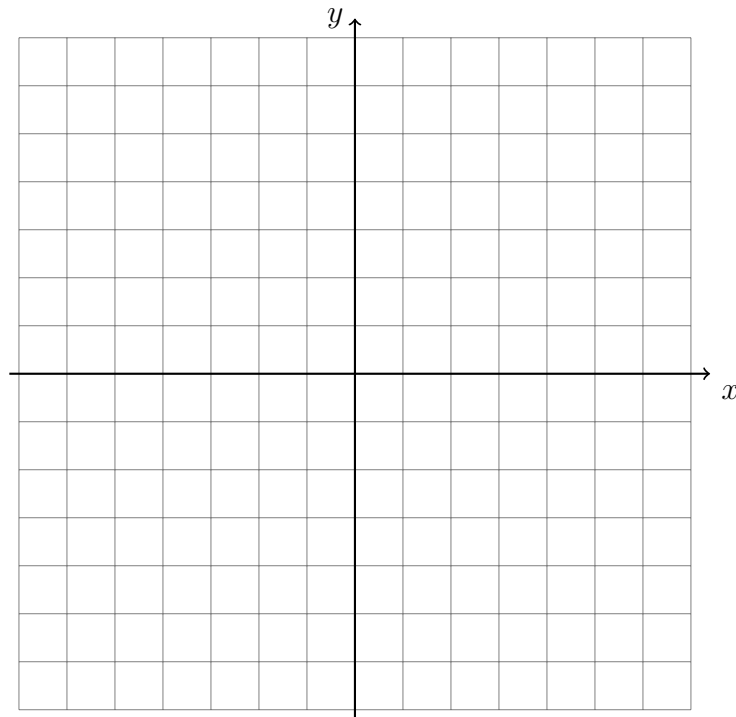
Monday modeling

Show your work. For graphs, use a pencil and straight edge.

1. Graph the line $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$ after filling in the values in the blanks.

y -intercept = _____

Slope = _____



In the following two problems, solve for the value of x .

2. $7 = 2x - x$

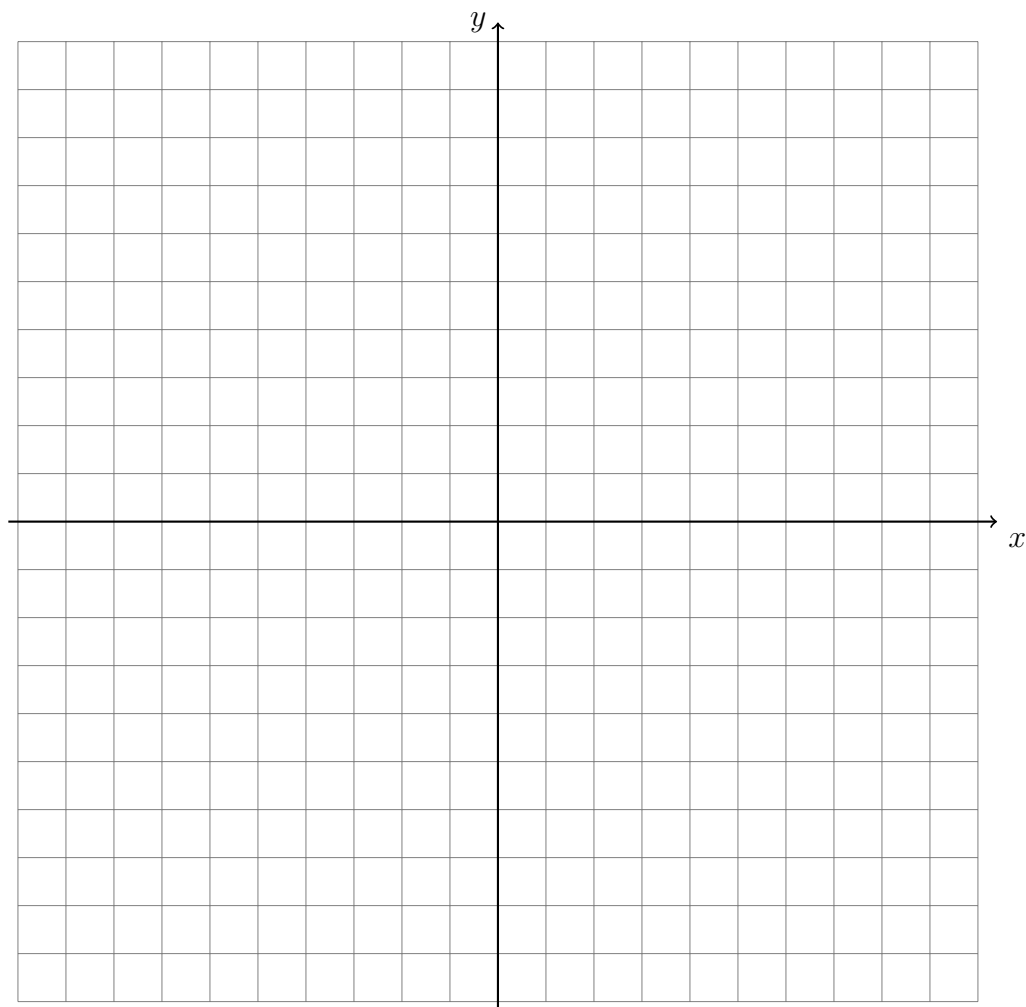
3. $\frac{1}{2}(2 - 4x) = 6$

Graphing quadratic functions

4. Given the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + 1$, find the row differences.

x	$f(x)$
-3	10
-2	5
-1	2
0	1
1	2
2	5
3	10

Graph the function as a line over the domain $-3 \leq x \leq 3$.



Rate of change

5. Find the slope of the function from the ratio of the line differences.

(a)

x	$f(x)$
-2	-1
-1	1
0	3
1	5
2	7

Change in y = _____

Change in x = _____

Slope = _____

(b)

x	$f(x)$
-4	7
-2	4
0	1
2	-2
4	-5

Change in y = _____

Change in x = _____

Slope = _____

6. Find the slope of the function. If the rate of change is not constant, write, "Non-linear. The rate of change is not constant."

(a)

x	$f(x)$
-3	0
-1	2
0	3
1	4
3	6

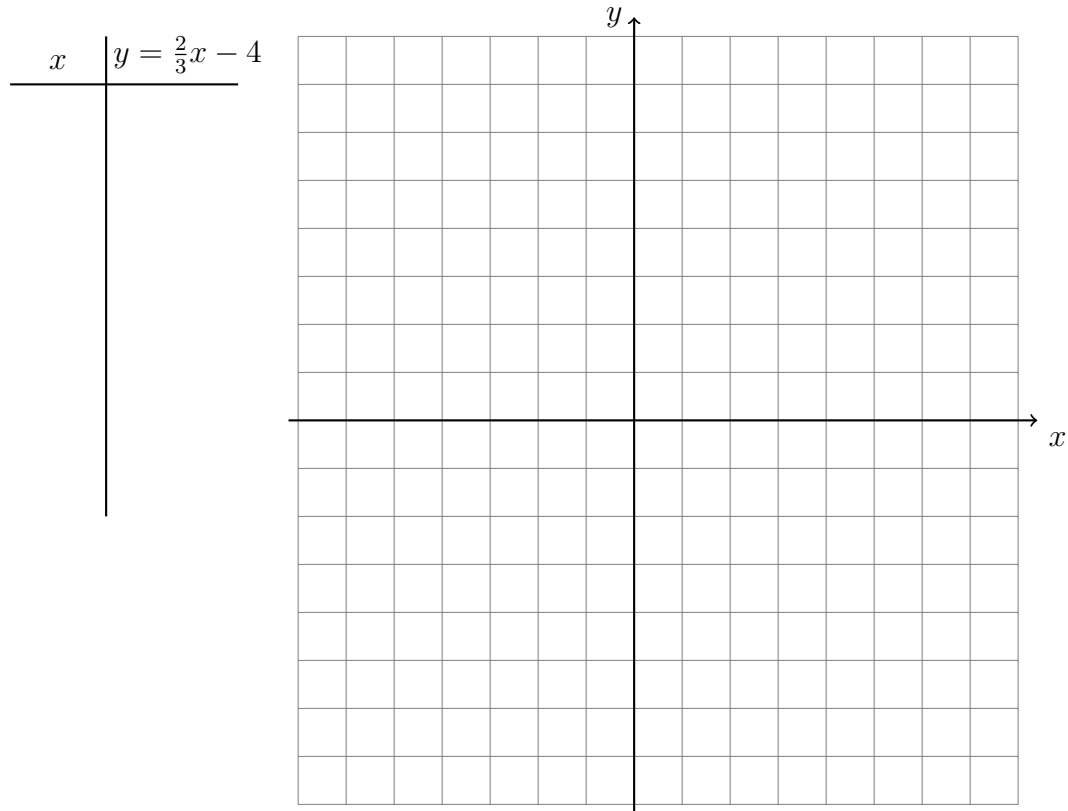
Slope = _____

(b)

x	$f(x)$
-4	-9
-2	-3
0	+1
2	-3
4	-9

Slope = _____

7. Fill in the T-chart, plot the points, and draw the line.



Write down the slope and y -intercept of the line.

$m =$

$b =$

Circle the row for the y -intercept.

Simplify each expression (“Collect like terms”)

8. $x^2 - 3x - 4 + 2x^2 + 2x + 4$

9. $5(a^2 - 3a + 1) - 2(a^2 + 2a - 3)$