- 1. When the transformation $T_{2,-1}$ is performed on point A, its image is point A'(-3,4). What are the coordinates of A?
 - A) (5, -5)
- B) (-5,5)
- C) (-1,3)
- (-6, -4)
- 2. Triangle ABC has the coordinates A(3,0), B(3,8), and C(6,6). If ΔABC is reflected over the line y=x, which statement is true about the image of ΔABC ?
 - A) One point remains fixed.
 - B) The size of the triangle changes.
 - C) The orientation does not change.
 - D) One side of $\triangle ABC$ is parallel to the line y = x.
- 3. The coordinates of $\triangle ABC$, shown on the graph below, are A(2,5), B(5,7), and C(4,1). Graph and label $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after it is reflected over the *y*-axis.

