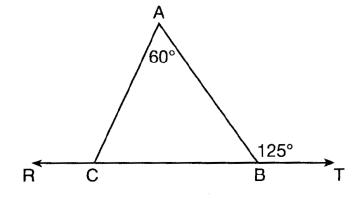
17 January 2019

Homework: Regents Pretest

- 1. When writing a geometric proof, which angle relationship could be used alone to justify that two angles are congruent?
  - (1) vertical angle

- (2) supplementary angles
- (3) linear pair of angles
- (4) adjacent angles
- 2. The graphs of the lines represented by the equations  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 7$  and  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x 2$  are
  - (1) horizontal
  - (2) parallel
  - (3) perpendicular
  - (4) intersecting, but not perpendicular
- 3. The lines 3y 6x = 4 and 2y = x 9 are
  - (1) the same line
  - (2) neither parallel nor perpendicular
  - (3) parallel
  - (4) perpendicular
- 4. In the diagram below,  $\overline{RCBT}$  and  $\Delta ABC$  are shown with  $m_{\rm m} \angle A = 60$  and  $m \angle ABT = 125$ .

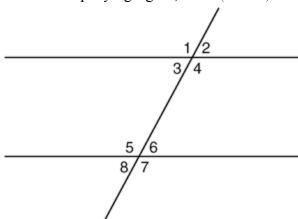


What is  $m \angle ACR$ ?

- (1) 125
- (2) 115
- (3) 65
- (4) 55

10th Grade

5. In the accompanying figure,  $\angle 1 = (60 + x)^{\circ}$ 



Which equation shows how to calculate the value of  $\angle 6$ ?

(1)  $(60+x)^{\circ}+180$ 

(2)  $180 + (60 + x)^{\circ}$ 

(3)  $180 - (60 + x)^{\circ}$ 

(4)  $(60+x)^{\circ}-180$ 

6. What is the slope of a line parallel to the line whose equation is 2y = -6x + 8?

- $(1) \frac{1}{3}$
- (2) -3
- (4) -6

7. A 20-foot support post leans against a wall, making a 70° angle with the ground. To the *nearest tenth of a foot*, how far up the wall will the support post reach?

- (1) 18.7
- (2) 18.8
- (3) 6.9
- (4) 68

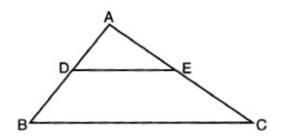
8. Which equation represents a line that is perpendicular to the line whose equation is 3x - 2y = 7?

(1)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 5$ 

(3)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$ 

(2)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 4$ (4)  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 5$ 

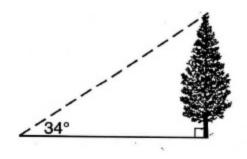
9. In the diagram below,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle ADE$ 



Which measurements are justified by this similarity?

- (1) AD = 3, AB = 9, AE = 5, and AC = 10
- (2) AD = 2, AB = 6, AE = 5, and AC = 15
- (3) AD = 5, AB = 8, AE = 7, and AC = 10
- (4) AD = 3, AB = 6, AE = 4, and AC = 12

10As shown in the diagram below, the angle of elevation from a point on the ground to the top of the tree is 34°.



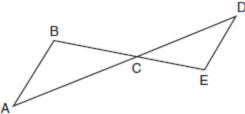
If the point is 20 feet from the base of the tree, what is the height of the tree, to the nearest tenth of a foot?

- (1) 29.7
- (2) 16.6
- (3) 13.5
- (4) 11.2
- 11. Which equation represents a line that is perpendicular to the line represented by  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$ ?

(1)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 2$ (3) 3x - 2y = 12

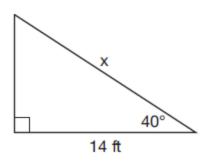
(2)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$ (4) 3x + 2y = 12

12. In the diagram below,  $\overline{AD}$  intersects  $\overline{BE}$  at C, and  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DE}$ 

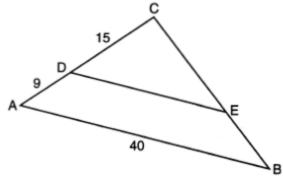


If CD = 6.6 cm, DE = 3.4 cm, CE = 4.2 cm, and BC = 5.25 cm, what is the length of  $\overline{AC}$ , to the nearest hundredth of a centimeter?

- (1) 5.28
- (2) 8.25
- (3) 3.34
- (4) 2.70
- 13. Given the right triangle in the diagram below, what is the value of *x*, to the *nearest foot*?



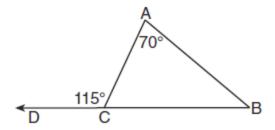
- (1) 18
- (2) 22
- (3) 11
- (4) 17
- 14. In the diagram of  $\triangle ABC$  below,  $\overline{DE}$  is parallel to  $\overline{AB}$ , CD = 15, AD = 9, and AB = 40.



The length of  $\overline{DE}$  is

- (1) 25
- (2) 30
- (3) 15
- (4) 24

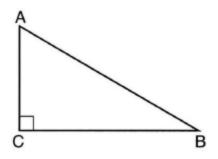
15. As shown in the diagram below of  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\overline{BC}$  is extended through D,  $m\angle A = 70$ , and  $m\angle ACD = 115$ .



Which statement is true?

- (1) AB > BC (2) BC < AC (3) AC < AB (4) AC > AB

- 16. In scalene triangle ABC shown in the diagram below,  $m\angle C = 90^{\circ}$ .



Which equation is always true?

(1)  $\cos A = \cos B$ 

(2)  $\sin A = \cos B$ 

(3)  $\sin A = \sin B$ 

- (4)  $\cos A = \sin C$
- 17. What is an equation of the line with y-intercept 6 and is parallel to the line whose equation is  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$ ?
  - (1)  $y = \frac{-2}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}$ (3)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 6$

(2)  $y = \frac{3}{2} x$ (4)  $y = \frac{-2}{3} x$ 

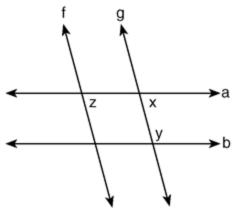
18. In the accompanying diagram, line a intersects line b.



What is the value of x?

- (1) 90
- (2) -10
- (3) 5
- **(4)** 10

19. In the accompanying figure,  $a \parallel b$ ,  $f \parallel g$ , and  $m \angle x = 75$ .



What is the value of  $m \angle y + m \angle z$ ?

- (1) 75
- (2) 105
- (3) 150
- (4) 180

20. What is an equation of the line with y-intercept -15 and is perpendicular to the line whose equation is  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 6$ ?

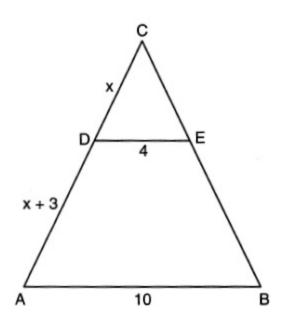
(1) 
$$y = -3x + 27$$

(2) 
$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 15$$
  
(4)  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 13$ 

**(3)** 
$$y = -3x - 15$$

(4) 
$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - 13$$

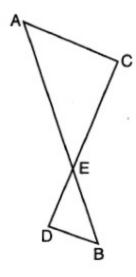
21. In the diagram below of  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\overline{CDA}$ ,  $\overline{CEB}$ ,  $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{AB}$ , DE = 4, AB = 10, CD = x, and DA = x + 3.



What is the value of x?

- (1) 2
- (2) 5.5
- (3) 0.5
- (4) 6

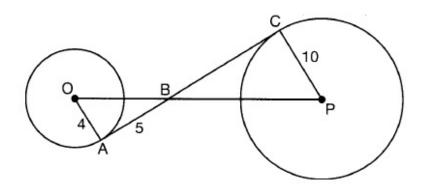
22. As shown in the diagram below,  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  intersect at E, and  $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{BD}$ .



Given  $\Delta AEC \sim \Delta BED$ , which equation is true?

- (1)  $\frac{EC}{AE} = \frac{BE}{ED}$  (2)  $\frac{CE}{DE} = \frac{EB}{EA}$  (3)  $\frac{ED}{EC} = \frac{AC}{BD}$  (4)  $\frac{AE}{BE} = \frac{AC}{BD}$

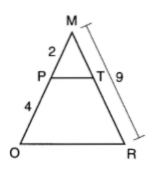
23. In the diagram shown below,  $\overline{AC}$  is tangent to circle O at A and to circle Pat C,  $\overline{OP}$  intersects  $\overline{AC}$  at B, OA = 4, AB = 5, and PC = 10.



What is the length of  $\overline{BC}$ ?

- (1) 6.4
- (2) 8
- (3) 12.5
- (4) 16

24. Given  $\triangle MRO$  shown below, with trapezoid *PTRO*, MR = 9, MP = 2, and PO = 4.



What is the length of  $\overline{TR}$ ?

- (1) 5
- (2) 4.5
- (3) 3
- (4) 6