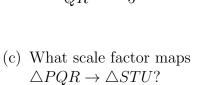
9-11 Homework: Similar triangles, dilation ratios review

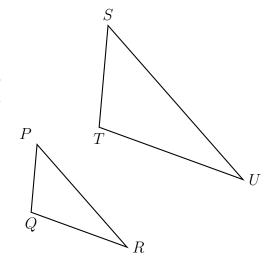
1. A dilation maps triangle PQR onto triangle STU with QR = 5 and TU = 7.5.

(a) $\overline{QR} \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

(b) Complete the fraction numerators with the corresponding segment and length:

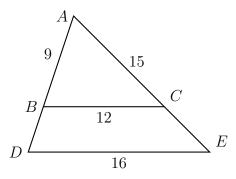
$$k = \frac{}{QR} = \frac{}{5}$$





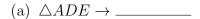
2. Triangle ABC is dilated with a scale factor of k centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given AB=9, BC=12, AC=15, and DE=16.

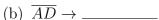
Find BD, AE, and k (the scale factor).



3. Given $\triangle JKL \sim \triangle MNO$. $m \angle J = 48^{\circ}$ and $m \angle L = 87^{\circ}$. Find the measure of $\angle N$.

4. The diagram below shows $\triangle ABC$, with \overline{AEB} , \overline{ADC} , and $\angle ACB \cong \angle AED$. AB = 8, AD = 4, and DE = 2.



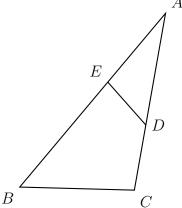




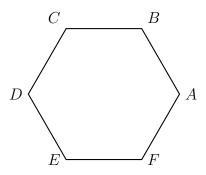
(c) What is the scale factor?

$$k = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(d) What is the length of \overline{BC} ?



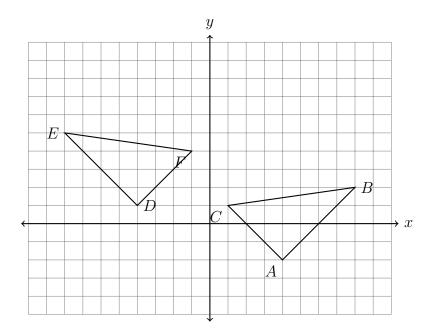
- 5. Circle YES or NO to indicate whether the given transformation maps the hexagon ABCDEF onto itself.
 - (a) Yes No A rotation of 120° counterclockwise around its center.
 - A reflection over \overrightarrow{AD} (b) Yes No
 - A reflection over a line (c) Yes No through the midpoints of \overline{BC} and \overline{EF} .
 - (d) Yes No A rotation of 60° clockwise around A.



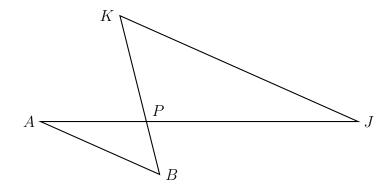
6. What is the length of the segment A(-2,1), B(3,13)?

8-10 Homework: Pretest on similar triangles, dilation, & symmetry

1. What series of transformations map $\triangle ABC$ onto $\triangle DEF$, shown below? Fully specify the transformations.

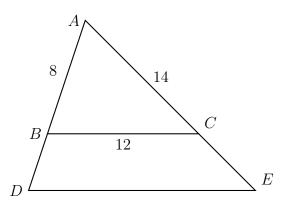


2. Given $\triangle ABP$ and $\triangle JKP$ as shown below. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{JK}$. $AP=10,\ JP=18,$ and JK=27. Find AB.

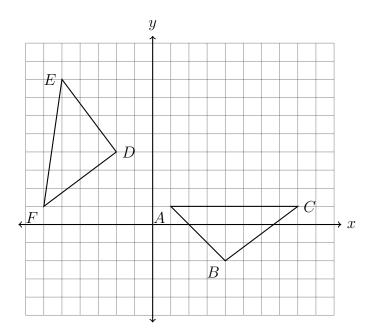


3. Triangle ABC is dilated with a factor of $\frac{3}{2}$ centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given AB=8, BC=12, and AC=14.

Find BD, AE, and DE.

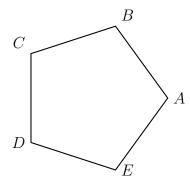


4. The grid shows $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$.



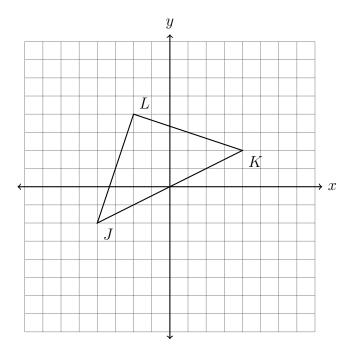
Let $\triangle A'B'C'$ be the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a rotation about point A. Determine and state the location of B' if the location of point C' is (1,8). Explain your answer, supported by stating the transformation applied.

5. What is the smallest non-zero angle of rotation about its center that would map pentagon ABCDE onto itself?



6. The vertices of $\triangle JKL$ have the coordinates J(-4,-2), K(4,2), and L(-2,4), as shown.

Apply a dilation to $\triangle JKL \to \triangle J'K'L'$, centered on the origin and with a scale factor k=1.5. Draw the image $\triangle J'K'L'$ on the set of axes below, labeling the vertices, and make a table showing the correspondence of both triangles' coordinate pairs.

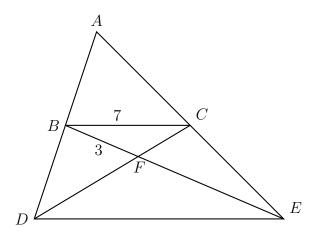


7. Triangle ADE and its midline \overline{BC} are drawn, with B the midpoint of \overline{AD} and C the midpoint of \overline{AE} . The two medians \overline{BE} and \overline{CD} are drawn, as shown, intersecting in point F, the centroid.

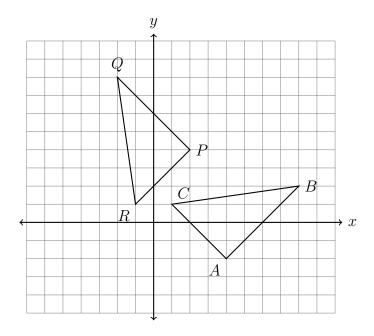
 $\triangle FCB \sim \triangle FDE$ with scale factor k=2.

Given BC = 7, find DE.

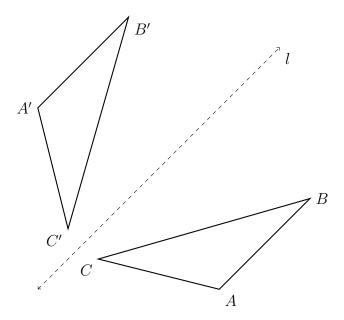
Given BF = 3, find FE.



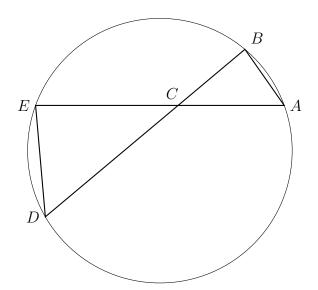
8. Determine and state the transformation or sequence of transformations applied to $\triangle ABC$, mapping it onto $\triangle PQR$, as shown.



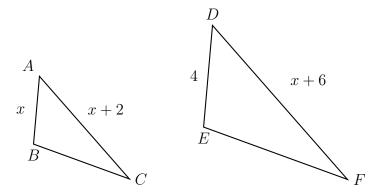
9. The $\triangle ABC$ is reflected across l to yield $\triangle A'B'C'$. AB=x+5, A'B'=2x-1, and BC=3x+2. Find the length B'C'.



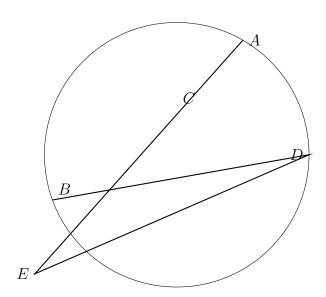
10. In the diagram below, the chords \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at C. Given that $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEC$, AB=2, DE=4, and AC=3. Determine the length of \overline{CD} .



11. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$, DE=4, AB=x, AC=x+2, and DF=x+6. Determine the length of \overline{AB} .



12. In the diagram below, the chords \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at C. Given that $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEC$, AB=2, DE=4, and AC=3. Determine the length of \overline{CD} .



13. Given $\triangle ABP$ and $\triangle JKP$ as shown below. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{JK}$ with AB=5, PA=4, PB=2, and PK=5.

Find PJ and JK.



