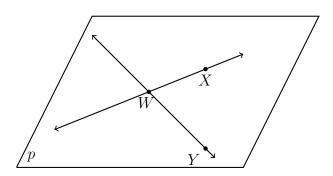
## 1.7 Exam: Tools of Geometry

- 1. Points that are all located on the same plane are \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Draw and label a line segment  $\overline{AB}$  such that the distance between points A and B is 4 cm.
- 3. Identify three points in the given plane.



- 4. A flat surface is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Two line segments or angles of equal measure are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. Given  $\overline{DEF}$ ,  $DE = 5\frac{1}{2}$ , and  $EF = 2\frac{1}{2}$ .
  - (a) Find DF.



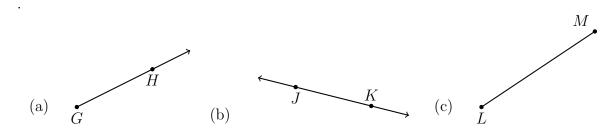
(b) The postulate used in this problem is the \_\_\_\_\_

7. Given the points V and W, draw  $\overrightarrow{WV}$ .



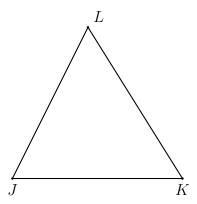
 $\overset{ullet}{W}$ 

8. Use symbols to write the name of each geometric figure.

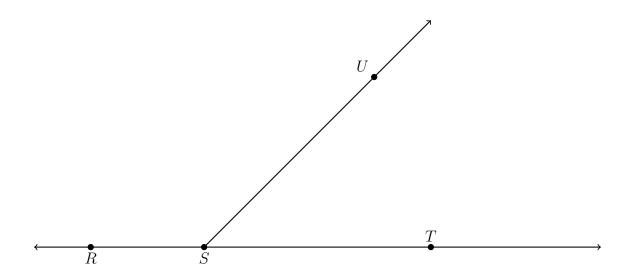


9. Using a straightedge, draw a pair of opposite rays. Label any points in the drawing and name the two rays to the right of the drawing, using proper notation.

10. Given  $\triangle JKL$  with  $\overline{JK}\cong\overline{KL}$ . On the diagram mark the congruent line segments with tick marks.



- 11. Find the measure of the angle in degrees and the given segment's length in centimeters.
  - (a)  $m \angle UST = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
  - (b) SU =\_\_\_\_\_
  - (c) Name a pair of opposite rays: \_\_\_\_\_



- 12. Given  $\overline{ABC}$ , AB = 3x 4, BC = x + 5, AC = 13. Find BC.
  - (a) Sketch and label the situation



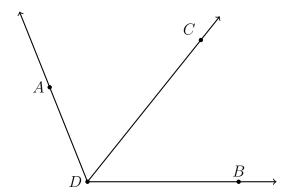
- (b) Write a geometric equation:
- (c) Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Solve for x

$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(e) Answer the question: Find BC by substituting for x.

$$BC = ( ) + 5 = ____$$

- 13. Given  $\angle ADB$  with angle bisector  $\overrightarrow{DC}$ .  $m\angle ADC = 4x + 2$ ,  $m\angle BDC = 3x + 14$ . Find  $m\angle ADC$ .
  - (a) Sketch and label the situation



- (b) Write a geometric equation:
- (c) Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Solve for x

$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(e) Answer the question: Find  $m \angle ADC$  by substituting for x.

$$m\angle ADC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

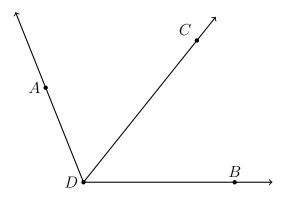
(f)  $\triangle MNP$  is equilateral.

14.	Complete the construction of an equilateral triangle including the six steps
	(a) Given the line segment $\overline{MN}$ .
	(b) Construct circle $M$ with radius
	(c) Construct circle with radius
	(d) Label the intersection $P$ of the two circles.
	(e) Draw line segments and



15b. Given  $\angle ADB$  with angle bisector  $\overrightarrow{DC}$  and  $m\angle ADC = 4x + 2$ ,  $m\angle ADB = 7x + 16$ . Find  $m\angle BDC$ .

1. Sketch and label the situation



- 2. Write a geometric equation: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Solve for x

$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

5. Answer the question: Find  $m \angle BDC$ 

$$m \angle BDC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

6. Check your answer

16b. Complete the construction of an equilateral triangle including the six steps.

1. Given the line segment  $\overline{MN}$ .

2.

3.

4.

5.

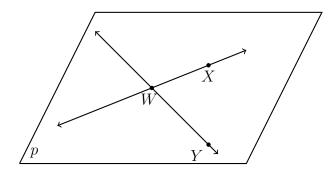
6.  $\triangle MNP$  is equilateral.



## **Exam Corrections: Tools of Geometry**

Study your errors. For each, write a note to yourself: what you need to do differently. Do all problems in this handout.

- 1. Points that are all located on the same line are \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Draw and label a line segment  $\overline{AB}$  such that the distance between points A and B is 4 cm.
- 3. Identify three line segments in the given plane.



- 4. A flat surface is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Find the value of |15 3| + |4 15|.
- 6. Two line segments or angles of equal measure are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. Given  $\overline{DEF}$ ,  $DE = 4\frac{1}{5}$ , and  $EF = 1\frac{3}{5}$ .
  - (a) Find DF.



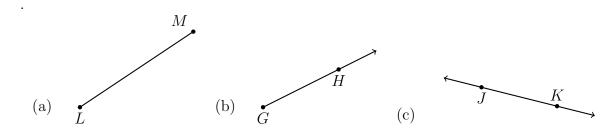
(b) The postulate used in this problem is the \_\_\_\_\_

8. Given the points V and W, draw  $\overline{VW}$ .



 $\overset{\bullet}{W}$ 

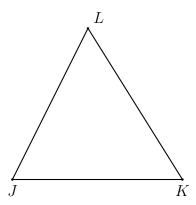
9. Use symbols to write the name of each geometric figure.



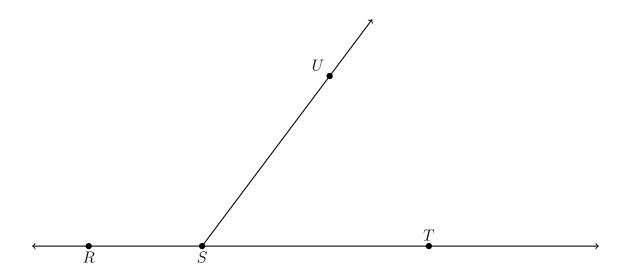
10. Given P(-2,5) and Q(4,-7). What is the slope of  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$ ? Use the formula  $m=\frac{y_Q-y_P}{x_Q-x_P}$ .

11. Using a straightedge, draw a pair of opposite rays. Label any points in the drawing and name the two rays to the right of the drawing, using proper notation.

12. Given  $\triangle JKL$  with  $\overline{JK}\cong \overline{JL}$ . On the diagram mark the congruent line segments with tick marks.



- 13. Find the measure of the angle in degrees and the given segment's length in centimeters.
  - (a)  $m \angle UST = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
  - (b) SU =\_\_\_\_\_
  - (c) Name a pair of opposite rays: \_\_\_\_\_



- 14. Given  $\overline{ABC}$ , AB = 3x 4, BC = x + 5, AC = 21. Find BC.
  - (a) Sketch and label the situation



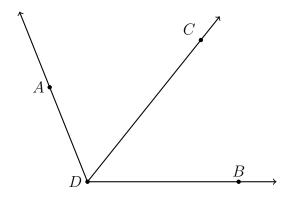
- (b) Write a geometric equation:
- (c) Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Solve for x

$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(e) Answer the question: Find BC by substituting for x.

$$BC = ( ) + 5 = ____$$

- 15. Given  $\angle ADB$  with angle bisector  $\overrightarrow{DC}$ .  $m\angle ADC = 5x 5$ ,  $m\angle BDC = 3x + 19$ . Find  $m\angle ADC$ .
  - (a) Sketch and label the situation



- (b) Write a geometric equation:
- (c) Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) Solve for x

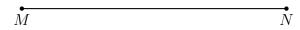
$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(e) Answer the question: Find  $m \angle ADC$  by substituting for x.

$$m\angle ADC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

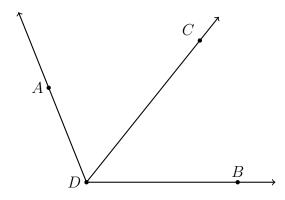
(f)  $\triangle MNP$  is equilateral.

16.	Complete the construction of an equilateral triangle including the six steps.
	(a) Given the line segment $\overline{MN}$ .
	(b) Construct circle $M$ with radius
	(c) Construct circle with radius
	(d) Label the intersection $P$ of the two circles.
	(e) Draw line segments and



15b. Given  $\angle ADB$  with angle bisector  $\overrightarrow{DC}$  and  $m\angle ADC = 5x - 5$ ,  $m\angle ADB = 8x + 14$ . Find  $m\angle BDC$ .

1. Sketch and label the situation



- 2. Write a geometric equation:
- 3. Substitute algebraic values: \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Solve for x

$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

5. Answer the question: Find  $m \angle BDC$ 

$$m \angle BDC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

6. Check your answer

16b. Complete the construction of an equilateral triangle including the six steps.

1. Given the line segment  $\overline{MN}$ .

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.  $\triangle MNP$  is equilateral.

