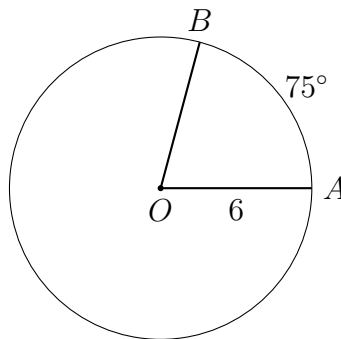


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10-4 Test: Volumes, circles, similar triangles, dilation ratios, transformations

You may leave your results in terms of π or a decimal.

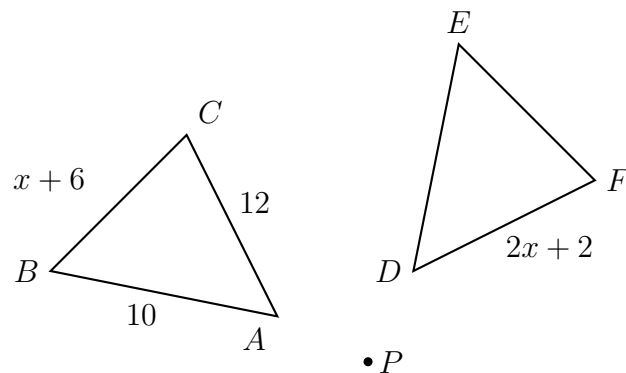
1. Find the volume of a rectangular prism (box) that is 3.2 units long, 1.8 units wide, and 2.5 units high.
2. Find the area of a circle with diameter of 8.
3. Find the volume of a sphere with a radius of 14 cm.
4. Find the volume of a cone with radius 11 and a height of 18.
5. Circle O has a radius $AO = 6$, as shown below, and arc measure $m\widehat{AB} = 75^\circ$.



- (a) Find the $m\angle AOB$.
- (b) Find the length of the arc \widehat{AB} .
- (c) Find the area of the sector AOB .

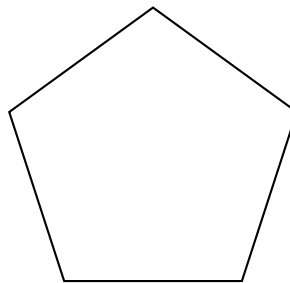
6. After a dilation with center $P(1, 2)$, the image of \overline{RS} is $\overline{R'S'}$. If $RS = 6$ and $R'S' = 15$, find the scale factor of this dilation.

7. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC$, with sides of 10, $x + 6$, and 12, is mapped onto $\triangle DEF$ after a clockwise rotation of 90° about point P .



If $DF = 2x + 2$, what is the value of x ?

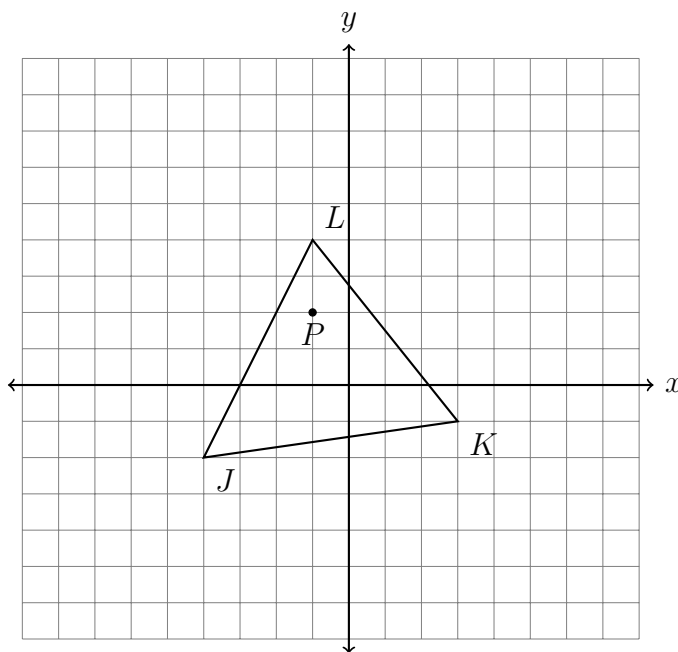
8. How many degrees is the smallest rotation around its center that would map the pentagon onto itself?



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9. The vertices of $\triangle JKL$ have the coordinates $J(-4, -2)$, $K(3, -1)$, and $L(-1, 4)$, and the point $P(-1, 2)$ is marked, as shown.

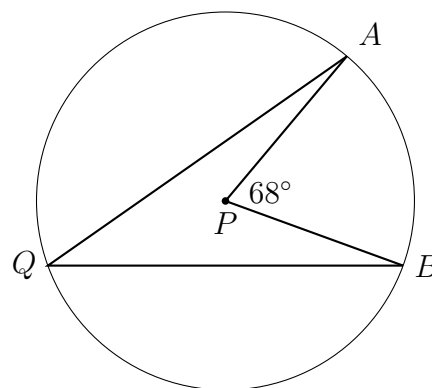
Apply a dilation to $\triangle JKL \rightarrow \triangle J'K'L'$, centered at P and with a scale factor $k = 2$. Draw the image $\triangle J'K'L'$ on the set of axes below, labeling the vertices.



10. Given circle P with $m\angle APB = 68^\circ$.

(a) Write down the $m\widehat{AB}$.

(b) Find the $m\angle AQB$.



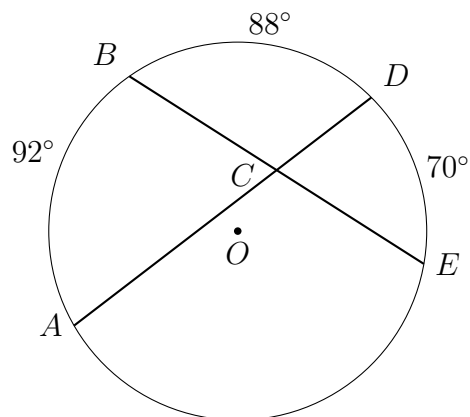
11. Write down the center and radius of each circle. Leave radii as simplified radicals if necessary (not decimals).

(a) $x^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 32$

(b) $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 7^2$

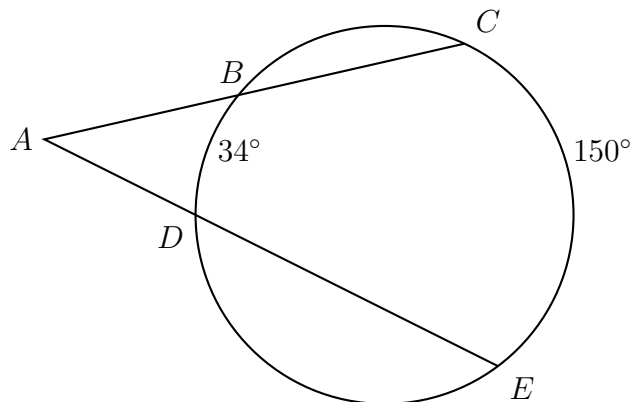
12. Given circle O with chords \overline{AD} and \overline{BE} intersecting at C , as shown in the diagram. Given $m\widehat{AB} = 92^\circ$, $m\widehat{BD} = 88^\circ$, and $m\widehat{DE} = 70^\circ$.

(a) Find the $m\angle ACB$.

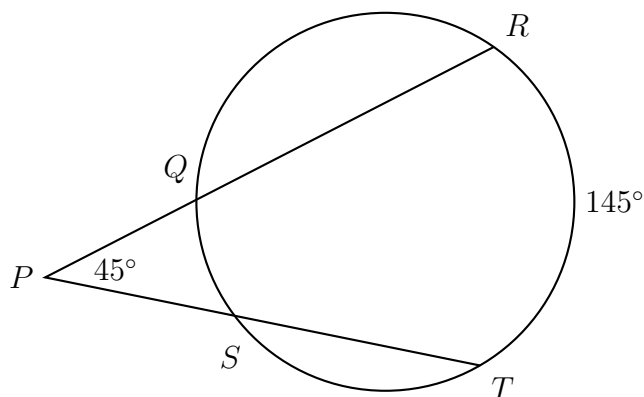


(b) Find the measure of the minor arc, $m\widehat{AE}$.

13. The secants \overline{ABC} and \overline{ADE} intersect the circle O , as shown in the diagram. Given $m\widehat{BD} = 34^\circ$ and $m\widehat{CE} = 150^\circ$. Find the $m\angle A$.



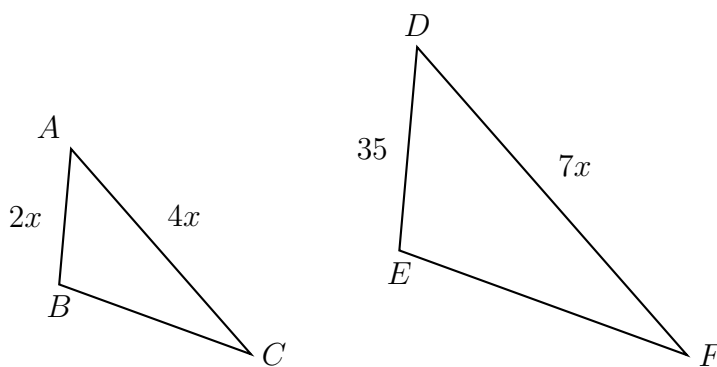
14. The secants \overline{PQR} and \overline{PST} intersect the circle O , as shown in the diagram. Given $m\angle P = 45^\circ$ and $m\widehat{RT} = 145^\circ$. Find the $m\widehat{QS}$.



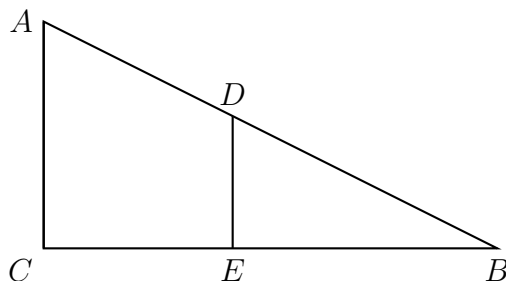
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15. Given $P(7, -4)$ and $Q(4, -1)$, find the length of \overline{PQ} . Simplify the radical.

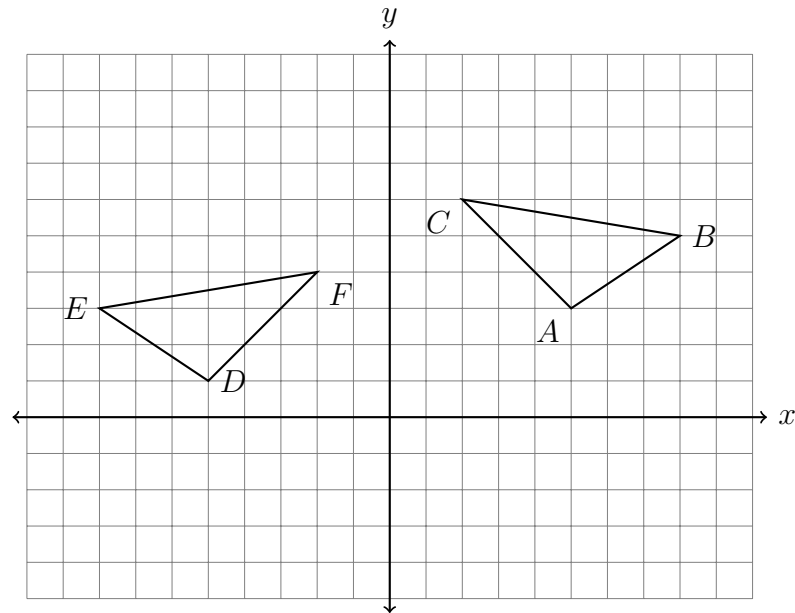
16. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$, $DE = 35$, $AB = 2x$, $AC = 4x$, and $DF = 7x$. Find x .



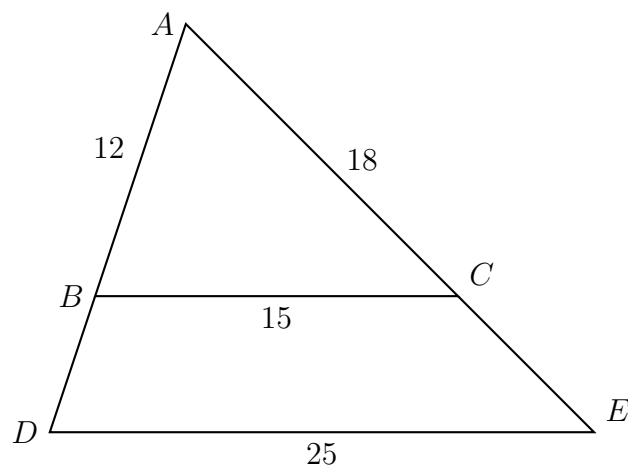
17. In right triangle ABC shown below, point D is on \overline{AB} and point E is on \overline{BC} such that $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{DE}$. If $AB = 20$, $BC = 15$, and $AD = 8$, what is the length of \overline{BE} ?



18. What series of transformations map $\triangle ABC$ onto $\triangle DEF$, shown below? Fully specify the transformations.



19. Triangle ABC is dilated with a scale factor of k centered at A , yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given $AB = 12$, $BC = 15$, $AC = 18$, and $DE = 25$. Find BD , AE , and k (the scale factor).



20. What is the length of the segment $A(2, 10)$, $B(-4, 2)$?

21. What is the equation of a line through the point $A(3, -5)$ and parallel to the line $y = \frac{3}{5}x + 1$? (hint: use the point-slope formula, $y - y_A = m(x - x_A)$)

22. The line l has the equation $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 3$. To each line below, circle whether l is parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

(a) parallel perpendicular neither $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 5$

(b) parallel perpendicular neither $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 9$

(c) parallel perpendicular neither $3x + 4y = -15$

(d) parallel perpendicular neither $4x - 3y = 6$

23. Simplify each expression. (Leave it in radical form if necessary, not a decimal.)

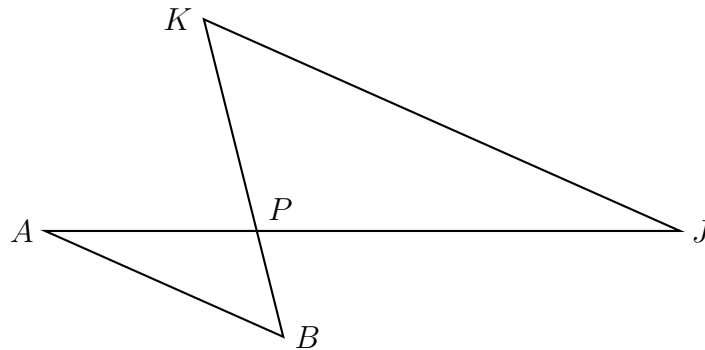
(a) $\sqrt{144}$

(c) $\sqrt{32}$

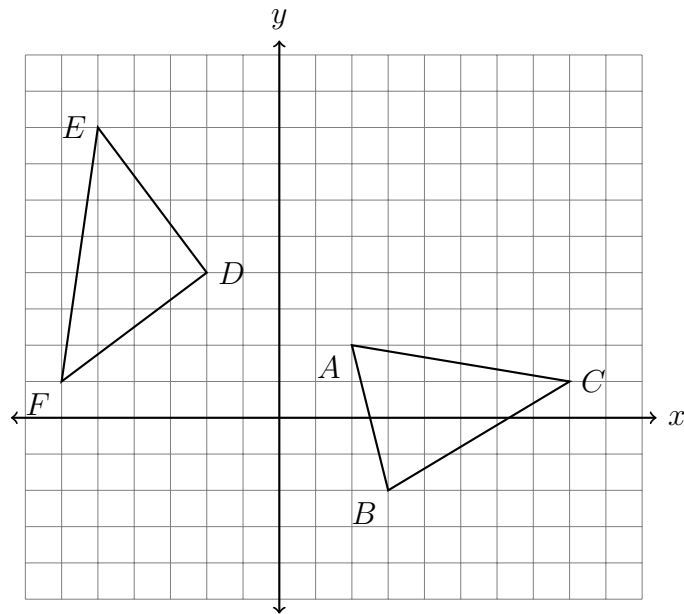
(b) $\sqrt{50}$

(d) $\sqrt{\frac{49}{16}}$

24. Given $\triangle ABP$ and $\triangle JKP$ as shown below. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{JK}$. $AP = 6$, $JP = 14$, and $JK = 21$. Find AB .



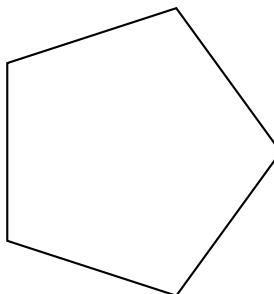
25. The grid shows $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$.



Let $\triangle A'B'C'$ be the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a rotation about point A . Determine and state the location of B' if the location of point C' is $(1, -4)$. Explain your answer, supported by stating the transformation applied.

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26. What is the smallest non-zero angle of rotation about its center that would map the pentagon onto itself?

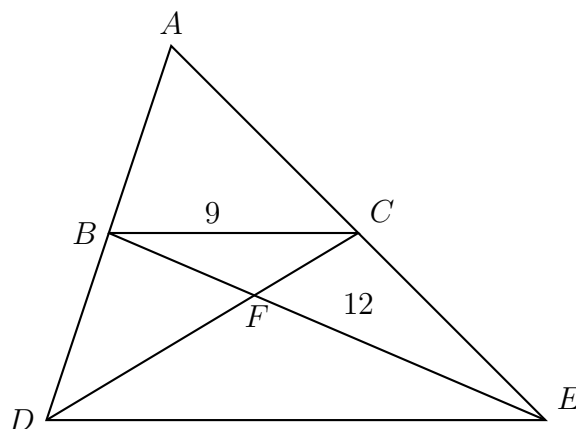


27. Triangle ADE and its midline \overline{BC} are drawn, with B the midpoint of \overline{AD} and C the midpoint of \overline{AE} . The two medians \overline{BE} and \overline{CD} are drawn, as shown, intersecting in point F , the centroid.

$\triangle FCB \sim \triangle FDE$ with scale factor $k = 2$.

Given $BC = 9$, find DE .

Given $FE = 12$, find BF .

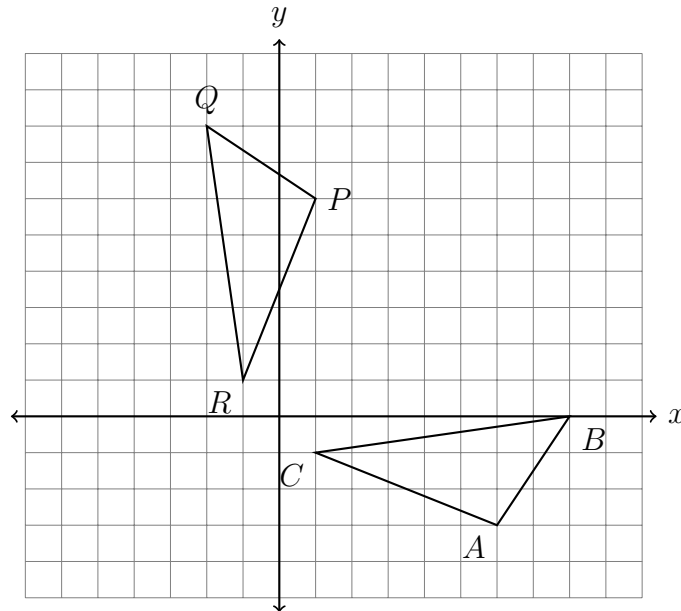


28. Write down the center and radius of each circle.

(a) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 16$

(b) $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 7)^2 = 25$

29. Determine and state the transformation or sequence of transformations applied to $\triangle ABC$, mapping it onto $\triangle PQR$, as shown.



30. The diagram below shows $\triangle ABC$, with \overline{AEB} , \overline{ADC} , and $\angle ACB \cong \angle AED$. $AB = 14$, $AD = 8$, and $DE = 4$.

(a) $\overline{AE} \rightarrow$ _____

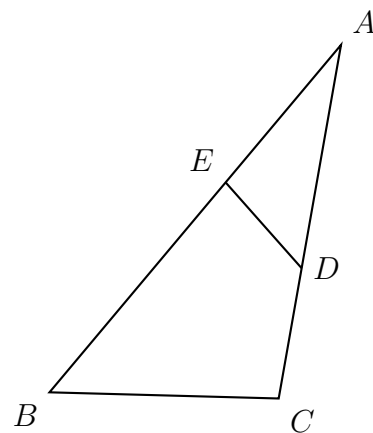
(b) $\overline{AD} \rightarrow$ _____

(c) $\triangle ADE \sim$ _____

(d) What is the scale factor?

$k =$ _____

(e) What is the length of \overline{BC} ?



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31. Given $\triangle JKL \sim \triangle MNO$. $m\angle J = 43^\circ$ and $m\angle L = 92^\circ$.
Find the measure of $\angle N$.
32. A translation maps $A(3, 5) \rightarrow A'(-2, 7)$. What is the image of $B(-4, 1)$ under the same translation?
33. Given $A(-3, 5)$ and $B(0, -1)$, find the length of \overline{AB} . Leave the result in simplified radical form (not a decimal).

Early finishers

34. In the diagram below, the chords \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at C , with $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEC$, $BC = 3$, $AC = 4$, and $AE = 11$. Determine the length of \overline{CD} .

