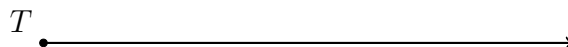
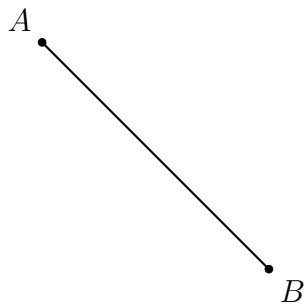


### Classical constructions

1. Elementary, single constuctions
  - (a) Equilateral Triangle
  - (b) Duplicate a line segment
  - (c) Perpendicular (bisector, through a point on/off the line)
  - (d) Bisect an angle
  - (e) Duplicate an angle
2. Triangle centers (perpendicular, bisectors, altitudes, medians)

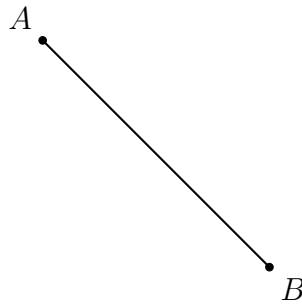
### Equilateral triangle

1. Construct an equilateral triangle having one side on  $\vec{T}$  with each leg congruent to  $\overline{AB}$ .  
[Leave all construction marks.]



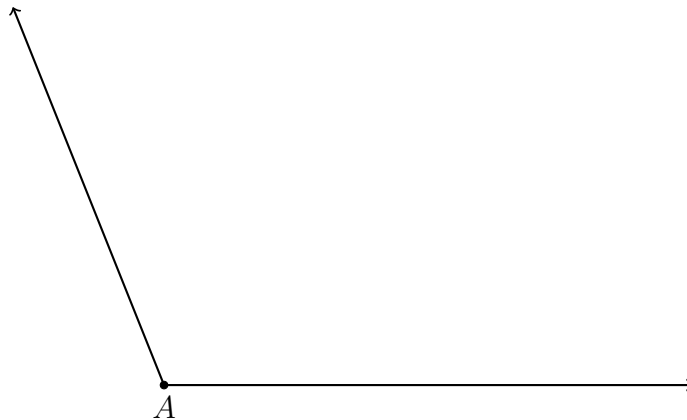
**Perpendicular (bisector, through a point on/off the line)**

2. Construct a perpendicular bisector the given line segment  $\overline{AB}$ . Label the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$  as  $M$ . [Leave all construction marks.]



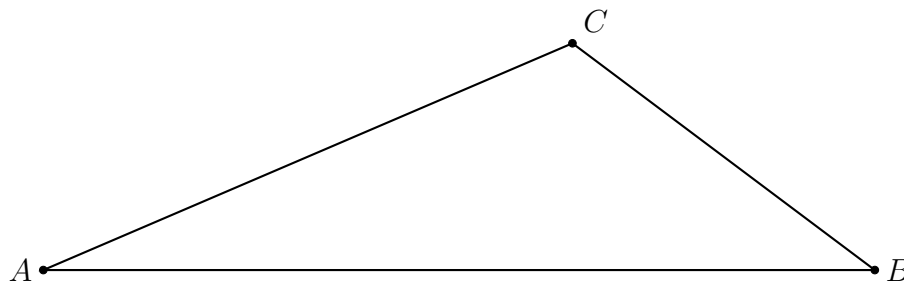
**Angle bisector**

3. Construct an angle bisector the given angle  $A$ . [Leave all construction marks.]

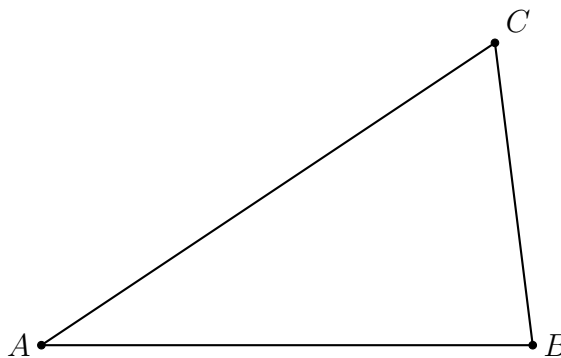


### Triangle centers

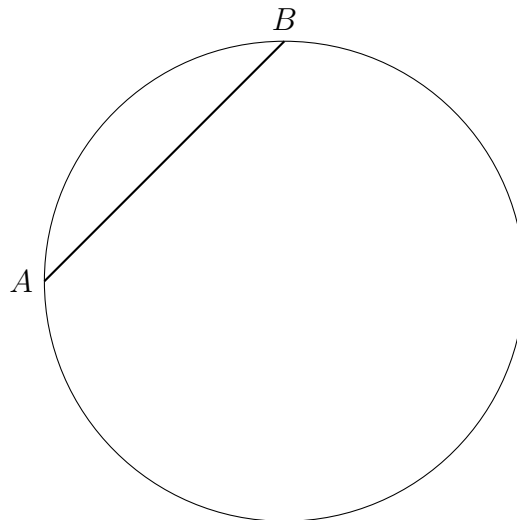
4. Construct a perpendicular to  $\overline{AB}$  through  $C$ .



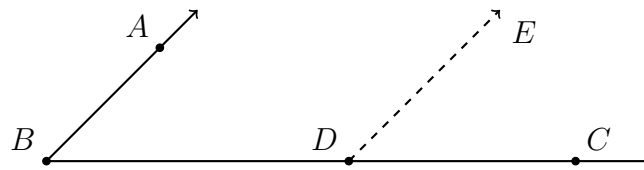
5. Construct the midpoint  $M$  of  $\overline{AC}$  by using the perpendicular bisector construction.  
Draw  $\overline{BM}$ , a *median* of  $\triangle ABC$ .  
Spicy: Construct the other two medians, and hence, the centroid.



6. In the circle below,  $\overline{AB}$  is a chord. Using a compass and straightedge, construct a perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AB}$ , and hence, a diameter of the circle. [Leave all construction marks.]

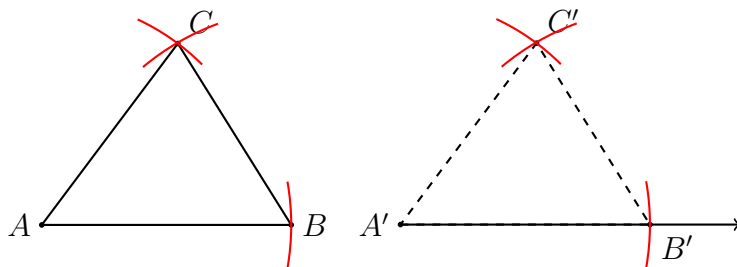


7. Spicy: Given  $\angle ABC$ , construct duplicate  $\angle CDE$ . (Leave all construction marks.)



### Triangle congruence ( $\triangle \cong$ )

8. Function notation:  $A \rightarrow A'$  is pronounced “A gets mapped to A prime,” or “A corresponds to A prime.”
9. Given  $\triangle ABC$ , duplicate  $\triangle ABC$  by duplicating each side. (“side-side-side” or “SSS”)
  - (a) Construct  $\vec{A'}$ .
  - (b) Circle  $A'$  with radius  $AB$ .
  - (c) Intersection  $B'$ .
  - (d) Circle  $A'$  with radius  $AC$ .
  - (e) Circle  $B'$  with radius  $BC$ .
  - (f) Intersection  $C'$ .
  - (g)  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle A'B'C'$  by the SSS  $\triangle \cong$  Postulate.



10. The Side-side-side triangle congruence postulate (SSS  $\triangle \cong$ ).  
 $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle A'B'C'$  iff  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{A'B'}$ ,  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{B'C'}$ , and  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{A'C'}$