

Name:

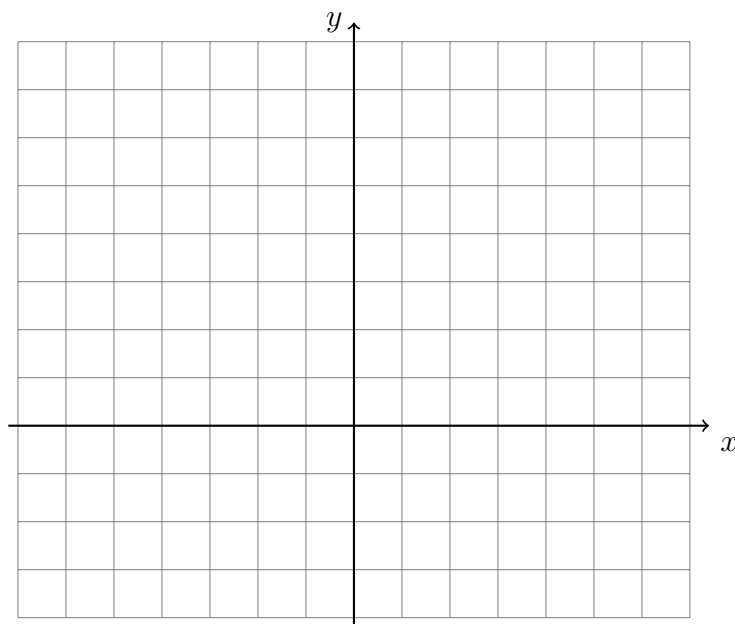
11-2 Homework: Using slope to prove theorems

1. Graph and label the two equations. Mark their intersection as an ordered pair.

$$y = -2x + 3$$

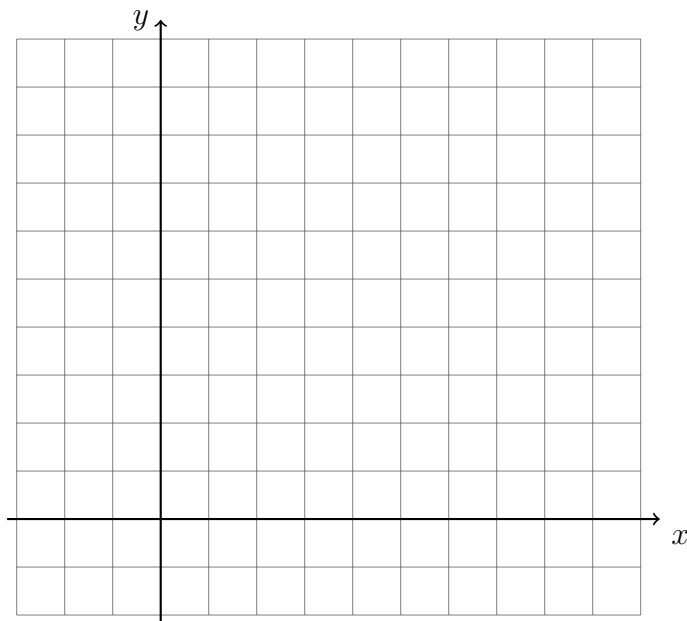
$$2x - 4y = 8$$

Are the lines parallel, perpendicular, or neither? Justify your answer.



2. A translation of $x \rightarrow x + 2, y \rightarrow y - 4$ maps $\overline{AB} \rightarrow \overline{CD}$, with $A(-2, 0)$ and $B(0, 5)$. Find the slopes and y -intercepts of \overleftrightarrow{AB} and \overleftrightarrow{CD} , and hence write down the equations of the two lines.

3. On the graph, draw $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A(-2, 1)$, $B(9, -1)$, $C(1, 5)$. Prove that $\triangle ABC$ is a right triangle by showing $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BC}$. Complete the concluding statements given.



Segment \overline{AC} and segment _____ are perpendicular so $\angle C$ is a _____ angle.

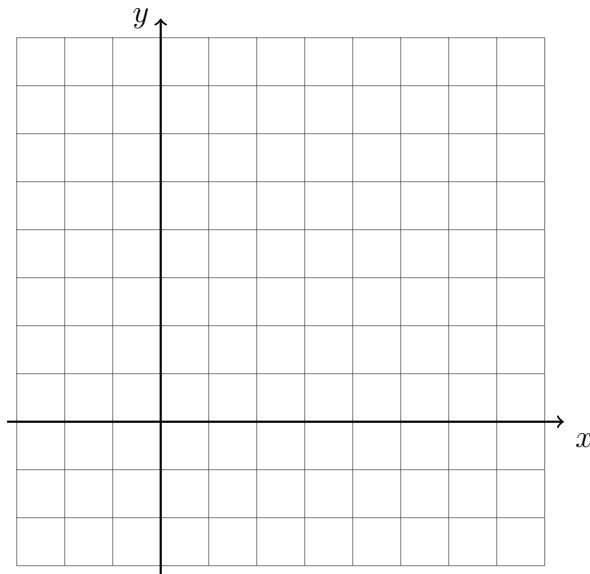
Angle _____ is a right angle so $\triangle ABC$ is a right triangle.

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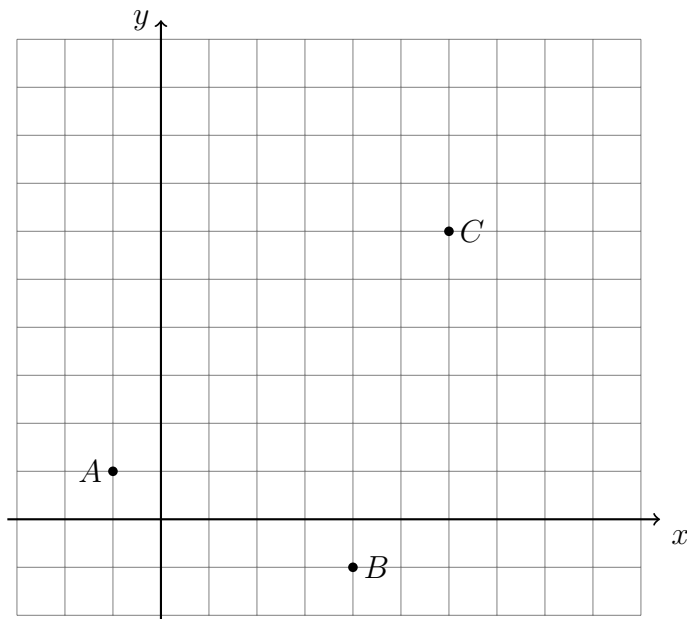
Fill in the blanks.

4. The opposite sides of a parallelogram are both _____ and _____.
5. Opposite internal angles of a parallelogram are _____.
6. Adjacent internal angles of a parallelogram are _____.
7. The diagonals of a parallelogram _____ each other.
8. Draw quadrilateral $ABCD$ with vertices $A(0, 2)$, $B(6, -1)$, $C(5, 3)$, and $D(-1, 6)$ on the grid below. Prove that $ABCD$ is a parallelogram by using slopes to show $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{BC}$.

Be sure to state that $m_{\overline{AB}} = m_{\overline{CD}}$ and $m_{\overline{AD}} = m_{\overline{BC}}$. Finish with a concluding statement.



9. Three of the vertices of the parallelogram $ABCD$ are given: $A(-1, 1)$, $B(4, -1)$, $C(6, 6)$. Determine and state the coordinates of the fourth vertex, D , and mark and label it on the grid below. Draw the sides of the parallelogram.



10. The parallelogram $BECA$ with vertices $B(-2, -1)$, $E(6, 1)$, $C(4, 7)$, and $A(-4, 5)$ is shown. Use the midpoint formula to show that the diagonals \overline{BC} and \overline{EA} bisect each other. State that $M_{\overline{BC}} = M_{\overline{EA}}$ and the concluding statement. Draw the diagonals and label the midpoint.

