				E	x pori	Pag Dat									
	*	Aim		To	obtai	in A	ne c	oeffic	cient	of	va	riatio	n,		
	*	Exp	erim	ent:	Con	pule A	the g	civen	effic de	ient Va.	of	Val	victio	n	
				A				B							
				8:	5			72							
				20				4							
				28				15 30							
				7				59							
				69				15 49							
				13				27							
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*	压	eory	C	and I	form	Da:		effic	ient			riatio		the	
	fo	th	2 9	mean	di	nes	ratio		f	he is	s far	mee	de	viati)n

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	of relative variability. We can denote it by CV. (V is particularly useful when comparison between two different & surveys need to be
	made that have different measures or values. Fromula:- CV = 5 x 100
	where $\sigma = Standard Deviation$ $\bar{z} = Mean$ Lower CV means more consistency of data
* Re	and Higher CV means more variability. sult: - Coefficient of variation (B) = 75.92 Coefficient of variation (B) = 64.17
	On the analysis of result, we can say that B is more consistent than A.