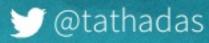
Making Structured Streaming Ready For Production

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Spark Summit East 8th February 2017



About Me

Spark PMC Member

Built Spark Streaming in UC Berkeley

Currently focused on Structured Streaming



building robust stream processing apps is hard



Complexities in stream processing

Complex Data

Diverse data formats (json, avro, binary, ...)

Data can be dirty, late, out-of-order

Complex Workloads

Event time processing

Combining streaming with interactive queries, machine learning

Complex Systems

Diverse storage systems and formats (SQL, NoSQL, parquet, ...)

System failures



Structured Streaming

stream processing on Spark SQL engine fast, scalable, fault-tolerant

rich, unified, high level APIs deal with *complex data* and *complex workloads*

rich ecosystem of data sources integrate with many storage systems

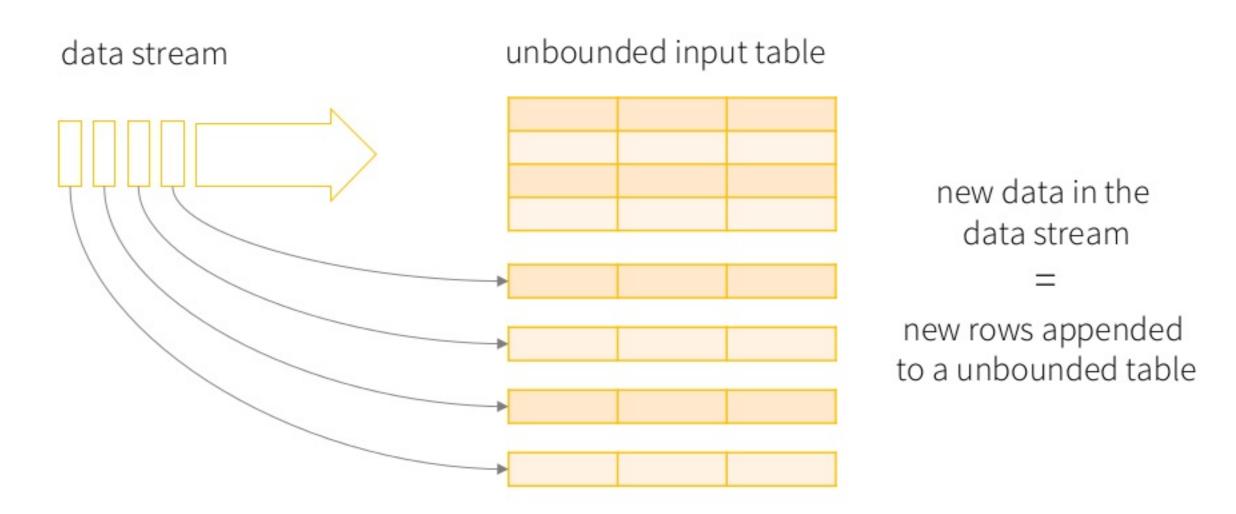


Philosophy

the simplest way to perform stream processing is *not having to reason* about streaming at all



Treat Streams as Unbounded Tables



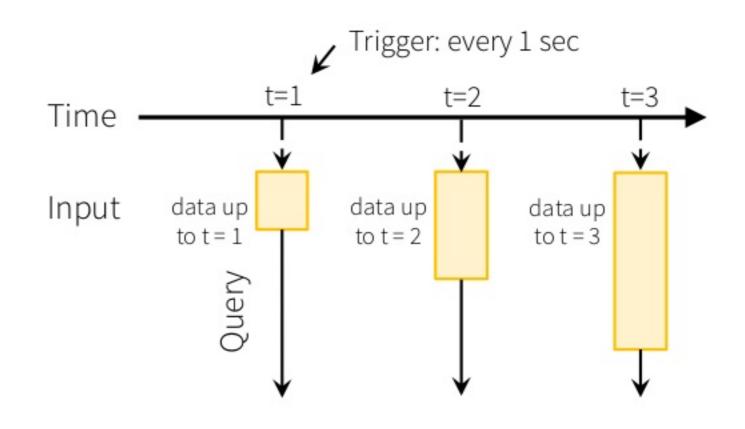


New Model

Input: data from source as an append-only table

Trigger: how frequently to check input for new data

Query: operations on input usual map/filter/reduce new window, session ops



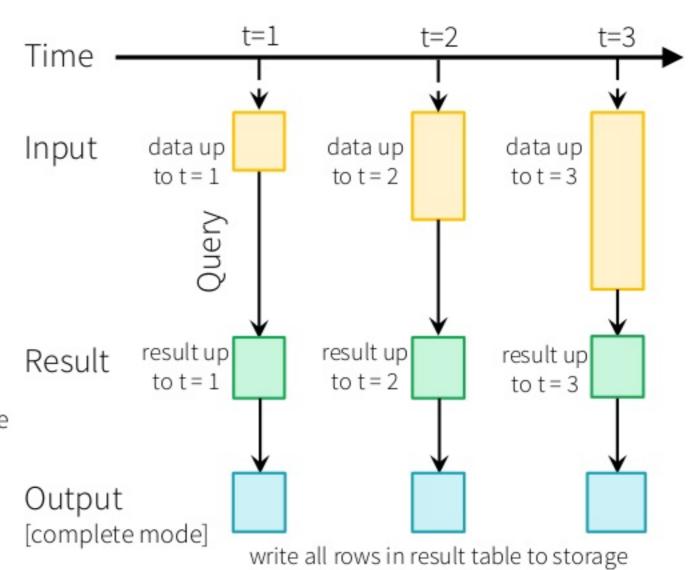


New Model

Result: final operated table updated after every trigger

Output: what part of result to write to storage after every trigger

Complete output: write full result table every time





New Model

Result: final operated table updated after every trigger

Output: what part of result to write to storage after every trigger

Complete output: write full result table every time **Append output**: write only new rows that got added to result table since previous batch t=2

t=3

t=1

Time

Input data up data up data up to t = 1to t = 2tot=3Query result up result up result up Result to t = 2to t = 3to t = 1Output [append mode] write new rows since last trigger to storage

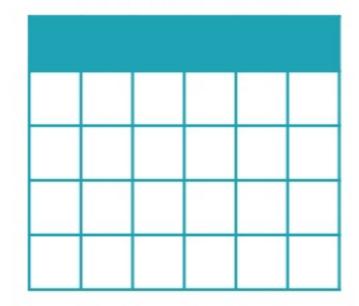
^{*}Not all output modes are feasible with all queries

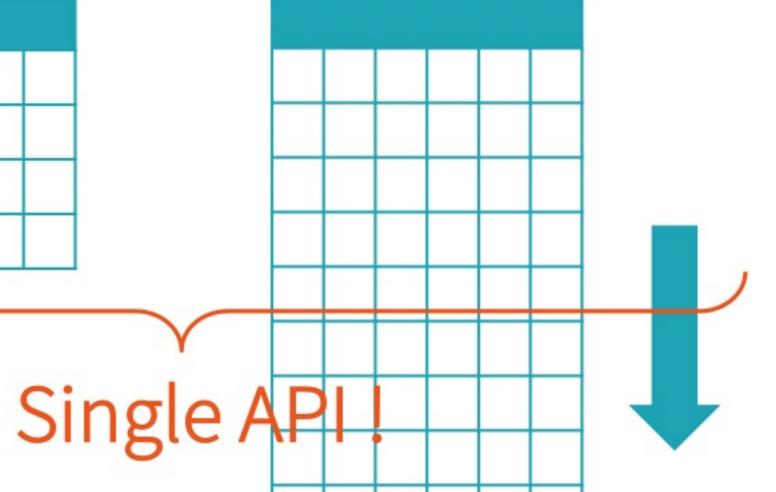
databricks

API - Dataset/DataFrame

static data = bounded table

streaming data = unbounded table







Batch Queries with DataFrames

```
input = spark.read
                                    Read from Json file
    .format("json")
    .load("source-path")
result = input
    .select("device", "signal")
                                    Select some devices
    .where("signal > 15")
result.write
    .format("parquet")
                                    Write to parquet file
    .save("dest-path")
```



Streaming Queries with DataFrames

```
input = spark.readStream
                                    Read from Json file stream
    .format("json")
                                         Replace read with readStream
    .load("source-path")
result = input
    .select("device", "signal")
                                    Select some devices
    .where("signal > 15")
                                         Code does not change
result.writeStream
    .format("parquet")
                                    Write to Parquet file stream
    .start("dest-path")
                                         Replace save() with start()
```



Streaming Query Execution

```
t = 2
                                                                                                            t = 1
                                                                                                                                     t = 3
input = spark.readStream
                                                               Streaming
  .format("json")
                                                                 Source
  .load("source-path")
                                                                 Project
result = input
                                                               device, signal
  .select("device", "signal")
                                                                                                                         process
                                                                                                             process
  .where("signal > 15")
                                                                  Filter
result.writeStream
                                                                signal > 15
  .format("parquet")
  .start("dest-path")
                                                               Streaming
                                                                  Sink
                                                                                                                         Parquet
                                                                                                                                     Parquet
```

DataFrames, Datasets, SQL

Logical Plan

Series of Incremental Execution Plans

Spark SQL converts batch-like query to series of incremental execution plans operating on new batches of data



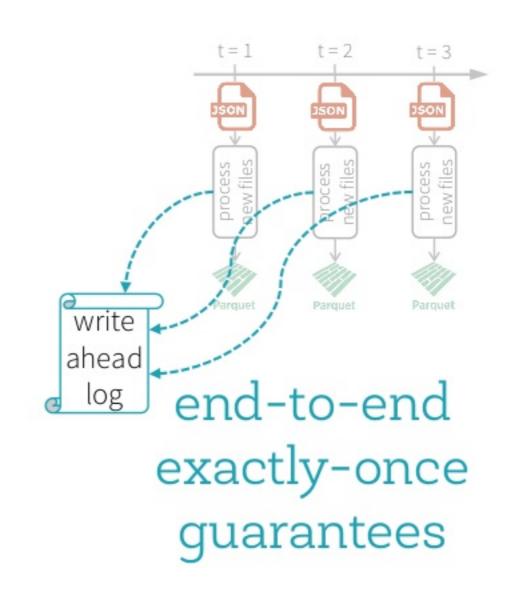
Fault-tolerance with Checkpointing

Checkpointing - metadata (e.g. offsets) of current batch stored in a write ahead log in HDFS/S3

Query can be restarted from the log

Streaming sources can replay the exact data range in case of failure

Streaming sinks can dedup reprocessed data when writing, idempotent by design





Complex Streaming ETL

Traditional ETL



Raw, dirty, un/semi-structured is data dumped as files

Periodic jobs run every few hours to convert raw data to structured data ready for further analytics

Traditional ETL

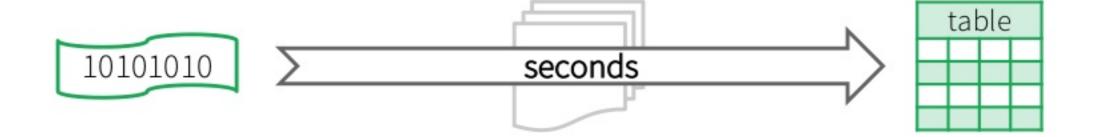


Hours of delay before taking decisions on latest data

Unacceptable when time is of essence [intrusion detection, anomaly detection, etc.]



Streaming ETL w/ Structured Streaming



Structured Streaming enables raw data to be available as structured data as soon as possible

Streaming ETL w/ Structured Streaming

Example

- Json data being received in Kafka
- Parse nested json and flatten it
- Store in structured Parquet table
- Get end-to-end failure guarantees

```
val rawData = spark.readStream
  .format("kafka")
  .option("subscribe", "topic")
  .option("kafka.boostrap.servers",...)
  .load()
val parsedData = rawData
  .selectExpr("cast (value as string) as json"))
  .select(from_json("json").as("data"))
  .select("data.*")
val query = parsedData.writeStream
  .option("checkpointLocation", "/checkpoint")
  .partitionBy("date")
  .format("parquet")
  .start("/parquetTable/")
```

Reading from Kafka [Spark 2.1]

```
Support Kafka 0.10.0.1
                                        val rawData = spark.readStream
Specify options to configure
                                             .format("kafka")
                                             .option("kafka.boostrap.servers",...)
                                             .option("subscribe", "topic")
  How?
                                             .load()
     kafka.boostrap.servers => broker1
  What?
     subscribe => topic1,topic2,topic3
                                              // fixed list of topics
     subscribePattern => topic*
                                              // dynamic list of topics
                     => {"topicA":[0,1] }
                                              // specific partitions
     assign
  Where?
     startingOffsets => latest(default) / earliest / {"topicA":{"0":23,"1":345} }
```



Reading from Kafka

rawData dataframe has the following columns

key	value	topic	partition	offset	timestamp	
[binary]	[binary]	"topicA"	0	345	1486087873	
[binary]	[binary]	"topicB"	3	2890	1486086721	



Cast binary *value* to string Name it column *json*

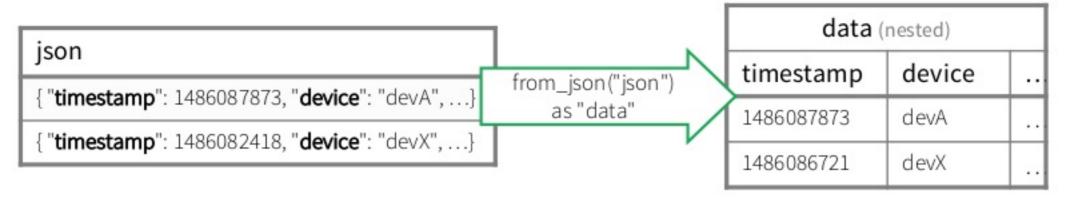
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```



Cast binary *value* to string Name it column *json*

```
val parsedData = rawData
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```

Parse *json* string and expand into nested columns, name it *data*





Cast binary *value* to string Name it column *json*

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val parsedData = rawData
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Parse *json* string and expand into nested columns, name it *data*

Flatten the nested columns





Cast binary *value* to string Name it column *json*

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    .selectExpr("cast (value as string) as json")
    .select(from_json("json").as("data"))
    .select("data.*")
```

Parse *json* string and expand into nested columns, name it data

Flatten the nested columns

powerful built-in APIs to perform complex data transformations

from_json, to_json, explode, ...
100s of functions



Writing to Parquet table

Save parsed data as Parquet table in the given path

Partition files by date so that future queries on time slices of data is fast e.g. query on last 48 hours of data

```
val query = parsedData.writeStream
    .option("checkpointLocation", ...)
    .partitionBy("date")
    .format("parquet")
    .start("/parquetTable")
```



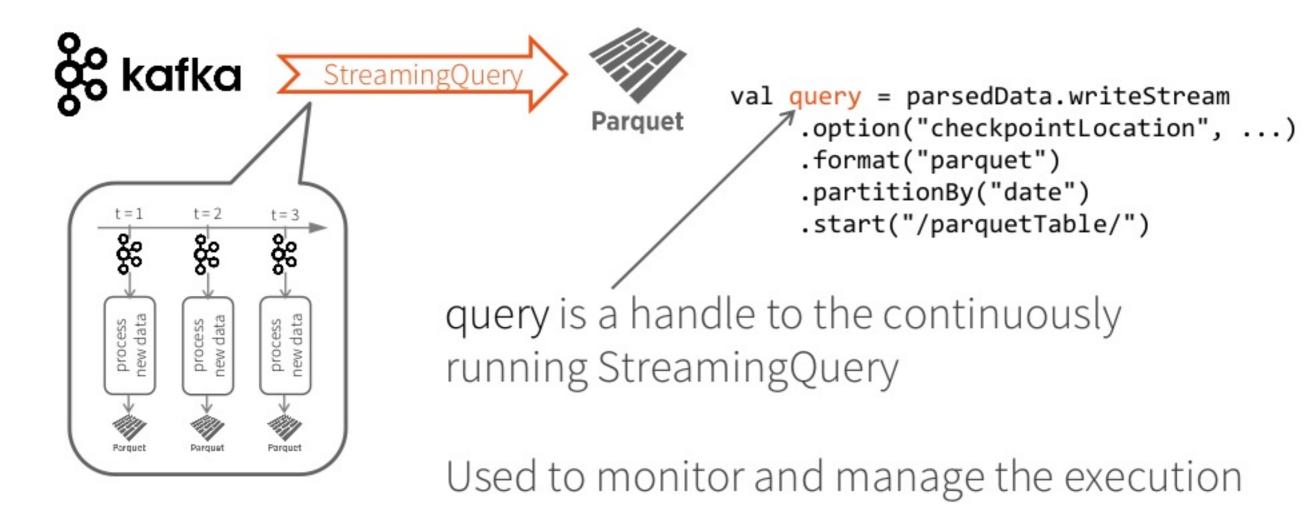
Checkpointing

Enable checkpointing by setting the checkpoint location to save offset logs

start actually starts a continuous running StreamingQuery in the Spark cluster

```
val query = parsedData.writeStream
    .option("checkpointLocation", ...)
    .format("parquet")
    .partitionBy("date")
    .start("/parquetTable/")
```

Streaming Query





Data Consistency on Ad-hoc Queries



Data available for complex, ad-hoc analytics within seconds

Parquet table is updated atomically, ensures *prefix integrity*Even if distributed, ad-hoc queries will see either all updates from streaming query or none, read more in our blog
https://databricks.com/blog/2016/07/28/structured-streaming-in-apache-spark.html



Advanced Streaming Analytics

Event time Aggregations

Many use cases require aggregate statistics by event time E.g. what's the #errors in each system in the 1 hour windows?

Many challenges

Extracting event time from data, handling late, out-of-order data

DStream APIs were insufficient for event-time stuff



Event time Aggregations

Windowing is just another type of grouping in Struct. Streaming

number of records every hour

avg signal strength of each device every 10 mins

Support UDAFs!

.avg("signal")

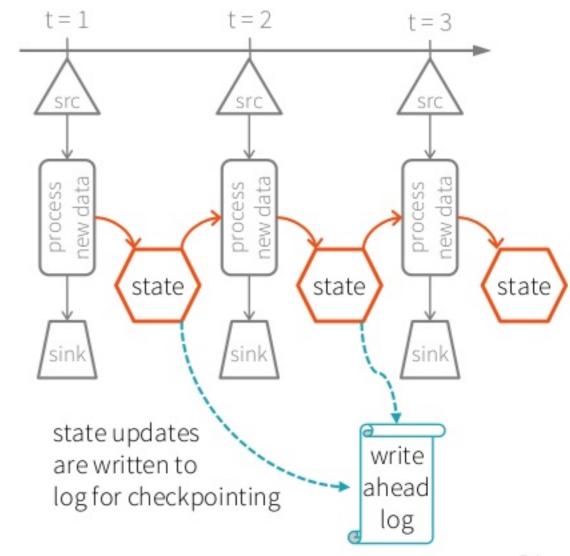
Stateful Processing for Aggregations

Aggregates has to be saved as distributed state between triggers

Each trigger reads previous state and writes updated state

State stored in memory, backed by write ahead log in HDFS/S3

Fault-tolerant, exactly-once guarantee!

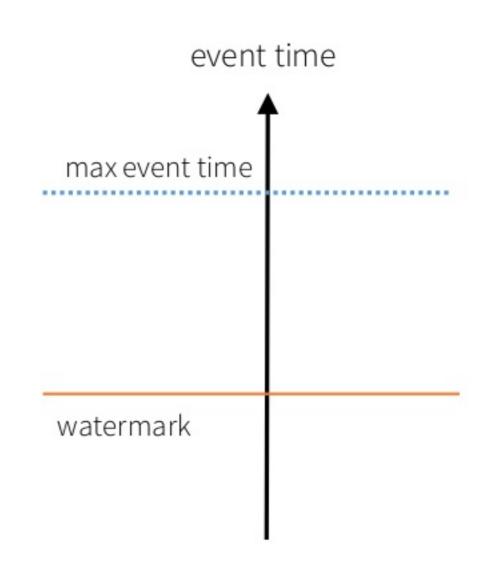




Watermarking and Late Data

Watermark [Spark 2.1] boundary in event time trailing behind max observed event time

Windows older than watermark automatically deleted to limit the amount of intermediate state



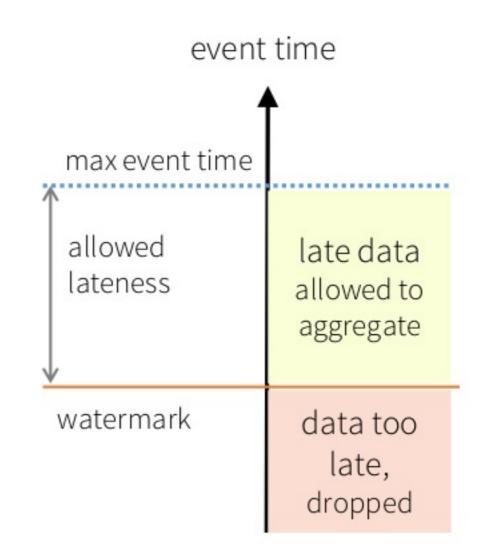


Watermarking and Late Data

Gap is a configurable allowed lateness

Data newer than watermark may be late, but allowed to aggregate

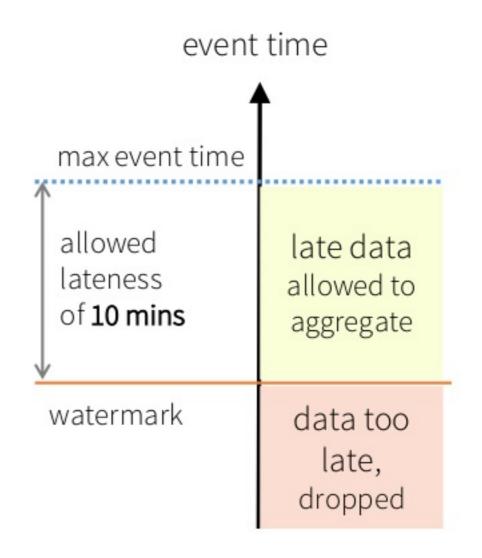
Data older than watermark is "too late" and dropped, state removed





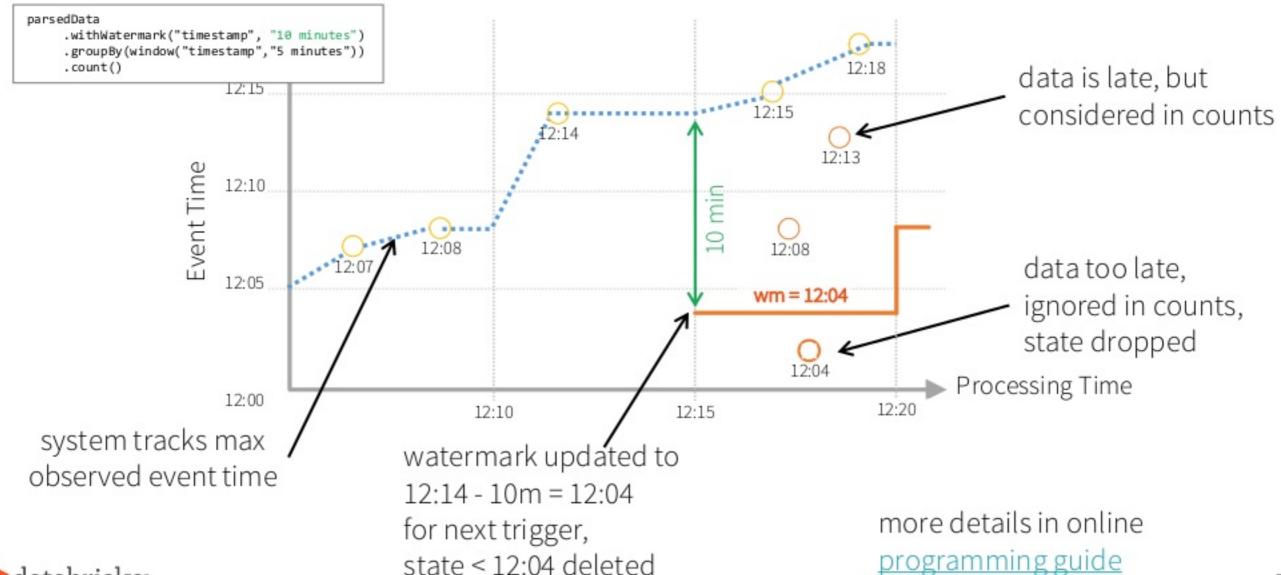
Watermarking and Late Data

```
parsedData
    .withWatermark("timestamp", "10 minutes")
    .groupBy(window("timestamp", "5 minutes"))
    .count()
```





Watermarking to Limit State [Spark 2.1]





Arbitrary Stateful Operations [Spark 2.2]

mapGroupsWithState

allows any user-defined stateful ops to a user-defined state

fault-tolerant, exactly-once

supports type-safe langs Scala and Java

```
dataset
    .groupByKey(groupingFunc)
    .mapGroupsWithState(mappingFunc)
def mappingFunc(
    key: K,
    values: Iterator[V],
    state: KeyedState[S]): U = {
    // update or remove state
   // return mapped value
```

Many more updates!

StreamingQueryListener [Spark 2.1]

Receive of regular progress heartbeats for health and perf monitoring Automatic in Databricks!!

Kafka Batch Queries [Spark 2.2] Run batch queries on Kafka just like a file system

Kafka Sink [Spark 2.2]

Write to Kafka, can only give at-least-once guarantee as Kafka doesn't support transactional updates

Update Output mode [Spark 2.2]
Only updated rows in result table to be written to sink



More Info

Structured Streaming Programming Guide

http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/structured-streaming-programming-guide.html

Databricks blog posts for more focused discussions

https://databricks.com/blog/2016/07/28/continuous-applications-evolving-streaming-in-apache-spark-2-0.html

https://databricks.com/blog/2016/07/28/structured-streaming-in-apache-spark.html

https://databricks.com/blog/2017/01/19/real-time-streaming-etl-structured-streaming-apache-spark-2-1.html

and more, stay tuned!!



Comparison with Other Engines

Property	Structured Streaming	Spark Streaming	Apache Storm	Apache Flink	Kafka Streams	Google Dataflow
Streaming API	incrementalize batch queries	integrates with batch	separate from batch	separate from batch	separate from batch	integrates with batch
Prefix Integrity Guarantee	~	~	×	×	×	×
Internal Processing	exactly once	exactly once	at least once	exactly once	at least once	exactly once
Transactional Sources/Sinks	~	some	some	some	×	×
Interactive Queries	~	~	×	×	×	×
Joins with Static Data	~	~	×	×	×	×

