## Redux in a Nutshell Lab

It's unfortunate that we don't have time to really get into Redux because it is a fantastic library that complements React so well. But at least we got a high-level introduction and we are hoping that after the course you'll make time to dig into understanding Redux enough to actually write your own Redux code. To help with that, we are providing you with a prewritten implementation of Redux that we will use for subsequent labs.

#### **Install Redux**

- 1. Open a command window and cd to your "client" project. Install Redux. npm install @reduxjs/toolkit react-redux
- 2. Take a look in package.json. Make sure redux is listed as a dependency.
- 3. Look in node\_modules. Make sure you can see the redux library.

Of course there is no way for you to learn Redux in just one lecture, so we won't ask you to write your own redux store, reducers, action creators, and middleware. Instead we've built them for you. Let's see what we can learn by reading through them.

### Copy the prebuilt Redux files

It is a best practice to keep your Redux things together in a folder so let's group them.

- Look in the starters folder. Notice that there's a folder in there called 'store'. This is a pre-built Redux store.
- 5. Copy all of starters/store to your project under src. Something like this might work:
- cp myProject/starters/store myProject/client/src
   (Hint: don't actually execute that command. It is just trying to tell you to copy the entire store
   folder to your src folder under your project.)
- 6. Go ahead and look around in that folder. You'll find certain files. Let's examine them.

### store.js

Crack open store.js in your IDE. Discuss these questions with your pair programming part What is being imported from redux?	ner
What are each of them for? What will they do?	

Notice that we're importing a bunch of reducers and middleware. Let's take a look at them.

### Looking at the reducers

Edit reducers.js. Take a look at each reducer. Notice that they all have the same shape. V is being received and returned? It is	Vhat
But before we return a new state, we are altering the state.	

11. See if you can follow through the reducer composition, going backwards through the file, tracing each sub-reducer's part back to its origin.

Notice that we're importing from ./actions.js. Let's look at what's in there.

### actions.js

This file holds an enumeration of sorts of all of the types of actions that can be taken. All it does is prevent hard-to-debug typos and enables your IDE to prompt you with intellisense.

12. Scan through this file with your partner. Discuss why it helps. What if you didn't have it? What might happen?

### middleware.js

- 13. Open this file and read through. Notice first that it imports actions and actionTypes from actions. We now know what those are.
- 14. Take a look at one or two of the middleware functions that are being exported. Discuss with your partner how they work.
- 15. Notice the shape of every middleware function. They have the same required shape. What is that shape?

Redux middleware is a very advanced subject, so don't fret if you don't understand it. It really takes days to get a deep enough understanding of Redux to be able to apply it. Maybe you can come back for a multiple-day intro at a later time.

16. There are several middleware functions that begin with fetch. Notice how they are fetching some data from an API and in the promise callback, it is dispatching a couple of actions. Where are those actions coming from?

# Wiring them up with react-redux and hooks

Finally, let's make them work. To do so we're going to use a fairly advanced technique that will become much more clear toward the end of the React class. But how cool that you get to a preview of React hooks, right?

17. Open index.js and add these lines to the top of the file:

```
import { Provider } from 'react-redux';
import { store } from './store/store';
```

18. Below that, find where we're rendering the <App />. Wrap the <App /> like this:

```
<Provider store={store}><App /></Provider>
```

19. Open App.js and import useSelector and useDispatch from react-redux. Redux itself isn't needed. Interesting, right? And while you're there, import useEffect and useState from React.

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
import { useSelector, useDispatch } from 'react-redux';
import { actions } from './store/actions';
```

20. Inside the App function at the top, add these lines.

```
const state = useSelector(state => state);
const dispatch = useDispatch();
useEffect(() => {
    dispatch(actions.fetchInitialData());
}, []);
```

21. Run and test. You won't see anything different rendered on the page but if you console.log(state), you should be seeing lots of wonderful data about theaters and films and showings.

I know that's a lot of unfamiliar code to take in, but some of it will become clearer later in the course and other parts are beyond the scope of the course (so don't sweat it). In a nutshell, this useEffect line says "The first time this app is rendered, use the fetchInitialData middleware to fetch the initial data."