# assignment5

#### March 11, 2024

### Importing Necessary Libraries

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

 ${\tt C:\Users\aakas\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18288\555797462.py:1:}$ 

DeprecationWarning:

Pyarrow will become a required dependency of pandas in the next major release of pandas (pandas 3.0),

(to allow more performant data types, such as the Arrow string type, and better interoperability with other libraries)

but was not found to be installed on your system.

If this would cause problems for you,

please provide us feedback at https://github.com/pandas-dev/pandas/issues/54466

import pandas as pd

#### Reading Dataset

```
[2]: network = pd.read_csv("assignment5-dataset.csv")
```

#### [3]: network.head()

[3]:	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0

#### Checking and Replacing Missing Values

```
[4]: network.replace("?", np.nan, inplace=True)
```

```
[5]: network.isnull().sum()
```

[5]: User ID 0
Gender 0
Age 0
EstimatedSalary 0
Purchased 0

dtype: int64

[6]: network["Gender"].replace("Male", 0, inplace=True)
network["Gender"].replace("Female", 1, inplace=True)

C:\Users\aakas\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18288\632014200.py:1: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

network["Gender"].replace("Male", 0, inplace=True)

C:\Users\aakas\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18288\632014200.py:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

network["Gender"].replace("Female", 1, inplace=True)

C:\Users\aakas\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_18288\632014200.py:2: FutureWarning: Downcasting behavior in `replace` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. To retain the old behavior, explicitly call

`result.infer\_objects(copy=False)`. To opt-in to the future behavior, set
`pd.set\_option('future.no\_silent\_downcasting', True)`
 network["Gender"].replace("Female", 1, inplace=True)

#### [7]: network.head()

[7]: User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased 0 15624510 0 19 19000 0

```
1 15810944
                     35
                                   20000
                                                  0
                 0
2 15668575
                 1
                     26
                                   43000
                                                  0
                                                  0
3 15603246
                     27
                                   57000
                 1
4 15804002
                                   76000
                                                  0
                     19
```

```
[8]: max_salary = network["EstimatedSalary"].max()
min_salary = network["EstimatedSalary"].min()
print(max_salary, min_salary)
```

150000 15000

### Finding Correlation between all Columns

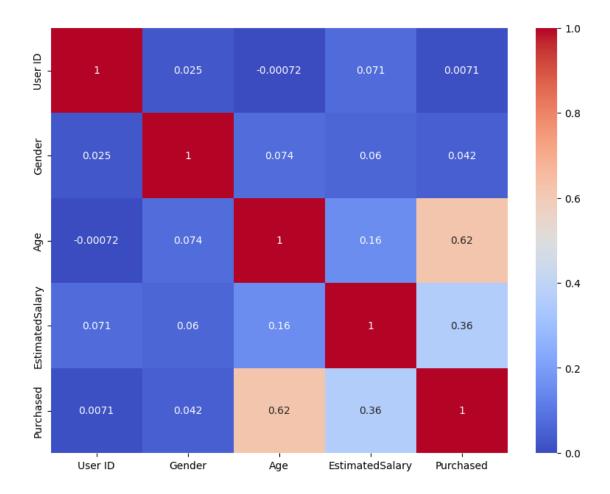
```
[9]: correlation = network.corr()
correlation
```

[9]:		User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
[0].				O	•	
	User ID	1.000000	0.025249	-0.000721	0.071097	0.007120
	Gender	0.025249	1.000000	0.073741	0.060435	0.042469
	Age	-0.000721	0.073741	1.000000	0.155238	0.622454
	${\tt EstimatedSalary}$	0.071097	0.060435	0.155238	1.000000	0.362083
	Purchased	0.007120	0.042469	0.622454	0.362083	1.000000

# Plotting Heatmap

```
[10]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7.5)) sns.heatmap(correlation, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm")
```

[10]: <Axes: >



### Logistic Regression

```
[11]: x = network.iloc[:,2:-1]
y = network.iloc[:,-1]
```

```
[12]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

```
[13]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.20, u orandom_state=0)
```

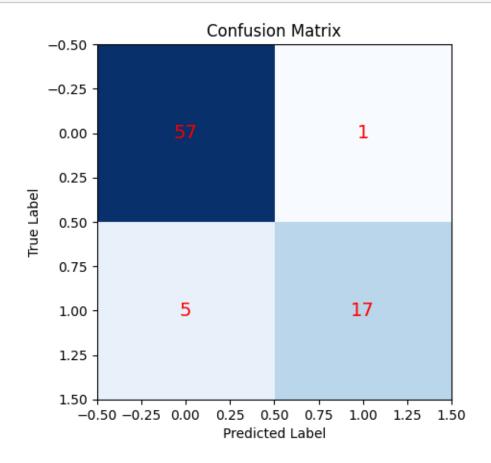
## [14]: x\_test

```
[14]:
            Age
                 EstimatedSalary
                            87000
      132
             30
      309
             38
                            50000
      341
             35
                            75000
      196
             30
                            79000
      246
             35
                            50000
```

```
14
                          82000
            18
      363
           42
                          79000
      304
            40
                          60000
      361
            53
                          34000
      329
            47
                         107000
      [80 rows x 2 columns]
     Applying Scaling for better Accuracy
[15]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
[16]: sc = StandardScaler()
      x_train = sc.fit_transform(x_train)
      x_test = sc.transform(x_test)
[17]: max_salary = x_test[1].max()
      min_salary = x_test[1].min()
      print(max_salary, min_salary)
     -0.021264850777441783 -0.5773590622674106
[18]: model = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
[19]: model.fit(x_train, y_train)
[19]: LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
[20]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
     Plotting Confusion Matrix
[21]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score,__
       ⇔classification_report
[22]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      plt.imshow(cm, interpolation="nearest", cmap="Blues")
      plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
      plt.ylabel("True Label")
      plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
      for i in range(cm.shape[0]):
          for j in range(cm.shape[1]):
              plt.text(j, i, cm[i, j], ha='center', va='center', fontsize=14, u
```

color='red')

plt.show()



### Calculating Accuracy

```
[23]: log_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
log_accuracy*100
```

[23]: 92.5

### Classification Report

```
[24]: class_report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred, output_dict=True) class_report
```

```
'recall': 0.7727272727272727,
        'f1-score': 0.85,
        'support': 22.0},
       'accuracy': 0.925,
       'macro avg': {'precision': 0.9318996415770608,
        'recall': 0.8777429467084639,
        'support': 80.0},
       'weighted avg': {'precision': 0.9262544802867383,
        'recall': 0.925,
        'f1-score': 0.9225,
        'support': 80.0}}
[27]: %pip install statsmodels
     Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages
     (0.14.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2,>=1.18 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     statsmodels) (1.26.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy!=1.9.2,>=1.4 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     statsmodels) (1.12.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas!=2.1.0,>=1.0 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     statsmodels) (2.2.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.4 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     statsmodels) (0.5.6)
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\roaming\python\python312\site-packages (from statsmodels)
     (23.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     pandas!=2.1.0,>=1.0->statsmodels) (2.8.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     pandas!=2.1.0,>=1.0->statsmodels) (2024.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from
     pandas!=2.1.0,>=1.0->statsmodels) (2024.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: six in
     c:\users\aakas\appdata\roaming\python\python312\site-packages (from
     patsy>=0.5.4->statsmodels) (1.16.0)
```

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

### Scatter Plot with Regression Line

```
[42]: sns.regplot(data = network, x=x_test[:, 0], y=y_pred, logistic=True, 

⇒scatter_kws={"alpha":0.4},line_kws={"color":"red"})

plt.title("Scatter Plot with Regression Line")
plt.show()
```

