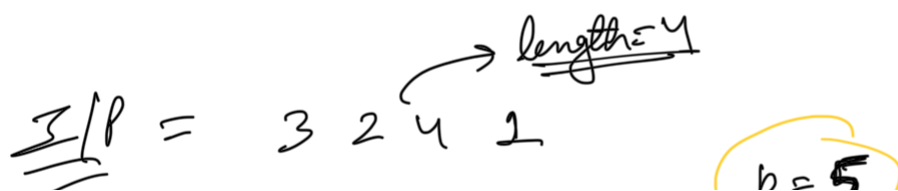
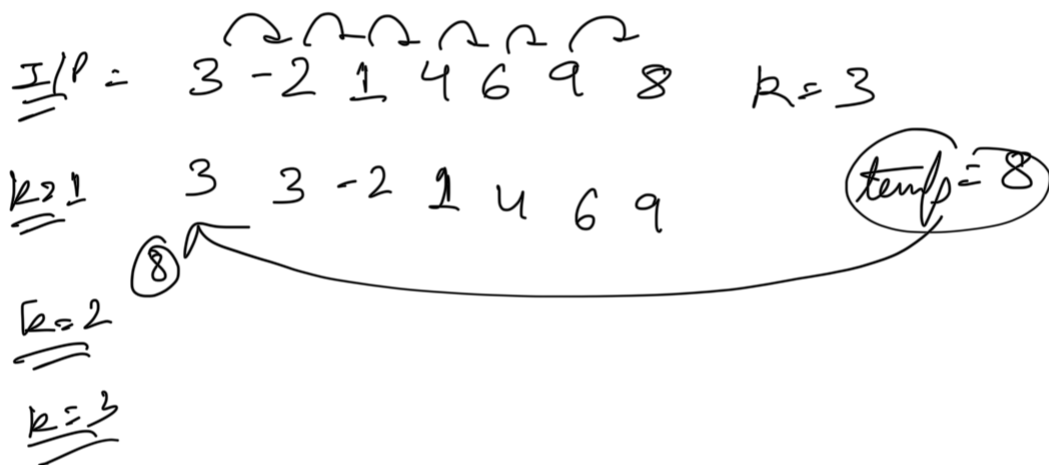
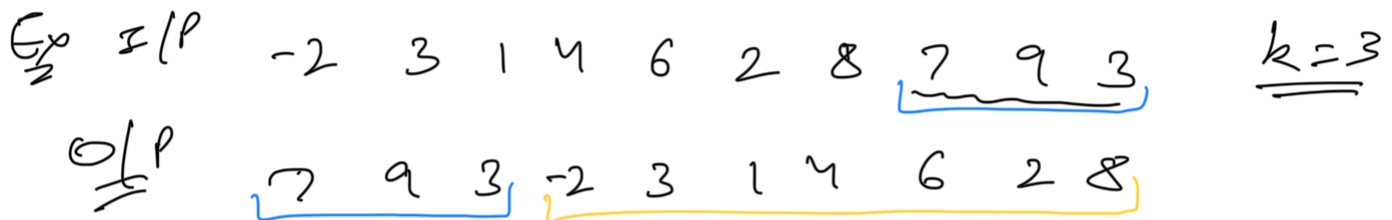
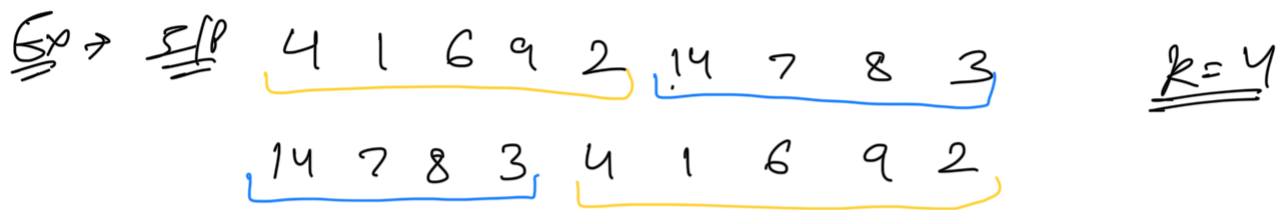
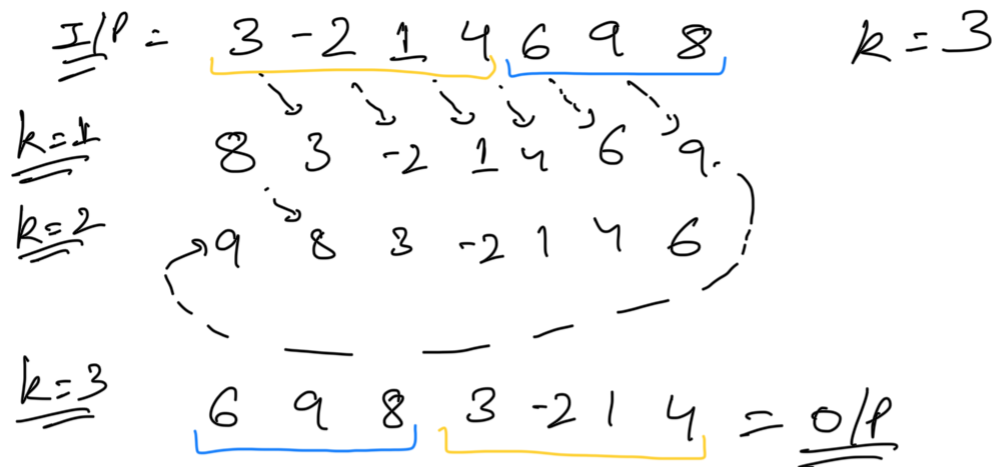
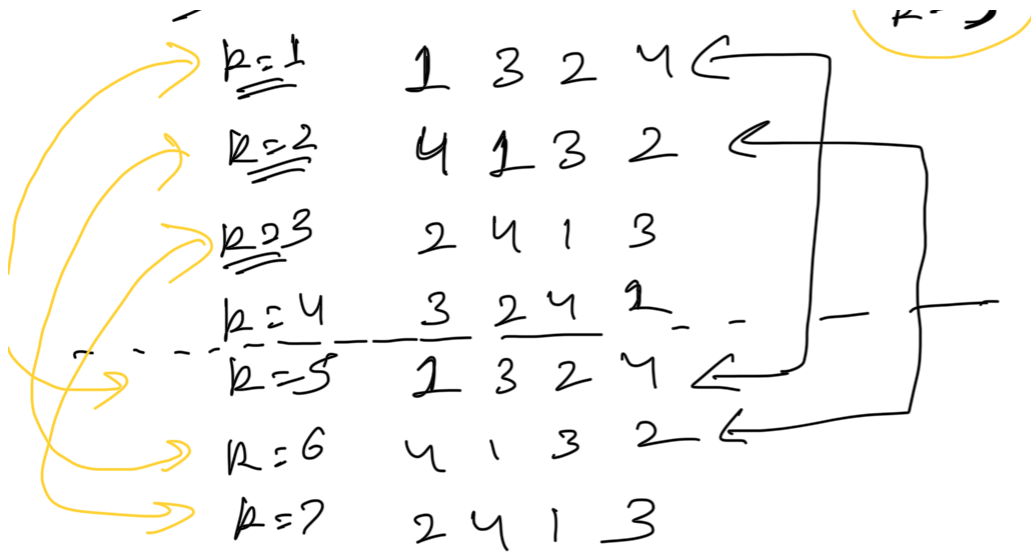


Lists2 batch14

Q Given an arr, rotate from right to left k -times.





$$\underline{k} = k \% \text{length(arr)}$$

$$= 7 \% 4 = \underline{3}$$

$$1 \text{ rotation} \rightarrow \underline{O(N)}$$

$$k \text{ rotation} \rightarrow O(kN)$$

-2 3 1 4 6 2 8 7 9 3

k=3

1) Reverse entire array = 3 9 7 8 2 6 4 1 3 -2

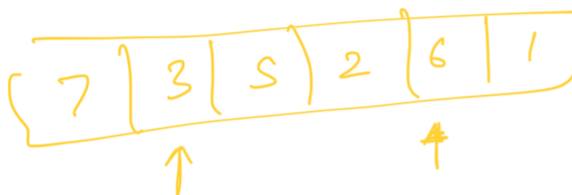
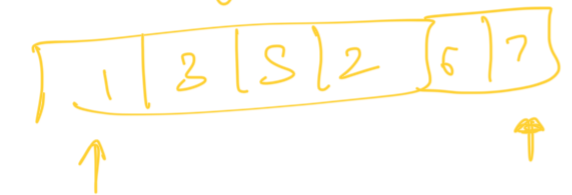
2) Reverse 1st k ele = 7 9 3 8 2 6 4 1 3 -2

3) Reverse last N-k ele = 7 9 3 -2 3 1 4 6 2 8

$$T.C. = O(N + k + N - k) = O(2N) = O(N)$$

$$S.C. = O(1)$$

Reverse array



7 6 5 2 3 1

7 6 2 5 3 1

Time $\Rightarrow O(N)$

Q Given an arr & an integer k, return total no. of subarrays whose sum equals k.

Ex nums = [1, 2, 3], k=3

Subarrays

{ [1] \rightarrow 1 \times
[2] \rightarrow 2 \times
[3] \rightarrow 3

$$\boxed{O/P = 2}$$

$[1,2] \rightarrow 3$
 $[2,3] \rightarrow 5 \times$
 $[1,2,3] \rightarrow 6 \times$

$\Rightarrow [2 \ 5 \ 1 \ 6 \ 8]$

Subarrays

$[5 \ 1] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 1 \ 6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 6 \ 8] \times$
 $[5 \ 8] \times$
 $[6] \checkmark$
 $[6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 5 \ 1] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 1] \times$
 $[1 \ 6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 5 \ 1 \ 6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[8 \ 6 \ 1 \ 5] \times$
 $[5 \ 1 \ 6] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 6] \times$

Subsequences

$[2 \ 6] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 1 \ 6 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 5 \ 8 \ 6 \ 1] \times$
 $[1 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $[2 \ 5 \ 1 \ 6] \checkmark$
 $[6 \ 1 \ 5 \ 2] \times$

Subsets

$[5 \ 2 \ 1] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 6] \checkmark$
 $[5 \ 5] \times$
 $[1 \ 8 \ 2 \ 5 \ 6] \checkmark$
 $[1 \ 2 \ 8] \checkmark$
 $* (5 \ 2 \ 1) = (1 \ 2 \ 5)$
 $= (2 \ 1 \ 5)$
 $(\underbrace{5 \ 5 \ 1 \ 2}) \Rightarrow (5 \ 1 \ 2)$
 $(5 \ 1 \ 2) \rightarrow (1 \ 2 \ 5)$
 $(2 \ 8 \ 1)$
 $\boxed{(5 \ 1 \ 2)}$
 $(5 \ 1 \ 2)$

Ex num = [1, 2, 3], k=3

Subarrays

[1] → 1 ✗
 [2] → 2 ✗
 [3] → 3
 [1, 2] → 3
 [2, 3] → 5 ✗
 [1, 2, 3] → 6 ✗

$$\boxed{O/P = 2}$$

Ex 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 1 4 1 2 2 -1 4 -7 3 4

pf-sum

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	5	6	8	10	9	13	6	9	13

k=7

$$[4, 1, 2] = 7$$

$$[3, 4] = 7$$

$$[2, 2, -1, 4] = 7$$

$$[2, 2, -1, 4, -7, 3, 4] = 7$$

pf-sum[i] = Sum all the elements starty from idn 0 to i
 in original array.

pf-sum[7] = 6 = Sum of arr[0: ^{includes} 7] is 6

pf-sum[5] = 9 = Sum of all elements ^{idn} 0 to 5 = 9

Sum of all elements from any idn i to j?

Sum of all element from 6 to 7 =

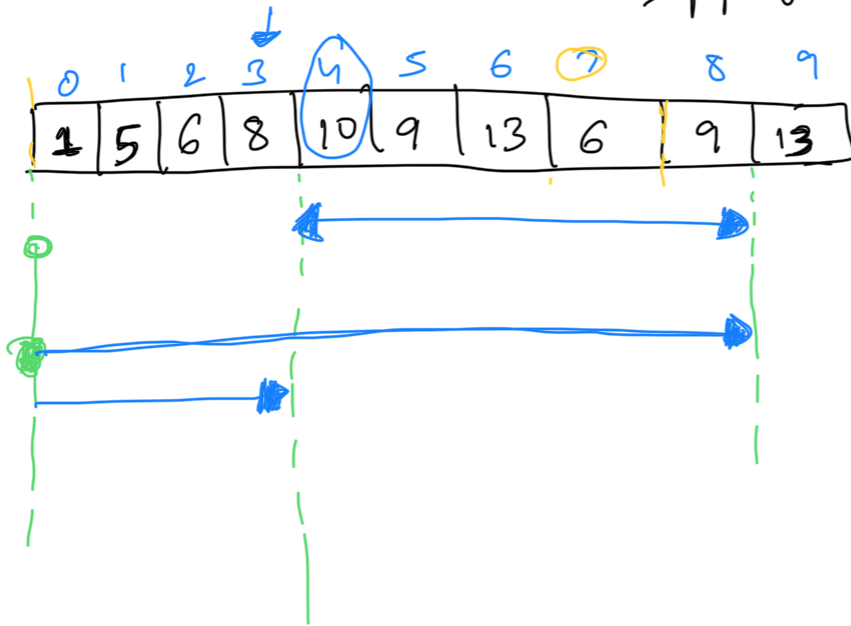
1
2
→

We are able to find sum of element from 4 to 8

sum of elements i to j

pf sum ... 0 to j
↓
i to j ⇒ ?

Sum of all elements from any index i to j ?
⇒ $pf[j] - pf[i-1]$



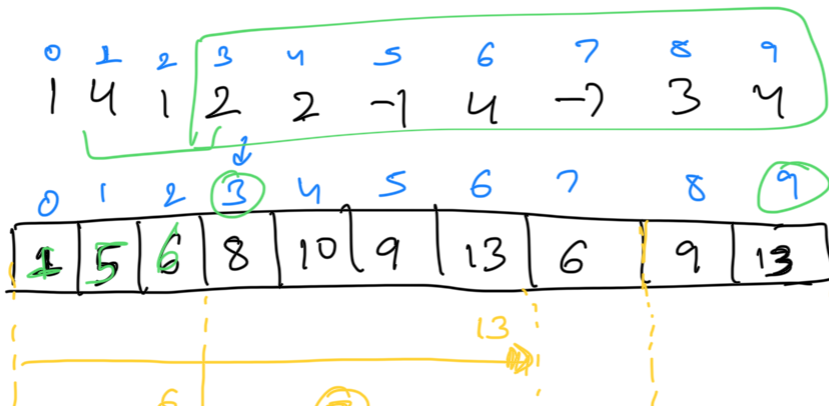
Sum of all these elements.

④ to ⑧

$$pf[8] - pf[3]$$

$$pf[j] - pf[i-1]$$

pf sum =



k=7


```
def sub_sum(nums, k):
```

```
    hm = {}
        0 : 1
    }
```

```
    ans = 0
```

```
    psum = 0
```

```
    for num in nums:
```

```
        psum += num
```

```
        lookup = psum - k
```

```
        if lookup in hm:
```

```
            ans += hm[lookup]
```

```
        if psum not in hm:
```

```
            hm[psum] = 0
```

```
            hm[psum] += 1
```

```
    return ans
```

TC $\rightarrow O(N)$

SC $\rightarrow O(N)$

X \rightarrow X

[2 6]

k = 7

kf = 2 2-7 = -5X

before 8 8-7 = 1

lookup

{ '2': 1

}