Lista 4 - MAE5871

October 30, 2019

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[1]: #!/usr/bin/env python
     # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
     %matplotlib inline
     import numpy as np
     import itertools
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import random
     import pywt
     import pywt.data
     import pandas as pd
     YLIM_DEFAULT_OFFSET = 10
     def clear_plots():
         plt.clf()
         plt.close()
     def plot_coeffs(data, w, title, level, use_dwt=True):
         clear_plots()
         """Show dwt or swt coefficients for given data and wavelet."""
         w = pywt.Wavelet(w)
         a = data
         ca = []
         cd = []
         if use_dwt:
             for i in range(5):
                 (a, d) = pywt.dwt(a, w, mode)
                 if len(a) > 1:
                     ca.append(a)
                     cd.append(d)
         else:
             coeffs = pywt.swt(data, w, level) # [(cAn, cDn), ..., (cA1, cD1)]
             for a, d in reversed(coeffs):
                 ca.append(a)
                 cd.append(d)
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fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))
    ax_main = fig.add_subplot(len(ca) + 1, 1, 1)
    ax_main.set_title(title, fontsize=14)
    ax_main.plot(data)
    ax_main.set_xlim(0, len(data) - 1)
    for i, x in enumerate(ca):
        ax = fig.add_subplot(len(ca) + 1, 2, 3 + i * 2)
        ax.plot(x, 'r')
        if i == 0:
            ax.set_title("Approximation coefficients", fontsize=14)
        ax.set_ylabel("Level %d" % (i + 1))
        if use_dwt:
            ax.set_xlim(0, len(x) - 1)
        else:
            ax.set_xlim(w.dec_len * i, len(x) - 1 - w.dec_len * i)
    for i, x in enumerate(cd):
        ax = fig.add\_subplot(len(cd) + 1, 2, 4 + i * 2)
        ax.plot(x, 'g')
        if i == 0:
            ax.set_title("Detail coefficients", fontsize=14)
        ax.set_ylabel("Level %d" % (i + 1))
        # Scale axes
        ax.set_xlim(0, len(x) - 1)
        if use_dwt:
            ax.set_ylim(min(0, 1.4 * min(x)), max(0, 1.4 * max(x)))
        else:
            vals = x[w.dec_len * (1 + i):len(x) - w.dec_len * (1 + i)]
            ax.set_ylim(min(0, 2 * min(vals) if len(vals) > 0 else_
 →-YLIM_DEFAULT_OFFSET), max(0, 2 * max(vals)) if len(vals) > 0 else_
 →YLIM_DEFAULT_OFFSET)
def plot_family_of_wavelets(plot_data=[('db', (4, 3)), ('sym', (4, 3)), ('coif', __
 \rightarrow(3, 2))], second_plot_data=[]):
    clear_plots()
    for family, (rows, cols) in plot_data:
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))
        fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.2, wspace=0.2, bottom=.02, left=.06,
                            right=.97, top=.94)
        colors = itertools.cycle('bgrcmyk')
        wnames = pywt.wavelist(family)
        i = iter(wnames)
        for col in range(cols):
            for row in range(rows):
                try:
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wavelet = pywt.Wavelet(next(i))
            except StopIteration:
                break
            phi, psi, x = wavelet.wavefun(level=5)
            color = next(colors)
            ax = fig.add_subplot(rows, 2 * cols, 1 + 2 * (col + row * cols))
            ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " phi")
            ax.plot(x, phi, color)
            ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
            ax = fig.add_subplot(rows, 2*cols, 1 + 2*(col + row*cols) + 1)
            ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " psi")
            ax.plot(x, psi, color)
            ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
for family, (rows, cols) in second_plot_data:
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))
    fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.5, wspace=0.2, bottom=.02, left=.06,
                        right=.97, top=.94)
    colors = itertools.cycle('bgrcmyk')
    wnames = pywt.wavelist(family)
    i = iter(wnames)
    for col in range(cols):
        for row in range(rows):
            try:
                wavelet = pywt.Wavelet(next(i))
            except StopIteration:
                break
            phi, psi, phi_r, psi_r, x = wavelet.wavefun(level=5)
            row *= 2
            color = next(colors)
            ax = fig.add_subplot(2*rows, 2*cols, 1 + 2*(col + row*cols))
            ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " phi")
            ax.plot(x, phi, color)
            ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
            ax = fig.add_subplot(2*rows, 2*cols, 2*(1 + col + row*cols))
            ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " psi")
            ax.plot(x, psi, color)
            ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
            row += 1
            ax = fig.add_subplot(2*rows, 2*cols, 1 + 2*(col + row*cols))
            ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " phi_r")
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ax.plot(x, phi_r, color)
                ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
                ax = fig.add_subplot(2*rows, 2*cols, 1 + 2*(col + row*cols) + 1)
                ax.set_title(wavelet.name + " psi_r")
                ax.plot(x, psi_r, color)
                ax.set_xlim(min(x), max(x))
    plt.show()
def plot_signal_decomp(data, w, title):
    clear_plots()
    """Decompose and plot a signal S.
    S = An + Dn + Dn - 1 + \dots + D1
    w = pywt.Wavelet(w)
    a = data
    ca = []
    cd = []
    for i in range(5):
        (a, d) = pywt.dwt(a, w, mode)
        ca.append(a)
        cd.append(d)
    rec_a = []
   rec_d = []
    for i, coeff in enumerate(ca):
        coeff_list = [coeff, None] + [None] * i
        rec_a.append(pywt.waverec(coeff_list, w))
    for i, coeff in enumerate(cd):
        coeff_list = [None, coeff] + [None] * i
        rec_d.append(pywt.waverec(coeff_list, w))
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))
    fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.2, wspace=0.2, bottom=.02, left=.06,
                            right=.97, top=.94)
    ax_main = fig.add_subplot(len(rec_a) + 1, 1, 1)
    ax_main.set_title(title)
    ax_main.plot(data)
    ax_main.set_xlim(0, len(data) - 1)
    for i, y in enumerate(rec_a):
        ax = fig.add_subplot(len(rec_a) + 1, 2, 3 + i * 2)
        ax.plot(y, 'r')
        ax.set_xlim(0, len(y) - 1)
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if i == 0:
    ax.set_title("Approximation Components", fontsize=14)
ax.set_ylabel("Level %d" % (i + 1))

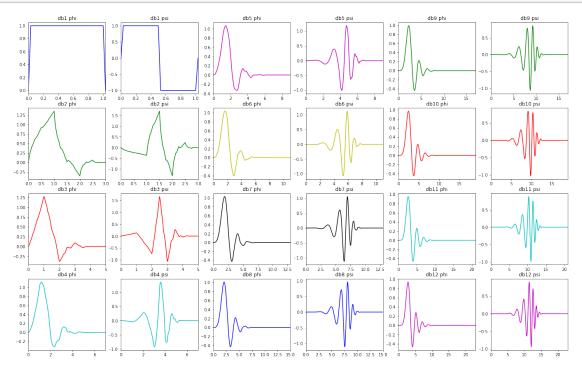
for i, y in enumerate(rec_d):
    ax = fig.add_subplot(len(rec_d) + 1, 2, 4 + i * 2)
    ax.plot(y, 'g')
    ax.set_xlim(0, len(y) - 1)
    if i == 0:
        ax.set_title("Detail Components", fontsize=14)
    ax.set_ylabel("Level %d" % (i + 1))

plt.show()
```

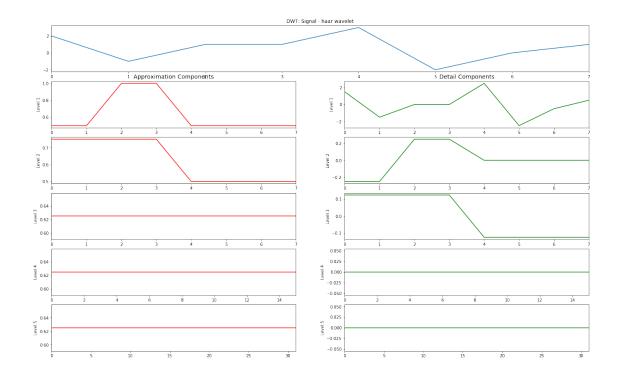
```
[2]:
    Exercício 1
    Lista 4
    Professora: Chang
    Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
    '''

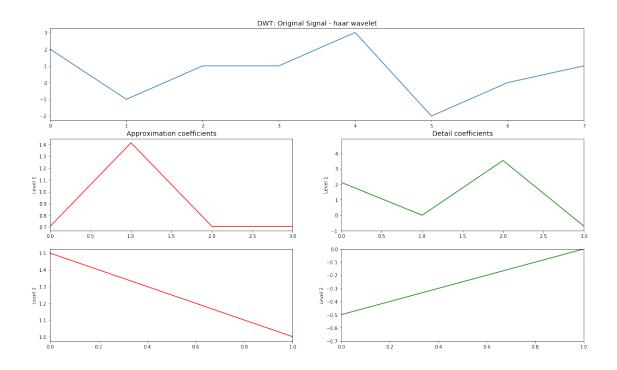
plot_data = [('db', (4, 3))]
    # second_plot_data = [('bior', (4, 3)), ('rbio', (4, 3))]

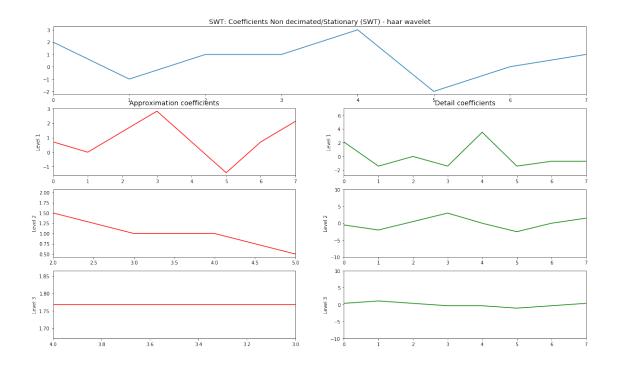
plot_family_of_wavelets(plot_data=plot_data)
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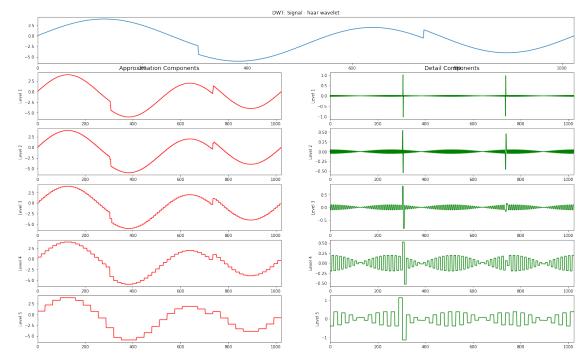
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[3]:
    Exercício 3
    Lista 4
    Professora: Chang
    Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
    clear_plots()
    wavelet_name = 'haar'
    mode = pywt.Modes.sp1DWT = 1
    data = [2,-1,1,1,3,-2,0,1]
    # plot decomposition
    plot_signal_decomp(data, wavelet_name, f"DWT: Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet")
    plt.show()
    # Show DWT coefficients
    use_dwt = True
    plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name,
                f"DWT: Original Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet",
                2,
                use_dwt)
    plt.show()
     111
    Exercício 8
    Lista 4
    Professora: Chang
    Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
    # Show SWT coefficients = Non decimated
    use_dwt = False
    plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name, f"SWT: Coefficients Non decimated/Stationary_
     3,
                use_dwt)
    plt.show()
```

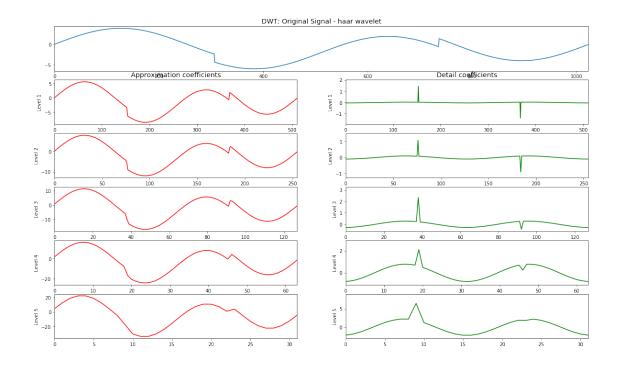


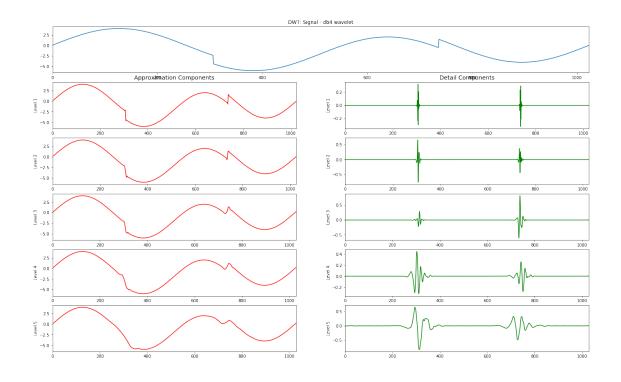


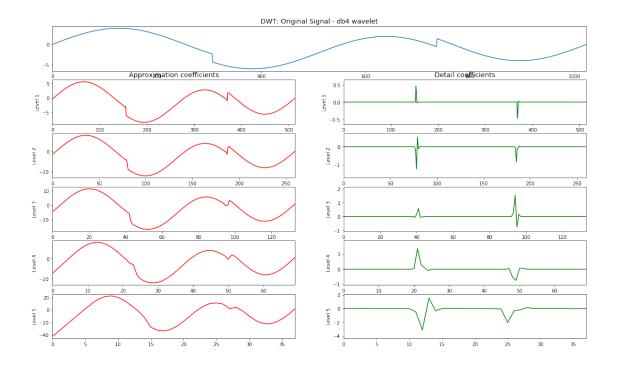


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[4]:
     Exercício 4
     Lista 4
     Professora: Chang
     Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
     I I I
     heavisine = pywt.data.demo_signal(name='HeaviSine', n=1024)
     data = heavisine
     ### Using haar wavelet
     wavelet_name = 'haar'
     mode = pywt.Modes.smooth
     # plot decomposition
     plot_signal_decomp(data, wavelet_name, f"DWT: Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet")
     plt.show()
     # Show DWT coefficients
     use_dwt = True
     plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name,
                 f"DWT: Original Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet",
                 use_dwt)
```



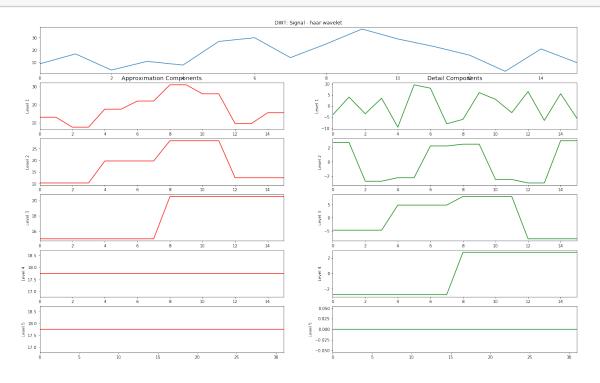


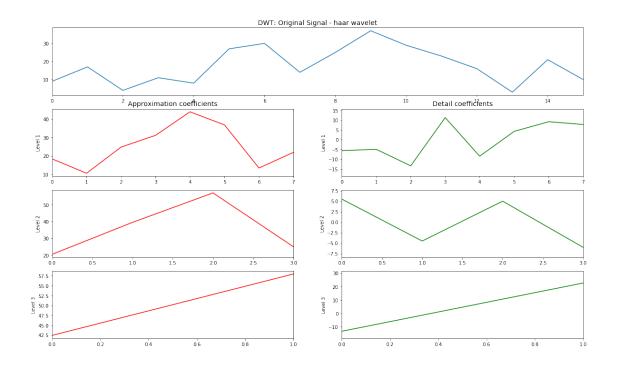




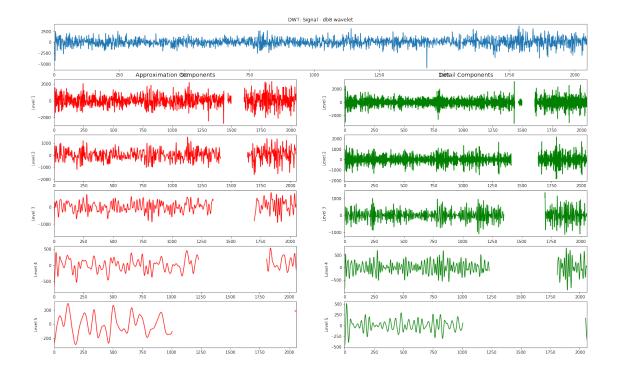
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[5]:
     Exercício 5
     Lista 4
     Professora: Chang
     Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
     list_of_size_16 = random.sample(range(1, 40), 16)
     data = list_of_size_16
     ### Using haar wavelet
     wavelet_name = 'haar'
     mode = pywt.Modes.smooth
     # plot decomposition
     plot_signal_decomp(data, wavelet_name, f"DWT: Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet")
     plt.show()
     # Show DWT coefficients
     use_dwt = True
     plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name,
                 f"DWT: Original Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet",
                 use_dwt)
```

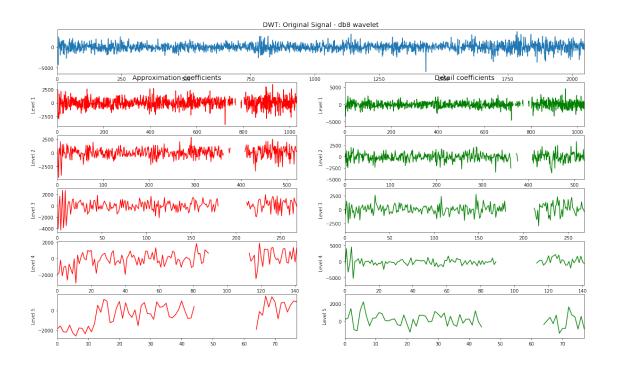
plt.show()





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[6]: '''
    Exercício 10
    Lista 4
    Professora: Chang
    Aluno: Renan de Luca Avila
    import pandas as pd
    df = pd.read_csv('./data/^BVSP.csv')
    length_of_most_recent_data = 2048
    data = np.asarray(df['Adj Close'])
    data = np.diff(data)[-length_of_most_recent_data:] # calc series of return
    clear_plots()
    wavelet_name = 'db8'
    mode = pywt.Modes.sp1DWT = 1
    # plot decomposition
    plot_signal_decomp(data, wavelet_name, f"DWT: Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet")
    plt.show()
    # Show DWT coefficients
    use_dwt = True
    plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name,
                f"DWT: Original Signal - {wavelet_name} wavelet",
                use_dwt)
    plt.show()
    # Show SWT coefficients = Non decimated
    use_dwt = False
    plot_coeffs(data, wavelet_name, f"SWT: Non decimated/Stationary (SWT) -_ -
     8,
                use_dwt)
    plt.show()
```





/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:67: UserWarning: Attempting to set identical bottom==top results in singular transformations; automatically expanding. bottom=0, top=0

