

Class Notes

Semantic Tag

- These are HTML5 tags that clearly describe the purpose of the content inside them. They are self-explanatory and improve readability and SEO.
- Semantic tags describe the meaning of the content and improve readability, SEO, and accessibility.

List of Semantic Tags:

- `<header>` – Top section of page or section
- `<nav>` – Navigation links
- `<main>` – Main content (only once per page)
- `<section>` – Thematic grouping of content
- `<article>` – Self-contained content (blogs, news)
- `<aside>` – Side content (ads, related links)
- `<footer>` – Footer of a page or section
- `<form>`, `<table>`, `<figure>`, `<figcaption>`, `<details>`, `<summary>`

Memory Trick: H-D-A-M-N-S-T-A-F-F

Block-level by default, but can be made inline with CSS.

All 7 Semantic Tags in Details :

- **`<main>`:** Represents the main content of the document. There should be only one `<main>` tag per webpage or per page section like Home, Services, etc.
- **`<aside>`:** Represents side content like advertisements, related links, or side notes.
- **`<section>`:** Used to define separate sections in a document, like chapters, headers, footers, or any logical grouping. Multiple sections can be used on a page.
- **`<article>`:** Used for self-contained content like blog posts, news articles, or user comments that can be reused or independently distributed.
- **`<footer>`:** Represents the footer for a section or page. It usually contains contact info, copyright, terms, etc.
- **`<nav>`:** Used to define navigation links (like menu, navbar, sidebar links).
- **`<header>`:** Represents the top section of a page or section. It usually contains logos, headings, or introductory info.

Extra Points:

- Semantic tags improve code readability and accessibility (screen readers understand the layout better).
- They help search engines understand the structure and meaning of the page, which improves SEO.
- They replace old non-semantic tags like `<div id="header">`, `<div id="nav">`, etc., making HTML more meaningful.
- Websites usually have multiple pages like **Home, Services, Contact Us, About** — and each page can use these semantic tags for layout.
- Example Layout:

```
<header>Website Logo and Menu</header>
<nav>Navigation Links</nav>
<main>
  <section>Intro Section</section>
  <article>Blog or News</article>
  <aside>Advertisement</aside>
</main>
<footer>Copyright Info</footer>
```

