Approach 1

Take first element and compare it with all the remaining elements to the right. Ignore smaller elements. Consider only larger elements and update current_max variable. Repeat for all the elements. current_max is max difference.

Complexity

```
Time: (n-1)+(n-2)+....1 O(n^2) Space: O(1)
  In [2]: def findMaxDifference(arr):
                arr_len = len(arr)
                cur_max = 0
                for i in range(len(arr)-1):
                    for j in range(i+1,len(arr)):
                         if arr[j] < arr[i]:</pre>
                             continue
                         if arr[j]-arr[i] > cur_max:
                             cur_max = arr[j]-arr[i]
                return cur max
  In [3]:
           arr = [3,2,1,10,9,7]
            findMaxDifference(arr)
           #ans 9
  Out[3]: 9
  In [4]: arr = [145, 10, 55, 1, 9, 7]
           findMaxDifference(arr)
           #ans 45
  Out[4]: 45
```

Approach 2 using difference array

arr = [145, 10, 55, 1, 9, 7]

diff_arr = findDifferenceArray(arr)

construct difference array diff[i] = arr[i+1]-arr[i] then maximum difference in arr = maximum sum sub array in diff array computing maximum sum sub array: $cur_diff = diff[0]$ iterate through the elements, update cur_diff by adding elements. diff[i] = diff[i] + diff[i-1] ==> take i-1 only if >0 or else ignore it. Complexity Time complexity: O(n) --> computing difference array O(n) --> finding max sum sub array Total --> O(n) Space complexity: O(n) --> for difference array We can make it order of 1 by dynamically computing diff[i]

```
In [5]: def findDifferenceArray(arr):
    diff_arr = []
    for i in range(len(arr)-1):
        diff_arr.append(arr[i+1]-arr[i])
    return diff_arr

In [7]: def findSumSubarray(arr):
    cur_sum = arr[0]
    for i in range(1,len(arr)):
        if arr[i-1] > 0:
            arr[i] = arr[i]+arr[i-1]
            cur_sum = max(cur_sum,arr[i])
    return cur_sum
```

```
#ans 45
  Out[8]: 45
 In [10]: arr = [3,2,1,10,9,7]
            diff_arr = findDifferenceArray(arr)
            findSumSubarray(diff_arr)
            #ans 9
 Out[10]:
            Approach 3
[,,,,b,,,,] if we have b and we want b-a to be maximum then a should be minimum of all elements to the left of b. So while scanning arr from left
to right we mantain min_ele_so_far and max_diff_so_far. we update min_ele_so_far and max_diff_so_far while scanning as in the program
            Complexity Time: O(n) Space: O(1)
 In [17]: def findMaxDifference(arr):
                min_ele_so_far = arr[0]
                max_diff_so_far = arr[1]-arr[0]
                for i in range(1,len(arr)):
                     if arr[i] < min ele so far:</pre>
                         min_ele_so_far = arr[i]
                     else:
                         max_diff_so_far = max(max_diff_so_far,arr[i]-min_ele_so_far) #Try not to
                return max_diff_so_far
            arr = [3,2,1,10,9,7]
 In [21]:
            findMaxDifference(arr)
            #ans 9
 Out[21]: 9
 In [22]:
            arr = [145, 10, 55, 1, 9, 7]
            findMaxDifference(arr)
            #ans 45
 Out[22]: 45
 In [23]: def findMaxDifference1(arr):
                min_ele_so_far = arr[0]
                max_diff_so_far = arr[1] - arr[0]
                curr_diff = arr[1]-arr[0]
                for i in range(1,len(arr)):
                     if arr[i] < min_ele_so_far:</pre>
                         min_ele_so_far = arr[i]
                     else:
                         curr_diff = arr[i]-min_ele_so_far
                         if curr_diff > max_diff_so_far:
```

max_diff_so_far = curr_diff

return max_diff_so_far

In []:

findSumSubarray(diff_arr)