

Understanding the problem statement

Given an array of unsorted integers we have to sort the array in wave form i.e $arr[0] \geq arr[1] \leq arr[2] \geq arr[3] \leq arr[4] \dots$ i.e elements should increase and decrease alternatively.

Input : [1,5,2,4,3,6,7,8] Output : [2,1,4,3,6,5,8,7]

There may be multiple outputs possible for single input

Approach 1

Find all the permutations of given array, and check which permutation has wave form.

Total permutations possible = $n!$

Time Complexity : $O(n!)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

Approach 2

1. First sort the given array [1,5,2,4,3,6,7,8] --> [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
2. Then swap the adjacent elements to get array in wave form [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] --> [2,1,4,3,6,5,8,7]
3. Sorting takes $O(n \log n)$ and swap takes $O(n)$. No extra space needed as we are sorting and swapping inplace.

Time Complexity : $O(n \log n)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

Approach 3

1. We can observe that elements at even position are greater than adjacent elements i.e elements at odd position.
2. So we traverse at each even position and for each even position a. If element is smaller than element to the left we swap them b. If element is smaller than element to the right we swap them

NOTE: For the next swap previous arrangement does not get disturbed because a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5 . If a_4 was less than a_3 and we swap that means a_4 is also less than a_2 because a_3 was less than a_2 .

We scan even positions of array and swap. So Time complexity is $O(n)$

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

```
In [5]: def sortArrayInWave(arr,size):  
        for i in range(0,size,2):  
            if i > 0 and arr[i-1] > arr[i]:  
                temp = arr[i-1]  
                arr[i-1] = arr[i]  
                arr[i] = temp  
            if i < size-1 and arr[i+1] > arr[i]:  
                temp = arr[i+1]  
                arr[i+1] = arr[i]  
                arr[i] = temp  
        return arr
```

```
In [6]: arr = [10, 90, 49, 2, 1, 5, 23]  
size = len(arr)  
print(sortArrayInWave(arr,size))  
# ans  
# [90, 10, 49, 1, 5, 2, 23]
```

[90, 10, 49, 1, 5, 2, 23]

```
In [11]: arr = [100, 90, 35, 2, 1, 5, 78]  
size = len(arr)  
print(sortArrayInWave(arr,size))  
# ans  
# [100, 35, 90, 1, 5, 2, 78]
```

[100, 35, 90, 1, 5, 2, 78]

```
In [12]: arr = [100, 900]  
size = len(arr)  
print(sortArrayInWave(arr,size))  
# ans  
# [900, 100]
```

[900, 100]

```
In [13]: arr = [100]  
size = len(arr)  
print(sortArrayInWave(arr,size))  
# ans  
# [100]
```

[100]

```
In [ ]:
```