
Exercise 1: Linear Regression

Keep your code simple.

(a) Build a data generator

- 1) Now write a line function l as $y = 3x + 5$.
- 2) Plot the line l in the range $X = [1 \cdots 10]$
hint: use linspace to get sample points.
- 3) Add some Gaussian noise from $0 - 1$ normal distribution to target values.
hint: use numpy random functions to generate noise.
- 4) Sample 10 points from the noised line function, save them as target values T .

(b) Line fitting

- 1) Find the coefficient P of the line l by line fitting.
- 2) Plot the line by the predicted line coefficients.
- 3) What are the residuals?
- 3) Compute the relative residual.
- 4) What is the value of R^2 statistics?.

Exercise 2: Classification in numpy

We provide two 2D toy data samples for this exercise. One of them is a linear pattern, another one is a parabolic pattern.

(a) Data Preprocessing

- 1) Load data sets from the 'linear.csv' and 'parabolic.csv', extract both labels vector and instances matrix.
- 2) Now try to plot original data in two subplots, positive sample in red and negative sample in blue. *hint: use plot, subplot*
- 3) Scale the data in $[-1, 1]$.
- 4) Now write back the scaled data sets to an output CSV file.
- 5) Try to fit both datasets using logistic regression. What can you tell about the results?
- 6) Now try to do the same with SVM. Which kernel works well on the first dataset? What about the second? Why?

(b) Training SVM models

- 8) Train models for both data sets using parameters from model selection.
- 9) Plot the decision boundary within the scope.
hint: The data sets are scaled in $[-1, 1]$, try to find out the boundary within this domain.